

R Barplot

plot can create R using barplot().

eg; max.temp = c(22, 27, 26, 24, 23, 26, 28)

barplot(max.temp,

main = "maximum temperature",

xlab = "Degree Celsius",

ylab = "Day",

col = "red",

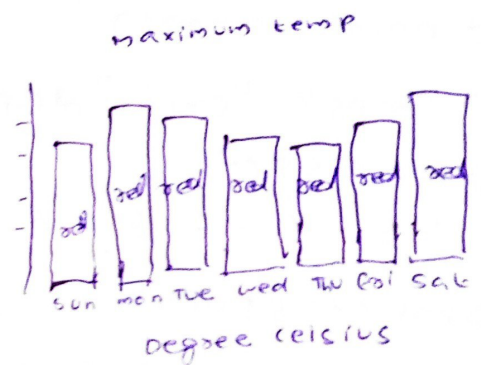
names.arg = c("sun" . . . "sat"))

or

border = TRUE or FALSE,

density = 10 /

border = "blue",

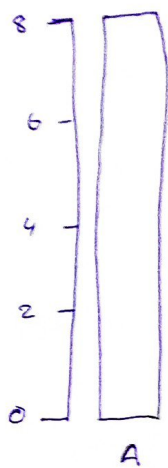


x = c(1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 2, 2, 2, 2, 3, 3, 3, 1, 1, 2, 2, 3, 3)

y = table(x)

barplot(height = y, names.arg = LETTERS[1:3],

space = 5, width = c(5, 8, 2), legend.text = T)



```
> data("mtcars")
```

```
> names(mtcars)
```

```
> "mpg" "cyl" "disp" "hp" "drat" "wt" "qsec" "vs" "am" "gear"
```

```
> mtcars$cyl
```

```
6 6 4 6 8 6 8 4 4 6 6 8 8 8 8 8 8 4 4 4 4 8 8 8 8 4 4 4 8 6 8 4
```

```
> mtcars$gear
```

```
4 4 4 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 3 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 3 3 3 3 3 4 5 5 5 4
```

```
> table(mtcars$cyl)
```

```
4 6 8
11 7 14
```

```
> table(mtcars$gear)
```

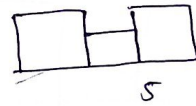
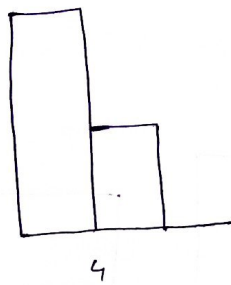
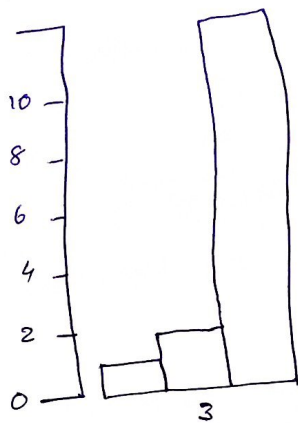
```
3 4 5
15 12 5
```

```
> table(mtcars$cyl, mtcars$gear)
```

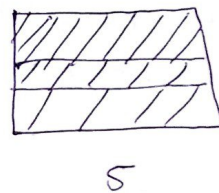
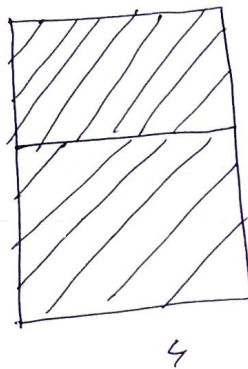
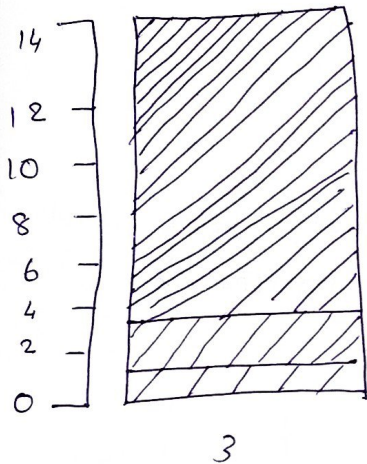
```
3 4 5
4 1 8 2
6 2 4 1
8 12 0 2
```

```
> y1 = table(mtcars$cyl, mtcars$gear)
```

