Lab Assignment 3

1. To find Largest of Three Numbers Ans. #!/bin/bash

Script to find the largest of three numbers

```
echo "Enter first number:"
read a
echo "Enter second number:"
read b
echo "Enter third number:"
read c
```

if [\$a -ge \$b] && [\$a -ge \$c]; then
 echo "\$a is the largest"
elif [\$b -ge \$a] && [\$b -ge \$c]; then
 echo "\$b is the largest"

else
echo "\$c is the largest"
fi

2. To find a year is leap year or notAns. #!/bin/bash

Script to check if a year is a leap year

echo "Enter a year:" read year

if ((year % 400 == 0)); then
 echo "\$year is a leap year"
elif ((year % 100 == 0)); then
 echo "\$year is not a leap year"
elif ((year % 4 == 0)); then
 echo "\$year is a leap year"
else

echo "\$year is not a leap year"

fi

3. To input angles of a triangle and find out whether it is valid triangle or not

Ans. #!/bin/bash

Input angles of a triangle and check if it's valid

echo "Enter first angle:"

read a

echo "Enter second angle:"

read b

echo "Enter third angle:"

read c

$$sum = ((a + b + c))$$

```
if [ $sum -eq 180 ] && [ $a -gt 0 ] && [ $b -gt 0 ]
&& [ $c -gt 0 ]; then
   echo "It is a valid triangle"
else
   echo "It is NOT a valid triangle"
fi
```

4. To check whether a character is alphabet, digit or special character.

Ans. #!/bin/bash

Check if input character is alphabet, digit, or special character

echo "Enter a character:" read ch

if [[\$ch =~ [A-Za-z]]]; then echo "It is an alphabet"

```
elif [[$ch = [0-9]]; then
  echo "It is a digit"
else
  echo "It is a special character"
fi
5. To calculate profit or loss
Ans.#!/bin/bash
# Calculate profit or loss
echo "Enter Cost Price:"
read cp
echo "Enter Selling Price:"
read sp
if ((sp > cp)); then
  profit=$((sp - cp))
  echo "Profit: ₹$profit"
```

```
elif (( sp < cp )); then
  loss=$((cp - sp))
  echo "Loss: ₹$loss"
else
  echo "No profit, no loss"
fi
6. To print all even and odd number from 1 to 10
Ans. #!/bin/bash
echo "Even numbers from 1 to 10:"
for ((i=1; i<=10; i++)); do
  if ((i \% 2 == 0)); then
    echo -n "$i "
  fi
done
echo -e "\nOdd numbers from 1 to 10:"
for ((i=1; i<=10; i++)); do
```

done

7. To print table of a given number Ans. #!/bin/bash

echo "Enter a number:" read num

echo "Table of \$num:"

for ((i=1; i<=10; i++)); do

echo "\$num x \$i = \$((num * i))"

done

8. To find factorial of a given integer Ans. #!/bin/bash

echo "Enter a number:"

```
read n
fact=1
for ((i=1; i<=n; i++)); do
  fact=$((fact * i))
done
echo "Factorial of $n is $fact"
9. To print sum of all even numbers from 1 to
Ans. #!/bin/bash
sum=0
for ((i=1; i<=10; i++)); do
  if ((i \% 2 == 0)); then
    sum = ((sum + i))
  fi
done
```

```
echo "Sum of even numbers from 1 to 10 is:
$sum"
10. 10. To print sum of digit of any number.
Ans. #!/bin/bash
echo "Enter a number:"
read num
sum=0
while [$num -gt 0]; do
  digit=$((num % 10))
  sum=$((sum + digit))
  num=$((num / 10))
```

echo "Sum of digits is: \$sum"

done

11. To make a basic calculator which performs addition, subtraction, Multiplication, division

Ans. #!/bin/bash

```
echo "Enter first number:"
read a
echo "Enter second number:"
read b
echo "Choose operation: + - * /"
read op
case $op in
  +) result=$((a + b));;
  -) result=$((a - b)) ;;
  \*) result=$((a * b)) ;;
  /)
    if [$b -ne 0]; then
       result=$((a / b))
    else
```

```
echo "Division by zero not allowed"
      exit
    fi
    ;;
  *) echo "Invalid operator"; exit ;;
esac
echo "Result: $result"
12. To print days of a week.
Ans. #!/bin/bash
echo "Days of the week:"
days=("Sunday" "Monday" "Tuesday"
"Wednesday" "Thursday" "Friday" "Saturday")
for day in "${days[@]}"; do
  echo "$day"
done
```

13. To print starting 4 months having 31 days. Ans. #!/bin/bash

```
echo "Starting 4 months having 31 days:"
months=("January" "March" "May" "July")
```

for month in "\${months[@]}"; do
 echo "\$month"

done

- 14. Using functions
- a. To find given number is Amstrong number or not

Ans. #!/bin/bash

```
is_armstrong() {
    num=$1
    sum=0
    temp=$num
```

```
while [$temp-gt 0]; do
    digit=$((temp % 10))
    sum=$((sum + digit * digit * digit))
    temp=$((temp / 10))
  done
  if [$sum -eq$num]; then
    echo "$num is an Armstrong number"
  else
    echo "$num is not an Armstrong number"
  fi
echo "Enter a number:"
read n
is_armstrong $n
```

```
b. To find whether a number is palindrome or
not
Ans. #!/bin/bash
is_palindrome() {
  num=$1
  reverse=0
  temp=$num
  while [$temp-gt 0]; do
    digit=$((temp % 10))
    reverse=$((reverse * 10 + digit))
    temp=$((temp / 10))
  done
  if [$reverse -eq$num]; then
    echo "$num is a palindrome"
  else
```

```
echo "$num is not a palindrome"
  fi
}
echo "Enter a number:"
read n
is_palindrome $n
c. To print Fibonacci series upto n terms
Ans. #!/bin/bash
fibonacci() {
  n=$1
  a=0
  b=1
  echo "Fibonacci series up to $n terms:"
  for ((i=0; i<n; i++)); do
    echo -n "$a "
```

```
fn=$((a + b))
    a=$b
    b=$fn
  done
  echo
}
echo "Enter number of terms:"
read n
fibonacci $n
d. To find given number is prime or composite e.
To convert a given decimal number to binary
equivalent
Ans. #!/bin/bash
is_prime() {
  num=$1
```

```
if [ $num -le 1 ]; then
    echo "$num is not a prime number"
    return
  fi
  for ((i=2; i*i<=num; i++)); do
    if ((num \% i == 0)); then
      echo "$num is a composite number"
      return
    fi
  done
  echo "$num is a prime number"
echo "Enter a number:"
read n
is_prime $n
```

}