

Appendix II. Prevalences of reciprocal CDA

Study	Year	Country of Study	Ethnicity	Sample Size	Age range	Mean age	Gender	Sexual orientation	Relationship criteria	CDA timeframe	Prevalence		Measures
											Female	Male	
1 Epstein-Ngo et al.	2014	USA	87.6% Black	210	14 - 20	NR	66.2% F	NR	last 2 months	last 2 months	P: 13%	7%	NR
											V: 10%	14%	
											R: 38%	35%	
											none: 39%	44%	
2 K. Smith et al.	2018	Canada	French speaking Canadian	190	14 - 18	15.77	56.4% F	NR	last 1 year	last 1 year	R: 29.3%	24.3%	CDAQ: Stewart et al. (2014) Litwiller & Brausch (2013) 8 items Likert scale
3 Stonard	2018	UK	88% White British (reported for 469)	277	12 - 18	13.90	52% F	NR	last 1 year	last 1 year	P: 0%	1.8%	Stonard et al. (2014) 12 items Likert scale
											V: 22.4%	24.6%	
											R: 53.2%	43%	
4 Zweig et al.	2013	USA	73.7% White, 10.2% Multiracial, 8.2% Hispanic, 5% Black, 2.2% Asian, 0.7% Native American	3745	7th - 12th grades	NR	47% M, 52% F, <1% T	93.8% heterosexual, 6.2% LGBTQ+	last 1 year	last 1 year, by current or most recent partner	P: 4.1%	2.3%	Picard (2007) Griezel (2007) 16 items Likert scale
											V: 18.6%	16.2%	
											R: 9.8%	7.1%	

Notes. CDA = Cyber Dating Abuse. CDAQ = Cyber Dating Abuse Questionnaire. F = Female. LGBTQ+ = Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual, Transgender, Queer and others. M = Male. NR = Not reported. P = Perpetration only. R = Reciprocal abuse. T = Transgender. V = Victimization only.