Exercise 8) b) Let $d = \text{ord } (\delta)$.

Now, since $M_{\nu}(x)$ is irreducible, monic and $M_{\nu}(\delta) = 0$, $M_{\nu} = M_{\delta}$.

Hence

$$M\nu | x^d - 1$$

and so

$$v^{d} = 1$$

Thus ord $v \mid d$. Let d' = ord(v). Then

$$M_{\delta} | x^{d'} - 1$$

so that

$$\delta^{d'} = 1$$

Thus $d|d' = \operatorname{ord} v$.

Exercise 9) If $a + b \neq 0$ then $\exists 0 \leq t < p^k - 1$ such that

$$a + b = \alpha^t$$

$$\alpha^{i} + \alpha^{j} - \alpha^{t} = 0$$

Set $f(x) = x^i + x^j - x^t$ and realize $f(\alpha) = 0$. Thus

$$M_{\alpha}$$
 | f

and so by Lemma 2 (2)

$$0 = f(\beta) = \beta^{i} + \beta^{j} - \beta^{t}$$

Hence

$$\Psi(\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b}) = \beta^{t} = \beta^{t} + \beta^{j} = \psi(\mathbf{a}) + \psi(\mathbf{b})$$