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ISSUE TRACKER FEATURES AND FUNCTIONALITIES

1. DEVOPS FEATURES AND FUNCTIONALITIES

1.1. Testability

The issue-tracker app has a good and improving all the time test coverage. You can all the tests in the application as follows:

1.1.1. Perl syntax check

call

You can check the perl syntax for each perl code file in the whole project by issing the following shell call:

bash src/bash/issue-tracker/issue-tracker.sh -a check-perl-syntax

1.1.2. Unit tests

call

You can run the unit tests of the application by issuing the following single shell call:

bash src/bash/issue-tracker/issue-tracker.sh -a run-perl-unit-tests

1.1.3. Integration tests

call

You can run the integration tests of the application by issuing the following single shell call:

bash src/bash/issue-tracker/issue-tracker.sh -a run-perl-integration-tests

1.1.4. Bash tests

call

You can run all the bash functions in the tool by issuing the following command in the shell.

if you set the previous 2 actions as those to be tested

bash src/bash/issue-tracker/test-issue-tracker.sh

2018-05-12 18:01:08 START test-issue-tracker test run report

result start-time stop-time action-name

ok 18:01:09 18:01:19 run-perl-unit-tests

ok 18:01:20 18:01:30 run-perl-integration-tests

2018-05-12 18:01:30 STOP test-issue-tracker test run report

1.2. Logging

Logging is implemented as follows:

1.2.1. Bash logging

The issue-tracker.sh bash entry point loggs both to STDOUT and file. You cold easily defined your own log levels.

doLog "INFO an info msg"

[INFO] 2018.05.08-21:05:25 EEST [issue-tracker][@host-name] [29667] an info msg:

1.2.2. Perl logging

The perl logger could be configured to log to file and std outputs.

doLog "INFO an info msg"

[INFO] 2018.05.08-21:05:25 EEST [issue-tracker][@host-name] [29667] an info msg:

1.3. development efficiency increasing actions

1.3.1. morph-dir action

You can recursively search and replace strings in both file and dir paths and their contents (as soon as they non-binary , txt files) by issuing the following commands:

```
export to_srch=WriterTxtDaily
export to_repl=WriterTxtTerm
export dir_to_morph=`pwd`
bash src/bash/issue-tracker/issue-tracker.sh -a morph-dir
fg
history | cut -c 8-
```

1.3.2. work against different projects

The issue-tracker could be used against many different projects as soon as they have the needed file and dir structure, configuration file and dedicated db in the PostgreSQL.

```
# pre-load the vars of an issue-tracker project
doParseIniEnvVars /vagrant/csitea/cnf/projects/issue-tracker/issue-tracker-issues.dev.doc-pub-host.cnf
```

1.3.3. issue-tracker tool perl code syntax check

You can check the perl code syntax with the following command:

bash src/bash/issue-tracker/issue-tracker.sh -a check-perl-syntax

1.3.4. Single call export of the md and pdf documentation

iles

Single call export of the md and pdf documentation files

2. UI FEATURES

2.1. List labels page

2.1.1. Succesfull execution

2.1.2. Error handling for unexisting

db

2.1.3. Error handling for unexisting

db

3. SHELL BASED ACTIONS

You can load your issues data from different sources into different targets, whenever those sources and targets comply with the syntax and format of the issue tracker.

A single call performing the transformation of one issues source data into another taget data instance artifact are called actions.

This section contains the description of this feature-set per action.

3.1. The the txt-to-db action

You can load you issues from an "issues txt file" , having a specic syntax into a PosgtreSQL issue table, by issueing the shell.

