

## Practical - 6

Aim:

Write a program to implement error detection and correction using Hamming code concept. Make a test run to input data stream and verify error correction feature.

Hamming code is a set of error-correction code that can be used to detect and correct the errors that can occur when the data is transmitted from the sender to the receiver. It is a technique developed by R.W. Hamming for error correction.

Code:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <math.h>

void char to Binary (char ch, int Binary[],
                    int *index) {
    for (int i = 7; i >= 0; i--) {
        binary [( *index) + i] = (ch >> i) & 1;
    }
}

void calculate parity Bits (int hammingcode [],
int n, int r) {
    for (int i = 0; i < r; i++) {
        int parity pos = (int) pow(2, i);
        int parity = 0;
        for (int j = parity pos; j <= n; j += (2 *
            parity pos)) {
            for (int k = j; k < j + parity pos && k <= n;
                k++) {
                    parity ^= hammingcode [k];
            }
        }
    }
}
```

```

    hamming code [parity pos] = parity;
}
}
int generated hamming code (int databits [],
int m, int hamming code []) {
    int r = 0;
    int n = m;
    while (n + r + 1 > pow(2, r)) {
        r++;
    }
}

```

```

n = m + r;
for (int i = 1, j = 0, k = 0; i <= n; i++) {
    if (i == (int) pow(2, k)) {
        hamming code [i] = 0;
        k++;
    }
    else {
        hamming code [i] = databits [j++];
    }
}
}

```

```

}
calculate parity bits (hamming code, n, r);
return n;
}

```

```

int detect and correct error (int
hamming code [], int n, int r) {
    int error pos = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < r; i++) {
        int parity pos = (int) pow(2, i);
        int parity = 0;
        for (int j = parity pos; j <= n; j += (2 * parity pos)) {
            for (int k = j; k < j + parity pos && k <= n; k++) {
                parity += hamming code [k];
            }
            if (parity != 0) {
                error pos += parity pos;
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```

}
} // when error pass;
}

void binaryToChar (int binary [], int length, char
                    output []) {
    int index = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < length; i += 8) {
        char ch = 0;
        for (int j = 0; j < 8; j++) {
            ch |= (binary[i+j] << (7-j));
        }
        output[index++] = ch;
    }
    output[index] = '\0';
}

int main () {
    char inputString [32];
    int binary [256];
    int dataBits [256];
    int hammingCode [512];

    printf ("Enter the string (upto 99 characters) = ");
    scanf ("%s", inputString);
    int index = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < strlen(inputString); i++) {
        charToBinary (inputString[i], binary,
                      &index);
    }
    for (int i = 0; i < index; i++) {
        dataBits[i] = binary[i];
    }
    int n = generateHammingCode (dataBits, index,
                                hammingCode);
    printf ("Encoded Hamming code : ");
    for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
        printf ("%d ", hammingCode[i]);
    }
    printf ("\n");
}

```

```
printf ("enter the position to stimulate  
error (0 for no error):");
```

```
int error pos;  
scanf ("%d", &error pos);  
if (error pos > 0 && error pos <= n) {  
    hamming code [error pos] = ! hamming  
    code [error pos];  
    printf ("hamming code with error:");  
    for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {  
        printf (" %d", hamming code [i]);  
    }  
    printf ("\n");  
}
```

```
int detected Error pos = detect and  
correct error (hamming  
code, n, log2(n+1));
```

```
if (detected error pos == 0) {  
    pf ("no error detected.\n");  
}
```

```
else {
```

```
    pf ("error detected at position: %d\n",  
        detected error pos);
```

```
int original Bit = ! hamming code [detected  
error pos];
```

```
hamming code [detected error pos] =  
original bit;
```

```
printf ("corrected hamming code:");
```

```
for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
```

```
    pf (" %d", hamming code [i]);  
}
```

```
pf ("\n");
```

```
pf ("corrected bit at position: %d:
```

```
%d\n", detected Error pos,  
original Bit); }
```



```

int corrected databits [256];
int j=0, k=0;
for (int i=1; i<=n; i++) {
    if (i != (int) pow(2, k)) {
        corrected databits [j++] = hammingcode [i];
    } else {
        k++;
    }
}
char corrected string [32];
binaryTochar (corrected databits, j,
               corrected string);
printf ("corrected string : %s\n",
        corrected string);
return 0;
}

```

Enter String : aaaa

encoded hamming code: 1000110000010111  
0000101100001010100001

enter position to ~~str~~ simulate error : 2

error!

Hamming code with error 1100110000010111  
0000101100001010100001

Error detected position : 2

corrected hamming code: 10001100000101  
00001011000010100001

corrected bit at position 2 : 0

corrected string : aaaa..

Result:

Thus the program is successfully  
executed and output is verified.

11/9/22