1. BFS DFS

```
2. #include <iostream>
3. #include <vector>
4. #include <queue>
5. #include <omp.h>
6.
7. using namespace std;
8.
9. // Graph class representing the adjacency list
10.class Graph {
11.
       int V; // Number of vertices
12.
       vector<vector<int> > adj; // Adjacency list
13.
14. public:
15.
       Graph(int V) : V(V), adj(V) {}
16.
17.
       // Add an edge to the graph
18.
       void addEdge(int v, int w) {
19.
           adj[v].push_back(w);
20.
21.
22.
       // Parallel Depth-First Search
23.
       void parallelDFS(int startVertex) {
24.
           vector<bool> visited(V, false);
25.
           parallelDFSUtil(startVertex, visited);
26.
27.
28.
       // Parallel DFS utility function
29.
       void parallelDFSUtil(int v, vector<bool>& visited) {
30.
           visited[v] = true;
31.
           cout << v << " ";
32.
33.
           #pragma omp parallel for
34.
           for (int i = 0; i < adj[v].size(); ++i) {
35.
               int n = adj[v][i];
36.
               if (!visited[n])
37.
                   parallelDFSUtil(n, visited);
38.
39.
40.
41.
       // Parallel Breadth-First Search
42.
       void parallelBFS(int startVertex) {
43.
           vector<bool> visited(V, false);
44.
           queue<int> q;
45.
```

```
46.
           visited[startVertex] = true;
47.
            q.push(startVertex);
48.
49.
           while (!q.empty()) {
50.
                int v = q.front();
51.
                q.pop();
52.
                cout << v << " ";
53.
54.
                #pragma omp parallel for
55.
                for (int i = 0; i < adj[v].size(); ++i) {</pre>
56.
                    int n = adj[v][i];
57.
                    if (!visited[n]) {
58.
                        visited[n] = true;
59.
                        q.push(n);
60.
61.
62.
63.
64.};
65.
66.int main() {
67.
       // Create a graph
68.
       Graph g(7);
69.
       g.addEdge(0, 1);
70.
       g.addEdge(0, 2);
71.
       g.addEdge(1, 3);
72.
       g.addEdge(1, 4);
73.
       g.addEdge(2, 5);
74.
       g.addEdge(2, 6);
75.
76.
       cout << "Depth-First Search (DFS): ";</pre>
77.
       g.parallelDFS(0);
78.
       cout << endl;</pre>
79.
80.
       cout << "Breadth-First Search (BFS): ";</pre>
81.
       g.parallelBFS(0);
82.
       cout << endl;</pre>
83.
84.
       return 0;
85.}
86.
```

```
#include <iostream>
#include <omp.h>
using namespace std;
void bubble(int array[], int n) {
    for (int i = 0; i < n - 1; i++){
        for (int j = 0; j < n - i - 1; j++){
            if (array[j] > array[j + 1]) swap(array[j], array[j + 1]);
    }
void pBubble(int array[], int n){
    for(int i = 0; i < n; ++i){
        #pragma omp for
        for (int j = 1; j < n; j += 2){
            if (array[j] < array[j-1]){</pre>
                swap(array[j], array[j - 1]);
        #pragma omp barrier
        #pragma omp for
        for (int j = 2; j < n; j += 2){
            if (array[j] < array[j-1]){</pre>
                swap(array[j], array[j - 1]);
void merge(int arr[], int low, int mid, int high) {
    int n1 = mid - low + 1;
    int n2 = high - mid;
    int left[n1], right[n2];
    for (int i = 0; i < n1; i++) left[i] = arr[low + i];</pre>
    for (int j = 0; j < n2; j++) right[j] = arr[mid + 1 + j];
    int i = 0, j = 0, k = low;
    while (i < n1 \&\& j < n2) {
        if (left[i] <= right[j]){</pre>
            arr[k++] = left[i++];
        } else{
            arr[k++] = right[j++];
```

```
while (i < n1) arr[k++] = left[i++];
    while (j < n2) arr[k++] = right[j++];
void mergeSort(int arr[], int low, int high) {
    if (low < high) {</pre>
        int mid = (low + high) / 2;
        mergeSort(arr, low, mid);
        mergeSort(arr, mid + 1, high);
        merge(arr, low, mid, high);
void parallelMergeSort(int arr[], int low, int high) {
    if (low < high) {</pre>
        int mid = (low + high) / 2;
        #pragma omp parallel sections
            #pragma omp section
            parallelMergeSort(arr, low, mid);
            #pragma omp section
            parallelMergeSort(arr, mid + 1, high);
        merge(arr, low, mid, high);
void printArray(int arr[], int n){
    for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) cout << arr[i] << " ";
    cout << "\n";</pre>
int main() {
    int n = 10;
    int arr[10] = {10, 56, 38, 77, 61, 95, 40, 13, 29, 17};
    double start_time, end_time;
    start_time = omp_get_wtime();
    bubble(arr, n);
    end_time = omp_get_wtime();
    cout << "Sequential Bubble Sort took: " << end_time - start_time << "</pre>
seconds.\n";
```

```
printArray(arr, n);
    start_time = omp_get_wtime();
    #pragma omp parallel
    pBubble(arr, n);
    end_time = omp_get_wtime();
    cout << "Parallel Bubble Sort took: " << end_time - start_time << "</pre>
seconds.\n";
    printArray(arr, n);
    start_time = omp_get_wtime();
    mergeSort(arr, 0, n - 1);
    end_time = omp_get_wtime();
    cout << "Sequential Merge Sort took: " << end_time - start_time << "</pre>
seconds.\n";
    printArray(arr, n);
    start_time = omp_get_wtime();
    parallelMergeSort(arr, 0, n - 1);
    end_time = omp_get_wtime();
    cout << "Parallel Merge Sort took: " << end_time - start_time << "</pre>
seconds.\n";
    printArray(arr, n);
    return 0;
// Compile with: g++ -fopenmp bubble_merge.cpp -o bubble_merge
// Run with: ./bubble merge
```

