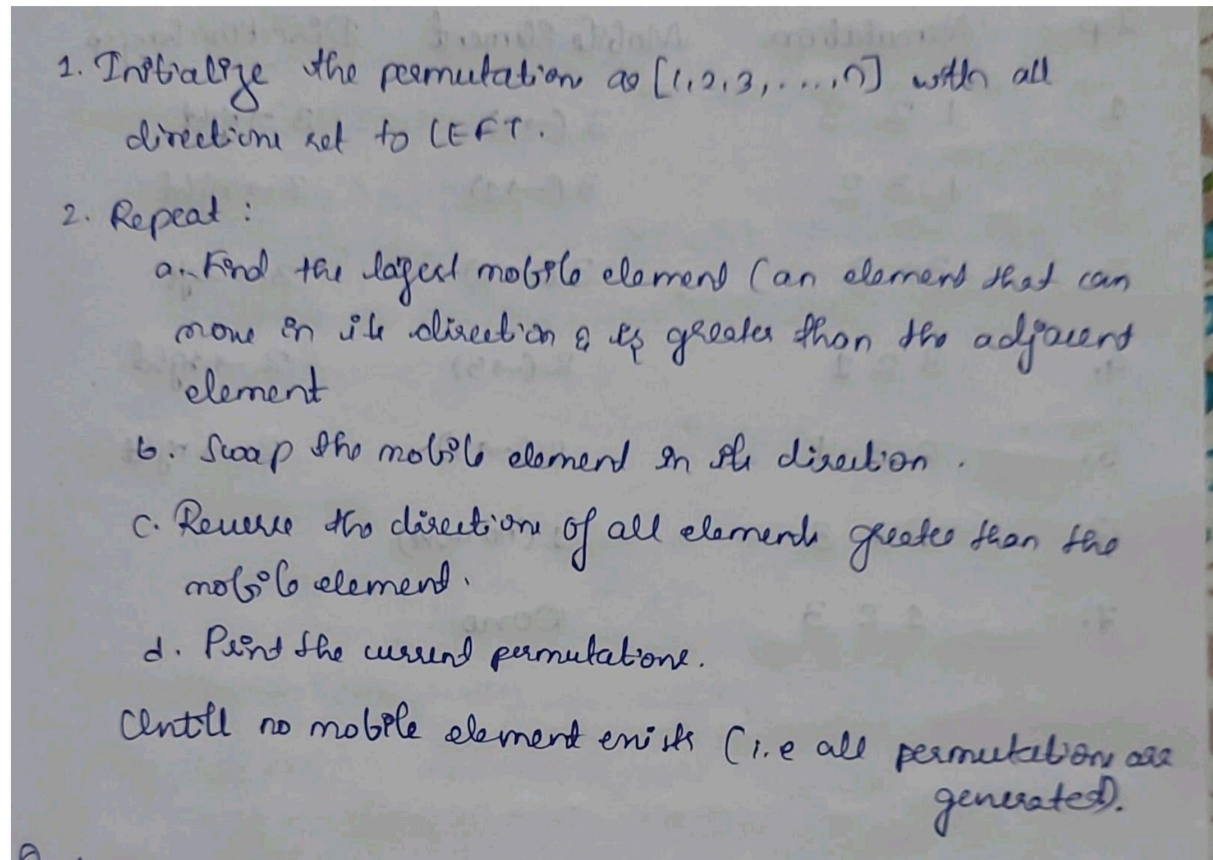


## PROGRAM 10

Implement Johnson Trotter algorithm to generate permutations.

### ALGORITHM



### CODE

```
#include <stdio.h>

#define MAX 20
#define LEFT -1
#define RIGHT 1

int n;
int perm[MAX]; // Current permutation
int dir[MAX]; // Directions: -1 for LEFT, 1 for RIGHT
```

```

// Function to print the current permutation
void printPerm() {
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
        printf("%d ", perm[i]);
    printf("\n");
}

// Function to find the largest mobile integer
int getMobile() {
    int mobile = 0, mobileIndex = -1;

    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        int next = i + dir[i];
        if (next >= 0 && next < n && perm[i] > perm[next]) {
            if (perm[i] > mobile) {
                mobile = perm[i];
                mobileIndex = i;
            }
        }
    }

    return mobileIndex;
}

// Function to swap two elements and their directions
void swap(int i, int j) {
    int temp = perm[i];
    perm[i] = perm[j];
    perm[j] = temp;

```

```

    int dtemp = dir[i];
    dir[i] = dir[j];
    dir[j] = dtemp;
}

void generatePermutations() {
    printPerm(); // First permutation

    while (1) {
        int mobileIndex = getMobile();
        if (mobileIndex == -1)
            break;

        int next = mobileIndex + dir[mobileIndex];
        swap(mobileIndex, next);

        // After moving, change direction of all elements > moved element
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
            if (perm[i] > perm[next])
                dir[i] *= -1;
        }

        printPerm();
    }
}

int main() {
    printf("Enter number of elements (n): ");
    scanf("%d", &n);

```

```
// Initialize permutation and directions
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    perm[i] = i + 1;
    dir[i] = LEFT;
}

printf("All permutations using Johnson-Trotter:\n");
generatePermutations();

return 0;
}
```

#### OUTPUT

```
Enter number of elements (n): 3
All permutations using Johnson-Trotter:
1 2 3
1 3 2
3 1 2
3 2 1
2 3 1
2 1 3
```

## TRACING

Tracing for  $n=3$

Step	Permutation	Mobile Element	Direction changes
1	1 2 3	3 ( $\rightarrow 2$ )	3 $\rightarrow$ right
2	1 3 2	3 ( $\rightarrow 1$ )	3 $\rightarrow$ right
3	3 1 2	3 ( $\rightarrow 2$ )	3 $\rightarrow$ left
4.	3 2 1	2 ( $\rightarrow 3$ )	2 $\rightarrow$ right
5.	2 3 1	2 ( $\rightarrow 1$ )	2 $\rightarrow$ right
6.	2 1 3	1 (no move)	
7.	1 2 3	Done	