

## ***PROJECT TITLE:***

# **STUDENT PLACEMENT ANALYTICS**

**Problem Statement :** Develop a **Python-based dashboard** to analyze student placement data (year-wise, branch-wise, and company-wise) and provide insights such as top recruiters and company-wise hiring records with horizontal scrolling support.

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## PROBLEM STATEMENT:

The Placement Cell currently maintains student and company placement data but lacks advanced analytical insights. This makes it difficult to evaluate **year-wise, branch-wise, and company-wise placement trends, identify top recruiters, and review hiring records** effectively. A centralized analytics system is required to transform raw placement data into interactive insights for better decision-making.

## Project Overview :

This project develops a **Python-based Student Placement Analytics Dashboard** powered by **Streamlit** and **MySQL**. It provides year-wise, branchwise, and company-wise placement analysis, top recruiter identification, CGPA placement distribution, and horizontally scrollable company-wise hiring records. The interactive dashboard supports filtering by batch, department, and company, enabling the Placement Cell to make data-driven decisions with ease.

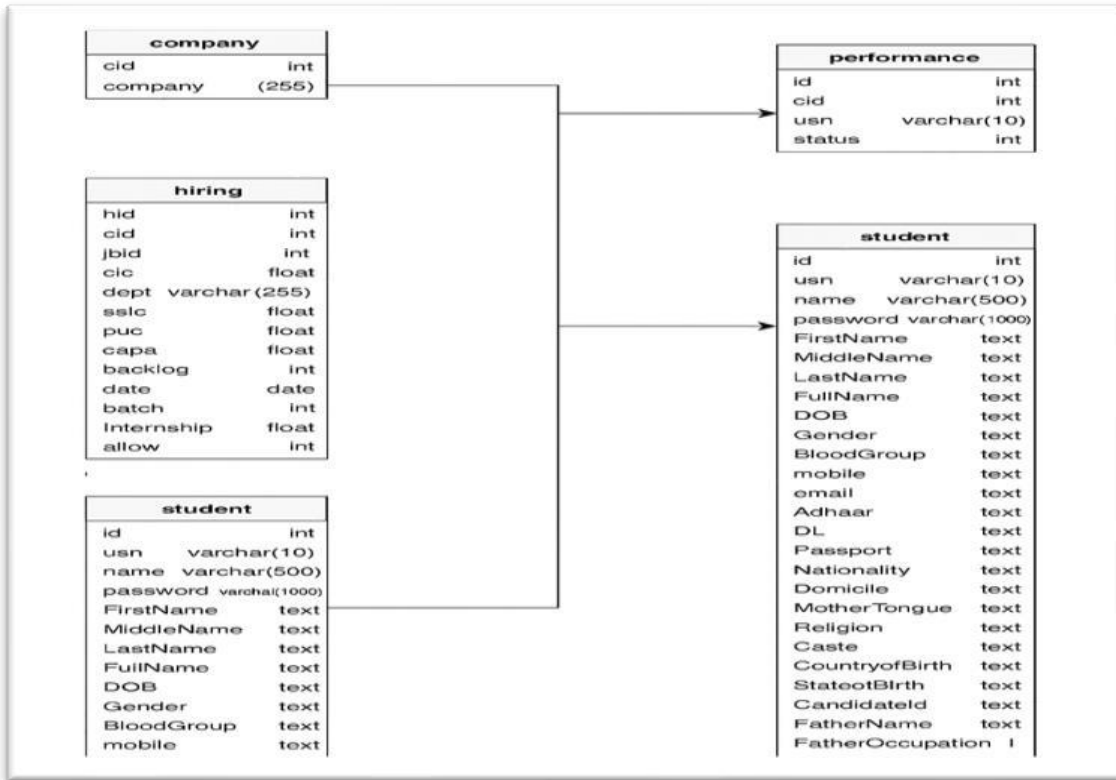
## Dataset Description :

The system uses placement-related datasets stored in a MySQL database with the following tables:

1. **student** – Stores student academic details (ID, Name, Batch, Branch, CGPA, etc.).
2. **student1** – Contains extended student info such as email, gender, and contact details.
3. **company** – Records details of recruiting companies (Company ID, Company Name, Domain, etc.).

