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Рубежный контроль №2
                   Работа Шушпанов В.О., группа ИУ5-62Б, Вариант 21 задача №2 Кластеризуйте данные с помощью двух алгоритмов кластеризации. Алгоритмы для
                   студентов группы ИУ5-62Б: MeanShift и иерархическая кластеризация. Сравните качество кластеризации с помощью следующих метрик качества
                   кластеризации (если это возможно для Вашего набора данных): Adjusted Rand index Adjusted Mutual Information Homogeneity, completeness, V-
                   measure Коэффициент силуэта Сделате выводы о том, какой алгоритм осуществляет более качественную кластеризацию на Вашем наборе данных.
                   Набор данных: <a href="https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/generated/sklearn.datasets.load-wine.html#sklearn.datasets.load-wine.html#sklearn.datasets.load-wine.html#sklearn.datasets.load-wine.html#sklearn.datasets.load-wine.html#sklearn.datasets.load-wine.html#sklearn.datasets.load-wine.html#sklearn.datasets.load-wine.html#sklearn.datasets.load-wine.html#sklearn.datasets.load-wine.html#sklearn.datasets.load-wine.html#sklearn.datasets.load-wine.html#sklearn.datasets.load-wine.html#sklearn.datasets.load-wine.html#sklearn.datasets.load-wine.html#sklearn.datasets.load-wine.html#sklearn.datasets.load-wine.html#sklearn.datasets.load-wine.html#sklearn.datasets.load-wine.html#sklearn.datasets.load-wine.html#sklearn.datasets.load-wine.html#sklearn.datasets.load-wine.html#sklearn.datasets.load-wine.html#sklearn.datasets.load-wine.html#sklearn.datasets.load-wine.html#sklearn.datasets.load-wine.html#sklearn.datasets.load-wine.html#sklearn.datasets.load-wine.html#sklearn.datasets.load-wine.html#sklearn.datasets.load-wine.html#sklearn.datasets.load-wine.html#sklearn.datasets.load-wine.html#sklearn.datasets.load-wine.html#sklearn.datasets.load-wine.html#sklearn.datasets.load-wine.html#sklearn.datasets.load-wine.html#sklearn.datasets.load-wine.html#sklearn.datasets.load-wine.html#sklearn.datasets.load-wine.html#sklearn.datasets.load-wine.html#sklearn.datasets.load-wine.html#sklearn.datasets.load-wine.html#sklearn.datasets.load-wine.html#sklearn.datasets.load-wine.html#sklearn.datasets.load-wine.html#sklearn.datasets.load-wine.html#sklearn.datasets.load-wine.html#sklearn.datasets.load-wine.html#sklearn.datasets.load-wine.html#sklearn.datasets.load-wine.html#sklearn.datasets.load-wine.html#sklearn.datasets.load-wine.html#sklearn.datasets.load-wine.html#sklearn.datasets.load-wine.html#sklearn.datasets.load-wine.html#sklearn.datasets.load-wine.html#sklearn.datasets.load-wine.html#sklearn.datasets.load-wine.html#sklearn.datasets.load-wine.html#sklearn.datasets.load-wine.html#sklearn.datasets.load-wine.html#sklearn.datasets.loa
       In [2]: import numpy as np
                   import pandas as pd
                   from typing import Dict, Tuple
                   from scipy import stats
                   from IPython.display import Image
                   from sklearn import cluster, datasets, mixture
                   from sklearn.neighbors import kneighbors_graph
                   from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
                   from sklearn.metrics import adjusted_rand_score
                   from sklearn.metrics import adjusted_mutual_info_score
                   from sklearn.metrics import homogeneity_completeness_v_measure
                   from sklearn.metrics import silhouette_score
                   from sklearn.cluster import MeanShift, AgglomerativeClustering
                   from itertools import cycle, islice
                   import seaborn as sns
                   import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
                   %matplotlib inline
                   sns.set(style="ticks")
                   from sklearn.datasets import load_wine
       In [3]: wine = load_wine()
                   for x in wine:
                        print(x)
                   data
                   target
                   target_names
                   DESCR
                   feature_names
Признаки
       In [4]: print(wine.feature_names)
                   ['alcohol', 'malic_acid', 'ash', 'alcalinity_of_ash', 'magnesium', 'total_phenols', 'flavanoids', 'nonflavanoid_pheno
                   ls', 'proanthocyanins', 'color_intensity', 'hue', 'od280/od315_of_diluted_wines', 'proline']
Метки
       In [5]: print(wine.target)
                   Имена меток
       In [6]: # Имена меток
                   print(wine.target_names)
                   ['class_0' 'class_1' 'class_2']
Разделение набора данных