This call with truncate the issue table from the db and convert all the issues data from the issues txt file into the issue table.

```
# pre-load the vars of an issue-tracker project
doParseIniEnvVars /vagrant/csitea/cnf/projects/issue-tracker/issue-tracker-issues.dev.doc-pub-host.cnf

# ensure there is no data in the issue table
psql -d "$db_name" -c 'TRUNCATE TABLE issue;'

# run the txt-to-db action
bash src/bash/issue-tracker/issue-tracker.sh -a txt-to-db

# check the data by:
psql -d "$db_name" -c 'SELECT issue_id , category , name FROM issue order by name'
```

3.1.1. The the txt-to-db action period

handling

Issues txt files are stored in a daily folder with the following naming convention:

<<pre><<pre><<pre><<pre><<pre><<pre><<pre><<pre><<pre><<pre><<pre><<pre><<pre><<pre><<pre><<pre>

The tool knows to correctly fetch the issues files for the configured period (by export period=weekly) and copy its data in to the <<pre>eriod>> issue table.

ysg-issues.2017-06-03.daily.txt ysg-issues.2017-06-03.monthly.txt ysg-issues.2017-06-03.weekly.txt ysg-issues.2017-06-03.yearly.txt

3.2. The db-to-xls action against postgres

You can unload your already stored ANY xls table with unique id's and load them into a xls file.

pre-load the vars of an issue-tracker project
doParseIniEnvVars /vagrant/csitea/cnf/projects/issue-tracker/issue-tracker-issues.dev.doc-pub-host.cnf

check the data by:
psql -d "\$db_name" -c 'SELECT issue_id , start_time , stop_time , category , name FROM issue order by prio'

run the db-to-xls action
bash src/bash/issue-tracker/issue-tracker.sh -a db-to-xls

3.3. The xls-to-db action

You can load the latest produced xls file (note as long as your xls sheet headers match the columns in your db table ANY xls is compatible)

You can control whether or not the loadable table should be truncted by setting the do_truncate_tables environment variable to 1 or 0.

check the data by:

psql -d "\$db_name" -c 'SELECT issue_id , start_time , stop_time , category , name FROM issue order by prio'

run the db-to-xls action

bash src/bash/issue-tracker/issue-tracker.sh -a xls-to-db

check the updated data

psql -d "\$db_name" -c '

SELECT issue_id , start_time , stop_time , category , name FROM issue order by start_time'

$\textbf{3.3.1.} \ \textbf{The the xls-to-db action without passing xls}$

file

if you do not provide a xls file the newest xls file from the mix data dir will be used

3.3.2. The xls-to-db action with nested-set mode against mysql $\,$

You could run the xls-to-db action against mysql or mariadb rdbms so that the issue-tracker will arrange your table to be compatible with the nested-set hierarchy model.

export tables=Tests,ItemController,ItemModel,ItemView,ExportFile,UserStory,Requirement,DevOps,Feature,ReadMe,SystemGuide,Image,ExportFile; export do_truncate_tables=1; export rdbms_type=mysql; export load_model=nested-set; perl src/perl/issue_tracker/script/issue_tracker.pl --do xls-to-db --tables \$tables

3.4. The db-to-txt action

You can load your already stored in the issue table issues and load them into the same issues txt file

```
# check the data by :
psql -d "$db_name" -c '

SELECT issue_id , start_time , stop_time , category , name FROM issue order by prio'

# run the db-to-xls action
bash src/bash/issue-tracker/issue-tracker.sh -a db-to-txt
```

```
# check the updated data
psql -d "$db_name" -c '
SELECT issue_id , start_time , stop_time , category , name FROM issue order by start_time'
```

3.4.1. db-to-txt action with pre-defined sorting attribute

You can load your already stored in the issue table issues and load them into the same issues txt file by using a pre-defined sorting attribute.

```
export issues_order_by_attribute=start_time
bash src/bash/issue-tracker/issue-tracker.sh -a db-to-txt
```

3.5. run-pgsql-scripts

You can create a preconfigured <<env>>_<<db_name>> postgres via a single shell call. The scripts will fail if any of the sql scripts have a syntax error - all the ddl events will be displayed in the STDOUT and stored in the shell log file for later audit

3.6. run-mysql-scripts

You can create a preconfigured <<env>>_<<db_name>> in mariadb via a single shell call. The scripts will fail if any of the sql scripts have a syntax error - all the ddl events will be displayed in the STDOUT and stored in the shell log file for later audit

