

electric-vechile-project

October 5, 2024

```
[ ]: import pandas as pd
```

```
[ ]: df = pd.read_csv(r"C:\Users\Srikanth\Downloads\INTERNSHIP FILES\Electric_
↳vechile project\dataset.csv")
df
```

```
[ ]:
      VIN (1-10)      County      City State      Postal Code      Model Year \
0      JTMEB3FV6N      Monroe      Key West      FL      33040      2022
1      1G1RD6E45D      Clark      Laughlin      NV      89029      2013
2      JN1AZ0CP8B      Yakima      Yakima      WA      98901      2011
3      1G1FW6S08H      Skagit      Concrete      WA      98237      2017
4      3FA6P0SU1K      Snohomish      Everett      WA      98201      2019
...      ...      ...      ...      ...      ...
112629      7SAYGDEF2N      King      Duvall      WA      98019      2022
112630      1N4BZ1CP7K      San Juan      Friday Harbor      WA      98250      2019
112631      1FMCU0KZ4N      King      Vashon      WA      98070      2022
112632      KNDCD3LD4J      King      Covington      WA      98042      2018
112633      YV4BR0CL8N      King      Covington      WA      98042      2022
```

```

      Make      Model      Electric Vehicle Type \
0      TOYOTA      RAV4 PRIME      Plug-in Hybrid Electric Vehicle (PHEV)
1      CHEVROLET      VOLT      Plug-in Hybrid Electric Vehicle (PHEV)
2      NISSAN      LEAF      Battery Electric Vehicle (BEV)
3      CHEVROLET      BOLT EV      Battery Electric Vehicle (BEV)
4      FORD      FUSION      Plug-in Hybrid Electric Vehicle (PHEV)
...      ...      ...      ...
112629      TESLA      MODEL Y      Battery Electric Vehicle (BEV)
112630      NISSAN      LEAF      Battery Electric Vehicle (BEV)
112631      FORD      ESCAPE      Plug-in Hybrid Electric Vehicle (PHEV)
112632      KIA      NIRO      Plug-in Hybrid Electric Vehicle (PHEV)
112633      VOLVO      XC90      Plug-in Hybrid Electric Vehicle (PHEV)
```

```

      Clean Alternative Fuel Vehicle (CAFV) Eligibility      Electric Range \
0      Clean Alternative Fuel Vehicle Eligible      42
1      Clean Alternative Fuel Vehicle Eligible      38
2      Clean Alternative Fuel Vehicle Eligible      73
3      Clean Alternative Fuel Vehicle Eligible      238
```

4	Not eligible due to low battery range	26
...
112629	Eligibility unknown as battery range has not b...	0
112630	Clean Alternative Fuel Vehicle Eligible	150
112631	Clean Alternative Fuel Vehicle Eligible	38
112632	Not eligible due to low battery range	26
112633	Not eligible due to low battery range	18

	Base MSRP	Legislative District	DOL Vehicle ID \
0	0	NaN	198968248
1	0	NaN	5204412
2	0	15.0	218972519
3	0	39.0	186750406
4	0	38.0	2006714
...
112629	0	45.0	217955265
112630	0	40.0	103663227
112631	0	34.0	193878387
112632	0	47.0	125039043
112633	0	47.0	194673692

	Vehicle Location \
0	POINT (-81.80023 24.5545)
1	POINT (-114.57245 35.16815)
2	POINT (-120.50721 46.60448)
3	POINT (-121.7515 48.53892)
4	POINT (-122.20596 47.97659)
...	...
112629	POINT (-121.98609 47.74068)
112630	POINT (-123.01648 48.53448)
112631	POINT (-122.4573 47.44929)
112632	POINT (-122.09124 47.33778)
112633	POINT (-122.09124 47.33778)

	Electric Utility	2020 Census Tract
0	NaN	12087972100
1	NaN	32003005702
2	PACIFICORP	53077001602
3	PUGET SOUND ENERGY INC	53057951101
4	PUGET SOUND ENERGY INC	53061041500
...
112629	PUGET SOUND ENERGY INC CITY OF TACOMA - (WA)	53033032401
112630	BONNEVILLE POWER ADMINISTRATION ORCAS POWER &...	53055960301
112631	PUGET SOUND ENERGY INC CITY OF TACOMA - (WA)	53033027702
112632	PUGET SOUND ENERGY INC CITY OF TACOMA - (WA)	53033032007
112633	PUGET SOUND ENERGY INC CITY OF TACOMA - (WA)	53033032005

