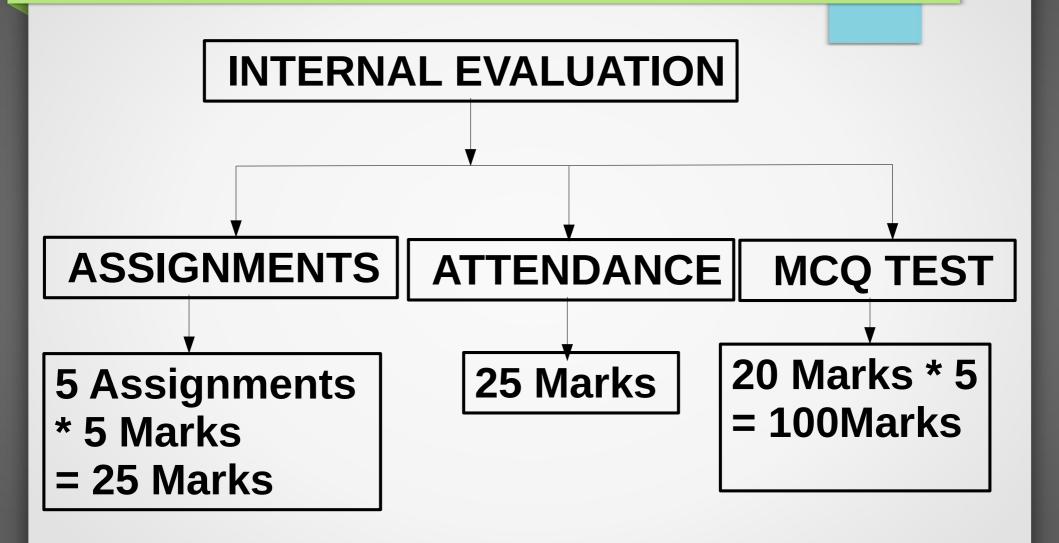
0301502 ADVANCED JAVA

UNIT	MODULES	WEIGHTAGE
1	File Handling	20 %
2	Java Collection Framework	20 %
3	Event Handling, Swing and GUI Components	20 %
4	Swing, GUI Components and Layout Manager	20 %
5	Database Connectivity (JDBC)	20 %

INTERNAL EVALUATION



TEXT BOOK

- Java Programming
 - Publisher: Pearson
 - Author : Hari Mohan Pandey

Recommended Book

- Proggramming in Java2
 - Publisher: A Jaico Boo
 - Author: Dr. k. Somasundaram

UNIT -1 File Handling

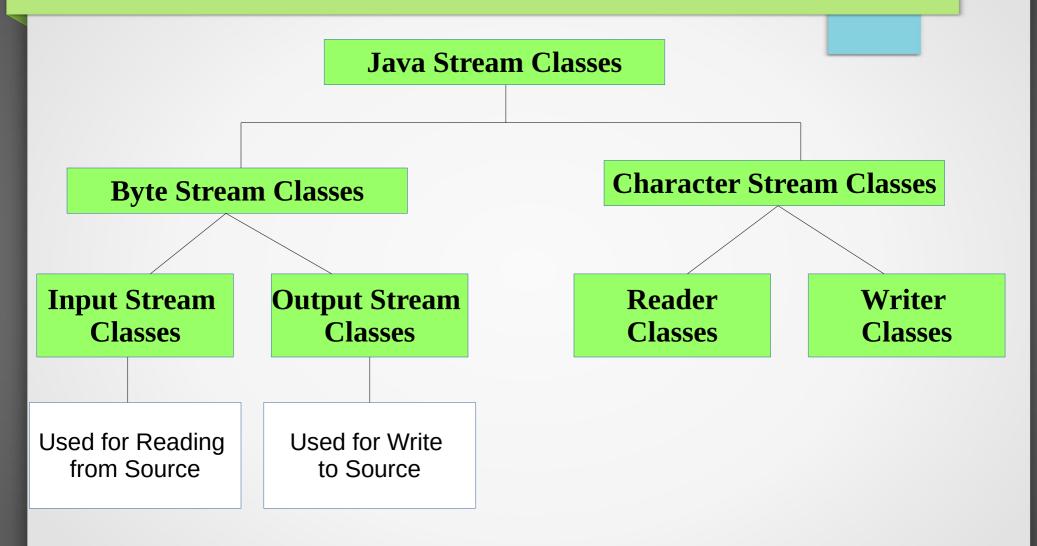
- I/O Stream
- The File Class
- Byte Stream
- Disk File Handling
- Filterred Byte Stream
- Sequence Input Stream
- Object Input / Output Stream
- Random Access File

