

Exam #2 Review Questions

CSE110 - Arizona State University

1. Which of the following enforces encapsulation?
 - a. Make instance variables `private`
 - b. Make methods `public`
 - c. Make the class `final`
 - d. Both a and b
 - e. All of the above
2. Use the following class to answer the questions below:

```
public class Store {  
    private int quantity;  
    private double price;  
    public Store (int q, double p) {  
        quantity = q;  
        price = p;  
    }  
    public int getQuantity() {  
        return quantity;  
    }  
    public void setPrice(double p) {  
        price = p;  
    }  
    public double calcTotal() {  
        return price * quantity;  
    }  
}
```

- a. What is the name of the class?
 - b. List all instance variables of the class.
 - c. List all methods of the class.
 - d. List all mutators in the class.
 - e. List all accessors in the class.
 - f. List which method is the constructor
 - g. Write the mutator for the quantity.
 - h. Write the accessor for the price.
 - i. Write the line of code that will create a new instance called videoStore that has 100 quantity and a price of 5.99.
 - j. Call the calcTotal method with the videoStore object in part i to print out the total.
3. True or false? If no constructor is provided then Java automatically provides a default constructor.
4. True or false? A method must have at least one return statement.

5. Correct the following class definition if you think it will not work:

```
public class Student {
    private String name;
    private String major;
    public Student() {
        name = "???";
        major = "xxx";
    }
    public Student(String n, String m) {
        n = name;
        m = major;
    }
    public String getMajor() {
        return m;
    }
    public String getName() {
        return n;
    }
}
```

6. What will be the output of the following loops? Indicate the number of times the output will be displayed if it is too many to list.

- a.

```
int n = 979;
for (int j = 0; j <= n; j++ ) {
    System.out.print("Hello ");
}
```
- b.

```
int n = 5;
for (int j = 1; j <= n; j+=3) {
    System.out.print( "Hello " );
    int k=j;
    while (k < n) {
        System.out.println(?Good Morning?);
        k++;
    }
    j--;
}
```
- c.

```
int j = 1;
int n = 5;
while (j <= n) {
    System.out.print("Hello ");
    n--;
}
```
- d.

```
int j = 1;
while(j <= 11) {
    System.out.print("Hello ");
    j = j + 3;
}
```
- e. What is the output of the following?
- ```
String name;
int i;
boolean startWord;
```

```

name = "Richard M. Nixon";
startWord = true;
for (i = 0; i < name.length(); i++) {
 if (startWord)
 System.out.println(name.charAt(i));
 if (name.charAt(i) == ' ')
 startWord = true;
 else
 startWord = false;
}

```

f. What is the value of n?

```

int n = 1, i = 1;
while (i < 7) {
 n = n * i;
 i += 2;
}
System.out.print(n);

```

7. Write a boolean method called `allDifferent` that takes three `int` numbers and returns `true` if the numbers are all different and `false` otherwise.
8. Write a loop that read in `int` values until the user enters 0 and prints out how many values entered are greater than 10.
9. Write a loop that will print out every other letter in a `String` `str`. For example if the `String` was "Hello There" then "HloTee" would be printed.
10. Implement a class named `AsuStudent`. The class should keep track of the student's name, number of classes registered, hours spent per week for a class (Consider a student devotes the same amount of time for each of his class in a week). Implement a `toString` method to show the name and number of classes registered by a student, a `getName` method to return the name of the student, a `getTotalhours` method to return the total number of hours spent by a student in a week, and a `setHours` method to set the number of hours the student devotes for each class.