

Python program to create a GUI mark sheet using tkinter

```
import tkinter as tk

master = tk.Tk()

master.title("MARKSHEET")

master.geometry("700x250")

e1 = tk.Entry(master)
e2 = tk.Entry(master)
e3 = tk.Entry(master)
e4 = tk.Entry(master)
e5 = tk.Entry(master)
e6 = tk.Entry(master)
e7 = tk.Entry(master)

def display():
    tot = 0
    if e4.get() == "A":
        tk.Label(master, text="40").grid(row=3, column=4)
        tot += 40
    if e4.get() == "B":
        tk.Label(master, text="36").grid(row=3, column=4)
        tot += 36
    if e4.get() == "C":
        tk.Label(master, text="32").grid(row=3, column=4)
        tot += 32

    if e4.get() == "D":
        tk.Label(master, text="28").grid(row=3, column=4)
        tot += 28
```

```
if e4.get() == "P":
    tk.Label(master, text="24").grid(row=3, column=4)
    tot += 24

if e4.get() == "F":
    tk.Label(master, text="0").grid(row=3, column=4)
    tot += 0

if e5.get() == "A":
    tk.Label(master, text="40").grid(row=4, column=4)
    tot += 40

if e5.get() == "B":
    tk.Label(master, text="36").grid(row=4, column=4)
    tot += 36

if e5.get() == "C":
    tk.Label(master, text="32").grid(row=4, column=4)
    tot += 32

if e5.get() == "D":
    tk.Label(master, text="28").grid(row=4, column=4)
    tot += 28

if e5.get() == "P":
    tk.Label(master, text="28").grid(row=4, column=4)
    tot += 24

if e5.get() == "F":
    tk.Label(master, text="0").grid(row=4, column=4)
    tot += 0

if e6.get() == "A":
    tk.Label(master, text="30").grid(row=5, column=4)
    tot += 30

if e6.get() == "B":
    tk.Label(master, text="27").grid(row=5, column=4)
```

```
        tot += 27

    if e6.get() == "C":
        tk.Label(master, text="24").grid(row=5, column=4)
        tot += 24

    if e6.get() == "D":
        tk.Label(master, text="21").grid(row=5, column=4)
        tot += 21

    if e6.get() == "P":
        tk.Label(master, text="28").grid(row=5, column=4)
        tot += 24

    if e6.get() == "F":
        tk.Label(master, text="0").grid(row=5, column=4)
        tot += 0

    if e7.get() == "A":
        tk.Label(master, text="40").grid(row=6, column=4)
        tot += 40

    if e7.get() == "B":
        tk.Label(master, text="36").grid(row=6, column=4)
        tot += 36

    if e7.get() == "C":
        tk.Label(master, text="32").grid(row=6, column=4)
        tot += 32

    if e7.get() == "D":
        tk.Label(master, text="28").grid(row=6, column=4)
        tot += 28

    if e7.get() == "P":
        tk.Label(master, text="28").grid(row=6, column=4)
        tot += 24

    if e7.get() == "F":
        tk.Label(master, text="0").grid(row=6, column=4)
```

```
        tot += 0

    # to display total credits
    tk.Label(master, text=str(tot)).grid(row=7, column=4)

    # to display SGPA
    tk.Label(master, text=str(tot/15)).grid(row=8, column=4)

# end of display function

# label to enter name
tk.Label(master, text="Name").grid(row=0, column=0)

# label for registration number
tk.Label(master, text="Reg.No").grid(row=0, column=3)

# label for roll Number
tk.Label(master, text="Roll.No").grid(row=1, column=0)

# labels for serial numbers
tk.Label(master, text="Srl.No").grid(row=2, column=0)
tk.Label(master, text="1").grid(row=3, column=0)
tk.Label(master, text="2").grid(row=4, column=0)
tk.Label(master, text="3").grid(row=5, column=0)
tk.Label(master, text="4").grid(row=6, column=0)

# labels for subject codes
tk.Label(master, text="Subject").grid(row=2, column=1)
tk.Label(master, text="CS 201").grid(row=3, column=1)
tk.Label(master, text="CS 202").grid(row=4, column=1)
tk.Label(master, text="MA 201").grid(row=5, column=1)
```

```
tk.Label(master, text="EC 201").grid(row=6, column=1)

# label for grades
tk.Label(master, text="Grade").grid(row=2, column=2)
e4.grid(row=3, column=2)
e5.grid(row=4, column=2)
e6.grid(row=5, column=2)
e7.grid(row=6, column=2)
# labels for subject credits
tk.Label(master, text="Sub Credit").grid(row=2, column=3)
tk.Label(master, text="4").grid(row=3, column=3)
tk.Label(master, text="4").grid(row=4, column=3)
tk.Label(master, text="3").grid(row=5, column=3)
tk.Label(master, text="4").grid(row=6, column=3)
tk.Label(master, text="Credit obtained").grid(row=2, column=4)
# taking entries of name, reg, roll number respectively
e1 = tk.Entry(master)
e2 = tk.Entry(master)
e3 = tk.Entry(master)
# organizing them in the grid
e1.grid(row=0, column=1)
e2.grid(row=0, column=4)
e3.grid(row=1, column=1)
# button to display all the calculated credit scores and sgpa
button1 = tk.Button(master, text="submit", bg="green", command=display)
button1.grid(row=8, column=1)

tk.Label(master, text="Total credit").grid(row=7, column=3)
tk.Label(master, text="SGPA").grid(row=8, column=3)
master.mainloop()
```