- Java program perform Input or Output operation through
 Stream.
- A stream is a sequence of bytes or characters that travel from source to destination over a communication path.
- The java.io package has plenty of Stream classes.
- There are two fundamentally different way to store data.
 - Binary format
 - Text format

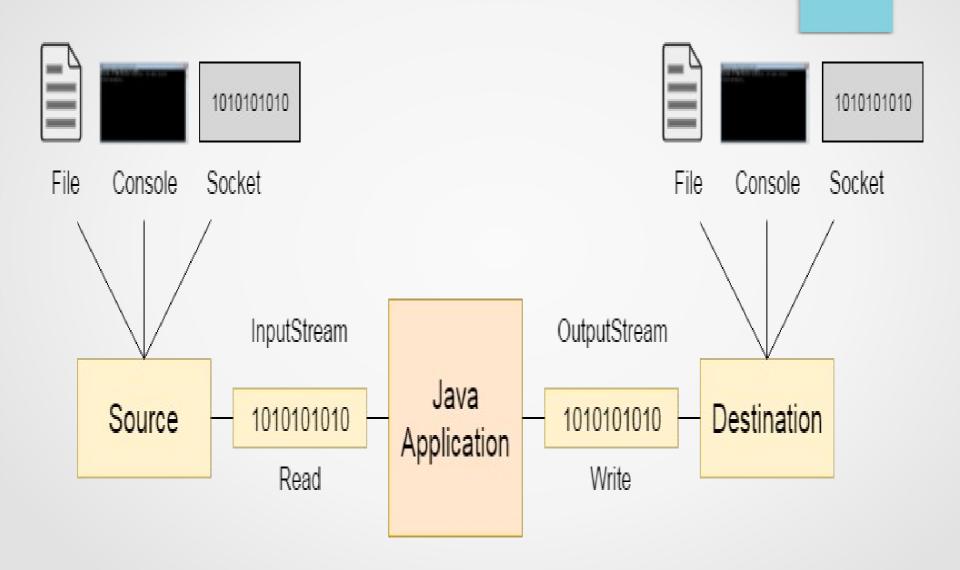
• For Binary format I/O **Byte Streams** claases are used. Byte streams provide the foundation for **8-bits** I/O.

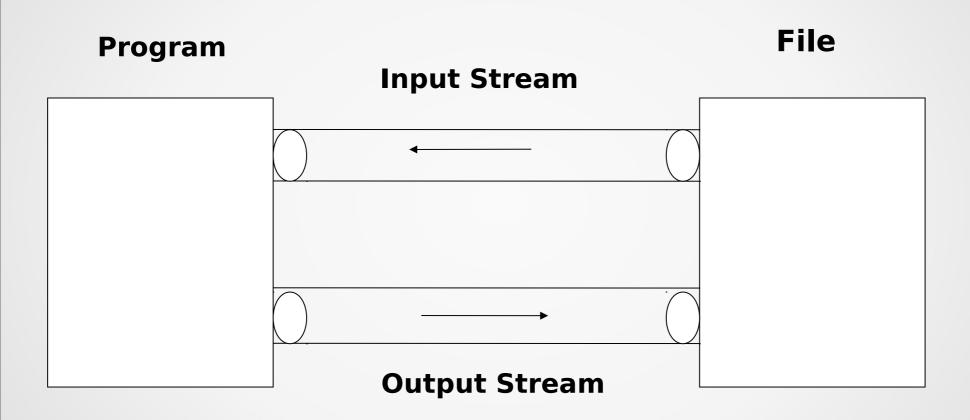
For Text format I/O character Streams classes are used.
 Character streams provide the foundation for 16-bits
 Unicode character I/O.

