



# z/OS Introduction and Workshop

Components, Messages, and SYSLOG



## **Unit Objectives**

# After completing this unit, you should be able to:

- Describe format of z/OS messages
- Describe component identifier
- Describe difference between base 'elements' and optional 'features'
- Describe SYSLOG format



# Messages

The ability to read and interpret messages is an important skill within any operating system environment.

z/OS messages follow a format which enables an experienced technician to quickly identify who wrote the message and why the message was written.

Messages provide the ability to assess the status of the operating system, optional software products and applications.



#### z/OS is a collection of components

#### Each component is a collection of modules

**Base** components are always included in the operating system

Base components are also known as base '**elements**' which deliver essential operating system functions.

**Optional** components are installed in addition to the base components

Optional components are also known as '**features**' which are requested separately from the base operating system '**elements**'



#### z/OS is a collection of components

A **unique 3 characters** are assigned to individual components

**IKJ** (TSO, Time Sharing Option)

Module names of a component are prefixed by unique 3 characters

**IKJ**EFT01 (TSO terminal monitor program)

Message written by a component module begins with the same unique 3 characters

**IKJ**56646I (IKJEFT01 message)

The same **message format** is used by both the base components and optional components with very few exceptions. The message format helps isolate and solve problems. The message format is divided into three parts:

- 1. <u>reply</u> identifier (optional)
- 2. message <u>identifier</u>
- 3. message text



#### z/OS Format of the Message Body

#### Message body consists of three parts:

- 1. reply identifier (*optional*), a number
- 2. message identifier
- 3. message text

#### The following formats are possible:

<u>1</u> <u>2</u>	<u>3</u>
-------------------	----------

- id CCCnnn text
- id CCCnnns text CCC component
- id CCCnnnns text S subcomponent
- id CCCnnnnns text n unique message number
- id CCCSnnns text s type code (a, e, i, w)

a - action, e - eventual, i - information, w - warning



#### z/OS Format of the Message Body

id CCCnnn text

id CCCnnns text

id CCCnnnns text

id CCCnnnnns text

id CCCSnnns text

This is a snippet from MVS System Messages Volume 1 – Introduction

Id reply identifier: It is optional. It appears if an operator reply is required. The operator specifies it in the reply.

CCCnnn, CCCnnns, CCCnnnns, CCCnnnnns, CCCSnnns

#### Message identifier.

- CCC prefix to **identify** the **component**, subsystem, or product that produced the message. The prefix is **three characters**.
- S subcomponent identifier, which is an optional addition to the prefix to identify the subcomponent that produced the message. The subcomponent identifier is one character.

nnn, nnnn, nnnnn - serial number to identify the individual message.

The serial number is three, four, or five decimal digits.

- s optional type code, which is one of the following:
  - A Action: The operator must perform a specific action.
  - D Decision: The operator must choose an alternative.
  - **E** Eventual action: The operator must perform action when time is available.
  - Information: No operator action is required.
  - S Severe error: Severe error messages are for a system programmer.
  - T Terminate: The IEBCOPY program terminates.
  - W Wait: Processing stops until the operator performs a required action.

text The text provides information, describes an error, or requests an operator action.



## z/OS Format of the Message Body

```
CCCnnns text
```

IKJ144I UNDEFINED USERID(S)

CCC - component (IKJ)

S – subcomponent (none)

n – unique message number (144)

s – type code (I – Information)



# What is the System Log (SYSLOG)?

The system log (SYSLOG) is a chronological listing of messages about z/OS system activity and other major middleware software products using z/OS services (such as TSO, CICS, DB2, WebSphere, etc.)

Write informational, warning, error and action messages to SYSLOG

The output of system commands are written to SYSLOG

When an unexpected system problem occurs, the SYSLOG is the first place to look to gather information about the problem



# System Log (SYSLOG) Format?

Each SYSLOG entry has the following format:

task that wrote message

tcrrrrrr sysname yyddd hh:mm:ss.th ident msgflags < message id – message text >

- t record type (**single line**, **multiple line**, or **reply required**)
- c system command (*input*, *response* or *internal*)

rrrrrrr routing code for console messages



#### SYSLOG Format (tcrrrrrr)

- t first character/indicates the record type:
  - D Data line of a multiple-line message; this line may be the last line of the message.
  - E End line or data-end line of a multiple-line message.
  - L Label líne of/a multiple-line message.
  - M First/line of a multiple-line message.
  - N Single-line message that does not require a reply.
  - O Operator/LOG command.
  - S Continuation of a single-line message or a continuation of the first line of a multi-line message. This continuation may be required because of the record length for the output device.
  - W A message that requires a reply.
  - $\times$  A log/entry that did not originate with a LOG command or a system message.
- c second character indicates whether the line was generated because of a command:
  - C Command input.
  - R Command response.
  - I -/Command issued internally. The job identifier contains the name of the internal issuer. blank Neither command input nor command response.

