- -- 1. Get all worker details ordered by first name (ascending) SELECT \* FROM Worker ORDER BY FIRST\_NAME ASC;
- -- 2. Get all worker details ordered by first name (ascending) and department (descending)
  SELECT \* FROM Worker ORDER BY FIRST NAME ASC, DEPARTMENT DESC;
- -- 3. Get worker details excluding first names "Vipul" and "Satish" SELECT \* FROM Worker WHERE FIRST NAME NOT IN ('Vipul', 'Satish');
- -- 4. Get worker details where first name ends with 'h' and has six letters SELECT \* FROM Worker WHERE FIRST\_NAME LIKE '\_\_\_\_h';
- -- 5. Count employees in "Admin" department SELECT COUNT(\*) FROM Worker WHERE DEPARTMENT = 'Admin';
- -- 6. Get worker names with salaries between 50,000 and 100,000 SELECT FIRST\_NAME, LAST\_NAME FROM Worker WHERE SALARY BETWEEN 50000 AND 100000;
- -- 7. Get worker count per department in descending order SELECT DEPARTMENT, COUNT(\*) AS WorkerCount FROM Worker GROUP BY DEPARTMENT ORDER BY WorkerCount DESC;
- -- 8. Find the 5th highest salary without using TOP or LIMIT SELECT DISTINCT SALARY FROM Worker ORDER BY SALARY DESC OFFSET 4 ROWS FETCH NEXT 1 ROW ONLY;
- -- 9. Get employees with the same salary SELECT SALARY, STRING\_AGG(FIRST\_NAME, ', ') AS Employees FROM Worker GROUP BY SALARY HAVING COUNT(\*) > 1;
- -- 10. Get departments with fewer than 3 workers SELECT DEPARTMENT FROM Worker GROUP BY DEPARTMENT HAVING COUNT(\*) < 3;