- Data items are made available in binary format, we have to use the following classes or subclasses.
 - InputStream
 - OutputStream
- If data items are available in **text format**, we have to use the following cleasses or subclasses.
 - Reader
 - Writer



- Stream are two type:
 - Input Stream The sources from data read
 - Output Stream The destination to data write





UNIT -1 The File Class

- File class is used to know detail of the particular File.
- Using this class we cannot read or write from / to file.
- File class has follow constructor:
 - File(String path)
 - File(String path, String FileName)
 - File(File object, String FileName)
- File class has total 17 Methods

UNIT -1 File Class Methods

Method	Purpose of the Method
String getName()	Return the name of the directory or file.
boolean exists()	Return true if director or file exists else return false
boolean canWrite()	Return true if file object is writable else false.
boolean canRead()	Return true if file object is readable else false.
boolean isDirectory()	Return true if it is directory else false.

UNIT -1 File Class Methods

Method	Purpose of the Method
Boolean isFile()	Return true if it is file else false.
long length()	Return the size of file in bytes.
Boolean renameTo(File newName)	Rename the file with newName and return true if it is successful else false.
boolean delete()	Delete the file and return true if it is successful else false.
String[] list()	Return string array of the file names of the directory.

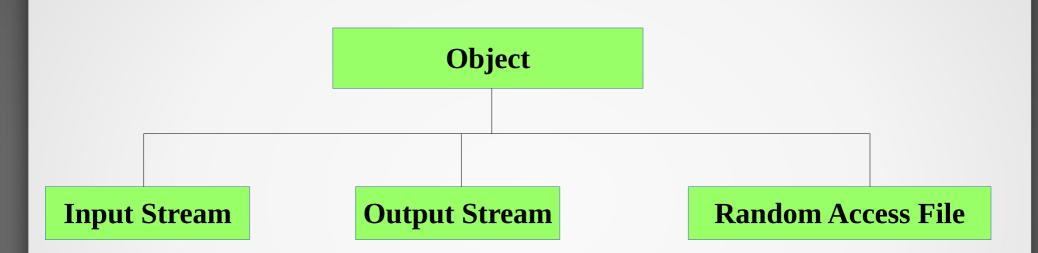
UNIT -1 File Class Methods

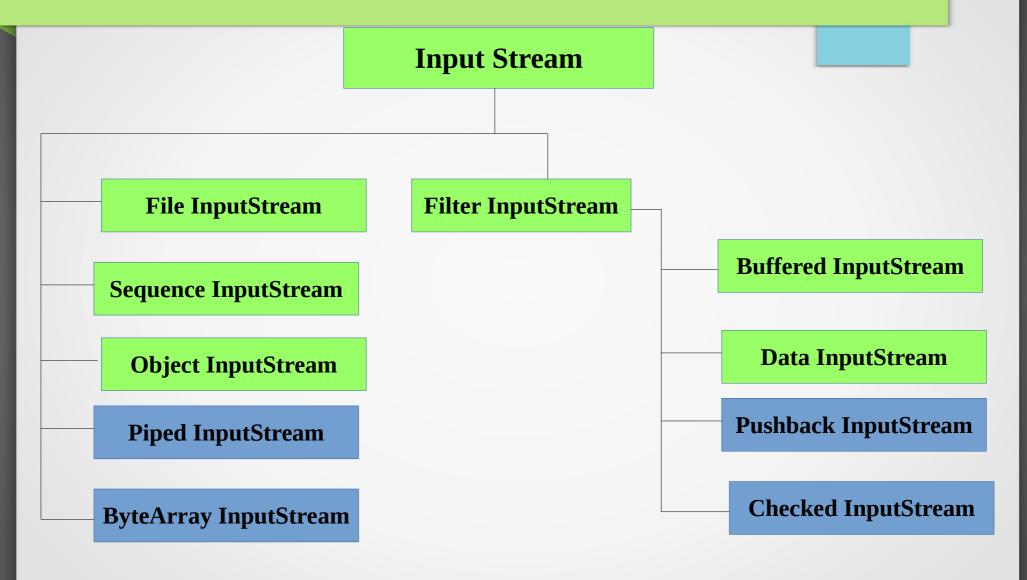
Method	Purpose
String getPath()	Return the path of the invoking object
String getParent()	Return the name of parent directory.
String getAbsolutePath()	Return the absolute path of the invoking object
Boolean isHidden()	Return true if the File object is hidden , otherwise false
Boolean setReadOnly()	Sets the file of the invoking object to read only mode , return true on successful setting other wise false
Void deleteOnExit()	Deletes the file of the invoking object upon the termination of Java Virtual Machine.