rrrrr - routing codes



# SYSLOG Format Example

I tells SDSF to pass command to z/OS for execution

0 Edi	t Options	Help		
0		System Command Extension		
===>				
0 ===>				
				STORELIMIT
Comme	nt			
)   Group		Show *	(F4 for	list)
)				
) =>				
) =>				
=>				
) =>				
=>				



# SYSLOG Format Example

I tells SDSF to pass command to z/OS for execution

<u>D</u> isplay <u>F</u> il	lter <u>Y</u> iew <u>P</u> rint	Options Searc	ch <u>H</u> elp	
SDSF SYSLOG	266.101_SOW1_SOW ===> /d iplinfo	W 4,791	COLUMNS 02- 81 SCROLL ===> PAGE	
ER	, ra ipiino		00000090 \$HASP	
M 0000000 SOW1	17045 07:50:5	6.46	00000090 \$HASP	249 COMMAND RECEIVE
E		662 (	00000090 \$0T(1-	-9999)
MR0000000 SOW1	17045 07:50:5	56.46 INTERNAL (	00000090 \$HASP	003 RC=(52),0 663
DR		663 (	00000090 \$HASP	003 RC=(52),0 T(1-9
ER		663 (	00000090 \$HASP(	DO3 MATCH
M 0000000 SOW1	17045 07:50:5	56.58		249 COMMAND RECEIVE
E				3Q,READY,Q=W
NR0000000 SOW1		56.58 STC00336 (		S86 OUTPUT(BPXAS)
NR0000000 SOW1		56.58 STC00338 (		386 OUTPUT(SMFDUMPS
NR0000000 SOW1		56.58 STC00342 (		S86 OUTPUT(BPXAS)
NR0000000 SOW1		56.58 STC00343 (		386 OUTPUT(SMFDUMPS
NR0000000 SOW1		56.58 STC00344 (		S86 OUTPUT(SMFDUMPS
M 0000000 SOW1	17045 07:50:5	56.59	00000090 \$HASP:	249 COMMAND RECEIVE

© 2017 IBM Corporation



#### SYSLOG Format Example

```
SDSF SYSLOG
               266.101 SOW1 SOW1 02/14/2017 OW
                                                   4.846
                                                          COLUMNS 02- 81
 COMMAND INPUT ===>
                                                         SCROLL ===> CSR
 NC0000000 SOW1 17045 08:44:38.40 ZIBM050 00000290
                                                  D IPLINFO
 MR0000000 SOW1 17045 08:44:38.40 ZIBM050 00000090
                                                  IEE254I 08.44.38 IPLINF
                                      698 00000090
                                                   SYSTEM IPLED AT 13.50.3
DR
DR
                                      698 00000090
                                                   RELEASE z/OS 02.02.00
 DR
                                      698 00000090
                                                   USED LOADW1 IN SYS1.IPL
 DR
                                      698 00000090
                                                   ARCHLVL = 2 MTLSHARE
                                      698 00000090
                                                   IEASYM LIST = (W1.SV.VN
DR
DR
                                      698 00000090
                                                   IEASYS LIST = (00,LV,SV
                                      698 00000090
DR
                                                   IODF DEVICE: ORIGINAL(0
ER
                                      698 00000090
                                                   IPL DEVICE: ORIGINAL(01
           ************ BOTTOM OF DATA ****************
F11 or right command to shift right
               266.101 SOW1 SOW1 02/14/2017 OW 4,846 COLUMNS 52- 131
 SDSF SYSLOG
 COMMAND INPUT ===>
                                                         SCROLL ===> CSR
 --+---6---+---7---+---8---+---9--+---0---+---1---+---2---+---3-
0290 D IPLINFO
0090
      IEE254I 08.44.38 IPLINFO DISPLAY 698
      SYSTEM IPLED AT 13.50.34 ON 02/13/2017
 0090
       RELEASE z/0S 02.02.00 LICENSE = z/0S
 0090
      USED LOADW1 IN SYS1.IPLPARM ON OOCE3
 0090
       ARCHLVL = 2 MTLSHARE = N
 0090
0090
       IEASYM LIST = (W1,SV,VN)
       IEASYS LIST = (00,LV,SV,VN) (0P)
 0090
       IODF DEVICE: ORIGINAL(00CE3) CURRENT(00CE3)
 0090
       IPL DEVICE: ORIGINAL(01000) CURRENT(01000) VOLUME(VIMVSB)
 0090
```

© 2017 IBM Corporation



# **Documentation and Information**

MVS System Messages





## **Unit summary**

# Having completed this unit, you should be able to:

- ✓ Describe format of z/OS messages
- ✓ Describe component identifier
- ✓ Describe difference between base 'elements' and optional 'features'
- ✓ Describe SYSLOG format