[112634 rows x 17 columns]

```
[ ]: df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 112634 entries, 0 to 112633
Data columns (total 17 columns):
 #   Column                                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
 0   VIN (1-10)                           112634 non-null object
 1   County                               112634 non-null object
 2   City                                 112634 non-null object
 3   State                               112634 non-null object
 4   Postal Code                          112634 non-null int64
 5   Model Year                           112634 non-null int64
 6   Make                                 112634 non-null object
 7   Model                               112614 non-null object
 8   Electric Vehicle Type                112634 non-null object
 9   Clean Alternative Fuel Vehicle (CAFV) Eligibility 112634 non-null object
10   Electric Range                       112634 non-null int64
11   Base MSRP                           112634 non-null int64
12   Legislative District                 112348 non-null float64
13   DOL Vehicle ID                      112634 non-null int64
14   Vehicle Location                    112610 non-null object
15   Electric Utility                    112191 non-null object
16   2020 Census Tract                   112634 non-null int64
dtypes: float64(1), int64(6), object(10)
memory usage: 14.6+ MB
```

```
[ ]: df.duplicated().sum()
```

```
[ ]: 0
```

```
[ ]:
```

```
[ ]: df['Model'].value_counts()
```

```
[ ]: Model
MODEL 3      23135
MODEL Y      17142
LEAF        12880
MODEL S       7377
BOLT EV       4910
...
745LE         2
S-10 PICKUP    1
SOLTERRA       1
```

```

918          1
FLYING SPUR    1
Name: count, Length: 114, dtype: int64

```

```
[ ]: df['Model'] = df['Model'].fillna(df['Model'].mode()[0])
```

```
[ ]:
```

```
[ ]: df['Legislative District'].describe()
```

```

[ ]: count    112348.000000
     mean      29.805604
     std      14.700545
     min       1.000000
     25%      18.000000
     50%      34.000000
     75%      43.000000
     max      49.000000
     Name: Legislative District, dtype: float64

```

```
[ ]: df['Legislative District'] = df['Legislative District'].fillna(df['Legislative_
    ↪District'].mean())
```

```
[ ]:
```

```
[ ]: df['Vehicle Location'].value_counts()
```

```

[ ]: Vehicle Location
POINT (-122.13158 47.67858)    2916
POINT (-122.2066 47.67887)    2059
POINT (-122.1872 47.61001)    2001
POINT (-122.31765 47.70013)    1880
POINT (-122.12096 47.55584)    1852
...
POINT (-124.33152 48.05431)      1
POINT (-77.41203 39.41574)      1
POINT (-123.61022 46.35588)      1
POINT (-112.04165 40.68741)      1
POINT (-116.91895 47.40077)      1
     Name: count, Length: 758, dtype: int64

```

```
[ ]: df['Vehicle Location'] = df['Vehicle Location'].fillna(df['Vehicle Location'].
    ↪mode()[0])
```

```
[ ]:
```

```
[ ]: df['Electric Utility'].value_counts()
```

```
[ ]: Electric Utility
      PUGET SOUND ENERGY INC||CITY OF TACOMA - (WA)
      40247
      PUGET SOUND ENERGY INC
      22172
      CITY OF SEATTLE - (WA)|CITY OF TACOMA - (WA)
      21447
      BONNEVILLE POWER ADMINISTRATION||PUD NO 1 OF CLARK COUNTY - (WA)
      6522
      BONNEVILLE POWER ADMINISTRATION||CITY OF TACOMA - (WA)||PENINSULA LIGHT COMPANY
      5053
      ...
      BONNEVILLE POWER ADMINISTRATION||PENINSULA LIGHT COMPANY
      1
      BONNEVILLE POWER ADMINISTRATION||PUD NO 1 OF ASOTIN COUNTY
      1
      CITY OF SEATTLE - (WA)
      1
      BONNEVILLE POWER ADMINISTRATION||NESPELEM VALLEY ELEC COOP, INC
      1
      BONNEVILLE POWER ADMINISTRATION||PUD NO 1 OF CLALLAM COUNTY|PUD NO 1 OF
      JEFFERSON COUNTY          1
      Name: count, Length: 73, dtype: int64
```

```
[ ]: df['Electric Utility'] = df['Electric Utility'].fillna(df['Electric Utility'].
      ↪mode()[0])
```

```
[ ]: df.isna().sum()
```

```
[ ]: VIN (1-10)          0
      County             0
      City               0
      State              0
      Postal Code        0
      Model Year         0
      Make               0
      Model              0
      Electric Vehicle Type 0
      Clean Alternative Fuel Vehicle (CAFV) Eligibility 0
      Electric Range     0
      Base MSRP          0
      Legislative District 0
      DOL Vehicle ID     0
      Vehicle Location   0
      Electric Utility    0
      2020 Census Tract  0
      dtype: int64
```

```
[ ]: df.to_csv('Electric Vechile data')
```

```
[ ]: import os
os.getcwd()
```

```
[ ]: 'C:\\Users\\Srikanth\\INNOMATICS FILES\\INTERNSHIP'
```