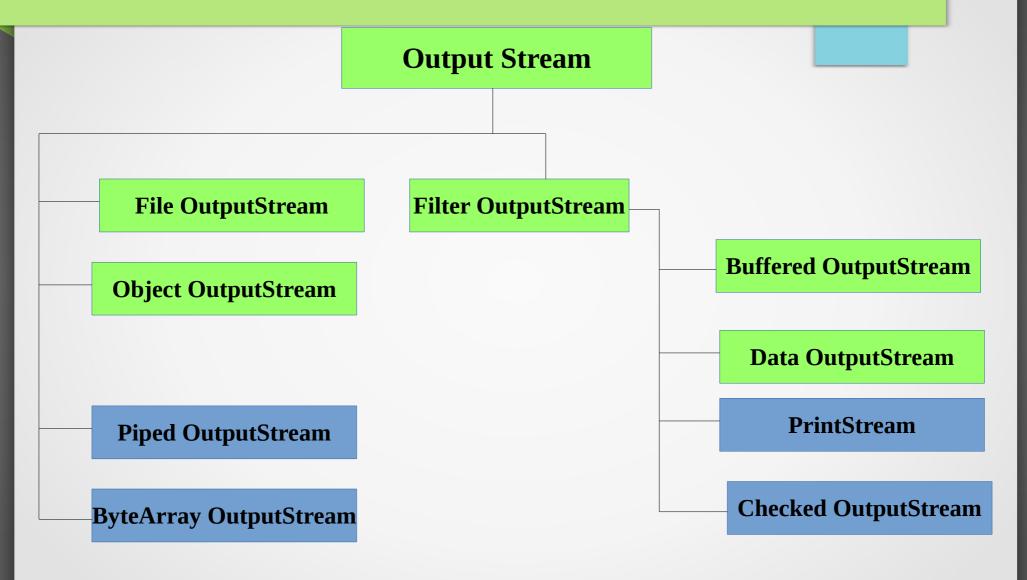
UNIT -1 File Class

FileDemo.java

- I/O Operation of Byte Stream are handle by
 - InputStream class (Abstract Class)
 - OutputStream class (Abstract Class)
- I/O Operation of Character Stream are handle by
 - Reader class (Abstract Class)
 - Writer class (Abstract Class)
- The I/O related classed are available in java.io package







UNIT -1 Byte Stream

- I/O Operation of Byte Stream are handle by
 - InputStream class (Abstract Class)
 - This stream, accesses the data as a sequence of Bytes. All types other than character or text are dealth in this stream.
 - This class is Abstract class, so object of this class cannot be created object. But object reference of this type can be declared.

UNIT -1 Byte Stream- Methods of Input Stream Class

Method	Purpose of the Method
abstract int read()	Reads one byte and returns an int representation of that byte; returns -1 at the end of the system
int read (byte ba[])	Reads into an array of bytes 'ba' and returns the number of b.length bytes returns -1 at the end of the stream
int read (byte ba[], int end, int length)	Reads length number of bytes into the byte array 'ba', starting at ba[end] and returns the number of bytes read; returns -1 at the end of the stream
void close()	Closes the input stream
void mark(int marklen)	Puts a mark at the current position and remembers it until marklen bytes are read

UNIT -1 Byte Stream- Methods of Input Stream Class

Method	Purpose of the Method
boolean marksupported()	Returns true if the stream supports mark ()
void reset ()	The read control is reset to the previous set mark.
int available ()	Return the number of bytes available for reading
long skip(long m)	Skips 'm' bytes of the input stream and returns the actual number of bytes skipped

UNIT -1 Byte Stream- Methods of Output Stream Class

Method	Purpose
abstract void write(int b)	Writes a single byte b to an output stream
void write (byte b[])	Writes a array of byte b to an output stream
<pre>void write (byte b[], int off, int len)</pre>	Writes len number of bytes starting from b[off] to an output stream
void close ()	Closes the output stream
void flush()	Flushes the output buffer; that is sends any buffered byte to its destination

