In [1]:

In [2]:

```
class Card:

def __init__(self,suit,rank):
    self.suit = suit
    self.rank = rank

def __str__(self):
    return self.rank + ' of ' + self.suit
```

In [3]:

```
class Deck:
   def __init__(self):
        self.deck = [] # start with an empty list
        for suit in suits:
           for rank in ranks:
                self.deck.append(Card(suit,rank)) # build Card objects and add them to
   def __str__(self):
        deck_comp = '' # start with an empty string
        for card in self.deck:
            deck_comp += '\n '+card.__str__() # add each Card object's print string
        return 'The deck has:' + deck_comp
   def shuffle(self):
        random.shuffle(self.deck)
   def deal(self):
        single_card = self.deck.pop()
        return single_card
```

In [4]:

```
test_deck = Deck()
print(test_deck)
```

The deck has: Two of Hearts Three of Hearts Four of Hearts Five of Hearts Six of Hearts Seven of Hearts Eight of Hearts Nine of Hearts Ten of Hearts Jack of Hearts Queen of Hearts King of Hearts Ace of Hearts Two of Diamonds Three of Diamonds Four of Diamonds Five of Diamonds Six of Diamonds Seven of Diamonds Eight of Diamonds Nine of Diamonds Ten of Diamonds Jack of Diamonds Queen of Diamonds King of Diamonds Ace of Diamonds Two of Spades Three of Spades Four of Spades Five of Spades Six of Spades Seven of Spades Eight of Spades Nine of Spades Ten of Spades Jack of Spades Queen of Spades King of Spades Ace of Spades Two of Clubs Three of Clubs Four of Clubs Five of Clubs Six of Clubs Seven of Clubs Eight of Clubs Nine of Clubs Ten of Clubs Jack of Clubs Queen of Clubs King of Clubs

Ace of Clubs

```
In [5]:
```

```
class Hand:
    def __init__(self):
        self.cards = [] # start with an empty list as we did in the Deck class
        self.value = 0 # start with zero value
        self.aces = 0 # add an attribute to keep track of aces

def add_card(self,card):
        self.cards.append(card)
        self.value += values[card.rank]

def adjust_for_ace(self):
        pass
```

In [6]:

```
test_deck = Deck()
test_deck.shuffle()
test_player = Hand()
test_player.add_card(test_deck.deal())
test_player.add_card(test_deck.deal())
test_player.value
```

Out[6]:

21

In [7]:

```
for card in test_player.cards:
    print(card)
```

Jack of Hearts Ace of Spades

In [8]:

```
class Hand:

def __init__(self):
    self.cards = [] # start with an empty list as we did in the Deck class
    self.value = 0 # start with zero value
    self.aces = 0 # add an attribute to keep track of aces

def add_card(self,card):
    self.cards.append(card)
    self.value += values[card.rank]
    if card.rank == 'Ace':
        self.aces += 1 # add to self.aces

def adjust_for_ace(self):
    while self.value > 21 and self.aces:
        self.value -= 10
        self.aces -= 1
```

```
In [9]:
```

```
class Chips:

    def __init__(self):
        self.total = 100  # This can be set to a default value or supplied by a user inp
        self.bet = 0

def win_bet(self):
        self.total += self.bet

def lose_bet(self):
        self.total -= self.bet
```

In [10]:

```
def take_bet(chips):
    while True:
        try:
            chips.bet = int(input('How many chips would you like to bet? '))
        except ValueError:
            print('Sorry, a bet must be an integer!')
        else:
            if chips.bet > chips.total:
                 print("Sorry, your bet can't exceed",chips.total)
        else:
                 break
```

In [11]:

```
def hit(deck,hand):
    hand.add_card(deck.deal())
    hand.adjust_for_ace()
```

In [12]:

```
def hit_or_stand(deck,hand):
    global playing # to control an upcoming while loop

while True:
    x = input("Would you like to Hit or Stand? Enter 'h' or 's' ")

if x[0].lower() == 'h':
    hit(deck,hand) # hit() function defined above

elif x[0].lower() == 's':
    print("Player stands. Dealer is playing.")
    playing = False

else:
    print("Sorry, please try again.")
    continue
    break
```

In [13]:

```
def show_some(player,dealer):
    print("\nDealer's Hand:")
    print(" <card hidden>")
    print('',dealer.cards[1])
    print("\nPlayer's Hand:", *player.cards, sep='\n ')

def show_all(player,dealer):
    print("\nDealer's Hand:", *dealer.cards, sep='\n ')
    print("Dealer's Hand =",dealer.value)
    print("\nPlayer's Hand:", *player.cards, sep='\n ')
    print("\nPlayer's Hand:", *player.cards, sep='\n ')
    print("Player's Hand =",player.value)
```

In [14]:

```
def player_busts(player,dealer,chips):
    print("Player busts!")
    chips.lose_bet()

def player_wins(player,dealer,chips):
    print("Player wins!")
    chips.win_bet()

def dealer_busts(player,dealer,chips):
    print("Dealer busts!")
    chips.win_bet()

def dealer_wins(player,dealer,chips):
    print("Dealer wins!")
    chips.lose_bet()

def push(player,dealer):
    print("Dealer and Player tie! It's a push.")
```

```
while True:
    # Print an opening statement
   print('Welcome to BlackJack! Get as close to 21 as you can without going over!\n\
   Dealer hits until she reaches 17. Aces count as 1 or 11.')
   # Create & shuffle the deck, deal two cards to each player
   deck = Deck()
   deck.shuffle()
   player_hand = Hand()
   player_hand.add_card(deck.deal())
   player_hand.add_card(deck.deal())
   dealer_hand = Hand()
   dealer_hand.add_card(deck.deal())
   dealer_hand.add_card(deck.deal())
   # Set up the Player's chips
   player_chips = Chips() # remember the default value is 100
   # Prompt the Player for their bet
   take_bet(player_chips)
    # Show cards (but keep one dealer card hidden)
    show_some(player_hand, dealer_hand)
   while playing: # recall this variable from our hit_or_stand function
        # Prompt for Player to Hit or Stand
        hit_or_stand(deck,player_hand)
        # Show cards (but keep one dealer card hidden)
        show_some(player_hand, dealer_hand)
        # If player's hand exceeds 21, run player_busts() and break out of loop
        if player_hand.value > 21:
            player_busts(player_hand,dealer_hand,player_chips)
            break
   # If Player hasn't busted, play Dealer's hand until Dealer reaches 17
    if player hand.value <= 21:</pre>
        while dealer hand.value < 17:
            hit(deck,dealer_hand)
        # Show all cards
        show all(player hand, dealer hand)
        # Run different winning scenarios
        if dealer_hand.value > 21:
            dealer_busts(player_hand,dealer_hand,player_chips)
        elif dealer_hand.value > player_hand.value:
            dealer_wins(player_hand, dealer_hand, player_chips)
        elif dealer hand.value < player hand.value:</pre>
            player_wins(player_hand,dealer_hand,player_chips)
```

Welcome to BlackJack! Get as close to 21 as you can without going over! Dealer hits until she reaches 17. Aces count as 1 or 11.

```
In [ ]:
```