GUI to Shutdown, Restart and Logout from the PC using Python

```
# import modules
from tkinter import *
import os

# user define function
def shutdown():
    return os.system("shutdown /s /t 1")

def restart():
    return os.system("shutdown /r /t 1")

def logout():
    return os.system("shutdown -l")

# tkinter object
master = Tk()

# background set to grey
master.configure(bg='light grey')

Button(master, text="Shutdown", command=shutdown).grid(row=0)
Button(master, text="Restart", command=restart).grid(row=1)
Button(master, text="Log out", command=logout).grid(row=2)

mainloop()
```

Build an Application to Search Installed Application using Python

```
# import modules
from tkinter import *
import winapps

# function to attach output
def app():

    for item in winapps.search_installed(e.get()):

        name.set(item.name)

        version.set(item.version)

        Install_date.set(item.install_date)

        publisher.set(item.publisher)

        uninstall_string.set(item.uninstall_string)

# object of tkinter
# and background set for grey
master = Tk()
master.configure(bg='light grey')

# Variable Classes in tkinter
name = StringVar()
version = StringVar()
Install_date = StringVar()
publisher = StringVar()
uninstall_string = StringVar()

Label(master, text="Enter App name : ",
       bg="light grey").grid(row=0, sticky=W)
```

```

Label(master, text="Name : ",
      bg="light grey").grid(row=2, sticky=W)
Label(master, text="Version :",
      bg="light grey").grid(row=3, sticky=W)
Label(master, text="Install date :",
      bg="light grey").grid(row=4, sticky=W)
Label(master, text="publisher :",
      bg="light grey").grid(row=5, sticky=W)
Label(master, text="Uninstall string :",
      bg="light grey").grid(row=6, sticky=W)

# Creating label for class variable
# name using widget Entry
Label(master, text="", textvariable=name,
      bg="light grey").grid(row=2, column=1, sticky=W)
Label(master, text="", textvariable=version,
      bg="light grey").grid(row=3, column=1, sticky=W)
Label(master, text="", textvariable=Install_date,
      bg="light grey").grid(row=4, column=1, sticky=W)
Label(master, text="", textvariable=publisher,
      bg="light grey").grid(row=5, column=1, sticky=W)
Label(master, text="", textvariable=uninstall_string,
      bg="light grey").grid(row=6, column=1, sticky=W)

e = Entry(master, width=30)
e.grid(row=0, column=1)

# creating a button using the widget
b = Button(master, text="Show", command=app, bg="Blue")
b.grid(row=0, column=2, columnspan=2, rowspan=2, padx=5, pady=5,)
mainloop()