1 Task 1: This is an open ended problem. Apply Exploratory Data Analysis (Univariate and Bivariate) on the dataset available above.

```
[ ]: df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
```

```
RangeIndex: 112634 entries, 0 to 112633
```

```
Data columns (total 17 columns):
```

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	VIN (1-10)	112634 non-null	object
1	County	112634 non-null	object
2	City	112634 non-null	object
3	State	112634 non-null	object
4	Postal Code	112634 non-null	int64
5	Model Year	112634 non-null	int64
6	Make	112634 non-null	object
7	Model	112634 non-null	object
8	Electric Vehicle Type	112634 non-null	object
9	Clean Alternative Fuel Vehicle (CAFV) Eligibility	112634 non-null	object
10	Electric Range	112634 non-null	int64
11	Base MSRP	112634 non-null	int64
12	Legislative District	112634 non-null	float64
13	DOL Vehicle ID	112634 non-null	int64
14	Vehicle Location	112634 non-null	object
15	Electric Utility	112634 non-null	object
16	2020 Census Tract	112634 non-null	int64

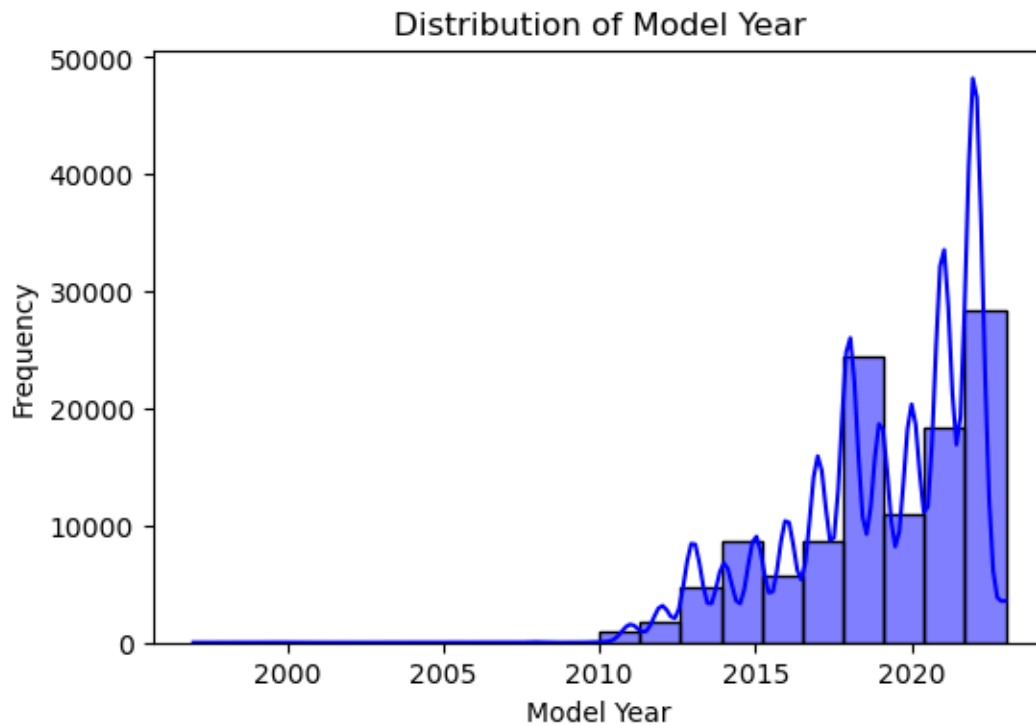
```
dtypes: float64(1), int64(6), object(10)
```

```
memory usage: 14.6+ MB
```

