CS 335 Semester 2023–2024-II: Assignment 3

19th March 2024

Due Your assignment is due by Apr 1 2024 11:59 PM IST.

General Policies

- You should do this assignment ALONE.
- Do not plagiarize or turn in solutions from other sources. You will be PENALIZED if caught.

Submission

- Submission will be through Canvas.
- Upload a PDF file named "⟨`roll`⟩`-assign3.pdf`" that contains the solutions for the pen-paper problems.
- We encourage you to use the LaTeX typesetting system for generating the PDF file. You can use tools like Tikz, Inkscape, or Draw.io for drawing the automata. You can include a scanned copy of a hand-drawn figure, but MAKE SURE the figure is legible.
- You will get up to TWO LATE days to submit your assignment, with a 25% penalty for each day.

Evaluation

- Write your solutions such that the EXACT output format (if any) is respected (e.g., SDT output).
- We WILL deduct marks if you disregard the listed rules.

Problem 1 **[40 marks]**

Consider the following SDD, where V, W, X, Y, and Z are non-terminals, where V is the starting non-terminal. The attribute *val* in the semantic rules represents a numeric value.

$V \to Y\#W$	$\{V.val = W.val \,\%\, Y.val\}$ where % is modulus operator
$W \to X@Y$	$\{W.val = X.val + Y.val\}$
$X \to X_1 Z$	$\{X.val = X_1.val + 3 \times Z.val\}$
$X \to Z$	$\{X.val = Z.val\}$
$Y \to ZY_1$	$\{Y.val = 2 \times (Z.val + Y_1.val)\}$
$Y \to Z$	$\{Y.val = 3 \times Z.val\}$
$Z \to 3$	$\{Z.val = 3\}$
$Z \to 4$	$\{Z.val = 4\}$

(i) Show the annotated parse tree for the input string 43#43@443.

(ii) What is the value at V computed by the translation scheme for the above input string.

(iii) Explain whether the grammar is S-attributed or L-attributed.

Question 2 **[50 marks]**

We have discussed generating 3AC for array accesses using semantic translations. Consider the following extended grammar with semantic translation.

$S \to \mathbf{id} = E$ $\{gen(symtop.get(\mathbf{id}.lexeme)\text{“}=\text{”}E.addr)\}$

$S \to L = E$ $\{gen(L.array.base\text{“}[\text{”}L.addr\text{“}]\text{”}\text{“}=\text{”}E.addr)\}$

$E \to E_1 - E_2$ $\{E.addr = \mathbf{new}\ Temp(); gen(E.addr\text{“}=\text{”}E_1.addr\text{“}-\text{”}E_2.addr)\}$

$E \to E_1/E_2$ $\{E.addr = \mathbf{new}\ Temp(); gen(E.addr\text{“}=\text{”}E_1.addr\text{“}/\text{”}E_2.addr)\}$

$E \to \mathbf{id}$ $\{E.addr = symtop.get(\mathbf{id}.lexeme)\}$

$E \to L$ $\{E.addr = \mathbf{new}\ Temp(); gen(E.addr\text{“}=\text{”}L.array.base\text{“}[\text{”}L.addr\text{“}]\text{”})\}$

$E \to *E_1$ $\{E.addr = \mathbf{new}\ Temp(); gen(E.addr\text{“}=\text{”}\text{“}*\text{”}E_1.addr)\}$

$L \to \mathbf{id}[E]$ $\{L.array = symtop.get(\mathbf{id}.lexeme); L.type = L.array.type.elem;$
$L.addr = \mathbf{new}\ Temp(); gen(L.addr\text{“}=\text{”}E.addr\text{“}*\text{”}L.type.width)\}$

$L \to L_1[E]$ $\{L.array = L_1.array; L.type = L_1.type.elem;$
$t = \mathbf{new}\ Temp(); L.addr = \mathbf{new}\ Temp();$
$gen(t\text{“}=\text{”}E.addr\text{“}*\text{”}L.type.width); gen(L.addr\text{“}=\text{”}L_1.addr\text{“}+\text{”}t); \}$

Assume the size of integers to be four bytes, and that the arrays are zero-indexed. Let A, B, and C be integer arrays of dimensions 11×8, 12×6, and $10 \times 10 \times 6$, respectively. Construct an annotated parse tree for the expression $C[i][j][k] - A[i][k]/B[i][j]$ and show the 3AC code sequence generated for the expression.

Question 3

[60 marks]

Construct an SDT translation scheme for array expressions using column-major organization of arrays. Use the following grammar.

$$
\begin{aligned}
S &\to \mathbf{id} = E \\
S &\to L = E \\
E &\to E_1 + E_2 \\
E &\to L \\
L &\to \mathbf{id} \\
L &\to \mathbf{id}[Elist \\
Elist &\to E] \\
Elist &\to E, Elist_1
\end{aligned}
$$

(i) Show the semantic actions for your proposed translation.

(ii) Explain the attributes and auxiliary functions in your SDT.

(iii) Show the annotated parse tree for the expression $x = c + A[i][j]$. Assume that A is a 10×20 array of integers, the size of an integer is 4 bytes, and the arrays are zero-indexed.

(iv) Show the generated 3AC for the above expression.