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#### **REC-CIS**

GE23131-Programming Using C-2024

Status	Finished
Started	Tuesday, 14 January 2025, 7:57 PM
Completed	Tuesday, 14 January 2025, 8:33 PM
Duration	35 mins 58 secs

Question 1

Correct

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Question text

You are transporting some boxes through a tunnel, where each box is a parallelepiped, and is characterized by its length, width and height.

The height of the tunnel **41** feet and the width can be assumed to be infinite. A box can be carried through the tunnel only if its height is strictly less than the tunnel's height. Find the volume of each box that can be successfully transported to the other end of the tunnel. Note: Boxes cannot be rotated.

**Input Format** 

The first line contains a single integer n, denoting the number of boxes.

*n* lines follow with three integers on each separated by single spaces

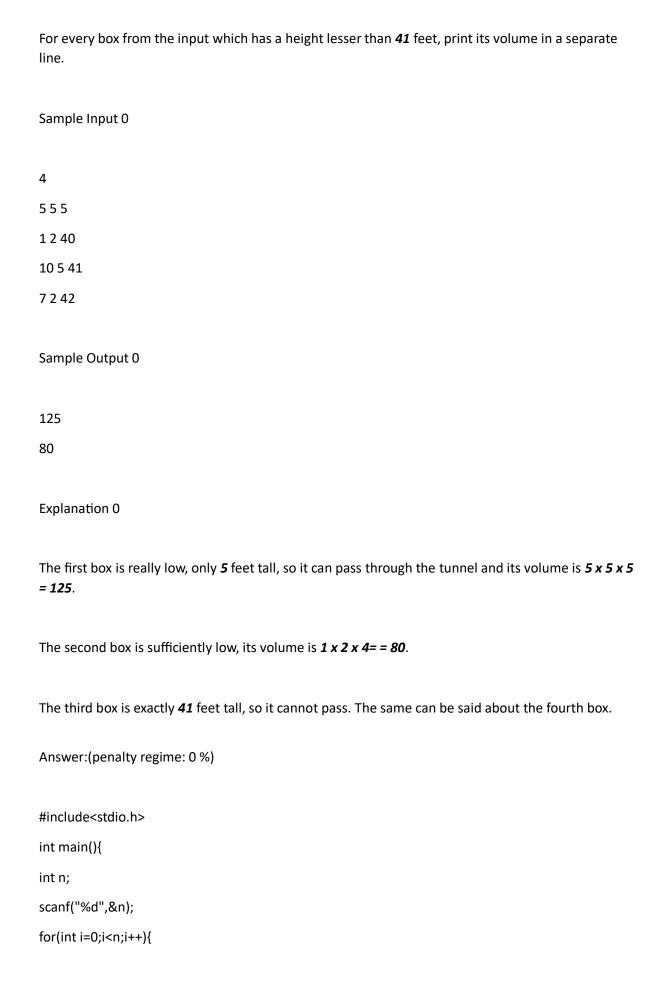
- *length*<sub>i</sub>, *width*<sub>i</sub> and *height*<sub>i</sub> which are length, width and height in feet of the *i*-th box.

Constraints

 $1 \le n \le 100$ 

 $1 \le length_i$ , width<sub>i</sub>, height<sub>i</sub>  $\le 100$ 

**Output Format** 



```
int length,width,height;
scanf("%d %d %d",&length,&width,&height);
if(height<41) {
  int volume=length*width*height;
  printf("%d\n",volume);
}
return 0;
}</pre>
```

## Feedback

Input	Expected	Got
4	125	125
5 5 5	80	80
1 2 40		
10 5 41		
7 2 42		

Passed all tests!

Question 2

Correct

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### Question text

You are given n triangles, specifically, their sides  $a_i$ ,  $b_i$  and  $c_i$ . Print them in the same style but sorted by their areas from the smallest one to the largest one. It is guaranteed that all the areas are different.

The best way to calculate a volume of the triangle with sides  $\boldsymbol{a}$ ,  $\boldsymbol{b}$  and  $\boldsymbol{c}$  is Heron's formula:

$$S = \ddot{O} p * (p - a) * (p - b) * (p - c)$$
 where  $p = (a + b + c) / 2$ .

First line of each test file contains a single integer $\mathbf{n}$ . $\mathbf{n}$ lines follow with $\mathbf{a}_i$ , $\mathbf{b}_i$ and $\mathbf{c}_i$ on each separated by single spaces.
Constraints
1 ≤ n ≤ 100
$1 \leq a_i, b_i, c_i \leq 70$
$a_i + b_i > c_i$ , $a_i + c_i > b_i$ and $b_i + c_i > a_i$
Output Format
Print exactly $n$ lines. On each line print $a$ integers separated by single spaces, which are $a_i$ , $b_i$ and $c_i$ of the corresponding triangle.
Sample Input 0
3
7 24 25
5 12 13
3 4 5
Sample Output 0
3 4 5
5 12 13
7 24 25
Explanation 0

Input Format

The square of the first triangle is **84**. The square of the second triangle is **30**. The square of the third triangle is **6**. So the sorted order is the reverse one.

```
Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
typedef struct {
  int a,b,c;
  double area;
} triangle;
double calculate_area(int a,int b,int c) {
  double p=(a+b+c)/2.0;
  return sqrt(p*(p-a)*(p-b)*(p-c));
}
int compare(const void *t1, const void *t2) {
  triangle *tri1=(triangle*)t1;
  triangle *tri2=(triangle*)t2;
  if(tri1->area < tri2->area)
  return -1;
  if (tri1->area > tri2->area)
  return 1;
  return 0;
}
int main() {
  int n;
  scanf("%d",&n);
  triangle triangles[n];
  for (int i=0;i<n;i++) {
    int a,b,c;
    scanf("%d %d %d",&a, &b, &c);
```

```
triangles[i].a=a;
  triangles[i].b=b;
  triangles[i].c=c;
  triangles[i].area=calculate_area(a,b,c);
}

qsort(triangles,n,sizeof(triangle),compare);
for(int i=0;i<n;i++) {
    printf("%d %d %d\n",triangles[i].a,triangles[i].b,triangles[i].c);
}
return 0;
}</pre>
```

# Feedback

Input	Expected	Got
3	3 4 5	3 4 5
7 24 25	5 12 13	5 12 13
5 12 13	7 24 25	7 24 25
3 4 5		

Passed all tests!

**Blocks** 

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Quiz navigation

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**Blocks**