3.7. generate-docs

You can generate all the md and pdf docs by if you have a running instance of the isg-pub application accessible via single shell call by issuing the following command:

bash src/bash/issue-tracker/issue-tracker.sh -a generate-docs

4. BACK-END FEATURES AND FUNCTIONALITIES

4.1. select-tables web action

An http-client could get the select of all the tables of a database to which the issue-tracker has connectivity to (that is not only the one configured in the application layer)

<<web-host>>:<<web-port>>/<<database>>/select-tables

4.1.1. successfull execution

An http-client could get the select of all the tables of a database to which the issue-tracker has connectivity to

```
// 20180505205212
// http://192.168.56.120:3000/dev_issue_tracker/select-tables
"dat": {
  "1": {
   "row id": "1",
   "table catalog": "dev issue tracker",
   "table name": "confs",
   "table schema": "public"
  },
  "2": {
   "row_id": "2",
   "table_catalog": "dev_issue_tracker",
   "table_name": "daily_issues",
   "table_schema": "public"
  },
  "3": {
   "row_id": "3",
   "table_catalog": "dev_issue_tracker",
   "table_name": "decadally_issues",
   "table_schema": "public"
  }
},
```

```
"msg": "SELECT tables-select OK ",
"req": "GET http://192.168.56.120:3000/dev_issue_tracker/select-tables",
"ret": 200
}
```

4.1.2. error handling for failed connect to db in the select-tables web action

If the http-client points to a db to which the app layer does not have a connection (might be a non-existing one) the proper response is generated.

```
// 20180503234141
// http://192.168.56.120:3000/non_existent/select/daily_issues

{
    "msg": "cannot connect to the non_existent database: FATAL: database \"non_existent\" does not exist",
    "req": "GET http://192.168.56.120:3000/non_existent/select/daily_issues",
    "ret": 400
}
```

4.2. select web action

An http-client could get the contents of ANY table of a database to which the issue-tracker has connectivity to (ie not only the one configured in the application layer but also other databases in the same postgres instance) by using the following syntax:

```
<<web-host>>:<<web-port>>/<<database>>/select/<<table-name>>
```

4.2.1. successfull execution

An http-client could get the contents of ANY table of a database to which the issue-tracker has connectivity to by calling the following url:

<<web-host>>:<<web-port>>/<<database>>/select/<<table-name>>

4.2.2. apply multiple operators on the select

properly

All the operators bellow could be combined and the result set is the one "translated" with the AND operator in the back-end side.

4.2.3. error handling for failed connect to db in the select web action

If the http-client points to a db to which the app layer does not have a connection (might be a non-existing one) the proper response is generated.

```
// 20180503234141
// http://192.168.56.120:3000/non_existent/select/daily_issues

{
    "msg": "cannot connect to the non_existent database: FATAL: database \"non_existent\" does not exist",
    "req": "GET http://192.168.56.120:3000/non_existent/select/daily_issues",
    "ret": 400
}
```

4.2.4. error handling for non-existent table in the select-tables web

if a table does not exist a proper error msg containing response is generated.

```
// 20180505205015
// http://192.168.56.120:3000/dev_issue_tracker/select/non_existent

{
    "msg": " the table non_existent does not exist in the dev_issue_tracker database ",
    "req": "GET http://192.168.56.120:3000/dev_issue_tracker/select/non_existent",
    "ret": 400
}
```

4.2.5. filter functionality in select table web

action

The response cold be filtered by ANY attribute with any valid value.

```
// using the following syntax:
<<web-host>>:<<web-port>>/<<database>>/select/<<table-name>>?fltr-by=<<filter-attribute-to-filter-by>>&fltr-val=<<filter-value-to-filter-by>>
```

4.2.5.1. successfull execution

The response of the select web action could be filtered by using the syntax bellow:

