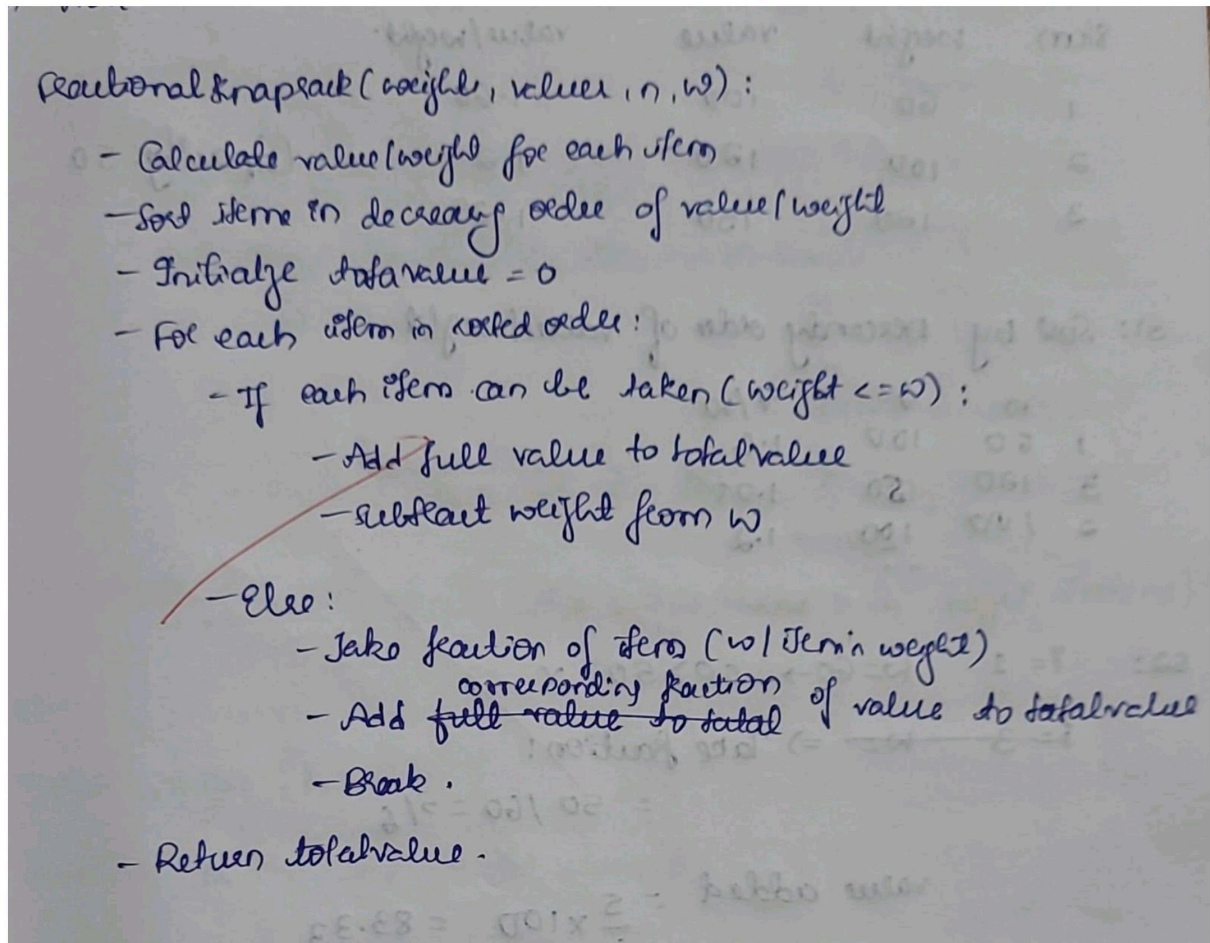


## PROGRAM 7

Implement Fractional Knapsack using Greedy technique.

### ALGORITHM



### CODE

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

// Structure for an item
struct Item {
    int value, weight;
};

// Function to compare items by value/weight ratio
int compare(const void *a, const void *b) {
```

```

double r1 = (double)((struct Item *)a)->value / ((struct Item *)a)->weight;
double r2 = (double)((struct Item *)b)->value / ((struct Item *)b)->weight;
return (r1 < r2) ? 1 : -1; // Descending order
}

```

```

// Function to return maximum value that can be put in knapsack

```

```

double fractionalKnapsack(int W, struct Item arr[], int n) {
    // Sort items by value/weight ratio
    qsort(arr, n, sizeof(arr[0]), compare);

    double totalValue = 0.0;

    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        if (W == 0) break;

        if (arr[i].weight <= W) {
            // Take full item
            W -= arr[i].weight;
            totalValue += arr[i].value;
        } else {
            // Take fractional part
            totalValue += arr[i].value * ((double)W / arr[i].weight);
            break;
        }
    }

    return totalValue;
}

```

```

// Main function

```

```

int main() {
    int n, W;

    printf("Enter number of items: ");
    scanf("%d", &n);

    struct Item arr[n];
    printf("Enter value and weight of each item:\n");
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        scanf("%d %d", &arr[i].value, &arr[i].weight);
    }

    printf("Enter capacity of knapsack: ");
    scanf("%d", &W);

    double maxVal = fractionalKnapsack(W, arr, n);

    printf("Maximum value in knapsack = %.2f\n", maxVal);

    return 0;
}

```

OUTPUT:

```

Enter number of items: 3
Enter value and weight of each item:
100 60
120 100
150 120
Enter capacity of knapsack: 50
Maximum value in knapsack = 83.33

```

## TRACING

Tracing:

Item	weight	value	value/weight
1	60	100	1.66
2	100	120	1.2
3	120	150	1.25

Capacity: 50

S1: Sort by secondary order of value/weight

	w	v	v/w
1	60	100	1.6
3	120	150	1.25
2	100	120	1.2

S2:  $i = 1$   $w = 60 \rightarrow 60 > 50 : X$

~~$i = 3$~~   $w =$  ~~120~~  $\Rightarrow$  Take fraction:

$$= 50 / 60 = 5/6$$

$$\text{value added} = \frac{5}{6} \times 100 = 83.33$$

Remaining weight = 0

Knapack is full.

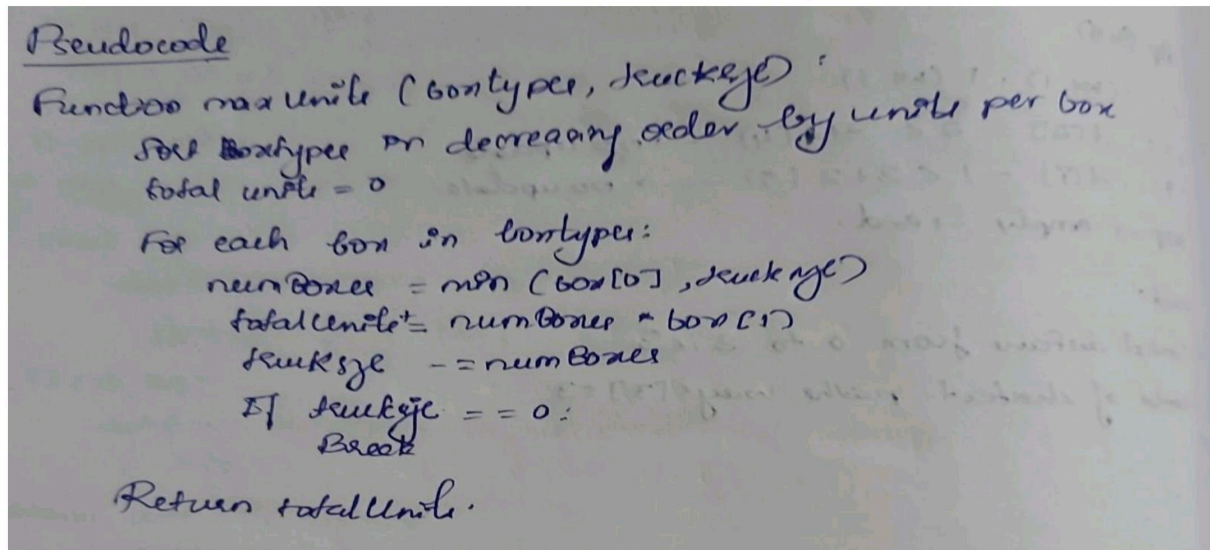
Final:	item	weight taken	value added
	1	50 (fractional)	83.33

$\Rightarrow$  Maximum value of Knapack = 83.33

## LEETCODE 6

### MAXIMUM UNITS ON A TRUCK

#### ALGORITHM



#### CODE

```
int cmp(const void* a, const void* b) {  
    // Sort by units per box in descending order  
    int* boxA = *(int**)a;  
    int* boxB = *(int**)b;  
    return boxB[1] - boxA[1];  
}  
  
int maximumUnits(int** boxTypes, int boxTypesSize, int* boxTypesColSize, int truckSize) {  
    qsort(boxTypes, boxTypesSize, sizeof(int*), cmp);  
  
    int totalUnits = 0;  
  
    for (int i = 0; i < boxTypesSize; i++) {  
        int boxCount = boxTypes[i][0];  
        int unitsPerBox = boxTypes[i][1];
```



```

    int numBoxes = boxCount < truckSize ? boxCount : truckSize;
    totalUnits += numBoxes * unitsPerBox;
    truckSize -= numBoxes;

    if (truckSize == 0)
        break;
}

return totalUnits;
}

```

## OUTPUT

**Accepted** Runtime: 0 ms

• Case 1 • Case 2

Input

boxTypes =  
[[1,3],[2,2],[3,1]]

truckSize =  
4

Output

8

Expected

8

**Accepted** Runtime: 0 ms

• Case 1 • Case 2

Input

boxTypes =  
[[5,10],[2,5],[4,7],[3,9]]

truckSize =  
10

Output

91

Expected

91

## TRACING

### Example tracing

Input:  $\text{BoxType} = [ [5, 10], [2, 5], [4, 7], [3, 9] ]$   
TruckSize = 10.

S1: Sort by units per box (descending):

Sorted  $\text{BoxType} : [ [5, 10], [3, 9], [4, 7], [2, 5] ]$

S2: Initialize total units = 0, TruckSize = 10

S3: Loop through sorted  $\text{BoxType}$

Step	Picked Boxes	Units/Box	Used	Remaining Truck Size	Total units
1	[5, 10]	10	5	$10 - 5 = 5$	$0 + 50 = 50$
2	[3, 9]	9	3	$5 - 3 = 2$	$50 + 27 = 77$
3	[4, 7]	7	2	$2 - 2 = 0$	$77 + 14 = 91$

→ TruckSize = 0 : Stop

Output:

91.