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REC-CIS

GE23131-Programming Using C-2024

Status	Finished
Started	Tuesday, 14 January 2025, 7:43 PM
Completed	Tuesday, 14 January 2025, 7:52 PM
Duration	9 mins 45 secs

Question 1

Correct

Flag question

Question text

Given an array of numbers, find the index of the smallest array element (the pivot), for which the sums of all elements to the left and to the right are equal. The array may not be reordered.

Example

arr=[1,2,3,4,6]

- the sum of the first three elements, 1+2+3=6. The value of the last element is 6.
- Using zero based indexing, arr[3]=4 is the pivot between the two subarrays.
- The index of the pivot is 3.

Function Description

Complete the function balancedSum in the editor below.

balancedSum has the following parameter(s):

int arr[n]: an array of integers

Returns:

int: an integer representing the index of the pivot

Constraints

- $\cdot \qquad 3 \le n \le 10^5$
- $1 \le arr[i] \le 2 \times 10^4$, where $0 \le i < n$
- · It is guaranteed that a solution always exists.

Input Format for Custom Testing

Input from stdin will be processed as follows and passed to the function.

The first line contains an integer n, the size of the array arr.

Each of the next n lines contains an integer, arr[i], where $0 \le i < n$.

Sample Case 0

Sample Input 0

STDIN Function Parameters

- $4 \rightarrow arr[] size n = 4$
- 1 \rightarrow arr = [1, 2, 3, 3]

2

3

3

Sample Output 0

2

Explanation 0

- The sum of the first two elements, 1+2=3. The value of the last element is 3.
- Using zero based indexing, arr[2]=3 is the pivot between the two subarrays.
- · The index of the pivot is 2.

Sample Case 1

Sample Input 1

STDIN Function Parameters

```
3 \rightarrow arr[] size n = 3
```

1
$$\rightarrow$$
 arr = [1, 2, 1]

2

1

Sample Output 1

1

Explanation 1

- · The first and last elements are equal to 1.
- · Using zero based indexing, arr[1]=2 is the pivot between the two subarrays.
- The index of the pivot is 1.

Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)

/*

* Complete the 'balancedSum' function below.

*

* The function is expected to return an INTEGER.

```
* The function accepts INTEGER_ARRAY arr as parameter.
*/
int balancedSum(int arr_count, int* arr)
{
  int totalsum=0;
  for(int i=0;i<arr_count;i++){</pre>
    totalsum+=arr[i];
  }
  int leftsum=0;
  for(int i=0;i<arr_count;i++){</pre>
    int rightsum=totalsum-leftsum-arr[i];
    if(leftsum==rightsum){
      return i;
    }
    leftsum+=arr[i];
  }
  return 1;
}
```

Feedback

Test	Expected	Got	
int arr[] = {1,2,3,3};	2	2	
printf("%d", balancedSum(4, arr))			

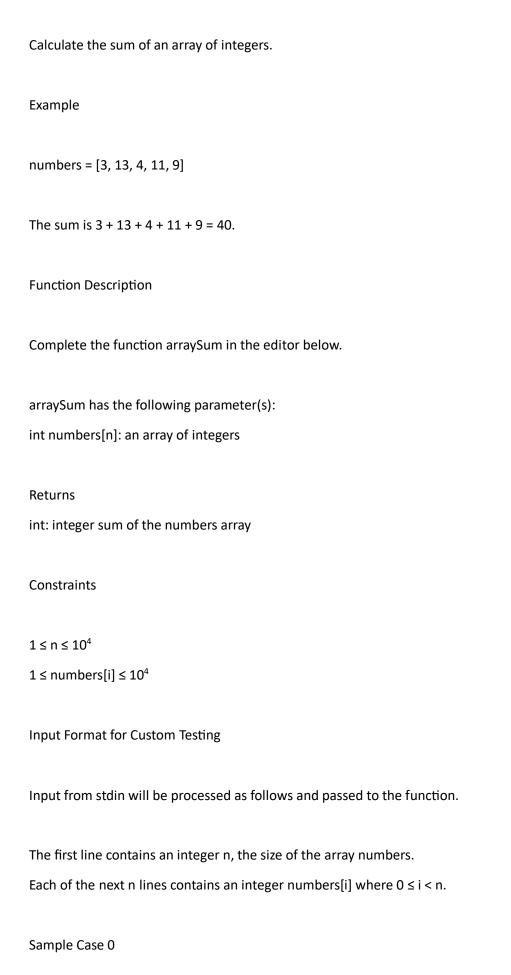
Passed all tests!

Question 2

Correct

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Question text



Sample Input 0

STDIN Function --- 5 → numbers[] size n = 5 1 → numbers = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5] 2 3 4 5 Sample Output 0

Explanation 0

$$1 + 2 + 3 + 4 + 5 = 15$$
.

Sample Case 1

Sample Input 1

STDIN Function

2 \rightarrow numbers[] size n = 2

12 \rightarrow numbers = [12, 12]

12

Sample Output 1

```
Explanation 1
```

```
12 + 12 = 24.
```

Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)

/*

* Complete the 'arraySum' function below.

*

- * The function is expected to return an INTEGER.
- * The function accepts INTEGER_ARRAY numbers as parameter.

*/

```
int arraySum(int numbers_count, int *numbers)
{
  int sum=0;
  for(int i=0;i<numbers_count;i++){
    sum=sum+numbers[i];
  }
  return sum;
}</pre>
```

Feedback

Test	Expected	Got	
int arr[] = {1,2,3,4,5};	15	15	
printf("%d", arraySum(5, arr))			

Passed all tests!

Question 3

Correct

Flag question

Question text

Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %) /* * Complete the 'minDiff' function below. * The function is expected to return an INTEGER. * The function accepts INTEGER_ARRAY arr as parameter. */ #include<stdlib.h> int compare(const void*a,const void*b) { return(*(int*)a-*(int*)b); } int minDiff(int arr count, int* arr) { qsort(arr,arr_count,sizeof(int),compare); int totaldiff=0; for(int i=1;i<arr_count;i++){</pre> totaldiff+=abs(arr[i]-arr[i-1]); } return totaldiff;

Feedback

Test	Expected	Got	
int arr[] = {5, 1, 3, 7, 3};	6	6	
printf("%d", minDiff(5, arr))			

Passed all tests!

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