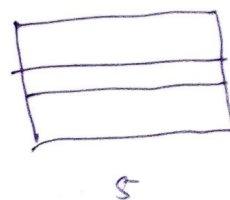
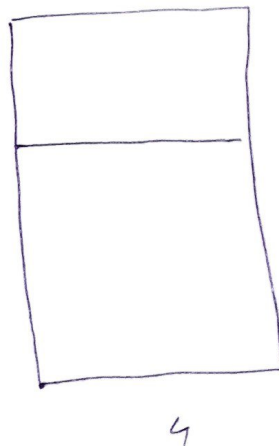
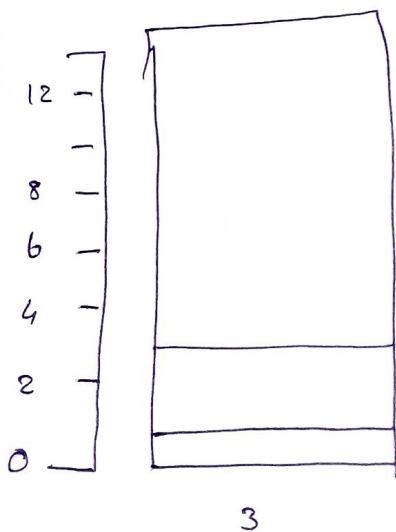
```
> barplot(y1, beside = T)
```



`barplot(Cyl, hoge = 10, las = 1, density = c(5, 10, 15),`
`angle = c(45, 50, 75), col = "red")`

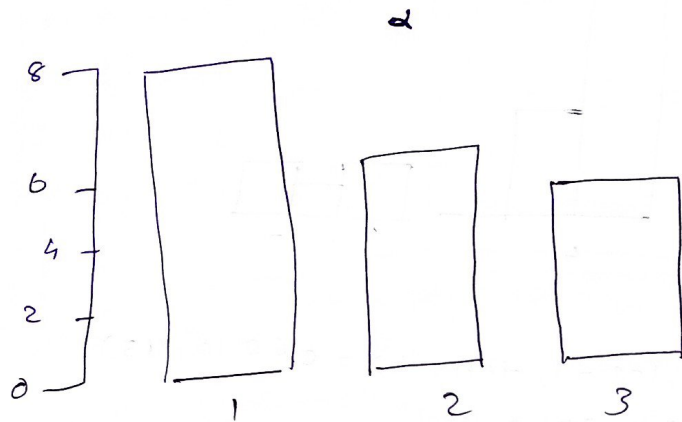


`barplot(Cyl, main = "header", sub = "footer", border = T)`
 header



Footer


```
barplot(y1, ylim = c(0, 10), xlim = c(0, 5))
barplot(y1, main = expression(alpha))
```

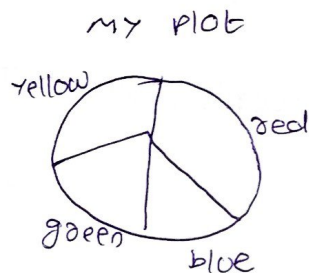


R pie chart

```
x = c(1, 1, 1, 2, 2, 3, 3, 4, 4, 4)
```

```
y = table(x)
```

```
pie(y, main = "my plot", labels = c("red", "blue", "green", "yellow"),
    edges = 200, radius = 5, clockwise = T, col = 1:4, border = T)
```



```
library(plotrix)
```