4. **performance** – Tracks student performance in recruitment rounds (Aptitude, GD, Technical, HR, etc.).
5. **hiring** – Contains final hiring decisions, offer status, and recruitment outcomes.

### ER Diagram:



# Features Implemented :

## 1. Year-wise Placement Analysis

- a. Placement data is analyzed batch-wise, with the current year automatically detected from the system date.

## 1. Branch-wise Placement Analysis

- a. Placement statistics are compared across different branches to identify department-level performance.

## 2. Company-wise Analytics

- a. Provides details of top recruiters.
- b. Hiring records are displayed in a horizontally scrollable format for easy comparison across companies.

## 3. Placement Statistics Overview

- a. Displays the total number of students placed, not placed, and the overall conversion ratio (eligible vs placed).

## 4. Interactive Visualization

- a. Donut and bar charts present placement distribution in a visually intuitive way.
- b. Trends can be analyzed interactively for better decision-making.

## 5. Data Cleaning & Standardization

- a. Inconsistencies in branch names (e.g., *AI&DS* vs *AI & DS*) are resolved for accurate analytics.

# Future Enhancements :

## 1. Predictive Modeling

- a. Implement machine learning models to predict student placement probability based on academic records, skills, and past placement trends.

## 2. Salary Insights

- a. Extend the system to include salary-based analytics (highest, average, lowest) for better evaluation of placement quality.

## Technical Architecture :

### 1. Data Layer (Storage & Input)

- **Datasets Used:** Student details, company data, performance records, and hiring information (CSV/Excel format).
- **Data Handling:** Pandas is used for loading, cleaning, merging, and transforming datasets.

### 2. Processing Layer (Backend Logic)

- **Language:** Python
- **Libraries:** Pandas, NumPy
- **Responsibilities:**
  - Data preprocessing (filtering, merging student–company–hiring records).
  - Aggregations (year-wise, branch-wise, company-wise statistics).
  - Preparing datasets for visualization (counts, percentages, KPIs).

### 3. Analytics & Visualization Layer (Application Layer)

- **Framework:** Streamlit (used to build the dashboard).
- **Visualization Libraries:** Plotly (interactive charts), Matplotlib (basic plots).
- **Features Implemented:**
  - Year-wise placement statistics.
  - Branch-wise & company-wise placement analysis.
  - Donut charts for placement distribution.
  - Horizontally scrollable company-wise hiring records.

### 4. Presentation Layer (User Interface)

- **Interface:** Streamlit web-based dashboard.
- **Output:** ○ Interactive visualizations, Scrollable tables for hiring data.

# Code Walkthrough :

## db\_config.py : Database Configuration

```
import mysql.connector

def get_connection():    try:        conn =
mysql.connector.connect(    host="localhost",
user="root",            password="",        # Your MySQL
password              database="statistics", # Your DB name
                        port=3307    # Change to actual port from XAMPP
    )        return conn    except
mysql.connector.Error as err:        print(f"MySQL
connection error: {err}")        return None
```

### Explanation:

- Provides a reusable function `get_connection()` to establish connection with **MySQL database**.
- Ensures flexibility to change credentials/port.
- Includes error handling to capture connection failures.

## 2. data\_loader.py : Data Loading & Integration

```
import pandas as pd
import mysql.connector
from datetime import datetime
from db_config import get_connection

def load_all_data():
    conn = get_connection()

    student1_df = pd.read_sql("SELECT * FROM student1",
conn)
    student2_df = pd.read_sql("SELECT * FROM student", conn)
    company_df = pd.read_sql("SELECT * FROM company",
conn)
    performance_df = pd.read_sql("SELECT * FROM
performance", conn)
    hiring_df = pd.read_sql("SELECT *
FROM hiring", conn)

    query = """
    SELECT s.usn, s.name, s.dept, s.batch, s.cgpa,
p.status, c.company
    FROM student s
    LEFT JOIN performance p ON s.usn = p.usn
    LEFT JOIN company c ON p.cid = c.cid;
    """

    combined_df = pd.read_sql(query, conn)

    conn.close()
    return student1_df, student2_df, company_df,
performance_df, hiring_df, combined_df
```

### Explanation:

- Imports all required tables (student1, student, company, performance, hiring).



