1.Title of the Assignment: Write a program non-recursive and recursive program to calculate Fibonacci numbers and analyze their time and space complexity. **Code:** (non-recursion) def fibonacci_recursive(n): if n <= 0: return 0 elif n == 1: return 1 else: return fibonacci_recursive(n - 1) + fibonacci_recursive(n - 2) # Example usage: n = 10 # Change n to the desired Fibonacci number result = fibonacci_recursive(n) print(f"The {n}-th Fibonacci number is {result}") Code: (recursion) def fibonacci_iterative(n): if n <= 0: return 0 elif n == 1: return 1 a, b = 0, 1for $\underline{}$ in range(2, n + 1):

a, b = b, a + b

return b

```
# Example usage:
n = 10 # Change n to the desired Fibonacci number
result = fibonacci_iterative(n)
print(f"The {n}-th Fibonacci number is {result}")
```

2.Title of the Assignment: Write a program to solve a fractional Knapsack problem using a greedy method. Code: def fractional_knapsack(items, capacity): items.sort(key=lambda x: x[1] / x[0], reverse=True) total_value = 0.0 remaining_capacity = capacity for item in items: weight, value = item if weight <= remaining_capacity: total_value += value remaining_capacity -= weight else: fraction = remaining_capacity / weight total_value += fraction * value break return total_value # Example usage: items = [(10, 60), (20, 100), (30, 120)] # Each item is represented as (weight, value) capacity = 50 max_value = fractional_knapsack(items, capacity) print("Maximum value that can be obtained:", max_value)

3. Title of the Assignment: Write a program to solve a 0-1 Knapsack problem using dynamic programming or branch and bound strategy.

Code:

```
def knapsack_0_1(values, weights, capacity):
  n = len(values)
  dp = [[0] * (capacity + 1) for _ in range(n + 1)]
  for i in range(n + 1):
    for w in range(capacity + 1):
      if i == 0 or w == 0:
        dp[i][w] = 0
      elif weights[i - 1] <= w:
        dp[i][w] = max(values[i-1] + dp[i-1][w - weights[i-1]], dp[i-1][w])
      else:
        dp[i][w] = dp[i - 1][w]
  return dp[n][capacity]
# Example usage:
values = [60, 100, 120]
weights = [10, 20, 30]
capacity = 50
max_value = knapsack_0_1(values, weights, capacity)
print("Maximum value that can be obtained:", max_value)
```

4. Title of the Assignment: Design n-Queens matrix having first Queen placed. Use backtracking to place remaining Queens to generate the final n-queen's matrix.

Code:

```
def is_safe(board, row, col, n):
  # Check the left side of this row
  for i in range(col):
    if board[row][i] == 1:
       return False
  # Check upper left diagonal
  for i, j in zip(range(row, -1, -1), range(col, -1, -1)):
    if board[i][j] == 1:
       return False
  # Check lower left diagonal
  for i, j in zip(range(row, n, 1), range(col, -1, -1)):
    if board[i][j] == 1:
       return False
  return True
def solve_nqueens(n):
  board = [[0 for _ in range(n)] for _ in range(n)]
  if solve_nqueens_util(board, 0, n) is False:
    print("No solution exists")
    return False
```

```
print_solution(board, n)
  return True
def solve_nqueens_util(board, col, n):
  if col == n:
    return True
  for i in range(n):
    if is_safe(board, i, col, n):
      board[i][col] = 1
      if solve_nqueens_util(board, col + 1, n):
         return True
      board[i][col] = 0
  return False
def print_solution(board, n):
  for i in range(n):
    for j in range(n):
      print(board[i][j], end=" ")
    print()
# Example usage:
n = 8 # Change the value of n to the desired board size
solve_nqueens(n)
```

5. Title of the Assignment: Write a program for analysis of quick sort by using deterministic and randomized variant.

Code:

```
def quick_sort(arr):
    if len(arr) <= 1:
        return arr
    else:
        pivot = arr[0]
        less_than_pivot = [x for x in arr[1:] if x <= pivot]
        greater_than_pivot = [x for x in arr[1:] if x > pivot]
        return quick_sort(less_than_pivot) + [pivot] + quick_sort(greater_than_pivot)

# Example usage:
arr = [5, 3, 1, 9, 8, 2, 4, 7]
sorted_arr = quick_sort(arr)
print("Sorted array:", sorted_arr)
```