PYTHON ASSIGNMENT FUNCTION

1. Write a Python function to find the maximum of three numbers.

```
def max_of_two( x, y ):
    if x > y:
        return x
    return y

def max_of_three( x, y, z ):
    return max_of_two( x, max_of_two( y, z ) )

print(max_of_three(3, 6, -5))
```

2. Write a Python function to calculate the factorial of a number (a non-negative integer). The function accepts the number as an argument.

```
def factorial(n):
    if n == 0:
        return 1
    else:
        return n * factorial(n-1)
    n=int(input("Input a number to compute the factiorial : "))
    print(factorial(n))
```

3. Write a Python function to check whether a number falls within a given range.

```
def test_range(n):
    if n in range(3,9):
        print( " %s is in the range"%str(n))
    else :
        print("The number is outside the given range.")
test_range(5)
```

4. Write a Python function that accepts a string and counts the number of upper and lower case letters.

```
def string_test(s):
    d={"UPPER_CASE":0, "LOWER_CASE":0}
    for c in s:
        if c.isupper():
        d["UPPER_CASE"]+=1
        elif c.islower():
        d["LOWER_CASE"]+=1
        else:
        pass
    print ("Original String : ", s)
    print ("No. of Upper case characters : ", d["UPPER_CASE"])
    print ("No. of Lower case Characters : ", d["LOWER_CASE"])
string_test('DiSHA Computer Institute Dange Chowk')
```

5. Write a Python function that takes a number as a parameter and checks whether the number is prime or not.

Note: A prime number (or a prime) is a natural number greater than 1 and that has no positive divisors other than 1 and itself.

Solution 1:

```
def test_prime(n):
    if (n==1):
        return False
    elif (n==2):
        return True;
    else:
        for x in range(2,n):
        if(n % x==0):
```

```
return False
return True
print(test_prime(9))
```

Solution 2:

```
from math import sqrt

def is_prime(num):

if num <= 1 or (num % 2 == 0 and num > 2):

    return False

    return all(num % i for i in range(3, int(sqrt(num)) + 1, 2))

print(is_prime(11))

print(is_prime(13))

print(is_prime(16))

print(is_prime(17))

print(is_prime(97))
```

Lambda Function

1.Write a Python program to create a function that takes one argument, and that argument will be multiplied with an unknown given number.

```
def func_compute(n):
    return lambda x : x * n
    result = func_compute(2)
    print("Double the number of 15 =", result(15))
    result = func_compute(3)
    print("Triple the number of 15 =", result(15))
    result = func_compute(4)
    print("Quadruple the number of 15 =", result(15))
```

```
result = func_compute(5)
print("Quintuple the number 15 =", result(15))
```

2. Write a Python program to sort a list of tuples using Lambda.

```
subject_marks = [('English', 88), ('Science', 90), ('Maths', 97), ('Social sciences',
82)]
print("Original list of tuples:")
print(subject_marks)
subject_marks.sort(key = lambda x: x[1])
print("\nSorting the List of Tuples:")
print(subject_marks)
```

3. Write a Python program to sort a list of dictionaries using Lambda.

```
models = [{'make':'Nokia', 'model':216, 'color':'Black'}, {'make':'Mi Max',
    'model':'2', 'color':'Gold'}, {'make':'Samsung', 'model': 7, 'color':'Blue'}]
print("Original list of dictionaries :")
print(models)
sorted_models = sorted(models, key = lambda x: x['color'])
print("\nSorting the List of dictionaries :")
print(sorted_models)
```

4. Write a Python program to filter a list of integers using Lambda.

```
nums = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10]
print("Original list of integers:")
print(nums)
print("\nEven numbers from the said list:")
```

```
even_nums = list(filter(lambda x: x%2 == 0, nums))

print(even_nums)

print("\nOdd numbers from the said list:")

odd_nums = list(filter(lambda x: x%2 != 0, nums))

print(odd_nums)
```

5. Write a Python program to find whether a given string starts with a given character using Lambda.

```
starts_with = lambda x: True if x.startswith('P') else False

print(starts_with('Python'))

starts_with = lambda x: True if x.startswith('P') else False

print(starts_with('Java'))
```

6. Write a Python program to extract year, month, date and time using Lambda.

```
import datetime
now = datetime.datetime.now()
print(now)
year = lambda x: x.year
month = lambda x: x.month
day = lambda x: x.day
t = lambda x: x.time()
print(year(now))
print(month(now))
print(day(now))
print(t(now))
```

7. Write a Python program to filter a given list to determine if the values in the list have a length of 6 using Lambda.

```
weekdays = ['Monday', 'Tuesday', 'Wednesday', 'Thursday', 'Friday', 'Saturday',
    'Sunday']
days = filter(lambda day: day if len(day)==6 else '', weekdays)
for d in days:
    print(d)
```

8. Write a Python program to add two given lists using map and lambda.

```
nums1 = [1, 2, 3]
nums2 = [4, 5, 6]
print("Original list:")
print(nums1)
print(nums2)
result = map(lambda x, y: x + y, nums1, nums2)
print("\nResult: after adding two list")
print(list(result))
```

9. Write a Python program that multiplies each number in a list with a given number using lambda functions. Print the results.

```
nums = [2, 4, 6, 9, 11]

n = 2

print("Original list: ", nums)

print("Given number: ", n)

filtered_numbers=list(map(lambda number:number*n,nums))

print("Result:")

print(' '.join(map(str,filtered_numbers)))
```

10.Write a Python program to find the index position and value of the maximum and minimum values in a given list of numbers using lambda.

```
def position_max_min(nums):
    max_result = max(enumerate(nums), key=(lambda x: x[1]))
    min_result = min(enumerate(nums), key=(lambda x: x[1]))
    return max_result,min_result

nums = [12,33,23,10.11,67,89,45,66.7,23,12,11,10.25,54]
    print("Original list:")
    print(nums)
    result = position_max_min(nums)
    print("\nlndex position and value of the maximum value of the said list:")
    print(result[0])
    print("\nlndex position and value of the minimum value of the said list:")
    print(result[1])
```

11. Write a Python program to find the elements of a given list of strings that contain a specific substring using lambda.

```
def find_substring(str1, sub_str):
    result = list(filter(lambda x: sub_str in x, str1))
    return result
colors = ["red", "black", "white", "green", "orange"]
print("Original list:")
print(colors)

sub_str = "ack"
```

```
print("\nSubstring to search:")
print(sub_str)
print("Elements of the said list that contain specific substring:")
print(find_substring(colors, sub_str))
sub_str = "abc"
print("\nSubstring to search:")
print(sub_str)
print("Elements of the said list that contain specific substring:")
print(find_substring(colors, sub_str))
```