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## Marathi Pluralization for Nouns and Adjectives

### Marathi Pluralization —

- For feminine nouns, the ending of the word can change to (-i), (-a), or (-ya) in the plural form.
- Pronouns or verbs used with feminine nouns are also converted to end with (-ya).

```
vowels=['a','e','i','o','u']
def fem(word):
    x = tuple(v for v in word if v not in vowels)
    majhi = ('a','ya',*x)
def get_singular(word):
    if word == 'majhi':
        return 'majhi'
    if word.endswith('i'):
        return word[:-1]+'ya'
def fem(word):
    if word.endswith('o'):
        return word[:-1]+'a'
    else:
        return word[:-1]+'ya'
print(fem('majhi'))
print(fem('bayako'))
print(fem('stri'))
```

```
majhya
bayaka
strya
```

Masculine nouns typically remain the same in the plural form, with the pronouns or verbs used with them having (-e) added to them.

```
vowels=['a','e','i','o','u']
def masc(word):
    x = tuple(v for v in word if v not in vowels)
    phala = ('a','ya',*x)
def get_singular(word):
    if word == 'phala':
        return 'phala'
def masc(word):
    if word.endswith('a'):
        return word[:-1]+'e'
    else:
        return word[:]
print(masc('phala'))
print(masc('phuga'))
print(masc('manus'))
print(masc('navra'))
```

phale  
phuge  
manus  
navre

---

Neuter is marked by converting the a to e, e to i, u to i as shown below

```
vowels=['a','e','i','o','u']
def neuter(word):
    x = tuple(v for v in word if v not in vowels)
    pana = ('e','i',*x)
def get_singular(word):
    if word == 'pana':
        return 'pana'
def neuter(word):
    if word.endswith('a'):
        return word[:-1]+'e'
    if word.endswith('e'):
        return word[:-1]+'i'
    if word.endswith('u'):
        return word[:-1]+'i'
    else:
        return word[:]
print(neuter('pana'))
print(neuter('pate'))
print(neuter('pillu'))
```

pane  
pati  
pille

---

Gender	Masculine	Feminine	Neuter
Singular	Plural		
a	e		e
u			e
e			i
i		ya	
o		a	

## Adjective

The pluralization of adjectives depends on the gender of the noun they are modifying. There are three genders in Marathi: masculine, feminine, and neutral.

```
def pluralize_adj(adj, noun_gender):
    if noun_gender == 'm':
        if adj.endswith('a'):
            return adj[:]
        elif noun_gender == 'f':
            if adj.endswith('a'):
                return adj[:-1] + 'i'
            else:
                return adj + 'i'
        else:
            if adj.endswith('a'):
                return adj[:-1] + 'e'
            else:
                return adj + 'e'

print(pluralize_adj('changla', 'm')) # prints 'changle'
print(pluralize_adj('changla', 'f'))
print(pluralize_adj('changla', 'n'))
print(pluralize_adj('fəhana', 'm'))
print(pluralize_adj('fəhana', 'f'))
print(pluralize_adj('fəhana', 'n'))
```

```
changla
changli
changle
fəhana
fəhani
fəhane
```

Gender	Masculine	Feminine	Neuter
Singular	Plural		
a	a	i	e