```


Create a Simple Two Player Game using Turtle in Python

```
import random

import turtle

# function to check whether turtle
# is in Screen or not
def isInScreen(win, turt):

    # getting the end points of turtle screen
    leftBound = -win.window_width() / 2
    rightBound = win.window_width() / 2
    topBound = win.window_height() / 2
    bottomBound = -win.window_height() / 2

    # getting the current position of the turtle
    turtleX = turt.xcor()
    turtleY = turt.ycor()

    # variable to store whether in screen or not
    stillIn = True

    # condition to check whether in screen or not
    if turtleX > rightBound or turtleX < leftBound:
        stillIn = False

    if turtleY > topBound or turtleY < bottomBound:
        stillIn = False

    # returning the result
    return stillIn
```

```
# function to check whether both turtle have
```

```
# different position or not
```

```
def sameposition(Red, Blue):
```

```
    if Red.pos() == Blue.pos():
```

```
        return False
```

```
    else:
```

```
        return True
```

```
# main function
```

```
def main():
```

```
    # screen initialization for turtle
```

```
    wn = turtle.Screen()
```

```
    # Turtle Red initialization
```

```
    # instantiate a new turtle object
```

```
    # called 'Red'
```

```
    Red = turtle.Turtle()
```

```
    # set pencolor as red
```

```
    Red.pencolor("red")
```

```
    # set pensize as 5
```

```
    Red.pensize(5)
```

```
    # set turtleshape as turtle
```

```
    Red.shape('turtle')
```

```
    pos = Red.pos()
```

```
    # Turtle Blue initialization
```

```
    # instantiate a new turtle object
```

```
# called 'Blue'

Blue = turtle.Turtle()


# set pencolor as blue

Blue.pencolor("blue")


# set pensize as 5

Blue.pensize(5)


# set turtleshape as turtle

Blue.shape('turtle')


# make the turtle invisible

Blue.hideturtle()


# don't draw when turtle moves

Blue.penup()


# move the turtle to a location 50
# units away from Red

Blue.goto(pos[0]+50, pos[1])


# make the turtle visible

Blue.showturtle()


# draw when the turtle moves

Blue.pendown()


# variable to store whether turtles
# are in screen or not

mT = True
```

```
jT = True

# loop for the game
while mT and jT and sameposition(Red, Blue):

    # coin flip for Red
    coinRed = random.randrange(0, 2)

    # angle for Red
    # random.randrange(0, 180)
    angleRed = 90

    # condition for left or right
    # based on coin
    if coinRed == 0:
        Red.left(angleRed)
    else:
        Red.right(angleRed)

    # coin flip for Blue
    coinBlue = random.randrange(0, 2)

    # angle for Blue
    # random.randrange(0, 180)
    angleBlue = 90

    # condition for left or right based
    # on coin
    if coinBlue == 0:
        Blue.left(angleBlue)
    else:
```

```
Blue.right(angleBlue)

# draw for Red
Red.forward(50)

# draw for Blue
Blue.forward(50)

# checking whether turtles are in the
# screen or not
mT = isInScreen(wn, Blue)
jT = isInScreen(wn, Red)

# set pencolor for Blue and Red as black
Red.pencolor("black")
Blue.pencolor("black")

# condition check for draw or win
if jT == True and mT == False:
    # writing results
    Red.write("Red Won", True, align="center",
              font=("arial", 15, "bold"))

elif mT == True and jT == False:
    # writing results
    Blue.write("Blue Won", True, align="center",
              font=("arial", 15, "bold"))

else:
    # writing results
    Red.write("Draw", True, align="center",
```

```
font=("arial", 15, "bold"))
```

```
Blue.write("Draw", True, align="center",
```

```
font=("arial", 15, "bold"))
```

```
wn.exitonclick()
```

```
main()
```