UNIT -1 Disk File Handling

Input Stream

File Input Stream

Output Stream

File Output Stream

UNIT -1 Disk File Handling

- FileInput Stream Class
 - This class is used to read bytes from a disk file.
 - FileInput Stream class has follow constructor:
 - FileInputStream(String fileName)
 - FileInputStream(File Object)
 - Both the Constructors can throw FileNotFoundException

UNIT -1 Disk File Handling File Reading using File Input Stream

Readbyte.java

UNIT -1 Disk File Handling

- FileOutput Stream Class
 - This class is used to write bytes into a disk file.
 - FileInput Stream class has follow constructor:
 - FileOutputStream(String fileName)
 - FileOutputStream(File Object)
 - FileOutputStream(String fileName, boolean append)
 - All the Constructors can throw IOException or a SecurityException

Output Stream Class

- FileWriteDemo.java
- ReadAndWrite.java
- File_read_write.java

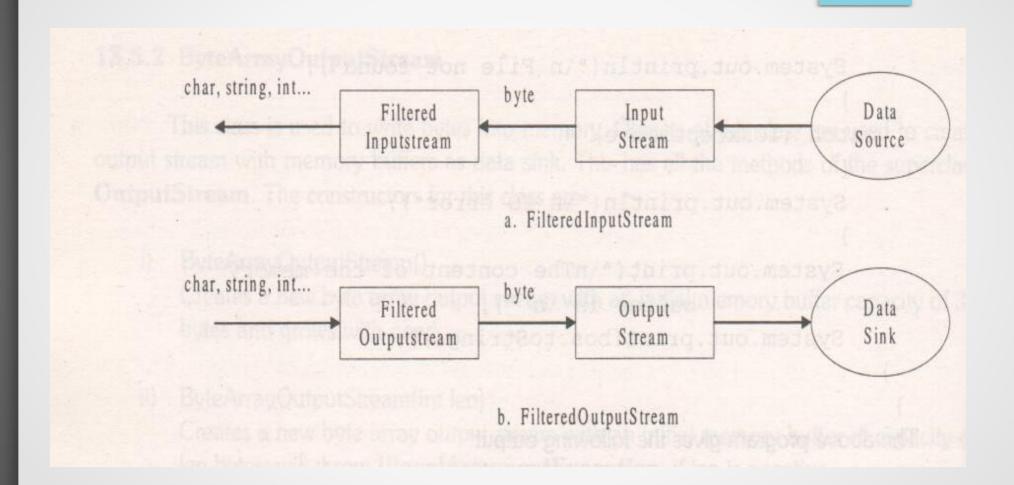
Practics

- Create a java programme in which, Read data from keyboard and write it into binary file.
- Create a java programme, it read data from two different file and mearge into third binary file.

UNIT -1 Filtered Byte Stream

- The basic byte streams access the data in byte form.
- For **converting bytes to useful forms** such as char, string, int etc. **Java hava several streams**.
- These streams work on other streams and convert between byte to useful form or vice versa.
- Such Streams that can take other stream as argument are called filtered streams.
- The java has
 - FilterInputStream class
 - FilterOutputStream class

UNIT -1 Filtered Byte Stream



UNIT -1 BufferedInputStream

- BufferedInputStream is a subclass of FilterInputStream class.
- With the use of this class byte can be read and store in a buffer memory before sending it to the destination, once the buffer is full, the bytes can be sent to the destination.
- BufferInputStream class has follow constructor:
 - BufferedInputStream(InputStream ins);
 - BufferedInputStream(InputStream ins, int size);

Bufinput.java

UNIT -1 BufferedOutputStream

- BufferedOutputStream is a subclass of FilterOutputStream class.
- With the use of this class byte can be write and store in a buffer memory before sending it to the destination, once the buffer is full, the bytes can be sent to the destination.
- BufferedOutputStream class has follow constructor:
 - BufferedOutputStream(OutputStream ous);
 - BufferedOutputStream(OutputStream ous, int size);

Bufwrite.java

UNIT -1 DataInputStream Class

- It is a subclass of FilterInputStream class.
- This class helps to convert the bytes from an underlying stream to basic type char, byte, int etc.
- DataInputStream class has follow constructor:
 - DataInputStream(Inputstream ins)

