# How to create a PDF document for each tab

This How-To describes the generation of a PDF document for each group of documents that is defined by a tab.

# **Table of contents**

1 Intended Audience	2
2 Purpose	. 2
3 Prerequisites	
4 Steps	
4.1 Create your project's main sitemap.xmap	
4.2 Create another sitemap: pdf-tab.xmap	
4.3 Edit project sitemap.xmap to mount pdf-tab.xmap	
4.4 Edit the file pdf-tab.xmap	
4.5 Edit your site.xml	
4.6 Explanation of the operation.	
5 Feedback and further development of this How-To	

#### 1. Overview

This How-To describes the generation of a PDF document for each group of documents that is defined by a tab.

#### 1. Intended Audience

Users who need to generate one printable document aggregated from a group of documents.

## 2. Purpose

By default Forrest generates a pdf file for each separate document of your project. As well you can create a pdf of the whole site. But sometimes it may be necessary to generate a pdf file out of selected tab, i.e. only for certain parts of the site.

## 3. Prerequisites

• Understand how to create project-specific sitemaps by following the Using Forrest document.

## 4. Steps

The procedure outlined below will define a project sitemap.xmap and create a new pdf-tab.xmap.

## 4.1. Create your project's main sitemap.xmap

If you do not have already a sitemap then create a new empty one in your src/documentation directory (or wherever \${project.sitemap-dir} points to).

#### 4.2. Create another sitemap: pdf-tab.xmap

Like before create an empty sitemap and name it pdf-tab.xmap.

#### 4.3. Edit project sitemap.xmap to mount pdf-tab.xmap

Your sitemap should look something like this.

## 4.4. Edit the file pdf-tab.xmap

The <map:match pattern="\*.xml"> element should look like the following:

```
<map:sitemap xmlns:map="http://apache.org/cocoon/sitemap/1.0">
  <map:pipelines>
    <map:pipeline internal-only="false">
     <map:match pattern="*.xml">
        <map:generate src="cocoon://abs-linkmap"/>
          <map:transform type="xpath">
                  <map:parameter name="include" value="//*[@wholesite='true']"/>
                <map:parameter name="exclude" value="//*[@wholesite='false']"/>
          </map:transform>
          <map:transform src="resources/stylesheets/site2book.xsl" />
          <map:transform src="resources/stylesheets/aggregates/book2cinclude.xsl">
             <map:parameter name="title"</pre>
                value="{conf:project-name}: Still My Foo Site"/>
             </map:transform>
          <map:transform type="cinclude"/>
          <map:transform
src="resources/stylesheets/aggregates/doc2doc-uniqueids.xsl"/>
          <map:transform
src="resources/stylesheets/aggregates/docs2document.xsl"/>
          <map:serialize type="xml"/>
   </map:match>
   </map:pipeline>
  </map:pipelines>
</map:sitemap>
```

#### 4.5. Edit your site.xml

```
Note:

Do not use directories with "." in it. Replace them by "_" e.g 1.2/ will not work in the aggregation. e.g. 1_2/ just works fine.
```

Add the following entry to your site.xml in the <about> element

```
...
<whole_foosite href="pdf-tab.html" label="sub site" />
```

Your site.xml should look like this ...

This allows you to link to it via a link href="site:whole\_foosite"> reference.

Add to every element that should be included in the pdf-tab.pdf the attribute wholesite="true"

```
<sample-wiki label="Wiki page" href="wiki-sample.html"
description="wiki-sample" wholesite="true"/>
```

```
Note:
```

This attribute will be inherited by all children of the element. Do not use it in the parent element that contains the <whole\_foosite href="pdf-tab.html" label="pdf-tab" /> as the child (will cause a stack overflow if you do)!!!

## 4.6. Explanation of the operation

Line 4 of our example

<map:parameter name="include" value="//\*[@wholesite='true']"/> looks at
your site.xml and will match every element containing the wholesite="true" attribute. For
example, to use the "samples" tab ...

```
...
<samples label="Samples" href="samples/" tab="samples" wholesite="true">
...
</samples>
...
```

It matches **all** of the elements that contain wholesite="true" (in our example < samples > and its "children") for the content of the pdf file to be generated.

```
<samples label="Samples" href="samples/" tab="samples" wholesite="true">
    <sample2 label="Static content" href="sample2.html"
        description="More Samples" wholesite='false'/>
        <sample-wiki label="Wiki page" href="wiki-sample.html"
        description="wiki-sample" />
        <sample-ihtml label="ihtml page" href="ihtml-sample.html"
        description="Test iHTML page" />
        </samples>
```

This example shows that you can as well exclude site(s) from the aggregation by using the wholesite="false" attribute. This attribute will be as well inherited by all children of the element.

Line 8 defines the title of the pdf file by taking the content of the project-name variable in skinconf.xml and adding some funny text:

<map:parameter name="title" value="{conf:project-name}: Still My Foo Site"/>

# 5. Feedback and further development of this How-To

Please provide feedback about this document via the mailing lists.

In the future, this ability will probably be incorporated into the main Forrest process.