Those are eventual transated to a where clause in the db select part.

```
// http://192.168.56.120:3000/dev_issue_tracker/select/monthly_issues?fltr-by=prio&fltr-val=1
 "dat": {
      "c89d3283-0a9f-4b8d-9dcc-84a63e64276b": {
          "actual_hours": null,
         "category": "issue-tracker-features",
         "description": "add the web select controller "\r\n - implementation code\r\n - tests \r\n - documentation additions for :\r\n-- requirements\r\n--
userstories\r\n-- tests \r\n-- features and functionalities",
          "guid": "c89d3283-0a9f-4b8d-9dcc-84a63e64276b",
          "id": 180402.
          "level": 2,
          "name": "add the web select controller",
          "owner": "ysg",
          "planned_hours": "3.00",
          "prio": 1,
          "seq": 1.
          "start time": "2018-04-02 18:00",
          "status": "07-qas",
          "stop_time": null,
         "tags": "feature",
         "type": "feature",
          "update_time": "2018-05-04 23:18:45.104771"
   "msg": "SELECT OK for table: monthly_issues",
  "req": "GET\ http://192.168.56.120:3000/dev\_issue\_tracker/select/monthly\_issues? fltr-by=prio\&fltr-val=1", and the priowed a
  "ret": 200
```

4.2.5.2. error handling for wrong filtering syntax by missed fltr-by or fltr-va url params

If the request does not have either one of the url params the following response is produced.

```
// 20180505204734
// http://192.168.56.120:3000/dev_issue_tracker/select/monthly_issues?fltr-by=prio

{
    "msg": "mall-formed url params for filtering - valid syntax is ?fltr-by=<<attribute>>&fltr-val=<<filter-value>>",
    "req": "GET http://192.168.56.120:3000/dev_issue_tracker/select/monthly_issues?fltr-by=prio",
    "ret": 400
}
```

4.2.5.3. error handling for unexisting filter name

If the syntax is correct but an unexisting filtering attribute is provided (that is the table columns and the attriute name do not match) the following error msg is returned:

```
// 20180506220030
// http://192.168.56.120:3000/dev_issue_tracker/select/monthly_issues?fltr-by=foo&fltr-val=sdklfj

{
    "msg": "the foo column does not exist",
    "req": "GET http://192.168.56.120:3000/dev_issue_tracker/select/monthly_issues?fltr-by=foo&fltr-val=sdklfj",
    "ret": 400
```

4.2.6. pick functionality in select table web action

Works for both a single colum and a comma separated select of columns. Obeys the following syntax

```
// using the following syntax:
<<web-host>>:<<web-port>>/<<database>>/select/<<table-name>>?pick=col1,col2,col3
```

4.2.6.1. successfull execution

if the request contains the "pick" url parameter only the picked column values are selected.

```
// 20180506230955
// http://192.168.56.120:3000/dev_issue_tracker/select/monthly_issues?pick=name,prio

{
    "dat": {
        "0daa3447-42f5-4792-aca2-bd1cb06e2a78": {
            "guid": "0daa3447-42f5-4792-aca2-bd1cb06e2a78",
            "name": "define REST API response structure",
            "prio": 3
        },
        "3c3aff5d-8246-4893-acc4-4853904f1d40": {
            "guid": "3c3aff5d-8246-4893-acc4-4853904f1d40",
            "name": "add the pick in url to select in db reader control flow for Select.pm controller",
            "prio": 3
```

4.2.6.2. error handling if a picked column does not exist

if a picked column does not exist the following error is displayed.

```
// 20180506230926
// http://192.168.56.120:3000/dev_issue_tracker/select/monthly_issues?pick=non_existent_column

{
    "msg": "the non_existent_column column does not exist",
    "req": "GET http://192.168.56.120:3000/dev_issue_tracker/select/monthly_issues?pick=non_existent_column",
    "ret": 400
}
}

/*msg": "SELECT OK for table: monthly_issues",
    "req": "GET http://192.168.56.120:3000/dev_issue_tracker/select/monthly_issues?pick=name%2Cprio",
    "ret": 200
}
```

4.2.7. Use filtering with the like operator in select table web action

The response cold be likeed by ANY attribute with any valid value.

```
// using the following syntax:
<<web-host>>:<<web-port>>/<<database>>/select/<<table-name>>?like-by=<<li>like-attribute-to-like-by>>&like-val=<<li>like-value-to-like-by>>
```

