

Trilha – SOFTWARE SECURITY

JOAS ANTONIO



Introdução ao Mitre Att&ck e ao Cyber Kill Chain

Whoami



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19 years – Brazil, São Paulo

Apaixonado por tecnologia desde os 7 anos de idade

Asperger/TDAH

PenTester na Inmetrics

Red Team Village, Mitre, Womcy e Hacker Culture Contributor

CEH Master, OSWP, eJPT e eMAPT

Hacking Is Not Crime Advocate

Mitre Contributer

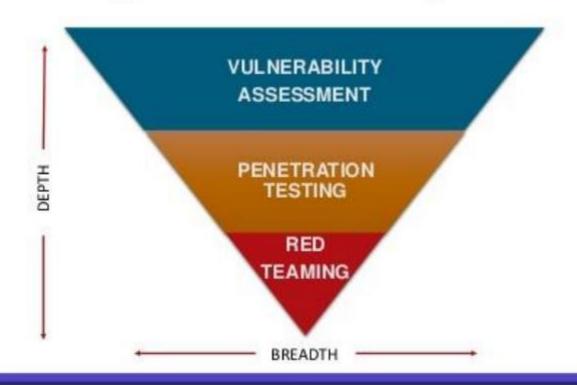
+15 CVE's (XSS, RCE, CSRF, SSRF)



Red Team vs Other Security Tests



Red Teaming VS Other Security Tests





-8



Red Team vs PenTest

CLASSICAL PENTEST								
Limited timeframe								
Static methodology								
Commercial pentest tools are used								
Employees are aware of the test								
Testers take advantage of known vulnerabilities								
Target is just the technology part								

RED TEAMING Comprehensive timeframe Flexible methodology All kinds of resources are used Except for a few manager, nobody knows while testing Experts try to discover new vulnerabilities

Target is technology, physical and human factors



RED AND BLUE = PURPLE



Red Team

Vulnerability Assessments

Penetration Tests

Social Engineering

Security Researchers

Purple Team

Improve Security

Create TTP

Design exercises

Blue Team

Security Monitoring

Threat Hunting

Security Controls

Forensics



SOBRE PURPLE TEAM

O Purple Team trabalha em sinergia com Red e Blue Teams, com a missão de alcançar um nível ainda maior de segurança dentro da organização, explorando ao máximo rotinas de ataque e defesa, pensando em como reforçar táticas, técnicas e procedimentos (TTP) de defesa.

Essa abordagem ajuda a desenvolver e melhorar as duas equipes. A equipe azul fica mais informada sobre como priorizar, medir e melhorar sua capacidade de detectar e se defender contra ameaças e ataques, e a equipe vermelha obtém uma visão do setor sobre tecnologias e mecanismos usados na defesa.



MITRE ATT&CK



Mitre Att&ck

O framework ATT&CK é valoroso para uma série de configurações. Qualquer atividade de defesa pode se beneficiar de aplicar as diretrizes do framework. Além de oferecer uma linguagem comum para os profissionais, o ATT&CK também fornece a fundação para atividades de pentest e Red Team. Isso dá a ambas as equipes um padrão comum de comunicação ao se falar sobre os comportamentos adversários.

