

Quiz

```
static int sum(int a, int b) {  
    int a = 20; b = 30; // Compilation error;  
    return a+b;  
}
```

Imp:- if variable name is already defined in input arguments. we cannot declare them again.

Quiz 2

```
static int sum(int a, int b) {  
    // a=100, b=200  
    → a=20  
    → b=30  
    return a+b;  
}
```

state  
~~cm1~~, c  
cm2  
chef

Imp:- We can reinitialize input variables / argument variables.

Quiz 2

```
static int sum(int a, int b) {  
    ① int x=20, y=30;  
    return a+b;  
}
```

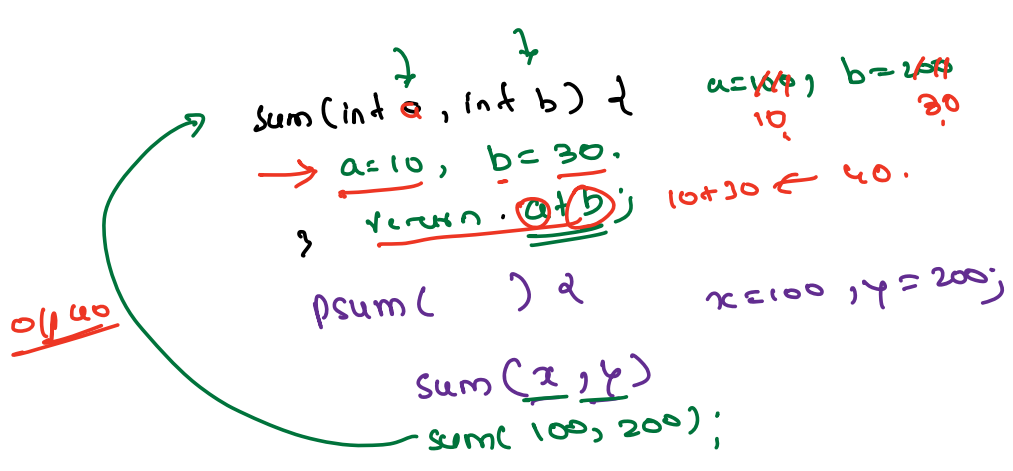
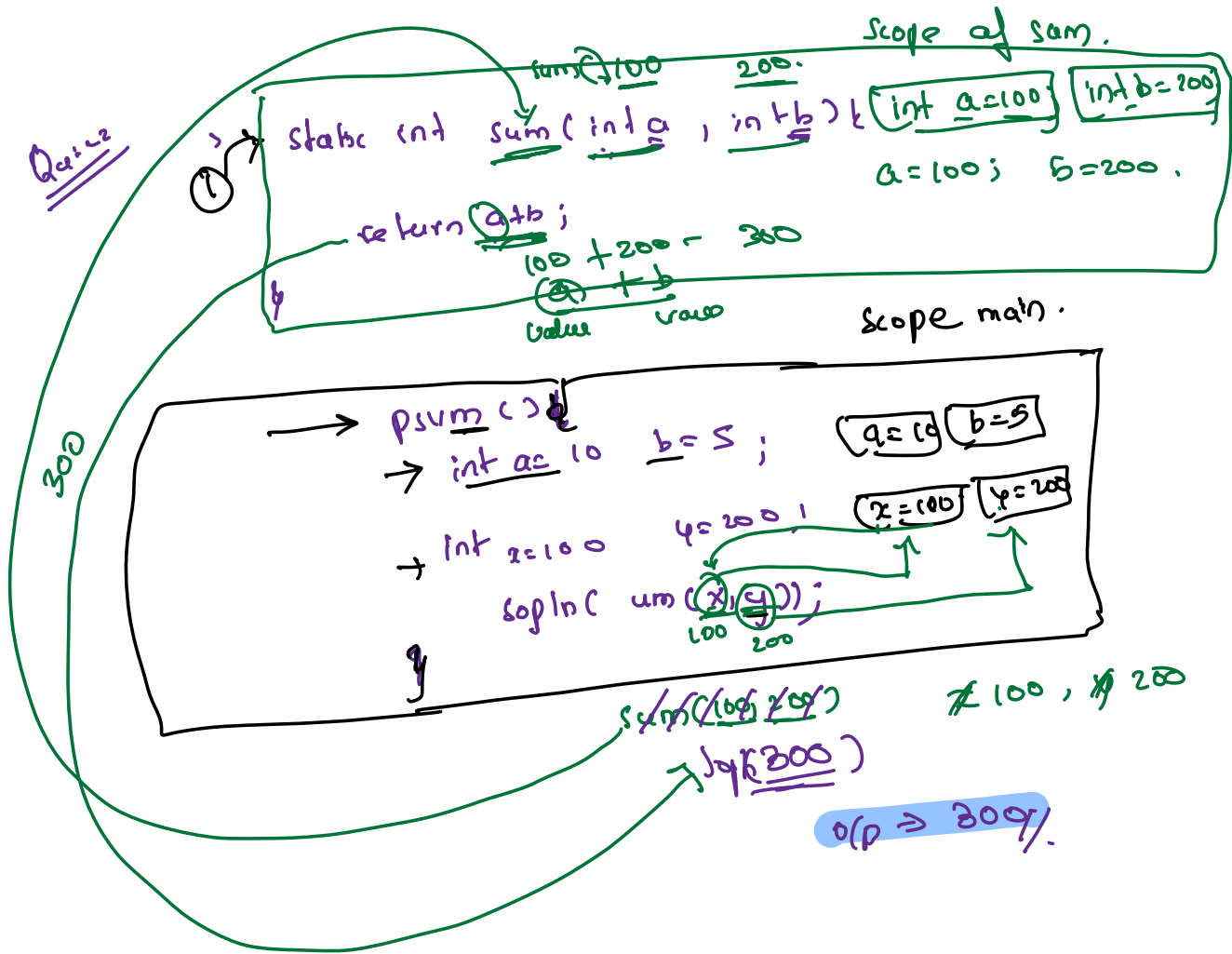
a=100, b=200  
x=20, y=30  
100 + 200 = 300

```
psum() {  
    int a=10, b=5; a=10, b=5  
    int x=100, y=200; x=100, y=200  
    sopln(sum(x, y));  
}
```

