

Composing Lattices and CRDTs

Paulo Sérgio Almeida, **Carlos Baquero**, Alcino Cunha
{psa,cbm,alcino}@di.uminho.pt

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Motivation

- Conflict-free Replicated Data Types (CRDTs)
- Convergence after concurrent updates. Favor AP under CAP
- Examples include counters, sets, mv-registers, maps, graphs
- State based CRDTs are rooted on join semi-lattices
- Current catalog design is heuristic and proofs are specific
- Here we revisit CRDTs looking at composition strategies
- Composition applies to lattices, operations and proofs

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- set, provides identity comparison
- poset, provides partial order
- lattice, provides universal join a.k.a. LUB, merge
- lattice_⊥, adds a bottom element, least element

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$$\frac{A : \text{lattice}}{A : \text{poset}}$$

$$a \sqcup a = a$$

$$a \sqcup b = b \sqcup a$$

$$a \sqcup (b \sqcup c) = (a \sqcup b) \sqcup c$$

$$a \sqsubseteq a \sqcup b \qquad b \sqsubseteq a \sqcup b$$

$$a \sqsubseteq c \wedge b \sqsubseteq c \Rightarrow a \sqcup b \sqsubseteq c$$

Idempotent

Commutative

Associative

Upper-bound

Minimal

$$a \sqsubset b \equiv a \sqcup b = b$$

Bounded join semi-lattices

$$\frac{A : \text{lattice}_\perp}{A : \text{lattice}}$$

$$a \sqcup \perp = a$$

Neutral

Singleton type

$$\overline{1 : \text{lattice}_\perp}$$

$$\bullet \sqsubseteq \bullet \quad \bullet \sqcup \bullet = \bullet \quad \perp = \bullet$$

○

$$\overline{\mathbb{B}} : \text{lattice}_\perp$$

False \sqsubseteq True

$$x \sqcup y = x \vee y$$

$\perp = \text{False}$

Natural numbers

$\overline{\mathbb{N} : \text{lattice}}_{\perp}$

$$n \sqsubseteq m = n \leq m \quad n \sqcup m = \max(n, m) \quad \perp = 0$$

Product

$$\frac{A : \text{lattice} \quad B : \text{lattice}}{A \times B : \text{lattice}}$$

$$\frac{A : \text{lattice}_\perp \quad B : \text{lattice}_\perp}{A \times B : \text{lattice}_\perp}$$

$$(x_1, y_1) \sqsubseteq (x_2, y_2) = x_1 \sqsubseteq x_2 \wedge y_1 \sqsubseteq y_2$$

$$(x_1, y_1) \sqcup (x_2, y_2) = (x_1 \sqcup x_2, y_1 \sqcup y_2)$$

$$\perp = (\perp, \perp)$$

Product

$$\frac{A : \text{lattice} \quad B : \text{lattice}}{A \times B : \text{lattice}}$$

$$\frac{A : \text{lattice}_\perp \quad B : \text{lattice}_\perp}{A \times B : \text{lattice}_\perp}$$

$$(x_1, y_1) \sqsubseteq (x_2, y_2) = x_1 \sqsubseteq x_2 \wedge y_1 \sqsubseteq y_2$$

$$(x_1, y_1) \sqcup (x_2, y_2) = (x_1 \sqcup x_2, y_1 \sqcup y_2)$$

$$\perp = (\perp, \perp)$$

E.g: Version Vectors, $\mathbb{N} \times \mathbb{N}$

$[3, 5] \not\sqsubseteq [6, 0]$

$[3, 5] \sqsubseteq [6, 5]$

Lexicographic product

$$\frac{A : \text{lattice} \quad B : \text{lattice}_\perp}{A \boxtimes B : \text{lattice}}$$

$$\frac{A : \text{lattice}_\perp \quad B : \text{lattice}_\perp}{A \boxtimes B : \text{lattice}_\perp}$$

$$(x_1, y_1) \sqsubseteq (x_2, y_2) = x_1 \sqsubseteq x_2 \vee (x_1 = x_2 \wedge y_1 \sqsubseteq y_2)$$

$$(x_1, y_1) \sqcup (x_2, y_2) = \begin{cases} (x_1, y_1) & \text{if } x_2 \sqsubseteq x_1 \\ (x_2, y_2) & \text{if } x_1 \sqsubseteq x_2 \\ (x_1, y_1 \sqcup y_2) & \text{if } x_1 = x_2 \\ (x_1 \sqcup x_2, \perp) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$\perp = (\perp, \perp)$$