- Runs an **SQL join query** to generate a consolidated dataset `combined_df` that merges students with their performance & company data.
- Returns multiple dataframes for downstream analysis in the dashboard.

### 3. `dashboard.py` – Main Streamlit Dashboard

#### a. Imports & Status Mapping

```
import streamlit as st
import pandas as pd
import plotly.express as px
from src.data_loader import load_all_data
from plotly.subplots import make_subplots
import plotly.graph_objects as go

STATUS_MAP = {
    0: "Not Eligible",
    1: "Unable to Clear 1st Round",
    2: "Unable to Clear GD",
    3: "Unable to Clear Technicals",
    4: "Unable to Clear HR",
    9: "Shortlisted",
    10: "Placed"
}
```

#### Explanation:

- Loads visualization (plotly) and dashboard (streamlit) libraries.
- Defines a **status mapping dictionary** to convert numeric status codes into readable labels.

## b. Helper Functions

```
def map_status(status_code):  
    return STATUS_MAP.get(status_code, "Unknown")
```

- Converts raw status codes into human-readable text.

```
def apply_filters(df, batch_filter, dept_filter,  
company_filter=None):  
# Applies batch, department, and company filters  
dynamically
```

- Implements **filtering logic** for interactive selection (batch, department, company).

```
def compute_kpis(student_filtered_df, filtered_df):  
    total_students = student_filtered_df['id'].nunique()  
    total_placed =  
    filtered_df[filtered_df['status'].isin([9,  
10])]['id'].nunique()  
    return total_students, total_placed
```

- Computes **key performance indicators (KPIs)** → total students vs placed students.

## c. Main Dashboard Flow

```
def main():  
    st.set_page_config(page_title="Student Placement
```

```
Analysis", layout="wide")    st.title("🎓 Student  
Placement Analysis Dashboard")
```

```
    @st.cache_data    def  
get_all_data():        return  
load_all_data()
```

- Sets up **page layout & title**.
- Uses `@st.cache_data` to **cache results** and avoid redundant DB queries.

#### d. Sidebar Filters

```
st.sidebar.header("🔍 Filters")  
selected_batch = st.sidebar.selectbox("Select Batch",  
["All", "Last 3 Years"] + all_batches)  
selected_dept = st.sidebar.selectbox("Select Department",  
["All"] + all_departments)  
selected_company = st.sidebar.selectbox("Select Company",  
["All"] + all_companies)
```

#### Explanation:

- Interactive **filters** allow users to refine analysis dynamically.
- Supports "All", "Last 3 Years", or specific selection.

#### e. KPI Metrics

```
col1, col2, col3 = st.columns(3) col1.metric("Total  
Students", total_students) col2.metric("Placed  
(Shortlisted + Placed)", total_placed) Explanation:
```

- Displays **summary KPIs** in cards for quick insights.

#### f. Placement Status Visualization

```
fig_status = px.bar(  
    status_counts,  
    x='Status', y='Percentage', color='Status',  
    title='Placement Status (%)',  
    text=status_counts['Percentage'].map("{:.1f}%".format)  
)  
st.plotly_chart(fig_status, use_container_width=True)
```

#### Explanation:

- Creates a **bar chart** showing percentage distribution of placement statuses (Not Eligible, Shortlisted, Placed, etc.).

#### g. Batch & Branch Analysis

```
fig_batch = px.bar(  
    batch_stats,  
    x='batch', y='count', color='status_text',  
    barmode='stack',  
    title='Batch-wise Placement Status'  
)  
st.plotly_chart(fig_batch, use_container_width=True)
```

- **Batch-wise** stacked bar chart for placement progress.

```
branch_stats = filtered_df.groupby(['branch',  
    'status_text']).size().unstack(fill_value=0)  
st.bar_chart(branch_stats)
```

- **Branch-wise** distribution of placement outcomes.