4.2.7.1. successfull execution for number types types

The like operator could be used with numbers as well.

```
// 20180508191656
// http://192.168.56.120:3000/dev_issue_tracker/select/yearly_issues?like-by=prio&like-val=1&pick=name,prio

{
    "dat": {
    "46533749-1c00-4688-9cdd-1cc276ca40ac": {
    "guid": "46533749-1c00-4688-9cdd-1cc276ca40ac",
    "name": "implement upsert in DbWriterPostgres",
    "prio": 21
```

```
}, "msg": "SELECT OK for table: monthly_issues",

"req": "GET http://192.168.56.120:3000/dev_issue_tracker/select/monthly_issues?like-by=prio&like-val=1",

"ret": 200
}
```

4.2.7.2. successfull execution for text types

The response of the select web action could be likeed by using the syntax bellow:

Those are eventual transated to a where clause in the db select part.

```
// 20180505204531
// http://192.168.56.120:3000/dev_issue_tracker/select/monthly_issues?like-by=prio&like-val=1
 "dat": {
  "c89d3283-0a9f-4b8d-9dcc-84a63e64276b": {
   "actual hours": null,
   "category": "issue-tracker-features",
   "description": "add the web select controller "\r\n - implementation code\r\n - tests \r\n - documentation additions for :\r\n-- requirements\r\n--
userstories\r\n-- tests \r\n-- features and functionalities",
   "guid": "c89d3283-0a9f-4b8d-9dcc-84a63e64276b",
   "id": 180402,
   "level": 2.
   "name": "add the web select controller".
   "owner": "ysg",
   "planned_hours": "3.00",
   "prio": 1,
   "seq": 1,
   "start_time": "2018-04-02 18:00",
   "status": "07-gas".
   "stop time": null,
   "tags": "feature",
   "type": "feature",
   "update_time": "2018-05-04 23:18:45.104771"
},
 "msg": "SELECT OK for table: monthly_issues",
 "req": "GET http://192.168.56.120:3000/dev issue tracker/select/monthly issues?like-by=prio&like-val=1",
 "ret": 200
```

4.2.7.3. error handling for wrong syntax in the filtering by the like operator by missed like-by or like-val url params

If the request does not have either one of the url params the following response is produced.

```
// 20180505204734
// http://192.168.56.120:3000/dev_issue_tracker/select/monthly_issues?like-by=prio

{
    "msg": "mall-formed url params for likeing - valid syntax is ?like-by=<<attribute>>&like-val=<<li>like-vale>>",
    "req": "GET http://192.168.56.120:3000/dev_issue_tracker/select/monthly_issues?like-by=prio",
    "ret": 400
}
```

4.2.7.4. error handling for unexisting like table's attribute

If the syntax is correct but an unexisting like operator's attribute is provided (that is the table columns and the attriute name do not match) the following error msg is returned:

```
// 20180506220030
// http://192.168.56.120:3000/dev_issue_tracker/select/monthly_issues?like-by=foo&like-val=sdklfj

{
    "msg": "the foo column does not exist",
    "req": "GET http://192.168.56.120:3000/dev_issue_tracker/select/monthly_issues?like-by=foo&like-val=sdklfj",
    "ret": 400
}
```

4.2.8. the hide operator in the select web action

Whenever a hide=<<col-name>> operator is applied the values and the column names of the column to hide are not displayed in the result. Use command to as the separator for listing multiple columns to hide.

```
// using the following syntax:
<<web-host>>:<<web-port>>/<<database>>/select/<<table-name>>?hide=guid,prio
```

4.2.8.1. successfull execution for text types

The response of the url query presents all but the hidden attribute values.

4.2.8.2. error handling for unexistent column to hide

If the column which values are requested to be hidden does not exist the proper error message is retrieved.

```
// 20180505204734
// http://192.168.56.120:3000/dev_issue_tracker/select/monthly_issues?like-by=prio

{
    "msg": "mall-formed url params for likeing - valid syntax is ?like-by=<<attribute>>&like-val=<<li>like-value>>",
    "req": "GET http://192.168.56.120:3000/dev_issue_tracker/select/monthly_issues?like-by=prio",
    "ret": 400
}
```