Lexicographic product

$$\frac{A : \text{lattice} \quad B : \text{lattice}_\perp}{A \boxtimes B : \text{lattice}}$$

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$$\perp = (\perp, \perp)$$

E.g: Dictionary order, $\{a, b, c\} \boxtimes \{a, b, c\}$

$$ac \sqsubseteq bc \quad ac \sqsubseteq ba$$

Linear sum

$$\frac{A : \text{lattice} \quad B : \text{lattice}}{A \oplus B : \text{lattice}}$$

$$\frac{A : \text{lattice}_\perp \quad B : \text{lattice}}{A \oplus B : \text{lattice}_\perp}$$

$$\text{Left } x \sqsubseteq \text{Left } y = x \sqsubseteq y$$

$$\text{Right } x \sqsubseteq \text{Right } y = x \sqsubseteq y$$

$$\text{Left } x \sqsubseteq \text{Right } y = \text{True}$$

$$\text{Right } x \sqsubseteq \text{Left } y = \text{False}$$

$$\text{Left } x \sqcup \text{Left } y = \text{Left } (x \sqcup y)$$

$$\text{Right } x \sqcup \text{Right } y = \text{Right } (x \sqcup y)$$

$$\text{Left } x \sqcup \text{Right } y = \text{Right } y$$

$$\text{Right } x \sqcup \text{Left } y = \text{Right } x$$

$$\perp = \text{Left } \perp$$

Linear sum

$$\frac{A : \text{lattice} \quad B : \text{lattice}}{A \oplus B : \text{lattice}}$$

$$\frac{A : \text{lattice}_\perp \quad B : \text{lattice}}{A \oplus B : \text{lattice}_\perp}$$

$$\text{Left } x \sqsubseteq \text{Left } y = x \sqsubseteq y$$

$$\text{Right } x \sqsubseteq \text{Right } y = x \sqsubseteq y$$

$$\text{Left } x \sqsubseteq \text{Right } y = \text{True}$$

$$\text{Right } x \sqsubseteq \text{Left } y = \text{False}$$

$$\text{Left } x \sqcup \text{Left } y = \text{Left } (x \sqcup y)$$

$$\text{Right } x \sqcup \text{Right } y = \text{Right } (x \sqcup y)$$

$$\text{Left } x \sqcup \text{Right } y = \text{Right } y$$

$$\text{Right } x \sqcup \text{Left } y = \text{Right } x$$

$$\perp = \text{Left } \perp$$

$$\text{E.g: } \{a, b, c\} \oplus \mathbb{N} \quad a \sqsubseteq c \quad 5 \sqsubseteq 6 \quad b \sqsubseteq 1$$

Function

$$\frac{A : \text{set} \quad B : \text{lattice}}{A \rightarrow B : \text{lattice}}$$

$$\frac{A : \text{set} \quad B : \text{lattice}_\perp}{A \rightarrow B : \text{lattice}_\perp}$$

$$f \sqsubseteq g = \forall x \in A. f(x) \sqsubseteq g(x) \quad (f \sqcup g)(x) = f(x) \sqcup g(x)$$

$$\perp(x) = \perp$$

E.g: $\{a, b, c\} \rightarrow \mathbb{N}$

$$\{a \mapsto 0, b \mapsto 2, c \mapsto 0\} \sqsubseteq \{a \mapsto 3, b \mapsto 2, c \mapsto 0\}$$