## h. Top Recruiters

```
def get_top_companies(df):  
    placed = df[df['status'].isin([9, 10])]    return  
placed['company'].value_counts().head(10)
```

- Identifies **top recruiting companies** by number of placed students.

## i. CGPA Placement Analysis (Donut Charts)

```
fig = make_subplots(rows=1, cols=2, specs=[[{'type':  
'domain'}, {'type': 'domain'}]],  
subplot_titles=['All Students CGPA Distribution', 'Placed  
Students CGPA Distribution'])fig.add_trace(go.Pie(...), row=1,  
col=1)fig.add_trace(go.Pie(...), row=1, col=2)  
st.plotly_chart(fig, use_container_width=True)
```

### Explanation:

- Creates **side-by-side donut charts** comparing:
  - Distribution of all students across CGPA ranges.
  - Distribution of **only placed students** across CGPA ranges.

## j. Hiring Records (Sticky Table + Download)

```
pivot_df = filtered_df.pivot_table(  
index=['id', 'name', 'dept', 'batch'],  
columns='company',  
values='status_text',    aggfunc='first'  
) .reset_index()
```

- Creates a **pivot table** of hiring records (students × companies).

```
st.markdown(custom_css, unsafe_allow_html=True)
st.markdown(f'<div class="sticky-
wrapper">{table_html}</div>', unsafe_allow_html=True)
st.download_button(label=" Download CSV",
data=pivot_df.to_csv(index=False).encode('utf-8'), ...)
```

- Uses **custom CSS** to make first 4 columns sticky & horizontally scrollable.
- Adds **CSV export button** for offline analysis.

## k. Entry Point

```
if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()
```

- Ensures that dashboard runs only when executed directly.

# Setup Instructions :

## 1. Install Required Software

- Install **Python 3.9+**
- Install **MySQL Server** (e.g., via XAMPP or WAMPP).
- Install a **code editor** (VS Code ).

## 2. Create & Configure Database

1. Open MySQL and create a database:  
CREATE DATABASE statistics

2. Create required tables:

- a. student
- b. company
- c. hiring
- d. Performance

### 3. Install Python Dependencies

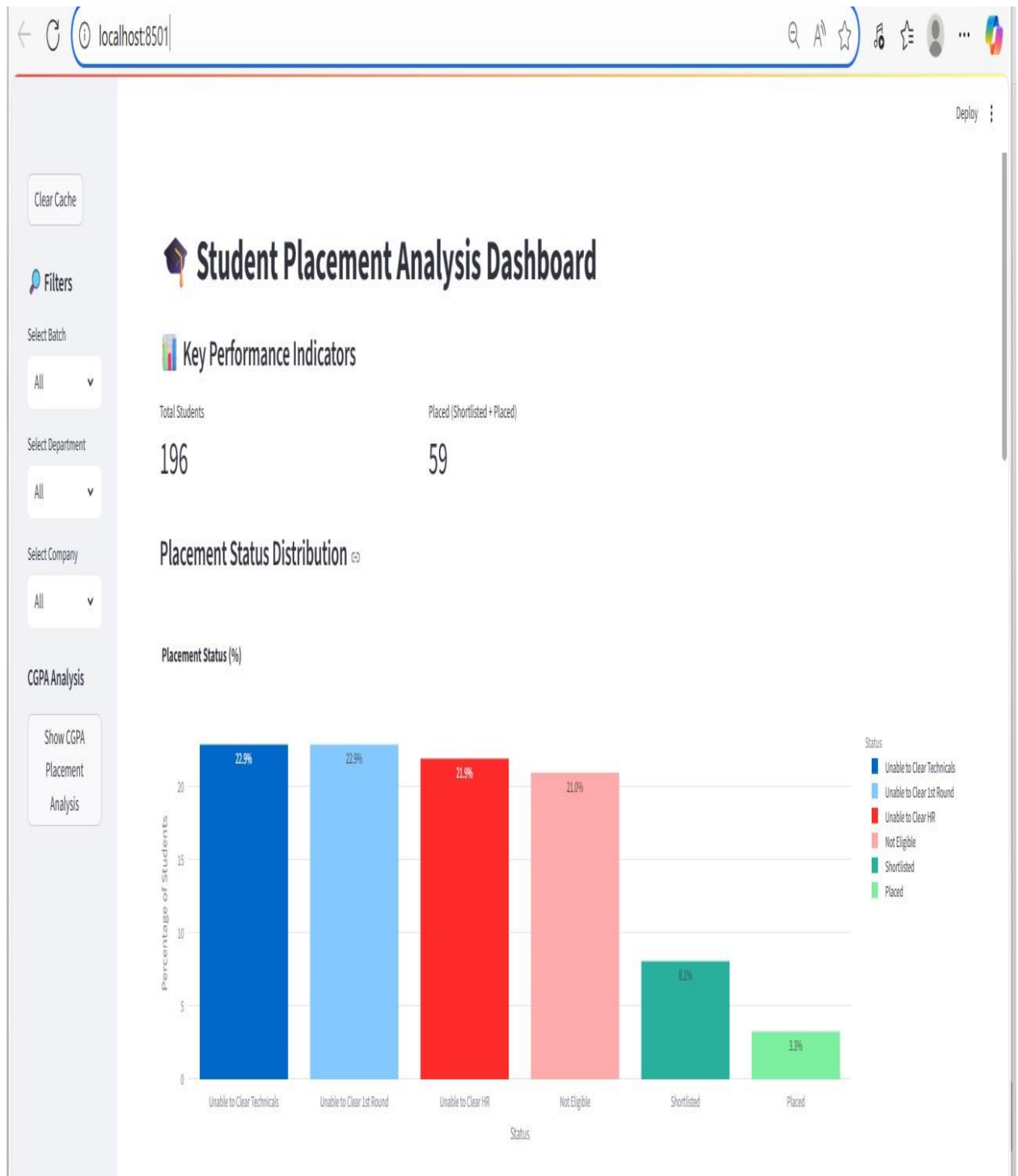
Open terminal in your project folder and run:

```
pip install pandas pymysql streamlit plotly
```