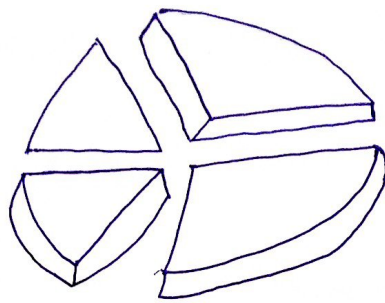
```
?pie3D
```

```
pie3D(y)
```

```
pie3D(y, explode = .5)
```

```
pie3D(y, explode = .2)
```

```
pie3D(y, explode = .1)
```



R histogram

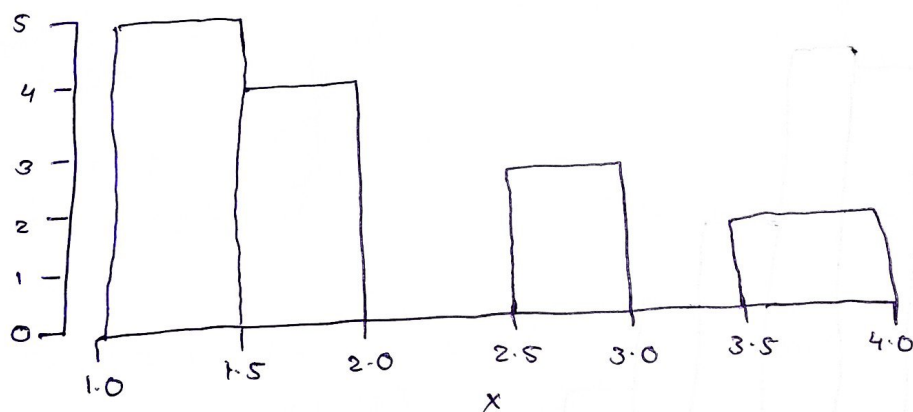
```
> x = c(1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 2, 2, 2, 2, 3, 3, 3, 4, 4)
```

```
> x
```

```
1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 4 4
```

