## **Hotel Revenue Analysis**

Total Nights

368K

**Average Discount** 

25.81%

**Total Revenue** 

\$29.12M

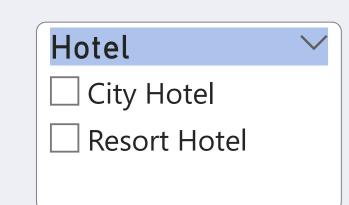
Average Daily Rate

\$104.47

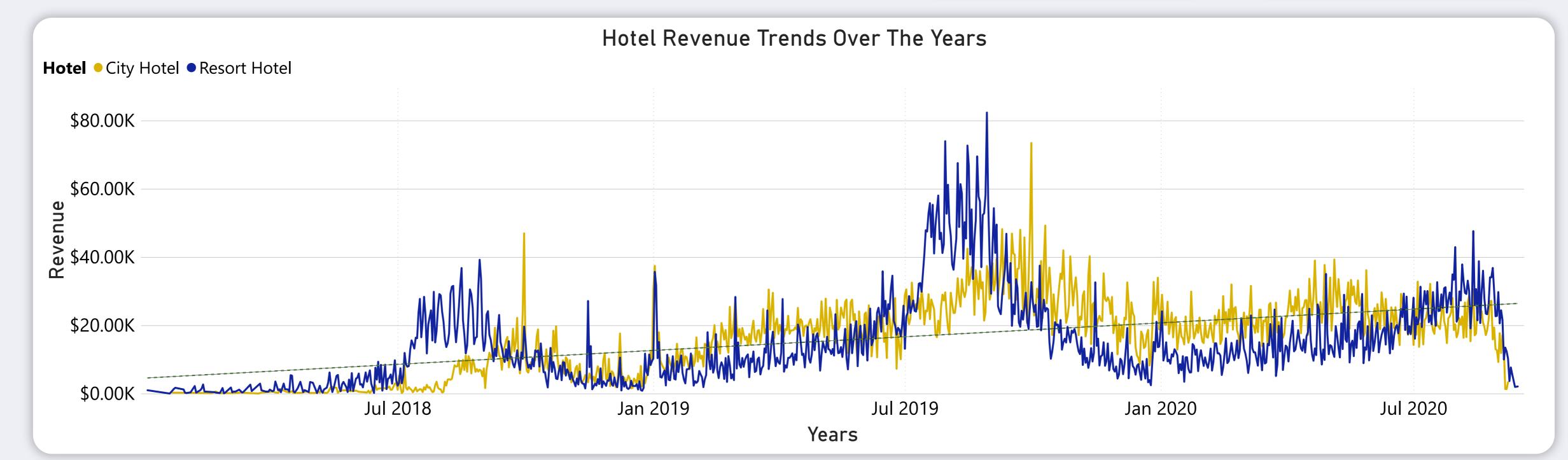
Car Spaces

9K

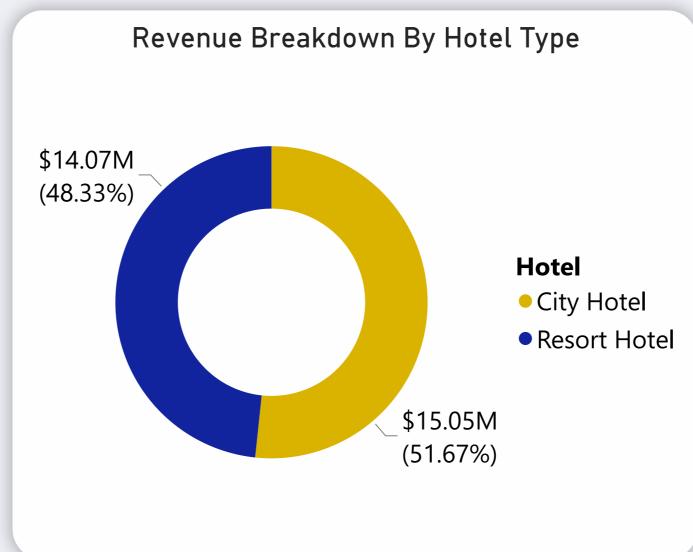


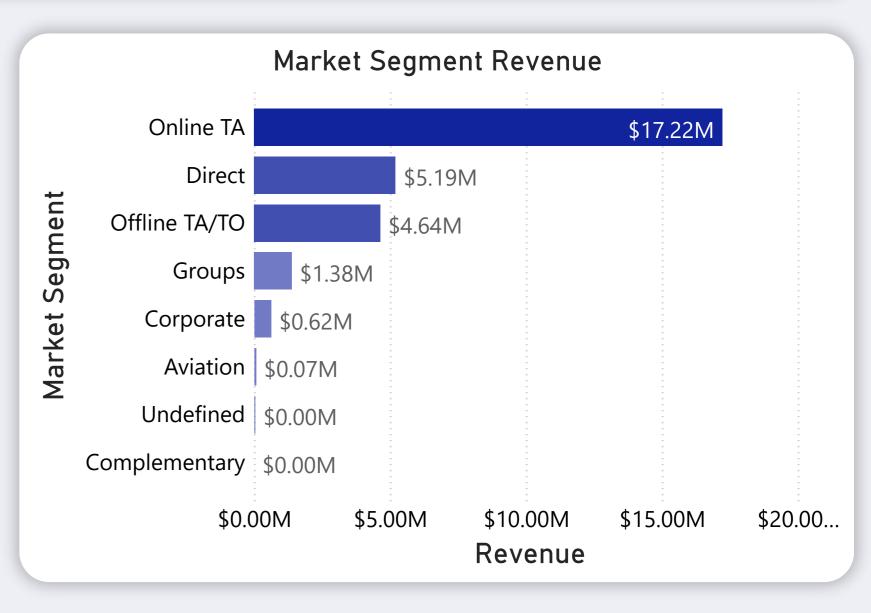


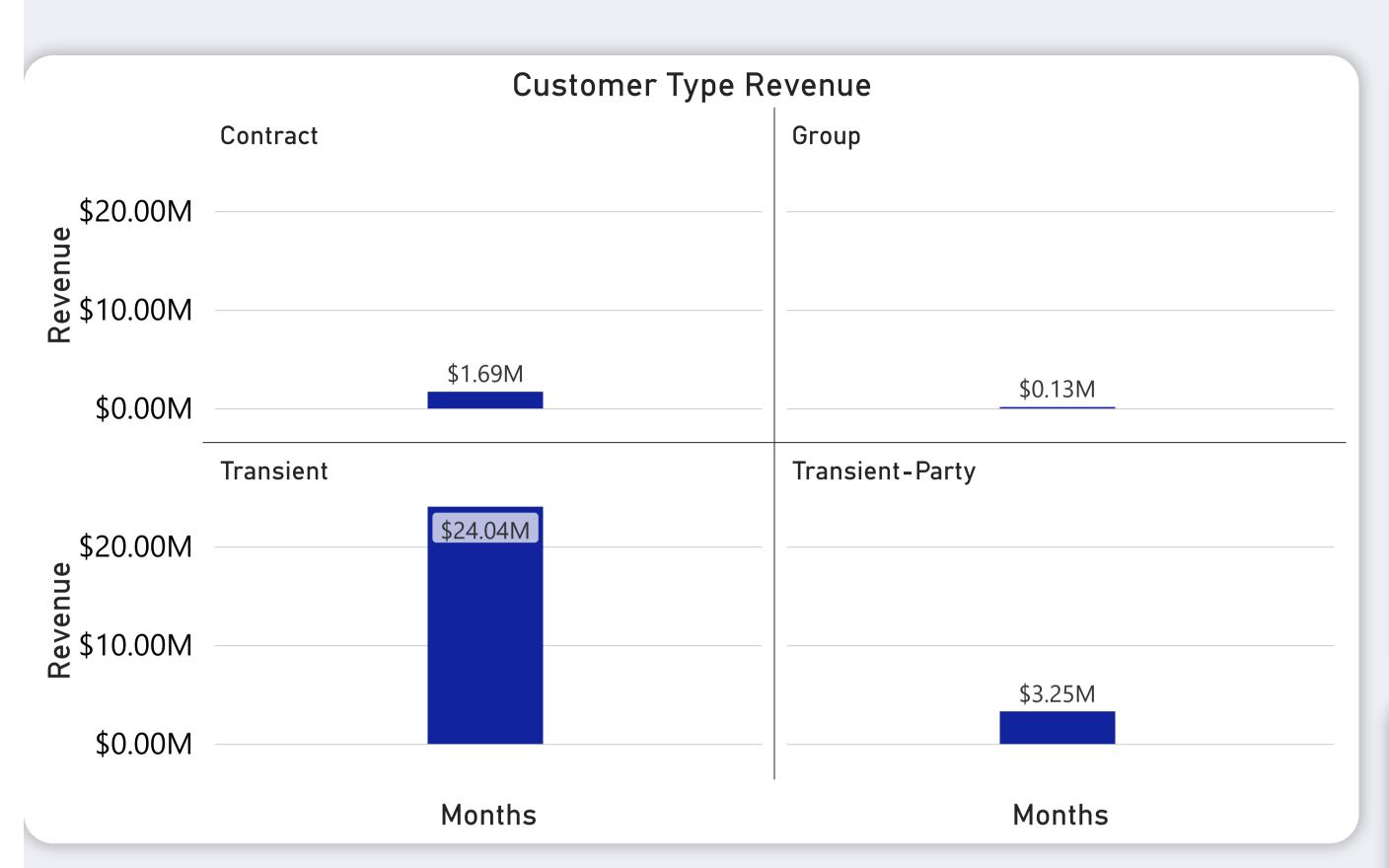




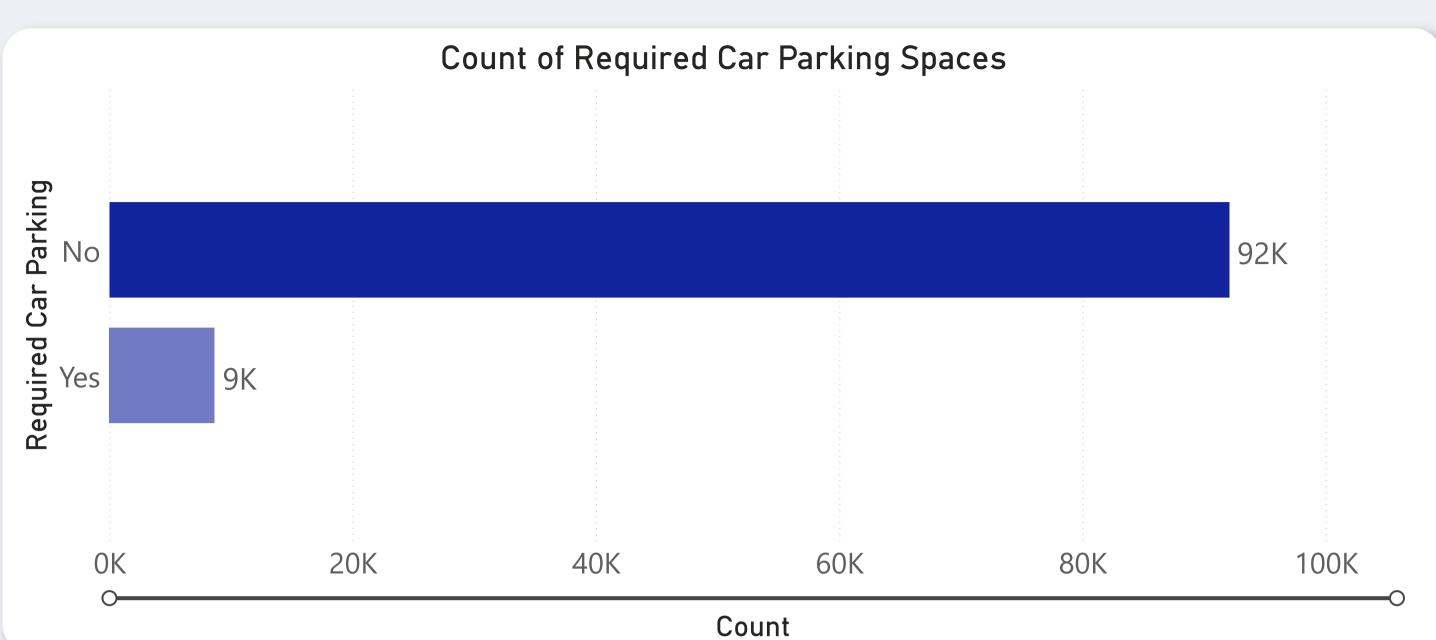








Year	Revenue	Required Car Parking Spaces	Parking Percentage <b>▼</b>
<b>2019</b>	\$15,497,129.45	57269	2%
Resort Hotel	\$7,252,625.59	22825	4%
City Hotel	\$8,244,503.87	34444	1%
<b>2018</b>	\$3,725,019.55	13508	2%
Resort Hotel	\$2,386,342.79	6876	3%
City Hotel	\$1,338,676.75	6632	1%
<b>2020</b>	\$9,896,131.05	29910	2%
Resort Hotel	\$4,433,890.52	11072	4%
City Hotel	\$5,462,240.54	18838	1%
Total	\$29,118,280.06	100687	2%



Year

All

Hotel

All

## **Data Summary**

Country

All

- The total revenue generated from the hotels is \$29,126,850.46. Of the total revenue, 51.67% was generated by City Hotels, while 48.33% was generated by Resort Hotels.
- Online TA and Direct market segments are the most profitable for the company, Continue focus on these market segments will generate more revenues for the hotels.
- The peak season for hotel revenue is **August**, followed by **July** and **September**, the hotels should Consider offering discounts to groups during the off-season (**November** & **December**), as this could help to increase revenue during these months.
- The most popular customer type is **Transient**. Continue focus on marketing to the **Transient** customers is recommended, as these customers generates the most bookings.
- Generally, guests do not require a parking area.