Methods of DataInputStream Class

Method	Purpose
int read (byte[] b)	Read bytes into the byte array b returns the numbers of bytes read; returns -1 at the end of the stream.
int read (byte[] b, int off, int len)	Read bytes into the byte array b starting at b[off], len number of bytes, returns the total numbers of bytes read , returns -1 at the end of the file.
<pre>void readFully(byte[] b)</pre>	Reads bytes into the byte array b, the maximum bytes read being the capacity of the byte array.
Boolean readBoolean()	Reads a boolean value from the input stream
Byte readByte()	Reads an 8bit signed byte from the input stream
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Methods of DataInputStream Class

Method	Purpose
short redShort()	Reads two bytes from the input stream and treats it as 16-bit int
char readInt()	Read two bytes from the inut stream and treats its as a 16 bit unicode character.
long readLong()	Read 8 bytes from the input stream and treats it as a long
float readFloat()	Reads 4 bytes of the input stream and treats it as a float
<pre>void readFully(byte[] b, int off, int len)</pre>	Read bytes into b, starting at b[off], len number of bytes

Methods of DataInputStream Class

Method	Purpose
int skipBytes(int n)	Skips n bytes and returns the actual number of bytes skipped.
int readInt()	Read 4 bytes from the input stream and treats it as an int.
double readDouble()	Read 8 bytes from the input stream and treat it as a double.

UNIT -1 DataOutputStream Class

- It is a subclass of FilterOutputStream class.
- This class helps to convert the basic type to bytes and pass it to an underlaying output stream.
- Constructure :
 - DataOutputStream(OutputStream ous)

Methods of DataOutputStream Class

Method	Purpose
void write(int b)	Write the lower 8 bits of b to the underlying output stream
<pre>void write(byte bf[], int off, int len)</pre>	Write len bytes from the byte array bf, starting at bf[off] to the underlying output stream.
void writeBoolean(boolean b)	Write the boolean value b to the underlying output stream as 1 byte value.
void writeByte(int in)	Write the int value as byte value to the underlying stream.
void writeShort(int in)	Write a short to the underlying output stream as two bytes, the high byte is written first.

Methods of DataOutputStream Class

Method	Purpose
void writeChar(int in)	Write a char as 2 byte value to the underlying stream.
void writeInt(int in)	Write an int as 4 bytes to the underlying stream.
void writeLong(long ln)	Write a long as 8 bytes to the underlying stream.
void writeFloat(float f)	Converts the float to an int using a special metod and writes the int as 4 bytes to the underlying stream.
void writeDouble(double d)	Converts the double to a long using a special method and writes the long as 8 bytes to the underlying output stream

Methods of DataOutputStream Class

Method	Purpose
void writeBytes(String s)	Write the String s as a sequence of bytes to the underlying ouput stream after discarding its high 8 bits
void writeChars(String s)	Write the String s as a sequence of characters to the underlying output stream.
void flush()	Sends the buffered bytes to the ouput stream

DataInputStream / DataOutputStream Class

Dataoutput1.java

ObjectOutputStream Class

- It is a subclass of OutputStream.
- This class helps to write objects to an output stream as a series of bytes.
- Object Written and Read should be in the same order.
- Java provide mechanism to convernt the object to bytes.
 This process of conversion of an object to a byte is called serialization.
- The class whose object is to be sent to the ObjectOutputStream, has to Serializable.

ObjectOutputStream Class

- ObjectOutputStream class has follow constructor:
 - ObjectOutputStream(OutputSteam ous);

Methods of ObjectOutputStream Class

Method	Purpose of the Method
void writeObject(object ob)	Writes the specified object to the ObjectOutputStream
void write(int b)	Write a single byte to the stream.
void write(byte[] b)	Write an array of bytes to the stream
<pre>void write(byte[], int off, int len)</pre>	Write a subrange of array of bytes of b, Starting at b[off], len bytes to the stream.
void drain()	Drains any buffered data to the stream
void close()	Close the stream
<pre>void writeBoolean(boolean b)</pre>	Write a boolean to the stream

Methods of ObjectOutputStream Class

Method	Purpose of the Method
void writeByte(int in)	Writes a byte to the stream.
void writeShort(int in)	Write a 16 bits short to the stream.
void writeChar(int ch)	Write a 16 bits char to the stream.
void writeInt(int in)	Write a 32-bits int to the stream.
void writeLong(long ln)	Write a 64 bits long to the stream.
void writeFloat(float fl)	Write a 32 bits float to the stream.
void writeDoble(double db)	Write a 64 bits double to the stream.