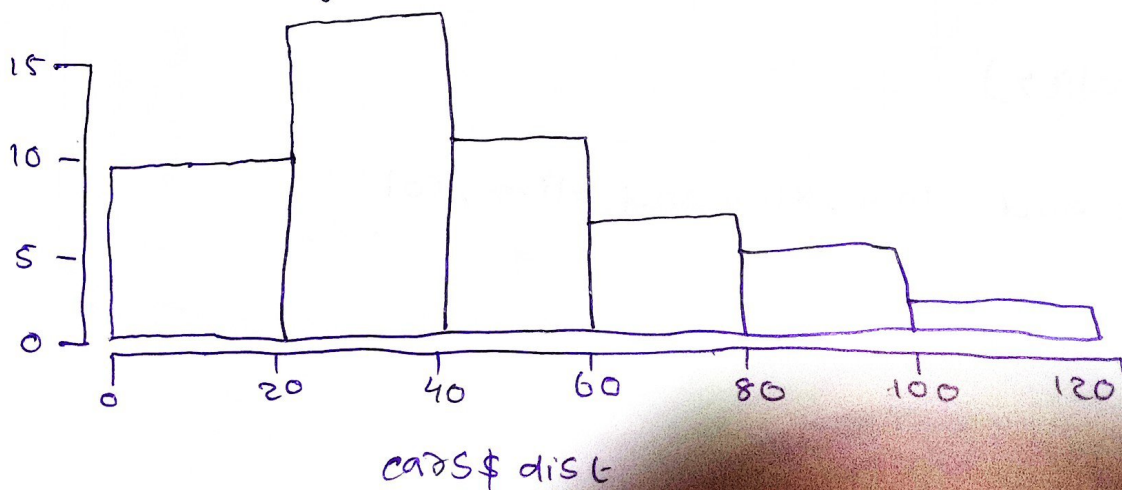
```
> hist(x)
```

Histogram of x

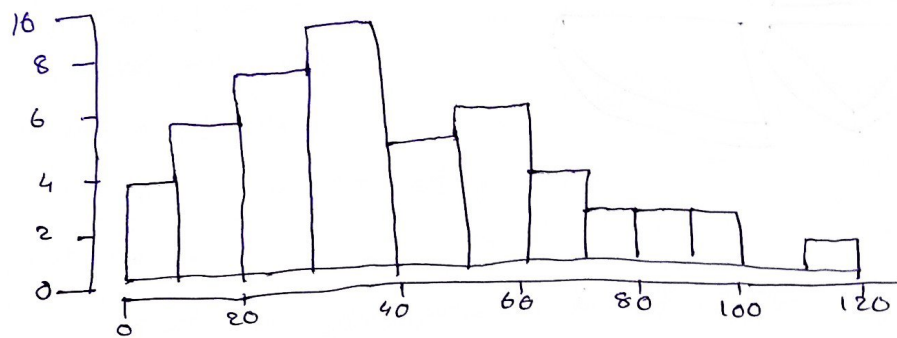


```
> hist(cars$dist)
```

Histogram of cars\$dist



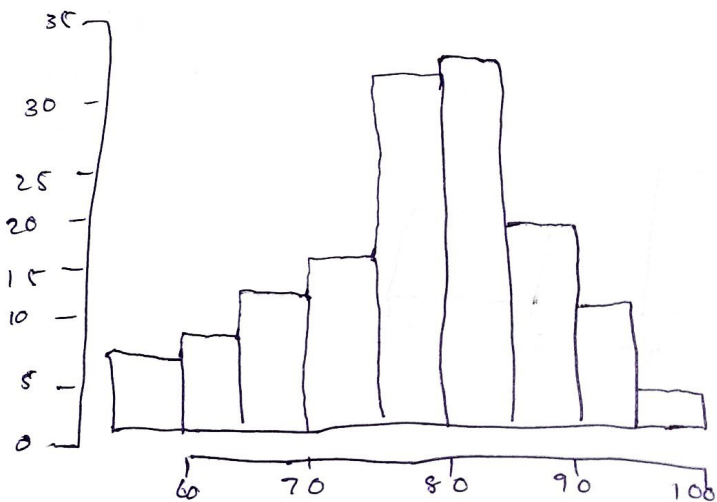
```
hist(cars$dist, breaks = 10, main = "my histogram", xlab = " ",
     ylab = " ")
```



airquality

```
temp = airquality$temp
hist(temp)
```

histogram of temp



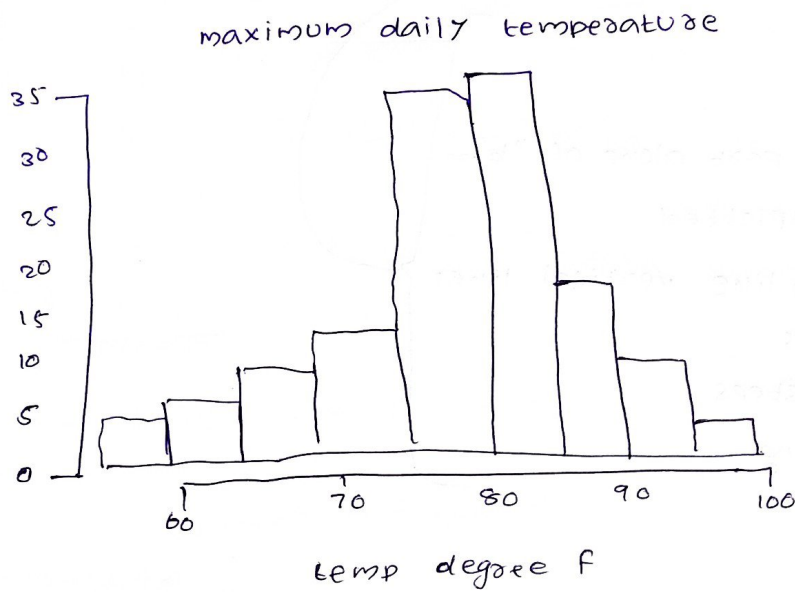
```
> str(airquality)
```

* main, xlab and ylab, xlim and ylim, col
* freq = FALSE


```

hist(temp, main="maximum daily temperature",
      xlab="Temp in degree F", col=rainbow(20))

