

Exp No:

Date:

# Implementation of clustering techniques - K Means.

Aim: To implement a K-means clustering techniques using Python language.

## Explanation:

- \* import KMeans from sklearn.cluster.
- \* Assign x & y.
- \* call the function KMeans().
- \* perform scatter operation and display the output.

## Algorithm:

- \* Initialize.
  - choose the number of clusters  $k$ .
  - Randomly initialize  $k$  centroids.
- \* Assign data points to clusters.
  - ⇒ for each data set.
  - calculate the distance between the data point and each centroid.
  - Assign the data point to the cluster whose centroid is the closest.
- \* Recalculate centroids:
  - for each cluster, compute the new centroid by calculating the mean of all data points assigned to that cluster.
- \* Repeat
  - Repeat step 2 & 3 till the cluster assignment do not change. This is called convergence.

- Stopping criteria:
  - algorithm stops when one of the following occurs.
    - The centroids do not change significantly between iterations.
    - A maximum number of iterations is reached.

code:

```

from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np

x = np.array([1, 2], [1, 4], [1, 0],
              [4, 2], [4, 4], [4, 0],
              [10, 2], [10, 4], [10, 0])

kmeans = KMeans(n_clusters = 3, random_state = 0)

kmeans.fit(x)
y_kmeans = kmeans.predict(x)

plt.scatter(x[:, 0], x[:, 1], c = y_kmeans,
            s = 50, cmap = 'viridis')

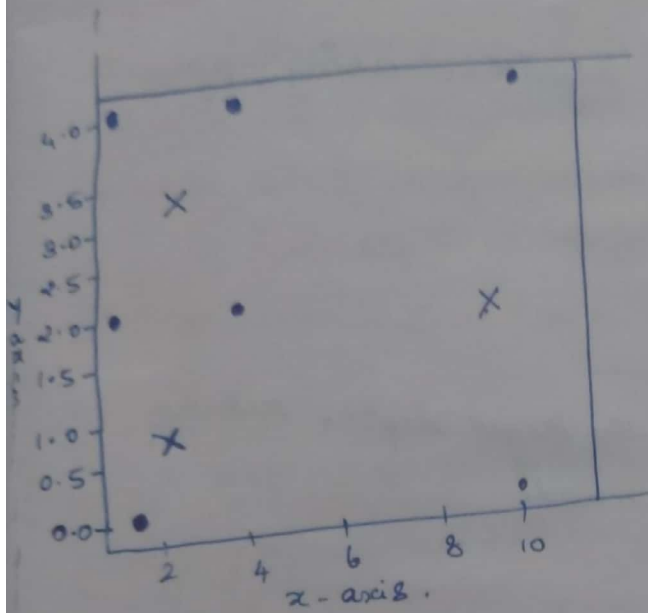
centroids = kmeans.cluster_centers_

plt.scatter(centroids[:, 0], centroids[:, 1],
            c = 'red', s = 200, alpha = 0.75,
            marker = 'x')

plt.xlabel("x-axis")
plt.ylabel("y-axis")
plt.title("K-Means clustering")
plt.show()

```

output:



Result:

Thus the program is successfully executed and output is verified.