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### **REC-CIS**

GE23131-Programming Using C-2024

Status	Finished
Started	Monday, 23 December 2024, 5:33 PM
Completed	Tuesday, 29 October 2024, 9:33 AM
Duration	55 days 7 hours

Question 1

Correct

Marked out of 3.00

Flag question

### Question text

Some data sets specify dates using the year and day of year rather than the year, month, and day of month. The day of year (DOY) is the sequential day number starting with day 1 on January 1st.

There are two calendars - one for normal years with 365 days, and one for leap years with 366 days. Leap years are divisible by 4. Centuries, like 1900, are not leap years unless they are divisible by 400. So, 2000 was a leap year.

To find the day of year number for a standard date, scan down the Jan column to find the day of month, then scan across to the appropriate month column and read the day of year number. Reverse the process to find the standard date for a given day of year.

Write a program to print the Day of Year of a given date, month and year.

Sample Input 1

18

6

2020

Sample Output 1

```
Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)
#include<stdio.h>
int main() {
  int d,m,y,day=0;
 scanf("%d %d %d",&d,&m,&y);
  switch(m-1)
 {
  case 12:
  day=day+31;
  case 11:
  day=day+30;
  case 10:
  day=day+31;
  case 9:
  day=day+30;
  case 8:
  day=day+31;
  case 7:
  day=day+30;
  case 6:
  day=day+31;
  case 5:
  day=day+30;
  case 4:
```

day=day+31;

```
case 3:
  day=day+30;
  case 2:
  if (((y%4==0)&&(y%100!=0)) || (y%400==0)) {
     day=day+29;
  }
  else {
     day=day+28;
  }
  case 1:
  day=day+31;
  }
  printf("%d",day+d+1);
}
```

## Feedback

Input	Expected	Got	
18	170	170	
6			
2020			

Passed all tests!

Question 2

Correct

Marked out of 5.00

Flag question

## Question text

Suppandi is trying to take part in the local village math quiz. In the first round, he is asked about shapes and areas. Suppandi, is confused, he was never any good at math. And also, he is bad at remembering the names of shapes. Instead, you will be helping him <u>calculate the area</u> of shapes.

	When he says rectangle he is actually referring to a square.
•	When he says square, he is actually referring to a triangle.
•	When he says triangle he is referring to a rectangle
	And when he is confused, he just says something random. At this point, all you can do is say 0.
Help	Suppandi by printing the correct answer in an integer.
Inpu	t Format
•	Name of shape (always in upper case R à Rectangle, S à Square, T à Triangle)
•	Length of 1 side
•	Length of other side
<b>N</b> 1 - 1 -	
Note	: In case of triangle, you can consider the sides as height and length of base
Outr	out Format
Outp	ac i o i i i d
	Print the area of the shape.
Samı	ole Input 1
Т	
10	
20	
Samı	ole Output 1
200	
Samı	ole Input 2

40
Sample Output 2
600
Sample Input 3
R
10
10
Sample Output 3
100
Sample Input 4
G
8
8
Sample Output 4
0

S

30

```
Sample Input
```

С

9

10

## Sample Output 4

0

## Explanation:

- · First is output of area of rectangle
- · Then, output of area of triangle
- · Then output of area square
- · Finally, something random, so we print 0

Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main() {
    char s;
    int a,b;
    scanf("%c %d %d",&s,&a,&b);
    if (s=='R') {
        printf("%d",a*b);
    }
    else if(s=='S') {
        int d=0.5*a*b;
        printf("%d",d);
```

```
}
else if(s=='T') {
    printf("%d",a*b);
}
else {
    printf("0");
}
```

# Feedback

Input	Expected	Got
Т	200	200
10		
20		
S	600	600
30		
40		
В	0	0
2		
11		
R	300	300
10		
30		
S	1000	1000
40		
50		

Passed all tests!

Question 3

### Correct

Marked out of 7.00

Flag question

#### **Question text**

Superman is planning a journey to his home planet. It is very important for him to know which day he arrives there. They don't follow the 7-day week like us. Instead, they follow a 10-day week with the following days: Day Number Name of Day 1 Sunday 2 Monday 3 Tuesday 4 Wednesday 5 Thursday 6 Friday 7 Saturday 8 Kryptonday 9 Coluday 10 Daxamday Here are the rules of the calendar: • The calendar starts with Sunday always. • It has only 296 days. After the 296th day, it goes back to Sunday. You begin your journey on a Sunday and will reach after n. You have to tell on which day you will arrive when you reach there.

```
Input format: •
Contain a number n (0 < n)
Output format: Print the name of the day you are arriving on
Example Input
7
Example Output
Kryptonday
Example Input
1
Example Output Monday
Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)
#include<stdio.h>
int main() {
  int n;
  scanf("%d",&n);
  switch((n%296)%10)
  {
    case 0:
    printf("Sunday");
    break;
```

```
case 1:
  printf("Monday");
  break;
  case 2:
  printf("Tuesday");
  break;
  case 3:
  printf("Wednesday");
  break;
  case 4:
  printf("Thursday");
  break;
  case 5:
  printf("Friday");
  break;
  case 6:
  printf("Saturday");
  break;
  case 7:
  printf("Kryptonday");
  break;
  case 8:
  printf("Coluday");
  break;
  case 9:
  printf("Daxamday");
  break;
}
return 0;
```

}

# Feedback

Input	Expected	Got	
7	Kryptonday	Kryptonday	
1	Monday	Monday	

Passed all tests!

Blocks

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