Set

$$\frac{A : \text{set}}{\mathcal{P}(A) : \text{lattice}_\perp}$$

$$\mathcal{P}(A) \cong A \rightarrow \mathbb{B}$$

$$a \sqsubseteq b = a \subseteq b \quad a \sqcup b = a \cup b \quad \perp = \emptyset$$

Set

$$\frac{A : \text{set}}{\mathcal{P}(A) : \text{lattice}_\perp}$$

$$\mathcal{P}(A) \cong A \rightarrow \mathbb{B}$$

$$a \sqsubseteq b = a \subseteq b \quad a \sqcup b = a \cup b \quad \perp = \emptyset$$

$$\text{E.g: } \mathcal{P}(\{a, b, c\}) \quad \{b\} \sqsubseteq \{a, b\} \quad \{a, b\} \parallel \{b, c\}$$

Multiset

$$\frac{A : \text{set}}{\mathcal{M}(A) : \text{lattice}_\perp}$$

$$\mathcal{M}(A) \cong A \rightarrow \mathbb{N}$$

$$a \sqsubseteq b = a \subseteq b \quad a \sqcup b = a \cup b \quad \perp = \emptyset$$

Map

$$\frac{K : \text{set} \quad V : \text{lattice}}{K \hookrightarrow V : \text{lattice}_\perp}$$

$$K \hookrightarrow V \cong K \rightarrow \mathbb{1} \oplus V$$

$$f \sqsubseteq g = \dots \quad f \sqcup g = \dots \quad \perp = \dots$$

Map

$$\frac{K : \text{set} \quad V : \text{lattice}}{K \hookrightarrow V : \text{lattice}_\perp}$$

$$K \hookrightarrow V \cong K \rightarrow \mathbb{1} \oplus V$$

$$f \sqsubseteq g = \dots \quad f \sqcup g = \dots \quad \perp = \dots$$

E.g: $\{a, b, c\} \hookrightarrow \mathbb{N}$

$$\{b \mapsto 2\} \sqsubseteq \{a \mapsto 3, b \mapsto 2\} \quad \{b \mapsto 2\} \parallel \{a \mapsto 3, b \mapsto 1\}$$

Set of maximal elements (antichain)

$$\frac{A : \text{poset}}{\mathcal{A}(A) : \text{lattice}_\perp}$$

$$\mathcal{A}(A) = \{\text{maximal}(a) \mid a \in \mathcal{P}(A)\} \cong \mathcal{O}(A)$$

$$\text{maximal}(a) = \{x \in a \mid \nexists y \in a \cdot x \sqsubset y\}$$

$$a \sqsubseteq b = \forall x \in a \cdot \exists y \in b \cdot x \sqsubseteq y \quad = \downarrow a \subseteq \downarrow b$$

$$a \sqcup b = \text{maximal}(a \cup b)$$

$$\perp = \emptyset$$

Catalog

| CRDT | Lattice | Ops | Comments |
|------------------|---|---------|--|
| P Counter | $I \hookrightarrow \mathbb{N}$ | inc | <i>version vector</i> |
| PN Counter | $(I \hookrightarrow \mathbb{N}) \times (I \hookrightarrow \mathbb{N})$ $I \hookrightarrow \mathbb{N} \boxtimes \mathbb{N}$ | inc dec | <i>in riak-dt</i> <i>in cassandra</i> |
| G Set | $\mathcal{P}(E)$ | add | <i>grow only</i> |
| 2P Set | $\mathcal{P}(E) \times \mathcal{P}(E)$ $E \hookrightarrow \mathbb{B}$ | add rmv | <i>tombstones</i> |
| LWW elem Set | $E \hookrightarrow \mathbb{N} \boxtimes \mathbb{B}$ | add rmv | <i>by H.G. Roh</i> |
| OR Set | $E \hookrightarrow I \hookrightarrow \mathbb{N} \boxtimes \mathbb{B}$ | add rmv | <i>add/rmv wins</i> |
| Opt OR Set | $I \hookrightarrow \mathbb{N} \hookrightarrow E \oplus \mathbb{1}$ | add rmv | <i>compactable</i> |

