

Plugin Infrastructure

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1. Overview

Forrest can be extended with the addition of plugins. This document describes what a plugin is and outlines the plugin infrastructure so that you can start building your own Forrest extensions.

Warning:

The Plugin Infrastructure is still at an early stage of design and implementation, consequently this document *may* be out of date. If you are having problems with any of the details, please search for help on the developer mailing list. If you can't find your answer ask for help on that list.

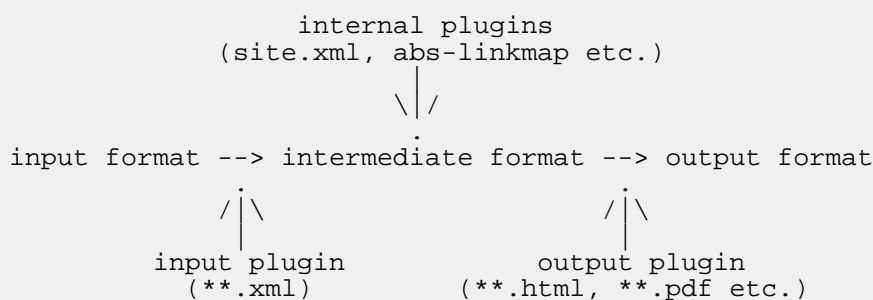
2. What is a Forrest Plugin?

A Forrest plugin is a set of resources and configuration files that extend the functionality of Forrest. They will typically consist of a sitemap, zero or more stylesheets and zero or more schema's.

The plugin's sitemap is mounted by Forrest's sitemap after the project specific sitemap but before the Forrest default matchers. This allows a plugin to override/extend default Forrest behaviour. By adopting a plugin model we can keep the core of Forrest tightly focused on the basic functionality, whilst still facilitating extensions to suit individual projects needs.

2.1. Types of Plugin

There are three types of plugin, `input`, `output` and `internal`. Each plugin has a specific role to play and extends a different part of Forrest:



2.1.1. Input Plugins

Input plugins provide a new source format. For example, the OpenOffice.org plugin extends Forrest to allow the use of OpenOffice.org Application file formats.

An input plugin provides an `input.xmap` file. This provides the source matchers (i.e. `**.xml`), it is mounted in `forrest.xmap` before the default `forrest.xml` behaviour and therefore can override that default behaviour but it will not interfere with any internal Forrest infrastructure matches, or any other plugins infrastructure matches.

An input plugin may also provide a `resources.xmap` file. This can be used to match additional resources that are not stored in XML files, for example, javascript files.

2.1.2. Output Plugins

Output plugins provide a new output format. For example, the s5 plugin extends Forrest to produce HTML slides from Forrest documents.

An output plugin provides a `output.xmap` file. This provides the relevant output matchers (i.e. `**/*.html`, `**/*.pdf`, `**/*.slides`), it is mounted before any of the default matchers for Forrest and so can override this default behaviour.

2.1.3. Internal Plugins

Internal plugins are for advanced use only. They provide ways of extending or overriding Forrests internal operations. For example, the `IMSManifest` plugin allows Forrest projects to use an `IMS Manifest` file instead of a `site.xml` and `tabs.xml`.

Internal plugins provide a `internal.xmap` file. This provides the infrastructure matchers (i.e. `site.xml`, `faq.xml`, `issues.xml`), and will be mounted before *any* of the Forrest matches. This sitemap can override any behaviour within Forrest and so developers of these plugins must be especially careful with the construction of their matchers since they will be processed before any other matchers and consequently can easily break existing functionality. You must only do a `<map:generate ...>` if you are certain you are going to process the full result.

2.2. Naming Conventions

Technically you can name a plugin anything you like. However, we do have some naming conventions that we recommend you follow. This is to minimise the chances of collision between plugins from different developers.

