Smart Room Monitoring and Automation System

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1 Problem Statement

The goal of this project is to monitor and automate a room's environment by tracking:

- Temperature and humidity
- Light levels
- Door/window status

The system controls lighting and appliances automatically based on sensor readings.

2 Hardware Components

- Microcontroller: Raspberry Pi 3
- Sensors:
 - DHT11 (Temperature and Humidity)
 - LDR (Light Dependent Resistor)
 - Magnetic Reed Switch (Door/Window Position)

• Actuators:

- RGB LED (status indicator: Fan ON = Green, Dark = Blue, Open Door = Red)
- Relay (controls appliances like fan or light)
- LCD Display (real-time environmental data)

3 Software Setup

3.1 SSH Connection to Raspberry Pi

To connect to the Raspberry Pi remotely from Windows using PowerShell:

```
# Find Pi IP using arp -a
# Connect via SSH
ssh pi@<Pi_IP>
```

After connecting via SSH, install required libraries:

```
sudo apt update
sudo apt install python3-pip
pip3 install RPi.GPIO adafruit-circuitpython-dht RPLCD
```

4 Hardware Connections

4.1 Pin Configuration on Raspberry Pi

- DHT11 DATA \rightarrow GPIO4
- LDR \rightarrow GPIO18
- Reed switch \rightarrow GPIO17
- Relay IN \rightarrow GPIO27
- RGB LED RED \rightarrow GPIO23, GREEN \rightarrow GPIO24, BLUE \rightarrow GPIO25
- LCD (I2C) \rightarrow SDA, SCL pins

5 Block Diagram

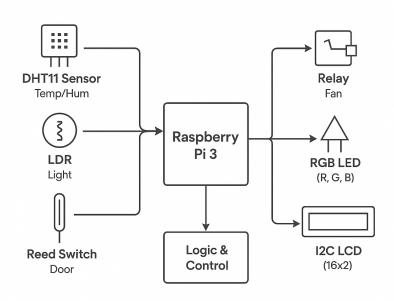


Figure 1: Block Diagram of Smart Room Monitoring and Automation System

5.1 Breadboard Setup

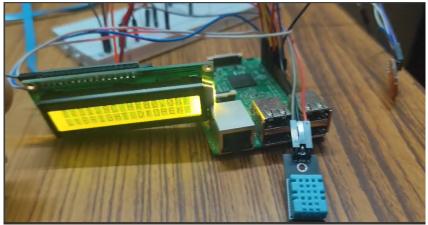
- Connect all sensor VCC pins to 3.3V or 5V and GND appropriately.
- RGB LED cathode to GND, anodes to GPIO pins via 220Ω resistors.
- Relay module VCC to 5V, IN to GPIO27, GND to GND.
- LCD connected via I2C bus.

6 Python Code for Automation

```
import time
import RPi.GPIO as GPIO
import board
import adafruit_dht
from RPLCD.i2c import CharLCD
# Pin Setup
DHT_PIN = board.D4
LDR_PIN = 18
REED_PIN = 17
RELAY_PIN = 27
RED_PIN = 23
GREEN_PIN = 24
BLUE_PIN = 25
# GPIO Setup
GPIO.setmode(GPIO.BCM)
GPIO.setup(LDR_PIN, GPIO.IN, pull_up_down=GPIO.PUD_DOWN)
GPIO.setup(REED_PIN, GPIO.IN, pull_up_down=GPIO.PUD_DOWN)
GPIO.setup(RELAY_PIN, GPIO.OUT)
GPIO.setup(RED_PIN, GPIO.OUT)
GPIO.setup(GREEN_PIN, GPIO.OUT)
GPIO.setup(BLUE_PIN, GPIO.OUT)
# LCD Setup
1cd = CharLCD('PCF8574', 0x27)
lcd.clear()
# DHT11 Setup
dhtDevice = adafruit_dht.DHT11(DHT_PIN)
temperature_prev = None
humidity_prev = None
def set_rgb(r, g, b):
    GPIO.output(RED_PIN, r)
    GPIO.output(GREEN_PIN, g)
    GPIO.output(BLUE_PIN, b)
try:
```

```
while True:
        try:
            temperature = dhtDevice.temperature
            humidity = dhtDevice.humidity
            if temperature is not None:
                temperature_prev = temperature
            if humidity is not None:
                humidity_prev = humidity
        except RuntimeError:
            temperature = temperature_prev
            humidity = humidity_prev
        light = GPIO.input(LDR_PIN)
        door = GPIO.input(REED_PIN)
        lcd.clear()
        if temperature is not None and humidity is not None:
            lcd.write_string(f"T:{temperature:.1f}C_H:{humidity
               :.1f}%")
        else:
            lcd.write_string("DHT11<sub>□</sub>Reading...")
        lcd.cursor_pos = (1, 0)
        lcd.write_string(f"L:{'BRIGHT'uifulightuelseu'DARK'}uD:{'
           CLOSE'_if_door_else_'OPEN'}")
        if temperature is not None and temperature > 35:
            GPIO.output(RELAY_PIN, GPIO.HIGH)
            set_rgb(0, 1, 0)
        else:
            GPIO.output(RELAY_PIN, GPIO.LOW)
            set_rgb(0, 0, 0)
        if light == 0: # Dark
            set_rgb(0, 0, 1)
        if door == 0: # Door open
            set_rgb(1, 0, 0)
        time.sleep(2)
except KeyboardInterrupt:
    print("Exiting program...")
finally:
    lcd.clear()
    GPIO.cleanup()
```





7 Working Logic

- Temperature Monitoring: Fan turns ON if temperature exceeds 35°C. RGB LED turns green.
- Light Detection: RGB LED turns blue in darkness.
- Door Monitoring: RGB LED turns red if the door is open.
- LCD Display: Continuously shows temperature, humidity, light status, and door status.

8 Conclusion

The Smart Room Monitoring and Automation System effectively tracks environmental parameters and automates appliances based on conditions. RGB LED provides a clear status indication: Fan ON = Green, Dark = Blue, Door Open = Red.

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