```

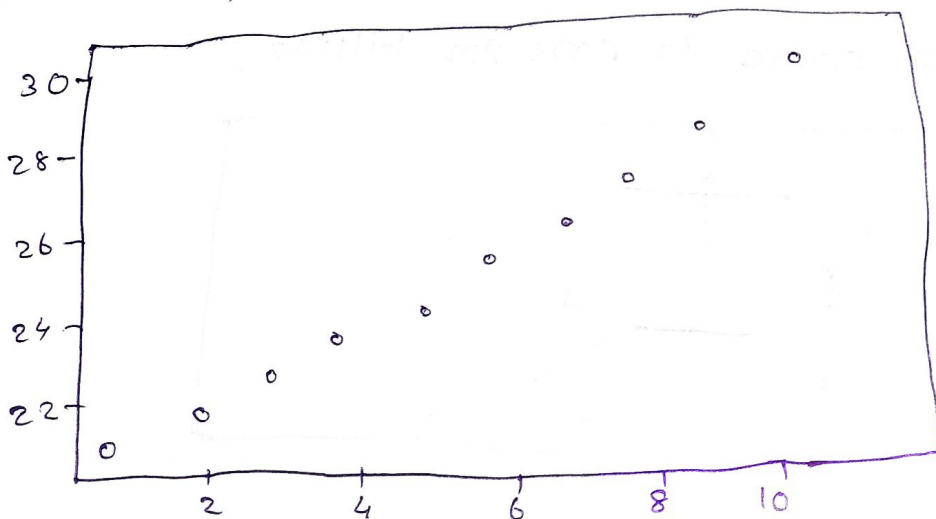


R scatter plot

```

> x = 1:10
> y = 21:30
> plot(x, y)
> plot(x, y, main="scatter plot", xlab="x values", ylab="y
  values", col=1:10)

```



`plot(x, y, main = "scatter plot", xlab = "x values", ylab = "y values",`

`col = 1:10, type = "p")`

"p" → for points

"l" → for lines

"b" → for both

"c" → for the lines part alone of "b".

"o" → for both overplotted

"h" → for histogram like vertical lines

"s" → for stairs steps

"S" → for other steps

"n" → for no plotting

R-BOX PLOTS

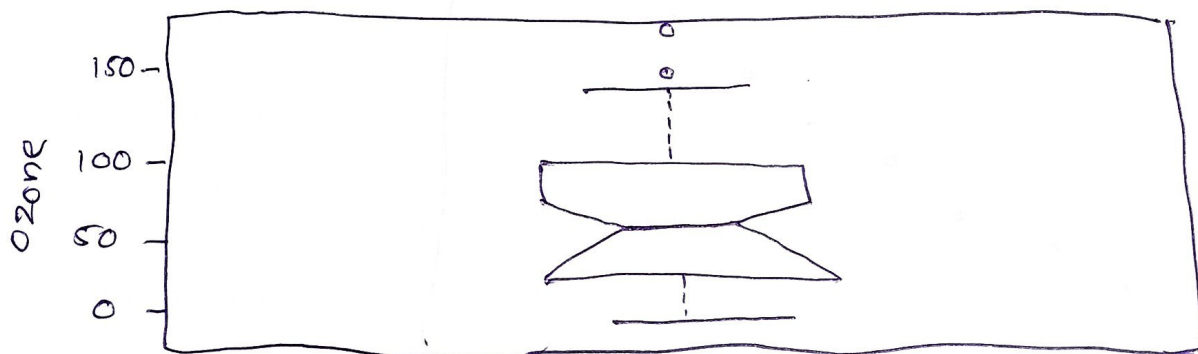
```
> set(airquality)
```

```
---  
---
```

```
> boxplot(airquality$ozone)
```

```
> boxplot(airquality$ozone, main = "mean ozone in parts  
per billion", xlab = "parts per billion", ylab = "ozone", col =  
"red", notch = T)
```

mean ozone in part per billion



parts per billion