The name should be structured like a java package name, and should include a relevant reverse domain name. For example:

```
org.apache.forrest.plugin.PLUGINNAME
net.sf.forrestPlugins.PLUGINNAME
```

In addition the name of the plugin should indicate the type of plugin it is:

```
NAME-input
NAME-output
NAME-internal
```

2.3. An Example Plugin

In order to fully understand the applicability of Forrest Plugins we will consider an extension to the way in which Forrest defines the structure of the site. By default Forrest uses a `site.xml` file to define navigation through the site and a `tabs.xml` file to define the tabs across the top of the page. But what if we want to use a different file to describe site structure? For example, what if we want to use an `IMS Manifest` file from the `SCORM` content package standards (<http://www.adlnet.org/>).

An `IMS Manifest` file describes the structure of a site. It is also possible to define a set of rules for extracting tab information from such a file. Consequently, it is possible to use an `IMSManifest` file to create Forrest's `site.xml` and `tabs.xml` files. The advantage would be that we can then use `SCORM` compliant content objects within Forrest.

Unfortunately, `IMS Manifests` are much more complex than `site.xml` and `tabs.xml` files. Therefore, not all users will want to use them. Adding the functionality as an optional plugin seems to be the ideal solution.

3. What Does a Forrest Plugin Look Like?

Plugins will need to conform to a specified directory structure. This mirrors the default forrest directory structure:

```
[plugin_name]
|-- config files (xmap, skinconf etc.)
|-- resources
|   |-- schema
|   |   |-- catalog.xcat
|   |   |-- DTD (dtd's etc.)
|   |-- stylesheets (xsl's etc.)
```

3.1. The IMS Manifest Plugin

If we consider the IMS Manifest Plugin described above we see that we will need the following files and directory structure:

```
org.apache.forrest.plugin.IMSManifest-internal
|-- sitemap.xmap
|-- resources
|   |-- stylesheets
|       |-- imsmanifest2site.xsl
|       |-- imsmanifest2tabs.xsl
|       |-- pathutils.xsl
|       |-- repositoryUtils.xsl
```

The sitemap.xmap file will override the default behaviour for the navigation generation matchers in Forrest, for example, it contains a matcher as follows:

```
<map:match pattern="abs-menulinks">
  <map:select type="exists">
    <map:when test="{project:content.xdocs}imsmanifest.xml">
      <map:generate src="{project:content.xdocs}imsmanifest.xml" />
      <map:transform src="resources/stylesheets/imsmanifest2site.xsl" />
      <map:transform src="{forrest:stylesheets}/absolutize-linkmap.xsl" />
      <map:transform src="{forrest:stylesheets}/site2site-normalizetabs.xsl" />
      <map:serialize type="xml" />
    </map:when>
    <map:when test="{project:content.xdocs}site.xml">
      <map:generate src="{project:content.xdocs}site.xml" />
      <map:transform src="{forrest:stylesheets}/absolutize-linkmap.xsl" />
      <map:transform src="{forrest:stylesheets}/site2site-normalizetabs.xsl" />
      <map:transform src="{forrest:stylesheets}/normalizehrefs.xsl" />
      <map:serialize type="xml" />
    </map:when>
  </map:select>
</map:match>
```

Note:

Note that this matcher will default to the behaviour provided by Forrest if there is no `imsmanifest.xml` file present in the project. At present it is necessary to copy this default behaviour from the original Forrest *.xmap files. We hope to improve on this in the future.

4. How does Installation work?

When Forrest installs a plugin it downloads a zip of the plugin code and extracts it into the plugins directory of Forrest and an entry is made in `src/plugins/sitemap.xmap`. For example,

installing the IMSManifest plugin described above will result in the following entry being added to the plugin sitemap:

```
<map:select type="exists">
  <map:when test="sitemap.xmap">
    <map:mount uri-prefix=""
      src="sitemap.xmap"
      check-reload="yes"
      pass-through="true"/>
  </map:when>
</map:select>
```

Installed plugins are managed by the `FORREST_INSTALL_DIR/plugins/sitemap.xmap` file. This file is mounted by the main Forrest sitemap with the following code:

```
<map:pipeline internal-only="false">
  <map:mount uri-prefix=""
    src="{forrest:plugins}/sitemap.xmap"
    check-reload="yes"
    pass-through="true"/>
</map:pipeline>
```

Note:

The plugin `sitemap.xmap` file is automatically managed by Forrest, the end user need never edit this file.