Catalog

| CRDT | Lattice | Ops | Comments |
|---------------|---|--------|--|
| LWW Reg | $\mathbb{N} \boxtimes V$ $\mathbb{N} \boxtimes \mathcal{P}(V)$ | assign | <i>unique timestamps allowing collisions</i> |
| MV Reg | $\mathcal{A}((I \hookrightarrow \mathbb{N}) \boxtimes V)$ | assign | <i>BloomL Dom Set</i> |
| MV KVS | $K \hookrightarrow \mathcal{A}((I \hookrightarrow \mathbb{N}) \boxtimes V)$ | put | <i>Dynamo like</i> |
| Sequences | t.b.d. | | |
| Graphs | t.b.d. | | |
| Trees | t.b.d. | | |

Inflation

- Inflation: $x \sqsubseteq f(x)$
- Inflations advance state with robustness to join
- New state subsumes old state
- Immune to replays of the past
- Not same as monotone functions: $x \sqsubseteq y \Rightarrow f(x) \sqsubseteq f(y)$

$$\frac{\forall x \in a \cdot x \sqsubseteq f(x)}{f : A \xrightarrow{\sqsubseteq} A}$$

$$\frac{\forall x \in a. x \sqsubseteq f(x)}{f : A \xrightarrow{\sqsubseteq} A}$$

$$\frac{f : A \xrightarrow{\sqsubseteq} A}{f : A \xrightarrow{\sqsubseteq} A}$$

Primitive inflations

$$\text{id}(x) = x$$

$$\frac{}{\text{id} : A \xrightarrow{\sqsubseteq} A}$$

$$\underline{\text{True}}(x) = \text{True}$$

$$\frac{}{\underline{\text{True}} : \mathbb{B} \xrightarrow{\sqsubseteq} \mathbb{B}}$$

$$\text{succ}(x) = x + 1$$

$$\frac{}{\text{succ} : \mathbb{N} \xrightarrow{\sqsubseteq} \mathbb{N}}$$

$$\text{insert}_x(a) = a \cup \{x\}$$

$$\frac{}{\text{insert}_x : \mathcal{P}(A) \xrightarrow{\sqsubseteq} \mathcal{P}(A)}$$

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Products

$$(f \times g)(x, y) = (f(x), g(y))$$

$$\frac{f : A \xrightarrow{\sqsubseteq} A \quad g : B \xrightarrow{\sqsubseteq} B}{f \times g : A \times B \xrightarrow{\sqsubseteq} A \times B}$$

$$\frac{f : A \xrightarrow{\sqsubseteq} A \quad g : B \xrightarrow{\sqsubseteq} B}{f \times g : A \times B \xrightarrow{\sqsubseteq} A \times B}$$

$$\frac{f : A \xrightarrow{\sqsubseteq} A \quad g : B \xrightarrow{\sqsubseteq} B}{f \times g : A \times B \xrightarrow{\sqsubseteq} A \times B}$$

Lexicographic products

$$(f \boxtimes g)(x, y) = (f(x), g(y))$$

$$\frac{f : A \xrightarrow{\sqsubseteq} A \quad g : B \xrightarrow{\sqsubseteq} B}{f \boxtimes g : A \boxtimes B \xrightarrow{\sqsubseteq} A \boxtimes B}$$

$$\frac{f : A \xrightarrow{\sqsubseteq} A \quad g : B \xrightarrow{\sqsubset} B}{f \boxtimes g : A \boxtimes B \xrightarrow{\sqsubset} A \boxtimes B}$$

$$\frac{f : A \xrightarrow{\sqsubset} A \quad g : B \longrightarrow B}{f \boxtimes g : A \boxtimes B \xrightarrow{\sqsubset} A \boxtimes B}$$