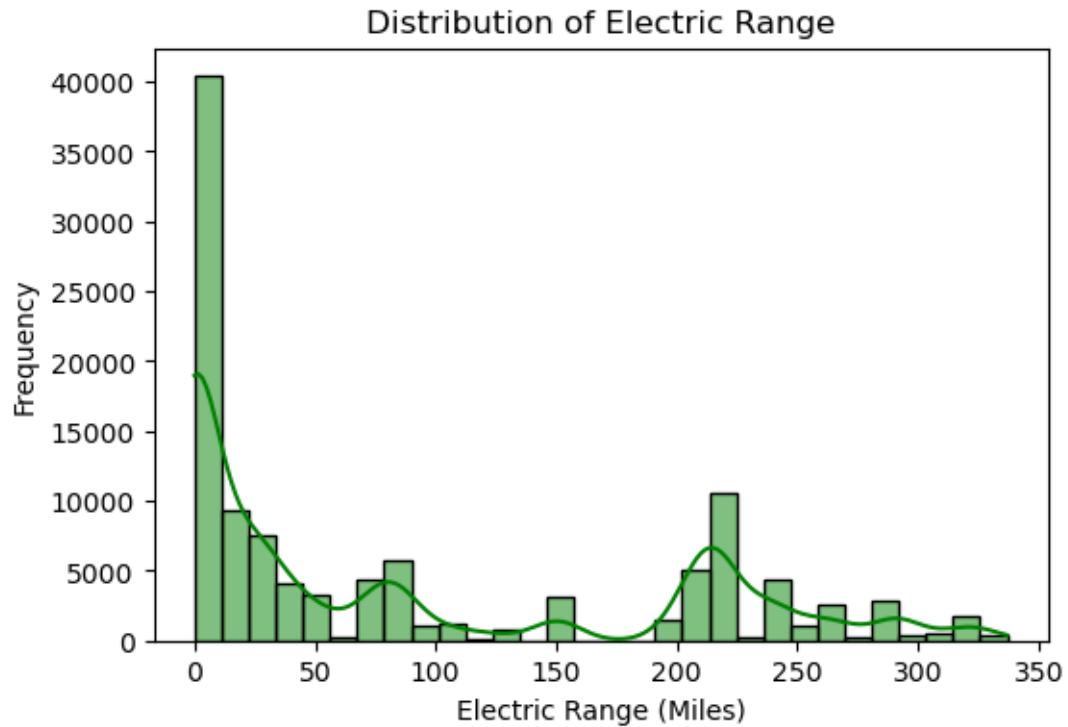
```
[ ]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
```

2 Univariate Analysis

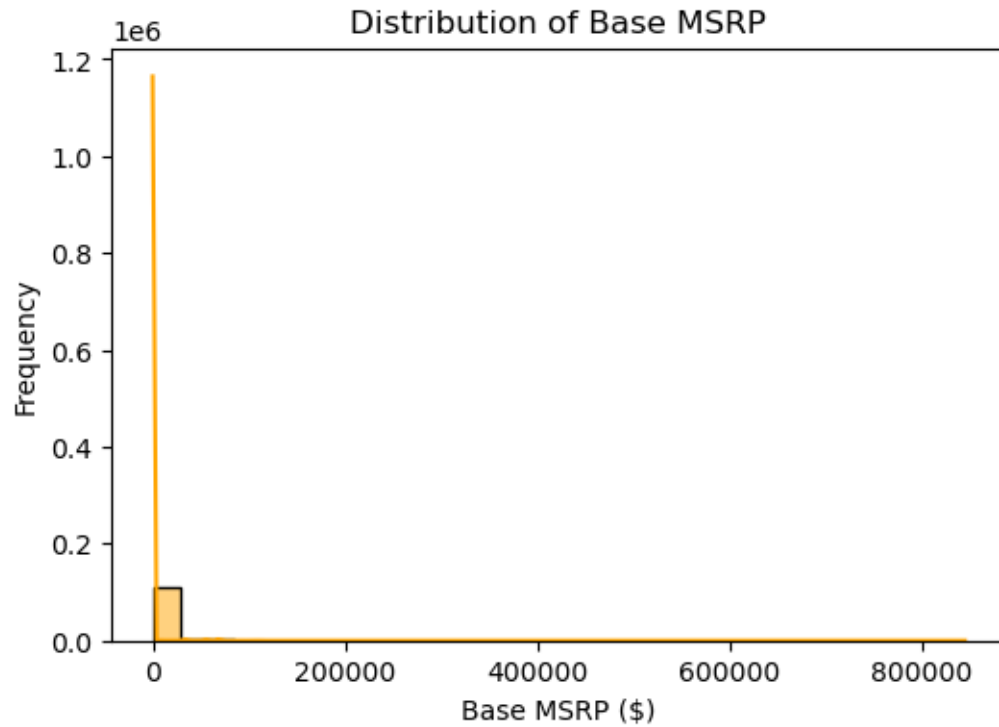
```
[ ]: #Distribution of Model Year
plt.figure(figsize=(6,4))
sns.histplot(df['Model Year'], bins=20, kde=True, color='blue')
plt.title('Distribution of Model Year')
plt.xlabel('Model Year')
plt.ylabel('Frequency')
plt.show()
```



```
[ ]: #Distribution of Electric Range
plt.figure(figsize=(6,4))
sns.histplot(df['Electric Range'], bins=30, kde=True, color='green')
plt.title('Distribution of Electric Range')
plt.xlabel('Electric Range (Miles)')
plt.ylabel('Frequency')
plt.show()
```