**4.Run the Dashboard** *python -m streamlit run  
src/dashboard.py*

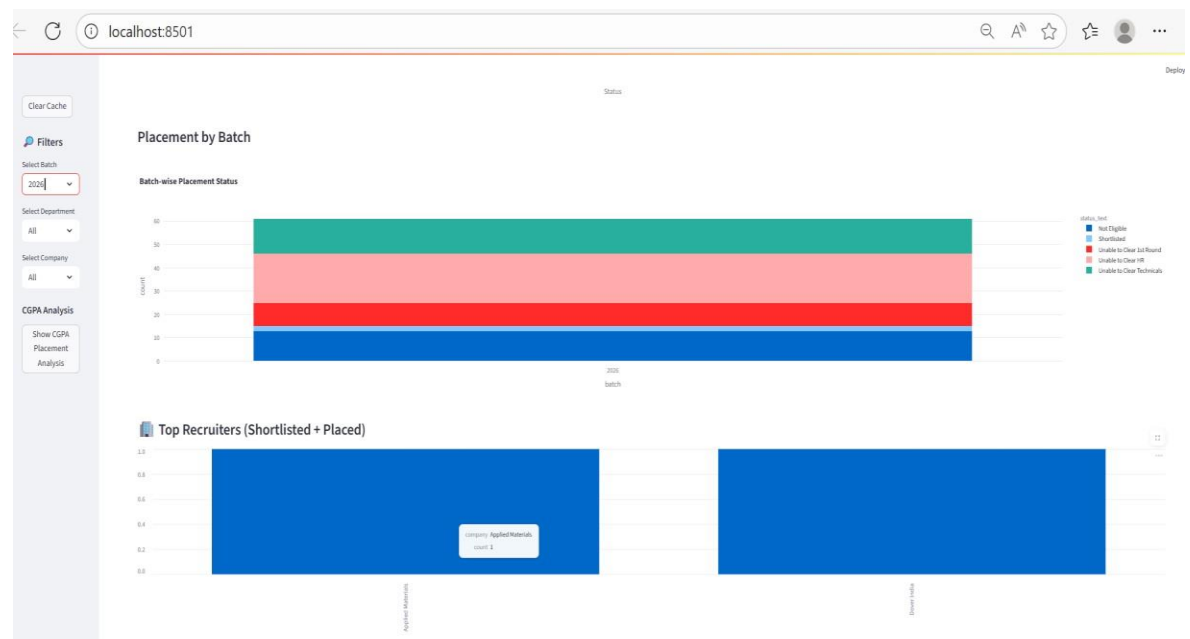
This will launch the dashboard in your **browser**  
(default: <http://localhost:8501>).