Linear sum

$$\begin{aligned}(f \oplus g)(\text{Left } x) &= \text{Left } f(x) \\ (f \oplus g)(\text{Right } x) &= \text{Right } g(x)\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{f : A \xrightarrow{\sqsubseteq} A \quad g : B \xrightarrow{\sqsubseteq} B}{f \oplus g : A \oplus B \xrightarrow{\sqsubseteq} A \oplus B}$$

$$f \oplus g : A \oplus B \xrightarrow{\sqsubseteq} A \oplus B$$

$$\frac{f : A \xrightarrow{\sqsubseteq} A \quad g : B \xrightarrow{\sqsubseteq} B}{f \oplus g : A \oplus B \xrightarrow{\sqsubseteq} A \oplus B}$$

$$f \oplus g : A \oplus B \xrightarrow{\sqsubseteq} A \oplus B$$

Maps

$$\text{map}(f)(m) = \{(k, f(v)) \mid (k, v) \in m\}$$

$$\frac{f : V \xrightarrow{\sqsubseteq} V}{\text{map}(f) : (K \hookrightarrow V) \xrightarrow{\sqsubseteq} (K \hookrightarrow V)}$$

$$\text{apply}_k(f)(m) = \begin{cases} m\{k \mapsto f(v)\} & \text{if } (k, v) \in m \\ m\{k \mapsto f(\perp)\} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{f : V \xrightarrow{\sqsubseteq} V}{\text{apply}_k(f) : (K \hookrightarrow V) \xrightarrow{\sqsubseteq} (K \hookrightarrow V)}$$

$$\frac{f : V \xrightarrow{\sqsubseteq} V}{\text{apply}_k(f) : (K \hookrightarrow V) \xrightarrow{\sqsubseteq} (K \hookrightarrow V)}$$

P Counter

$$\text{PCounter}(I) = I \hookrightarrow \mathbb{N}$$

$$\text{inc}_i(a) = \text{apply}_i(\text{succ})(a)$$

$$\text{value}(a) = \sum \{v \mid (c, v) \in a\}$$

OR Set - add wins

$$\text{ORSet}^+(E, I) = E \hookrightarrow I \hookrightarrow \mathbb{N} \boxtimes \mathbb{B}$$

$$\text{add}_{e,i}(a) = \text{apply}_e(\text{apply}_i(\text{succ} \boxtimes \underline{\text{False}}))(a)$$

$$\text{rmv}_e(a) = \text{apply}_e(\text{map}(\text{id} \boxtimes \underline{\text{True}}))(a)$$

$$\text{member}_e(a) = \exists (e, m) \in a \cdot \exists i, n \cdot (n, \text{False}) \in m(i)$$

OR Set - remove wins

$$\text{ORSet}^-(E, I) = E \hookrightarrow I \hookrightarrow \mathbb{N} \boxtimes \mathbb{B}$$

$$\text{rmv}_{e,i}(a) = \text{apply}_e(\text{apply}_i(\text{succ} \boxtimes \underline{\text{False}}))(a)$$

$$\text{add}_e(a) = \text{apply}_e(\text{map}(\text{id} \boxtimes \underline{\text{True}}))(a)$$

$$\text{member}_e(a) = \exists (e, m) \in a \cdot \nexists i, n \cdot (n, \text{False}) \in m(i)$$

(continued)

[illegible]

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— *Journal of the American Medical Association*, 1997

1. *Journal of the American Medical Association*, 1997; 278: 1039-1044.

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Discussion

- Now \sqcup, \sqsubseteq are derived, inflation class also
- But no semantics captured. Though can help checking it
- Convergence related to known updates, not stopping updates:
 $\text{upds}(a) \subseteq \text{upds}(b) \Rightarrow a \sqsubseteq b$. But, does not imply correctness
- Correction often requires global invariants, e.g. id uniqueness
- Are these lattice compositions universal?
- Embedding the id in the state, looking relevant for protocols
- Scalability: Id management, GC.