main

sum(100, 200) ①  
300 ②

Ques 2



→ we cannot re-declare input variable, bcz they are already declared in scope of the method.

→ int variable scope is local to that method/function

→ we can re-initialize the input variable, inside the method/function scope-

→ when we call a function we are passing the values, not variable.

ex.  $x=10, y=20$   
 $sum(x, y) \Rightarrow sum(10, 20);$

→ when we return anything from a method we are only returning the value not the variable

ex.  $a=10, b=20$   
 $return a+b \rightarrow$   
 $\downarrow$   $return \frac{10+20}{20};$

GCD → ? Greatest Common divisor

12	1	2	3	4	6	12	
24	1	2	3	4	6	8	12 24.

GCD = 12    a, b

1 →  $\min(a, b);$

Q. Write a function that takes two num's and returns the GCD of two numbers.

```
int a = sc.nextInt();
int b = sc.nextInt();
```

```
int min = 0;
```

```
if (a < b) {
```

```
    min = a;
```

```
    else {
```

```
        min = b;
```

```
}
```

```
int ans = 0;
```

```
for (int i = 1; i <= min; i++) {
```

```
    if (a % i == 0 && b % i == 0) {
```

```
        ans = i;
```

```
    }
```

```
    }
    System.out.println(ans);
```

$$\frac{a \cdot i}{d} = 0$$

$$\frac{b \cdot i}{d} = 0$$

getMin(-, -)

getGCD(a, b);

psume > 1

```
int a = sc.nextInt();
```

```
int b = sc.nextInt();
```

```
System.out.println(getGCD(a, b));
```

```
static int getGCD(int a, int b) {
```

```
    int min = getMin(a, b);
```

```
    int ans = 0;
```

```
    for (int i = 1; i <= min; i++) {
```

```
        if (a % i == 0 && b % i == 0) {
```

```
            ans = i;
```

```
        }
```

```
    }
    return ans;
```

```
static int getMin(int a, int b) {
```

```
    int min = 0;
```

```
    if (a < b) {
```

```
        min = a;
```

```
    } else {
```

```
        min = b;
```

```
    }
```

```
    return min;
```

→ psumc > d  
 int a = sc.nextInt(); → a = 12  
 int b = sc.nextInt(); → b = 24  
 ① sopln(getb(Dr(a, b))) // calling the function → sopln(12);  
 ⑤ 12 12 24  
 ⑫ 12  
 ⑫ 12

```

1  int a = 12; int b = 24;
2  int min = getMin(a, b);
3  int ans = 0;
4  for (int i = 1; i <= min; i++) {
5      if (a % i == 0 && b % i == 0) {
6          ans = i;
7      }
8  }
9  return ans;

```

Annotations and flow:

- Line 1: `int a = 12; int b = 24;` is annotated with `a = 12`, `b = 24`, and `min = 12` in boxes.
- Line 2: `int min = getMin(a, b);` is highlighted in green. An arrow points from `getMin(a, b)` to the function definition.
- Line 3: `int ans = 0;` is annotated with `ans = 12` in a box.
- Line 4: `for (int i = 1; i <= min; i++)` is annotated with `12` and `12, 24` in a box.
- Line 5: `if (a % i == 0 && b % i == 0)` is annotated with `12` and `24` in a box.
- Line 6: `ans = i;` is annotated with `ans = 12` in a box.
- Line 9: `return ans;` is annotated with `12` in a box.

```

return ans;
}

static int getMin(int a, int b) {
    int min = 0;
    if (a < b) {
        min = a;
    } else {
        min = b;
    }
    return min;
}

```

During the interview

gcb  $\rightarrow$

~~$\times$   $\text{Math.min}(a, b) \times$~~

$\text{Math.pow}(a, b);$

function s.

$\hookrightarrow$

gcb

break up values

$\rightarrow$

perfect square return  
sq root

$4 \rightarrow \underline{2}$

$2 \times 2$

$3 \times 3$

$5 \rightarrow \underline{-1}$

$i * i = n$

return  $\textcircled{1}$

else return

-1

Method  
function

V. Sub

public static void main ( ) {

static

non-static

non-stx getSum ( ) ;

static method ✓

}

→ ~~int~~ getSum ( )

non-static

→ ~~boolean~~ isEven ( )

2-3 months

syntax

static → static int gcd ( — ) {

no x  
i

}

n static → int getMin ( — ) {

?

5 months

2 — 3 or 4 problem solving 2  
syntax java very well

2 months  
(pattern, gen. alg.) array, array, 2-d  
coding → practise java strong

(Array) ← if for  
where

imposter syndrome →

SO any →  
press

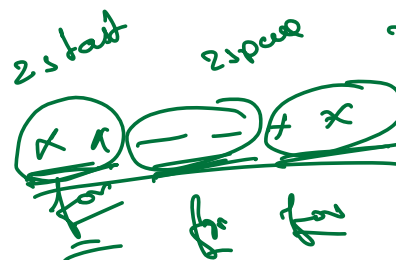
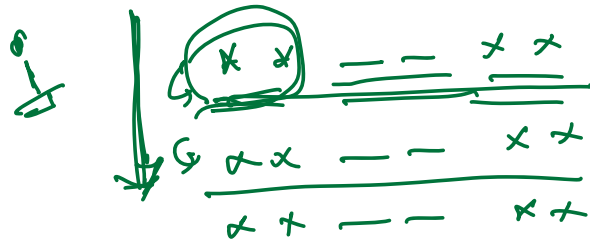
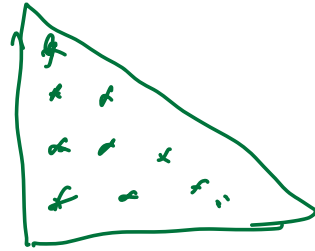
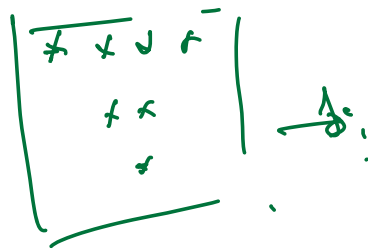
Q com → Coding

③

Mechanical Eng → startups

MNC,



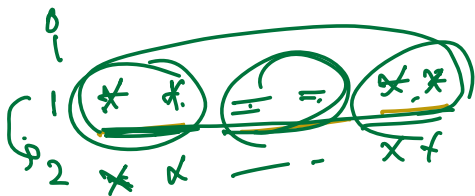


$\text{for } (i \rightarrow n)$   
 $\text{for } (j \rightarrow 2)$   
 $\text{for } (k \rightarrow 2)$   
 $\text{for } (l \rightarrow 2)$

$\text{for } (i \rightarrow j) \quad i \leq 2 \quad j \leq 2$

$x x - - - x x$   
 $x x - - - x x$   
 $\text{SOP}$

$\text{for } (i \rightarrow n)$   
 $\text{for } (j \rightarrow 2)$   
 $\text{for } (k \rightarrow 2)$   
 $\text{for } (l \rightarrow 2)$   
 $\text{SOP}$



```
for (i=1; i<=2; i++)
```

```
    for (j=1; j<=2; j++)
```

```
        sop(x)
```