Methods of ObjectOutputStream Class

Method	Purpose of the Method
void writeBytes(String s)	Writes String s as a seuence of bytes to the stream.
void writeChars(String s)	Write String s as a sequence of chars
void writeUTF(String s)	Write the String s in UTF format

Programmes for the Objectoutput strems:

- Objectoutput1.java
- Objectoutput2.java

ObjectInputStream Class

- It is a subclass of InputStream.
- This class helps to read objects from input stream as a series of bytes.
- This stream, deserialization is done.
- That is, the data are read from the ObjectInputStream and objects are reconstructed from bytes.
- Only objects that supports the Serializable interface can be read from the stream.

ObjectInputStream Class

- ObjectInputStream class has follow constructor:
 - ObjectInputStream(InputSteam ous);

Methods of ObjectInputStream Class

Method	Purpose of the Method
object readObject()	Read an object from the stream
int read()	Reads a byte of data, return -1 at the end of the stream
<pre>int readByte(byte[] b, int off, int len)</pre>	Read bytes from the stream into byte array starting at b[off] len bytes, returns the actual number of bytes or -1 when the end of the stream is reached
int available()	Returns the number of bytes that van be read from the stream.
void close()	Close the input stream
boolean readBoolean()	Reads in a boolean
byte readByte()	Reads an 8 bit byte

Methods of ObjectInputStream Class

Method	Purpose of the Method
int readUnsignByte()	Reads an unsigned 8 bit byte
short readShort()	Reads a 16 bits short
int readUnsignedShort()	Read an unsigned 16 bit short
char readChar()	Reads a 16 bits char
int readInt()	Read a 32 bit int
float readFloat()	Reads a 32 bit float
double readDouble	Reads a 64 bit double

Methods of ObjectInputStream Class

Method	Purpose of the Method
<pre>void readFully(byte[] b)</pre>	Reads bytes into b untill all bytes are read
<pre>void readFully(byte[] b, int off, int len)</pre>	Reads bytes into b, starting at b[off], len number of bytes
int skipBytes(int len)	Skips len numbers of bytes, returns the actual number of bytes skipped
String readUTF()	Reads a UTF format String

Programmes for the Objectinput strems:

- Objectinput1.java
- Objectinput2.java

SequenceInputStream Class

- When there are several input streams from which data is to be read, the SequenceInputStream class is used.
- SequenceInputStream class has follow constructor:
 - SequenceInputStream(InputStream inps1, InputStream inps2)
 - SequenceInputStream(Enumeration Enumstream)

Sequenceinput.java

Random Access Files

- Disk oriented random access files are handle in the RandomAccessFile class.
- This stream is an isolated file stream. It as no superclass except for the super Object.
- It also called instant access files or direct access files.
- When any file with large number of data, in particular random access file is vary useful.
- It implements the DataInput and DataOutput interface.
- Hence, methods in RandomAccessFile, DataInputStream and DataOutputStream are common.

Random Access Files

- RandomAccessFile class has follow constructor:
 - RandomAccessFile(String file, String access)
 - Value is "r" for read only
 - Value is "rw" for read and write
 - RandomAccessFile(File fobnect, String access)

Methods of RandomAccessFile Class

Method	Purpose of the Method
long getFilePointer()	Returns the current location of the file pointer.
void seek(long len)	Sets the file pointer to len position from the beginning of the file.
long length	Returns the length of the file in bytes
void setLength(long, newsize)	Sets the length of this file to the size newsize

Programmes for the RandomAccessFile:

- Randomfilewrite.java
- Randomfileread.java

UNIT 1 COMPLETED

- Assignment Submission Date
 - Theory 14 / 08 /2020
 - Practical / 7/ 2018
- CEC Date
 - Theory 07 / 08 / 2020
 - Practical 06 / 08 / 2020