Roll	Number:	

Thapar Institute of Engineering & Technology, Patiala

Computer Science and Engineering Department

AUXILLARY EXAMINATION

Course Code: UCT 502	Course Name: Compiler Design
March 7, 2022	Monday, 5.30 PM – 7.30 PM
Time: 2 Hours, M. Marks: 50	Name of Faculty: Dr. Rupali Bhardwaj

Note: ATTEMPT ANY 5 QUESTIONS OUT OF 7 QUESTIONS.

1 Consider the following Context-Free Grammar

$$G = \{ \{E, T, F\}, E, \{*, -, +, /, (,), id\}, P \}$$

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where P is set of productions having elements:

$$E \rightarrow E + T \mid T$$

 $T \rightarrow T * F \mid F$
 $F \rightarrow (E) \mid id$

- a) Construct the LR(0) canonical set for the above grammar.
- b) Construct SLR(1) parsing table for the above grammar.
- c) Show the actions of the SLR(1) parser to recognize input string id * id + id
- 2 Consider the regular expression $(a \mid b)^*abb$ with $\sum = \{a, b\}$
 - a) Using Thompson's rule construct NDFA
 - b) Using subset construction algorithm construct DFA from NDFA obtained in 2 (a).
- 3 Consider the following Context-Free Grammar along with Semantic actions for each production in $G = \{E, \{E, T, F\}, \{+, \times, id, (,)\}, P\}$, where P is set of productions as:

$$E \rightarrow E_1 \times T$$

$$E \rightarrow T$$

$$T \rightarrow T_1 + F$$

$$T \rightarrow F$$

$$\{E. val = E_1. val * T. val\}$$

$$\{E. val = T. val\}$$

$$\{T. val = T_1. val + F. val\}$$

$$\{T. val = F. val\}$$

$$F \rightarrow id$$
 $\{F. val = id. lexval\}$
 $F \rightarrow (E)$ $\{F. val = E. val\}$

- a) Construct LL(1) parser for the above grammar.
- b) Construct the annotated parse tree for expression 3 × 4 + 5 × 8
 4 a) Explain the different representations of 3-address code with the help of a suitable example
- b) Describe each phase of compiler with suitable examples
- 5 Differentiate between
 - i. Inherited and synthesized attributes
 - ii. Top down and Bottom up parser.
 - iii. L-attributed and S-attributed Grammar.
 - iv. Ambiguity with example

6 a) Explain in brief the different ways of passing the parameters to the procedure with help of 5 some examples.

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- b) Using suitable examples, differentiate between
 - i. Various error recovery modes
 - ii. Dependency graph and Annotated Parse tree
- 7 a)Consider the following grammar representing simplified expressions:

 $S \rightarrow id 0$

 $0 \rightarrow 0 \ Op \mid \epsilon$

 $Op \rightarrow mode \mid scale \mid precision \mid base$

mode → real | complex

scale → fixed | floating

precision → single | double

base → binary | decimal

Give the leftmost derivation for the input string "foo real fixed real floating". Describe at each derivation step the production rule used.

- b) Given brief reasons (in favor or against) for each of the following statements
 - i. The size of SLR(1) table and LALR(1) table for the same grammar are identical.
 - ii. While parsing a sentence of a language, the behavior of LR(1) parser and LALR(1) parser are identical.