Session 05:Graphs

- 5A.1 What is a Graph?
- 5A.2 Paths Cycles and Connectivity
- 5A.3 Isomorphisms of a graph
- 5A.4 Adjacency Matrices and Adjacency Lists

Isomorphism

- They have a different number of connected components
- They have a different number of vertices
- They have different degrees sequences
- They have a different number of paths of any given length
- They have a different number of cycles of any length.

Adjacency Lists

- $\mathbf{u} : \{v\}$
- $v: \{w, x\}$
- $w: \{v, x\}$
- $z:\{v,w\}$
- Spanning Subgraphs of G.
- a vertex is said to be an **emph isolated vertex** if it has a degree of zero.
- a vertex is said to be an **emph end-vertex** if it has a degree of one.
- a vertex is said to be an **emph even vertex** if it has a degree of an even number.
- a vertex is said to be an **emph odd vertex** if it has a degree of an odd number.
- A graph is said to be **emphk-regular** if the degree of each vertex is k.
- Every Graph has an even number of odd vertices.
- A cubic graph is a graph where every vertex has degree three.

Session 05 Graph Theory

- $\bullet\,$ Eulerian Path
- Isomorphism
- Adjacency matrices

Adjacency Matrices

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