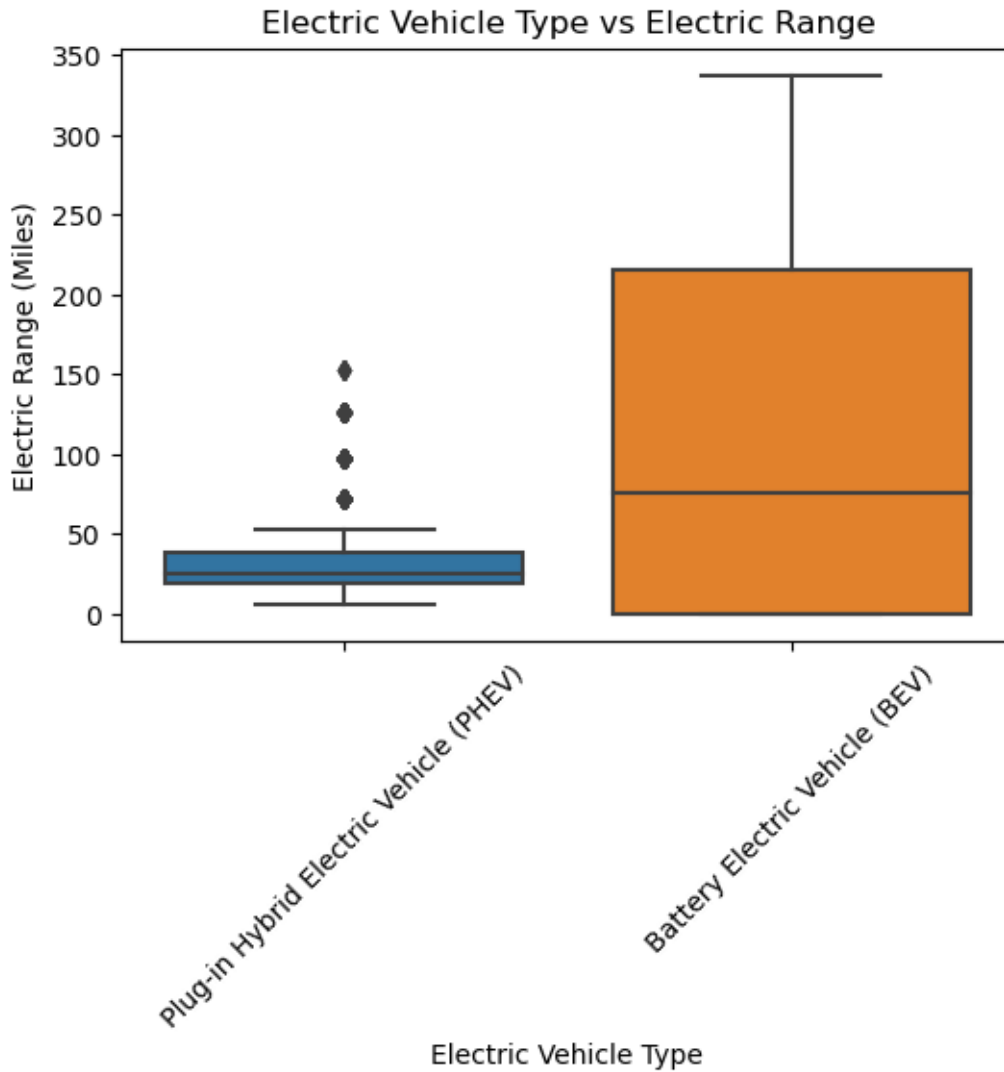
```
[ ]: #Distribution of Base MSRP
plt.figure(figsize=(6,4))
sns.histplot(df['Base MSRP'], bins=30, kde=True, color='orange')
plt.title('Distribution of Base MSRP')
plt.xlabel('Base MSRP ($)')
plt.ylabel('Frequency')
plt.show()
```