3. PARALLEL REDUCTION

```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
#include <omp.h>
using namespace std;

int parallelMin(vector<int> vec) {
    int min_val = vec[0];
    #pragma omp parallel for
    for (int i = 1; i < vec.size(); i++) {
        if (vec[i] < min_val) {
            min_val = vec[i];
        }
    }
}</pre>
```

```
return min_val;
int parallelMax(vector<int> vec) {
    int max_val = vec[0];
    #pragma omp parallel for
    for (int i = 1; i < vec.size(); i++) {
        if (vec[i] > max_val) {
            max val = vec[i];
    return max val;
int parallelSum(vector<int> vec) {
    int sum = 0;
    #pragma omp parallel for
    for (int i = 0; i < vec.size(); i++) {
        sum += vec[i];
    return sum;
float parallelAverage(vector<int> vec) {
    int sum = parallelSum(vec);
    float avg = float(sum) / vec.size();
    return avg;
int main() {
    cout << "Enter the number of elements: ";</pre>
    cin >> n;
    vector<int> vec(n);
    cout << "Enter the elements: ";</pre>
    for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
        cin >> vec[i];
    int min_val = parallelMin(vec);
    cout << "Minimum value: " << min_val << endl;</pre>
    int max_val = parallelMax(vec);
    cout << "Maximum value: " << max val << endl;</pre>
```

```
int sum = parallelSum(vec);
cout << "Sum of values: " << sum << endl;

float avg = parallelAverage(vec);
cout << "Average of values: " << avg << endl;

return 0;
}</pre>
```