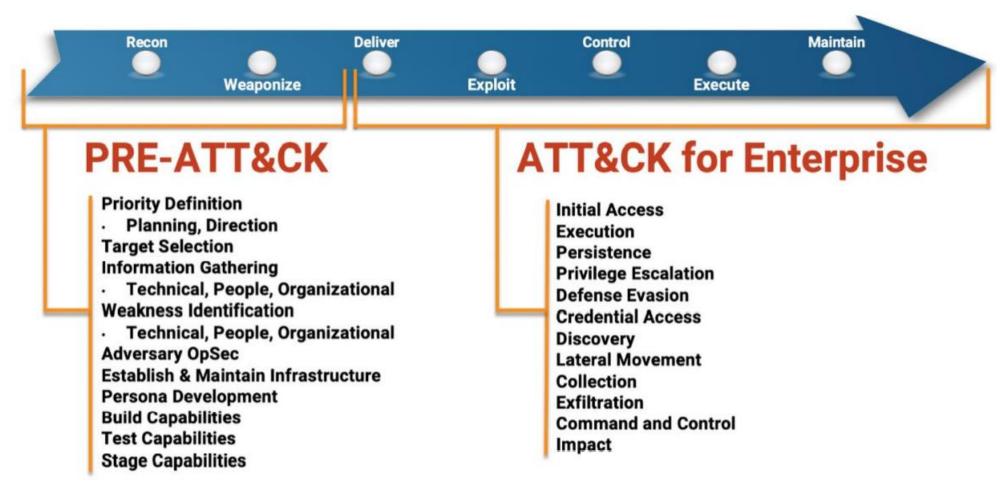
Mitre-Att&ck



Reconnaissance 10 techniques	Resource Development 7 techniques	Initial Access 9 techniques	Execution 12 techniques	Persistence 19 techniques	Privilege Escalation 13 techniques	Defense Evasion 39 techniques	Credential Access 15 techniques	Discovery 27 techniques	Lateral Movement 9 techniques
Active Scanning (0/2)	Acquire Infrastructure (0/6)	Drive-by Compromise	Command and Scripting	Account Manipulation (0/4)	Abuse Elevation Control	Abuse Elevation	Brute Force (0/4)	Account Discovery (0/4)	Exploitation of Remote
Gather Victim Host nformation (0/4)	Compromise	Exploit Public-	Interpreter (0/8)	BITS Jobs	Mechanism _(0/4)	Mechanism _(0/4)	Credentials	Application Window Discovery	Services
Sather Victim Identity	Accounts (0/2)	Facing Application	Container Administration	Boot or Logon	Access Token Manipulation (0/5)	Access Token Manipulation (0/5)	from Password II Stores (0/5)	Browser Bookmark	Internal Spearphishing
nformation (0/3)	Compromise Infrastructure (0/6)	External Remote	Command	Autostart Execution (0/14)	Boot or Logon	BITS Jobs	Exploitation	Discovery	Lateral Tool
Sather Victim Jetwork	Develop	Services	Deploy Container	Boot or Logon	Autostart Execution _(0/14)	Build Image on Host	for Credential Access	Cloud Infrastructure Discovery	Transfer
oformation (0/6)	Capabilities (0/4)	Hardware Additions	Exploitation for Client Execution	Initialization Scripts (0/5)	Boot or Logon	Deobfuscate/Decode	Forced	Cloud Service	Remote Service
ather Victim Org nformation _(0/4)	Establish Accounts (0/2)	Phishing (0/3)	Inter-Process Communication (0/2)	Browser Extensions	Initialization Scripts _(0/5)	Files or Information Deploy Container	Authentication Forge Web	Dashboard Cloud Service	Session Hijacking _(0/2)
hishing for nformation (0/3)	Obtain Capabilities (0/6)	Replication Through	Native API	Compromise	Create or Modify System	Direct Volume Access	Credentials (0/2)	Discovery	Remote Services (0/6)
earch Closed	Stage	Removable Media	Scheduled	Client Software Binary	Process (0/4)	Domain Policy	Input Capture (0/4)	Container and Resource Discovery	Replication
ources _(0/2)	Capabilities (0/5)	Supply Chain	Task/Job (0/7)	Create	Domain Policy Modification (0/2)	Modification (0/2)	Man-in-the-	Domain Trust	Through Removable
earch Open Technical atabases (0/5)		Compromise (0/3)	Shared Modules	Account (0/3)	Escape to Host	Execution Guardrails (0/1)	Middle (0/2)	Discovery	Media
earch Open		Trusted Relationship	Software Deployment Tools	Create or Modify System	Event Triggered	Exploitation for	Modify Authentication	File and Directory Discovery	Software Deployment
/ebsites/Domains (0/2)		Valid	System Services (0/2)	Process (0/4)	Execution (0/15)	Defense Evasion	Process (0/4)	Network Service	Tools
Search Victim-Owned Websites		Accounts (0/4)	User Execution (0/3)	Event Triggered Execution (0/15)	Exploitation for Privilege	File and Directory Permissions	Network Sniffing	Scanning	Taint Shared Content
			Windows Management	External Remote Services	Escalation Hijack Execution	Modification (0/2) Hide Artifacts (0/2)	OS Credential	Network Share Discovery	Use Alternate Authentication

Mitre Att&ck





Mitre Att&ck



Enterprise ATT&CK

PRE-ATT&CK

ATT&CK

It's just

ATT&CK



Cyber Kill Chain



CYBER KILL CHAIN vs. MITRE ATT&CK

CYBER KILL CHAIN -

- Reconnaissance
- Weaponization
- Delivery
- Exploitation
- Installation
- Command & Control
- Actions on Objectives

MITRE ATT&CK -

- Initial Access
- Execution
- Persistence
- Privilege Escalation
- Defence Evasion
- Credential Access
- Discovery
- Lateral Movement
- Collection
- Exfiltration
- Command and Control
- Impact

Adversary Emulation



Recon & Planning

- OSINT Collection of people, places, and things
- · Email address collection
- Web site boundary scanning and integration
- Understand the organization business
- Research social media, employer sites, and potential hot spots

Initial Compromise

- · Social Engineering
- Spear Phishing
- External Exploitation

Establish Foothold

- Attacker uses known or unknown TTPs
- · Persistent backdoor
- Malware
- · High up time

Escalate Privileges

- · Password hash dumping
- · Pass-The-Hash
- Credential logging
- Keystroke logging
- · Exploiting vulnerable

Internal Recon

- User analysis
- Group analysis
- · File and data collection
- Active Directory recon

Lateral Movement

- Move system to system within a target environment
- PsExec
- . WMI
- RDP
- VNC

Maintain Presence

- Access to internal servers and high up time servers
- Use of VPNs and external boundaries

Complete Mission

- Financial data
- PII
- Long term access
- Collection operations





Muito obrigado pela oportunidade

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Credits: Filipi Pires, João Paulo de Andrade and Information Security Community Brazilian