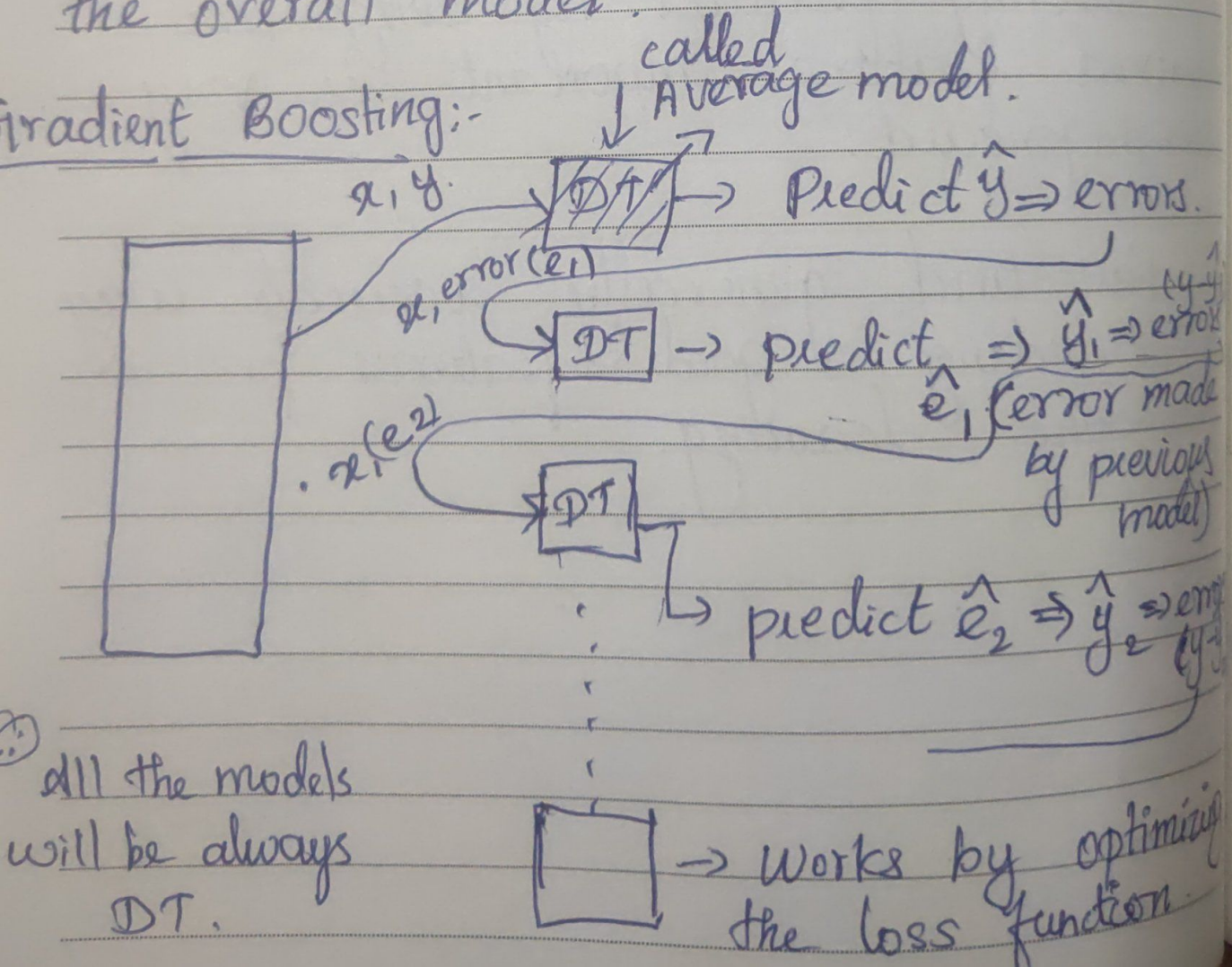


# BOOSTING ALGORITHM:-

- Ensemble Technique ( Bagging , Random Forest )
- Sequential Process.

→ Works on the principle of improving mistakes of the previous learner through the next learner.

→ It boosts the performance of the overall model.





## Types of Boosting :-

- Gradient Boosting
- Extreme Gradient Boosting (XGB)
- AdaBoost.
- 
- Light GB.

## Steps in GB:-

- ① We will create a model base, Average model or most frequency category
- ② Calculate the Residuals from average prediction and actual values.
- ③ Now create another model  $RM_1$  (Residual model) which will take residuals as target.  
[Residuals - errors]
- ④ We have New predicted residual value, now we will calculate new predicted target value.



⑤ Now we have residuals again (actual - predicted) and new model RM2 will fit again on the residues as target and will predict new residues until no. of estimators reached or residuals becomes 0.

$$\text{Final o/p} = \text{o/p of Base model} + \eta \text{RM1} + \eta \text{RM2} + \eta \text{RM3} + \dots + \eta \text{RMn}.$$

$\eta \rightarrow$  learning rate (range 0 to 1)  
(always take small value)

$\hookrightarrow$  regularizing the parameter because it reduce the overfitting.

XGB:-

$\rightarrow$  Same Mathematical Concept as Gradient Boosting.

$\rightarrow$  But it has extra computation resources.



→ Advancement of GB.

→ Speed & Performance are good

→ Controls overfitting (Auto pruning)

→ Parallelization (multi core parallel processing).