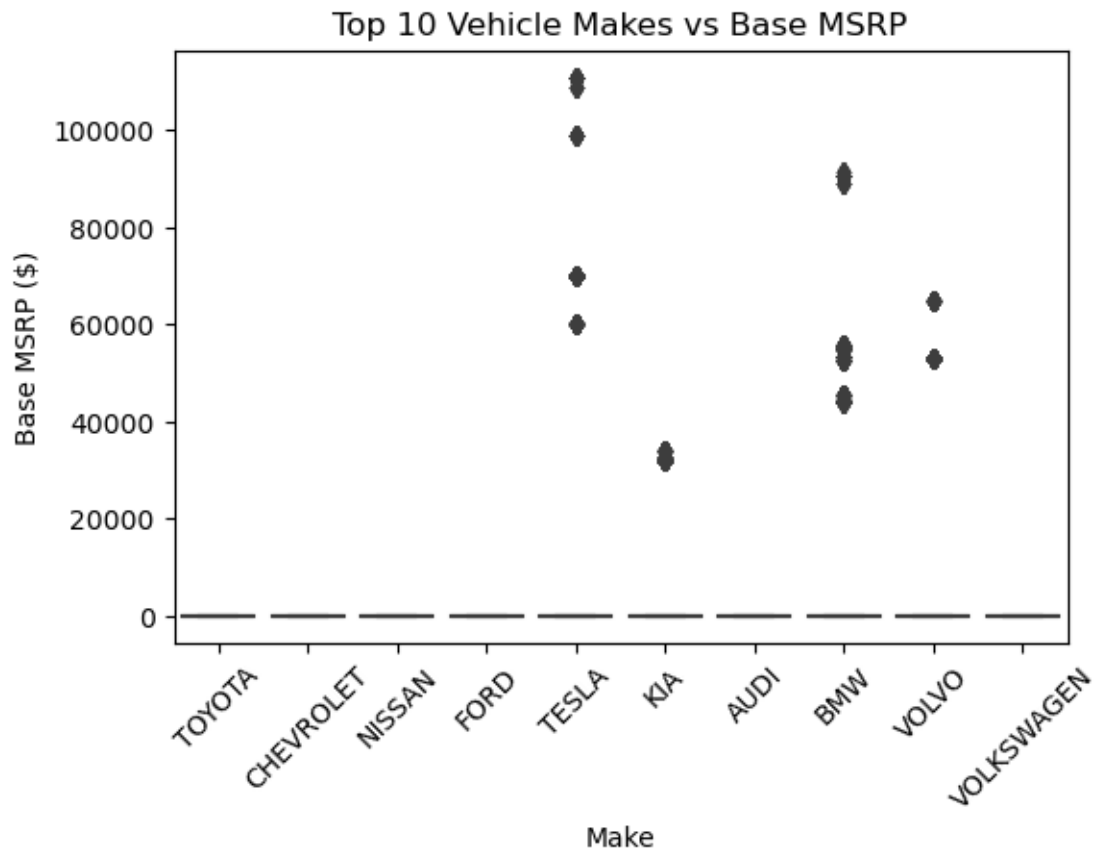
[]:

3 Bivariate Analysis

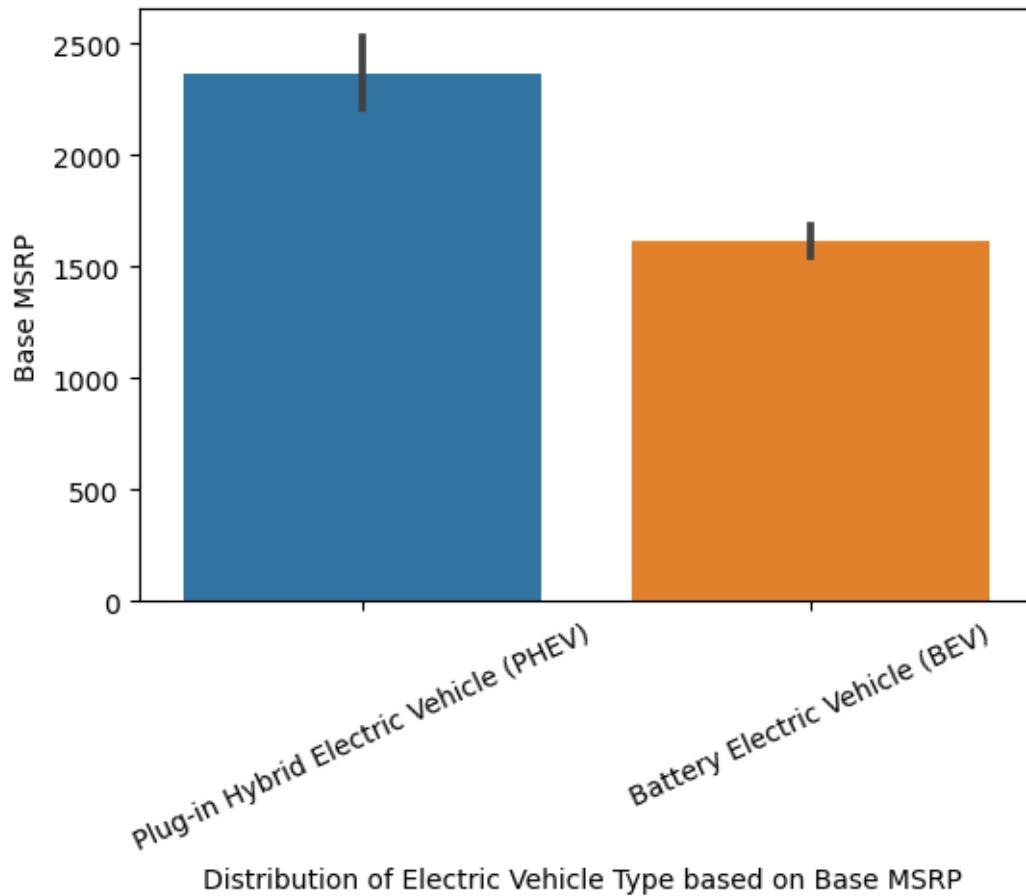
```
[ ]: # Electric Vehicle Type vs Electric Range
plt.figure(figsize=(6,4))
sns.boxplot(x='Electric Vehicle Type', y='Electric Range', data=df)
plt.title('Electric Vehicle Type vs Electric Range')
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.ylabel('Electric Range (Miles)')
plt.show()
```



```
[ ]: #Make vs Base MSRP
plt.figure(figsize=(6,4))
top_makes = df['Make'].value_counts().nlargest(10).index
sns.boxplot(x='Make', y='Base MSRP', data=df[df['Make'].isin(top_makes)])
plt.title('Top 10 Vehicle Makes vs Base MSRP')
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.ylabel('Base MSRP ($)')
plt.show()
```



```
[ ]: plt.figure(figsize=(6,4))
sns.barplot(x='Electric Vehicle Type', y='Base MSRP',data=df)
plt.xticks(rotation = 25)
plt.xlabel('Distribution of Electric Vehicle Type based on Base MSRP ')
plt.ylabel('Base MSRP')
plt.show()
```



```
[ ]:
```

4 Task 2: Create a Choropleth using plotly.express to display the number of EV vehicles based on location.

```
[ ]: !pip install plotly
```

Requirement already satisfied: plotly in c:\users\srikanth\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (5.9.0)

Requirement already satisfied: tenacity>=6.2.0 in c:\users\srikanth\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from plotly) (8.2.2)

```
[ ]: import plotly.express as px
```

```
[ ]: state_data = df.groupby('State')['VIN (1-10)'].count().reset_index()
state_data.columns = ['State', 'EV Count']
```

```
fig = px.choropleth(state_data,
                    locations='State',
                    locationmode='USA-states',
                    color='EV Count',
                    color_continuous_scale='Blues',
                    scope='usa',
                    labels={'EV Count': 'Number of EV Vehicles'},
                    title='Number of Electric Vehicles by State')

fig.show()
```

5 Scatter Plot using plotly.express

Note - Scatter Plot is a bivariate plot. Bivariate means it requires two variables / features / columns. You should make a note that both the variables should be real numerical valued.

```
[ ]: fig = px.scatter(df,
                    x='Base MSRP',
                    y='Electric Range',
                    color='Electric Vehicle Type',
                    title='Scatter Plot of Electric Range vs Base MSRP',
                    labels={'Base MSRP': 'Base MSRP ($)', 'Electric Range': '↵
↵Electric Range (Miles)'},
                    hover_data=['Make', 'Model'])

fig.show()
```