       In [7]: x_axis = wine.data[:, 0]
                   y_axis = wine.data[:, 1]
       In [9]: |plt.xlabel(wine.feature_names[0])
                   plt.ylabel(wine.feature_names[1])
                   plt.scatter(x_axis, y_axis, c=wine.target)
                   plt.show()
                                       12.0
                                                    13.0
                                                                14.0
                                                 alcohol
      In [11]: data = pd.DataFrame(data= np.c_[wine.data[:, 0], wine.data[:, 1]],
                                                columns= ['total_phenols', 'color_intensity'])
      In [12]: data.head()
      Out[12]:
                       total_phenols color_intensity
                               14.23
                                                1.71
                               13.20
                                                1.78
                               13.16
                                                2.36
                               14.37
                                                1.95
                               13.24
                                                2.59
      In [13]: data.shape
      Out[13]: (178, 2)
      In [14]: | def do_clustering(cluster_dataset, method):
                        Выполнение кластеризации для данных примера
                        temp_cluster = method.fit_predict(cluster_dataset)
                        return temp_cluster
      In [15]: import warnings
                   warnings.simplefilter(action='ignore', category=FutureWarning)
                   def claster_metrics(method, data, true_y):
                        Вычисление метрик кластеризации
                        result_Method = do_clustering(data, method)
                        list = []
                        list.append(adjusted_rand_score(true_y, result_Method))
                        list.append(adjusted_mutual_info_score(true_y, result_Method))
                        h, c, v = homogeneity_completeness_v_measure(true_y, result_Method)
                        list.append(h)
                        list.append(c)
                        list.append(v)
                        list.append(silhouette_score(data, result_Method))
                        names = ['ARI', 'AMI', 'Homogeneity', 'Completeness', 'V-measure', 'Silhouette']
                         for i in range(0,6):
                              print('{}: {};'.format(names[i], list[i]))
                   MeanShift
      In [16]: result_MeanShift = do_clustering(data, MeanShift())
                  plt.xlabel('total_phenols')
                   plt.ylabel('color_intensity')
                   plt.scatter(data['total_phenols'], data['color_intensity'], c=result_MeanShift)
                                                                14.0
                         11.0
                               11.5
                                       12.0
                                                          13.5
                                                                       14.5
                                               total_phenols
                   Иерархическая кластеризация
      In [18]: | result_AgglomerativeClustering = do_clustering(data, AgglomerativeClustering(n_clusters=3))
      In [19]: plt.xlabel('total_phenols')
                   plt.ylabel('color_intensity')
                   plt.scatter(data['total_phenols'], data['color_intensity'], c=result_AgglomerativeClustering)
                                             12.5 13.0
                                                          13.5
                                                                14.0
                         11.0 11.5
                                      12.0
                                               total_phenols
                   Сравнение качества кластеризации
      In [21]: claster_metrics(MeanShift(), data, wine.target)
                   ARI: 0.2078263855082377;
                   AMI: 0.2057073480395242;
                   Homogeneity: 0.1691746059020372;
                   Completeness: 0.27993382655743726;
                   V-measure: 0.21089648451780976;
                   Silhouette: 0.44340503519114244;
      In [22]: claster_metrics(AgglomerativeClustering(n_clusters=3), data, wine.target)
                   ARI: 0.41319890870525655;
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AMI: 0.37689168864558503;

Homogeneity: 0.3845040280492958; Completeness: 0.38235049318161735;

V-measure: 0.383424236761324; Silhouette: 0.43555559807302957;