# Screenshots : Overall Placement Analysis

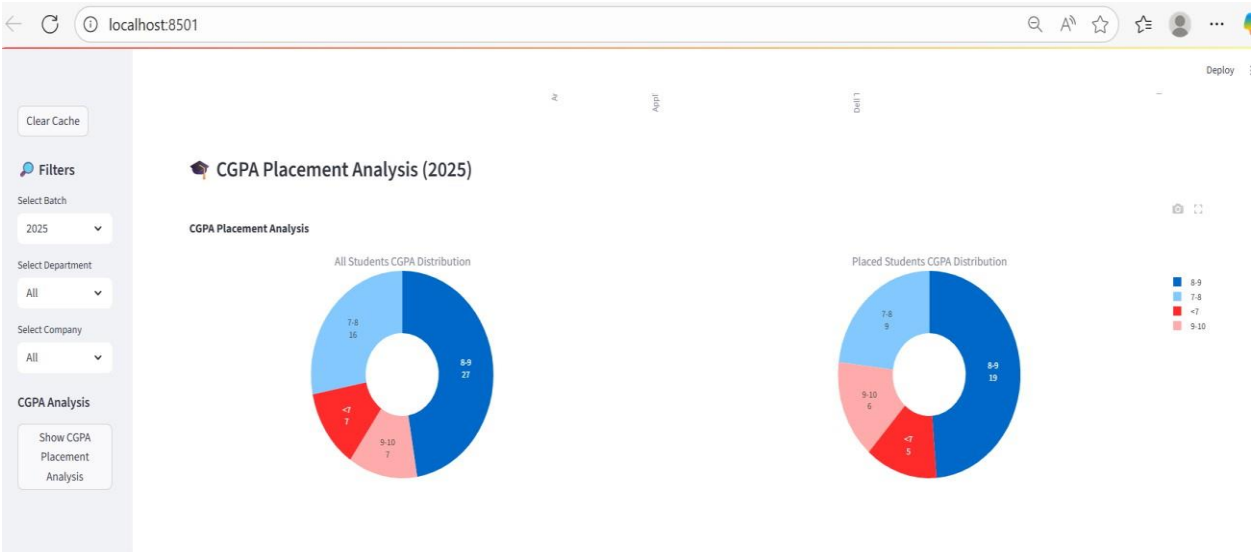




# Placement By Batch and Top Recruiters



# CGPA Placement Analysis



# Displaying Hiring Records

Hiring Records

35	Razia Roshan	CSE(AI&ML)	2025	Cappemini	Dell Technologies	Dover India	Ecolab	Ericsson	Glow Touch	HPE R&D	Honeywell	L&T Technology
36	Rijutha S	CSE(AI&ML)	2025	Null	Null	Shortlisted	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null
37	Sahana K R	CSE(AI&ML)	2025	Null	Null	Shortlisted	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null
38	Saniha S Jain	ECE	2026	Null	Null	Shortlisted	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null
39	Sanjana Nambiar	CSE(AI&ML)	2025	Null	Shortlisted	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null
40	Sanjana S Gowda	CSE(AI&ML)	2025	Null	Shortlisted	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null
41	Sanjitha Harish	CSE(AI&ML)	2025	Null	Shortlisted	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null
42	Sasanakota Ramesh Bhuvana	CSE(AI&ML)	2025	Null	Null	Null	Shortlisted	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null
43	Shreya M	CSE(AI&ML)	2025	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Shortlisted	Null	Null	Null
45	Sinchana K P	CSE(AI&ML)	2025	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null
46	Smitha M	CSE(AI&ML)	2025	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null

Download CSV