4. CUDA MATRIX MULTIPLICATION

```
%%cu
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
// CUDA code to multiply matrices
 _global__ void multiply(int* A, int* B, int* C, int size) {
    // Uses thread indices and block indices to compute each element
    int row = blockIdx.y * blockDim.y + threadIdx.y;
    int col = blockIdx.x * blockDim.x + threadIdx.x;
    if (row < size && col < size) {</pre>
        int sum = 0;
        for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
            sum += A[row * size + i] * B[i * size + col];
        C[row * size + col] = sum;
void initialize(int* matrix, int size) {
    for (int i = 0; i < size * size; i++) {
        matrix[i] = rand() % 10;
void print(int* matrix, int size) {
    for (int row = 0; row < size; row++) {</pre>
        for (int col = 0; col < size; col++) {</pre>
            cout << matrix[row * size + col] << " ";</pre>
```

```
cout << '\n';
    cout << '\n';
int main() {
    int* A, * B, * C;
    int N = 2;
    int blockSize = 16;
    int matrixSize = N * N;
    size_t matrixBytes = matrixSize * sizeof(int);
    A = new int[matrixSize];
    B = new int[matrixSize];
    C = new int[matrixSize];
    initialize(A, N);
    initialize(B, N);
    cout << "Matrix A: \n";</pre>
    print(A, N);
    cout << "Matrix B: \n";</pre>
    print(B, N);
    int* X, * Y, * Z;
    // Allocate space
    cudaMalloc(&X, matrixBytes);
    cudaMalloc(&Y, matrixBytes);
    cudaMalloc(&Z, matrixBytes);
    // Copy values from A to X
    cudaMemcpy(X, A, matrixBytes, cudaMemcpyHostToDevice);
    // Copy values from A to X and B to Y
    cudaMemcpy(Y, B, matrixBytes, cudaMemcpyHostToDevice);
    // Threads per CTA dimension
    int THREADS = 2;
    // Blocks per grid dimension (assumes THREADS divides N evenly)
```

```
int BLOCKS = N / THREADS;

// Use dim3 structs for block and grid dimensions
dim3 threads(THREADS, THREADS);
dim3 blocks(BLOCKS, BLOCKS);

// Launch kernel
multiply<<<<blocks, threads>>>(X, Y, Z, N);

cudaMemcpy(C, Z, matrixBytes, cudaMemcpyDeviceToHost);
cout << "Multiplication of matrix A and B: \n";
print(C, N);

delete[] A;
delete[] A;
delete[] C;
cudaFree(X);
cudaFree(Y);
cudaFree(Z);
return 0;
}</pre>
```

CUDA VECTOR ADDITION

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

_global__ void add(int* A, int* B, int* C, int size) {
   int tid = blockIdx.x * blockDim.x + threadIdx.x;

   if (tid < size) {
        C[tid] = A[tid] + B[tid];
   }
}

void initialize(int* vector, int size) {</pre>
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
        vector[i] = rand() % 10;
    }
void print(int* vector, int size) {
   for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
        cout << vector[i] << " ";</pre>
    cout << endl;</pre>
int main() {
   int N = 4;
    int* A, * B, * C;
    int vectorSize = N;
    size_t vectorBytes = vectorSize * sizeof(int);
   A = new int[vectorSize];
    B = new int[vectorSize];
    C = new int[vectorSize];
    initialize(A, vectorSize);
    initialize(B, vectorSize);
    cout << "Vector A: ";</pre>
    print(A, N);
    cout << "Vector B: ";</pre>
    print(B, N);
    int* X, * Y, * Z;
    cudaMalloc(&X, vectorBytes);
    cudaMalloc(&Y, vectorBytes);
    cudaMalloc(&Z, vectorBytes);
    cudaMemcpy(X, A, vectorBytes, cudaMemcpyHostToDevice);
    cudaMemcpy(Y, B, vectorBytes, cudaMemcpyHostToDevice);
    int threadsPerBlock = 256;
    int blocksPerGrid = (N + threadsPerBlock - 1) / threadsPerBlock;
    add<<<blooksPerGrid, threadsPerBlock>>>(X, Y, Z, N);
    cudaMemcpy(C, Z, vectorBytes, cudaMemcpyDeviceToHost);
```

```
cout << "Addition: ";
print(C, N);

delete[] A;
delete[] B;
delete[] C;

cudaFree(X);
cudaFree(Y);
cudaFree(Z);

return 0;
}</pre>
```