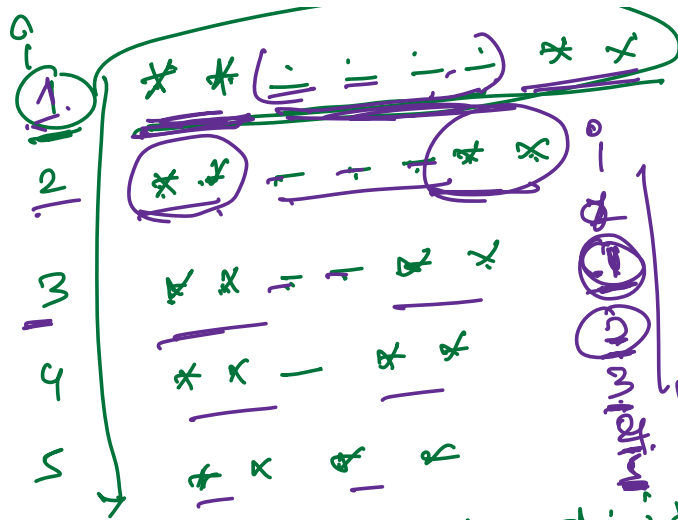
```
    }
```

```
for (j=1; j<=2; j++)
```

```
    sop('-');
```

```
for (j=1; j<=2; j++)
```

```
    sop(x)
```



$N=5$

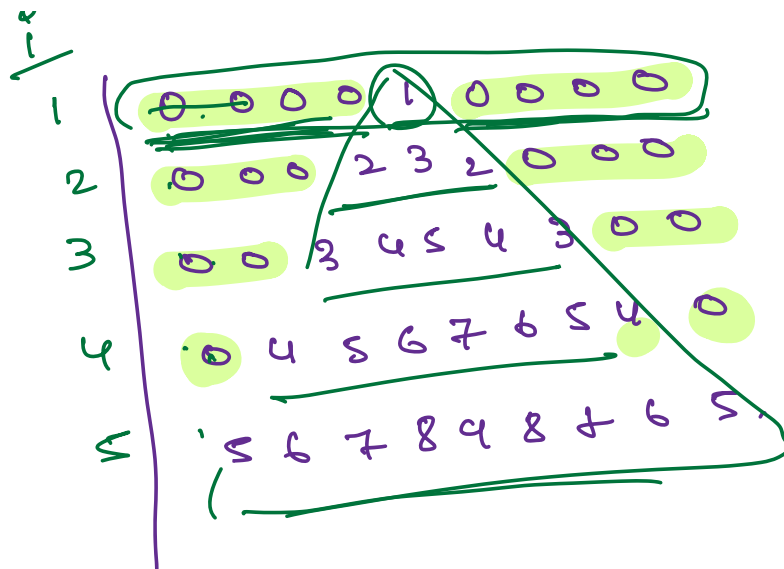
for (int i = 1; i <= N; i++) {

① → for (i = 1; i <= 2; i++) { 2 2  
 sop('x');

for (i = 1; i <= N - 1; i++) { 4 3  
 sop(" \_ ");

for (i = 1; i <= 2; i++) { 2 2  
 sop('x');

$N=5$   
 $N=1$



$N=5$

	$i$	zero	nums	zero
$N=1$	<u>1</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>4</u>
$N=2$	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>3</u>
$N=3$	<u>3</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>2</u>
$N=4$	<u>4</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>4</u>
$N=5$	<u>5</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>9</u>	<u>0</u>

$N=5$

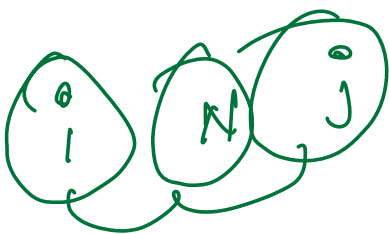
$i$

$N-i$

$i-1$

$i-1$

$i \times j$



for ( $1 \rightarrow N+i$ )  
0

for C \_\_\_\_\_  
num,

for ( $1 \rightarrow N-i$ )  
0 .

static int sumC —> k

```

    if ( — ) {
        return j;
    }
    return -1;

```

static int minC —> d

jcw boolean cal —> ?  
 free in 0?  
 free

```

    if ( — ) {
        return —;
    }
    else {
        return —;
    }

```

r —> min(a, b)  
 24 36  
 ① — min — min — 1  
 if (a < b) {  
 break  
 }

<https://www.interviewbit.com/snippet/25cfbb6f89fc5048063b/>