6 Box Plot using plotly.express

Note - Box Plot can be used to create a univariate or bivariate plot. For a univariate box plot, the column type should be real numerical. For a bivariate box plot, one column should be categorical and another column should be real numerical. Below is an example of code for bivariate box plot.

```
[ ]: fig = px.box(df,
                 x='Electric Vehicle Type',
                 y='Base MSRP',
                 title='Box Plot of Base MSRP by Electric Vehicle Type',
                 labels={'Base MSRP': 'Base MSRP ($)', 'Electric Vehicle Type': 'EV↵
↵Type'},
                 hover_data=['Make', 'Model'])

fig.show()
```

7 Pie Chart Plot using plotly.express

Note - Pie Chart Plot can be used to create a bivariate plot. For a bivariate pie chart plot, one column should be categorical and another column should be real numerical. Below is an example of code for the plot. names: It should be categorical column values: It should be numeric column

```
[ ]: vehicle_type_count = df.groupby('Electric Vehicle Type')['VIN (1-10)'].count().
      ↪reset_index()
vehicle_type_count.columns = ['Electric Vehicle Type', 'Count']

# Create a pie chart
fig = px.pie(vehicle_type_count,
             names='Electric Vehicle Type',
             values='Count',
             title='Distribution of Electric Vehicles by Type',
             labels={'Electric Vehicle Type': 'EV Type', 'Count': 'Number of_
      ↪Vehicles'})

# Show the pie chart
fig.show()
```

```
[ ]:
```

8 Task 3: Create a Racing Bar Plot to display the animation of EV Make and its count each year.

```
[ ]: !pip install bar-chart-race
```

```
Requirement already satisfied: bar-chart-race in
c:\users\srikanth\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (0.1.0)
Requirement already satisfied: pandas>=0.24 in
c:\users\srikanth\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from bar-chart-race) (2.0.3)
Requirement already satisfied: matplotlib>=3.1 in
c:\users\srikanth\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from bar-chart-race) (3.7.2)
Requirement already satisfied: contourpy>=1.0.1 in
c:\users\srikanth\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from matplotlib>=3.1->bar-chart-
race) (1.0.5)
Requirement already satisfied: cycler>=0.10 in
c:\users\srikanth\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from matplotlib>=3.1->bar-chart-
race) (0.11.0)
Requirement already satisfied: fonttools>=4.22.0 in
c:\users\srikanth\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from matplotlib>=3.1->bar-chart-
race) (4.25.0)
Requirement already satisfied: kiwisolver>=1.0.1 in
c:\users\srikanth\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from matplotlib>=3.1->bar-chart-
race) (1.4.4)
```

Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.20 in
c:\users\srikanth\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from matplotlib>=3.1->bar-chart-
race) (1.24.3)

Requirement already satisfied: packaging>=20.0 in
c:\users\srikanth\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from matplotlib>=3.1->bar-chart-
race) (23.1)

Requirement already satisfied: pillow>=6.2.0 in
c:\users\srikanth\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from matplotlib>=3.1->bar-chart-
race) (9.4.0)

Requirement already satisfied: pyparsing<3.1,>=2.3.1 in
c:\users\srikanth\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from matplotlib>=3.1->bar-chart-
race) (3.0.9)

Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2.7 in
c:\users\srikanth\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from matplotlib>=3.1->bar-chart-
race) (2.8.2)

Requirement already satisfied: pytz>=2020.1 in
c:\users\srikanth\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from pandas>=0.24->bar-chart-
race) (2023.3.post1)

Requirement already satisfied: tzdata>=2022.1 in
c:\users\srikanth\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from pandas>=0.24->bar-chart-
race) (2023.3)

Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.5 in c:\users\srikanth\anaconda3\lib\site-
packages (from python-dateutil>=2.7->matplotlib>=3.1->bar-chart-race) (1.16.0)

```
[ ]: import bar_chart_race as bcr
```

```
[ ]: import plotly.express as px
import pandas as pd

# Group the data by 'Model Year' and 'Make' to get the count of vehicles each
↳year
make_year_data = df.groupby(['Model Year', 'Make'])['VIN (1-10)'].count().
↳reset_index()
make_year_data.columns = ['Model Year', 'Make', 'Count']

# Create an animated bar chart using Plotly
fig = px.bar(make_year_data,
             x='Make',
             y='Count',
             color='Make',
             animation_frame='Model Year',
             animation_group='Make',
             range_y=[0, make_year_data['Count'].max() + 100],
             title='Electric Vehicle Makes Over Time',
             labels={'Count': 'Number of Vehicles', 'Make': 'EV Make'})

# Show the animated bar chart
```

```
fig.show()
```

```
[ ]:
```

```
[ ]:
```

```
[ ]:
```