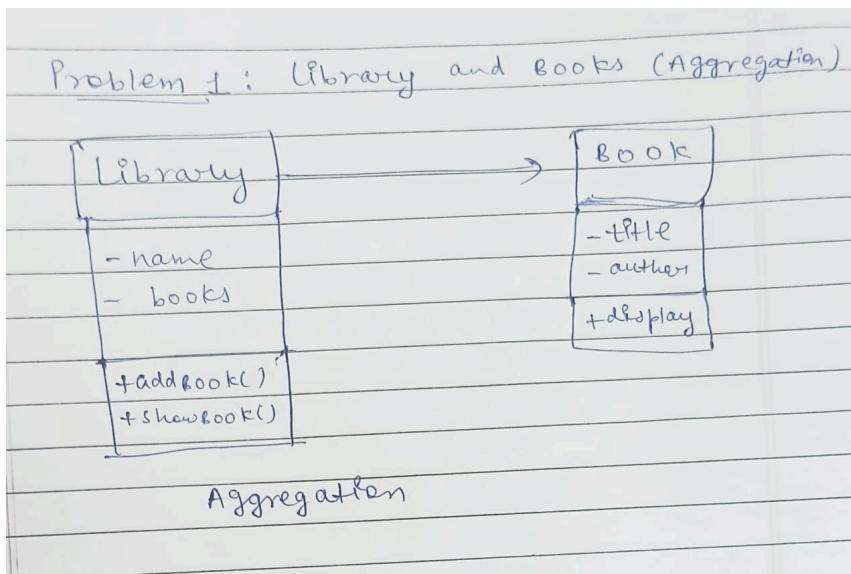


## Assisted Problems

### Problem 1: Library and Books (Aggregation)

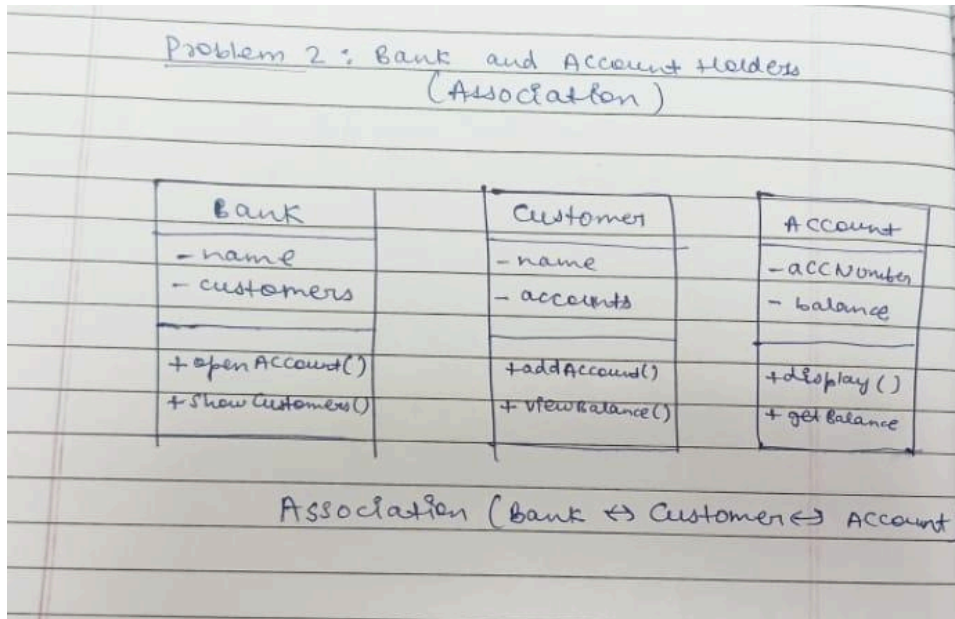
- **Description:** Create a **Library** class that contains multiple **Book** objects. Model the relationship such that a library can have many books, but a book can exist independently (outside of a specific library).
- **Tasks:**
  - Define a **Library** class with an **ArrayList** of **Book** objects.
  - Define a **Book** class with attributes such as **title** and **author**.
  - Demonstrate the aggregation relationship by creating books and adding them to different libraries.
- **Goal:** Understand aggregation by modeling a real-world relationship where the **Library** aggregates **Book** objects.



### Problem 2: Bank and Account Holders (Association)

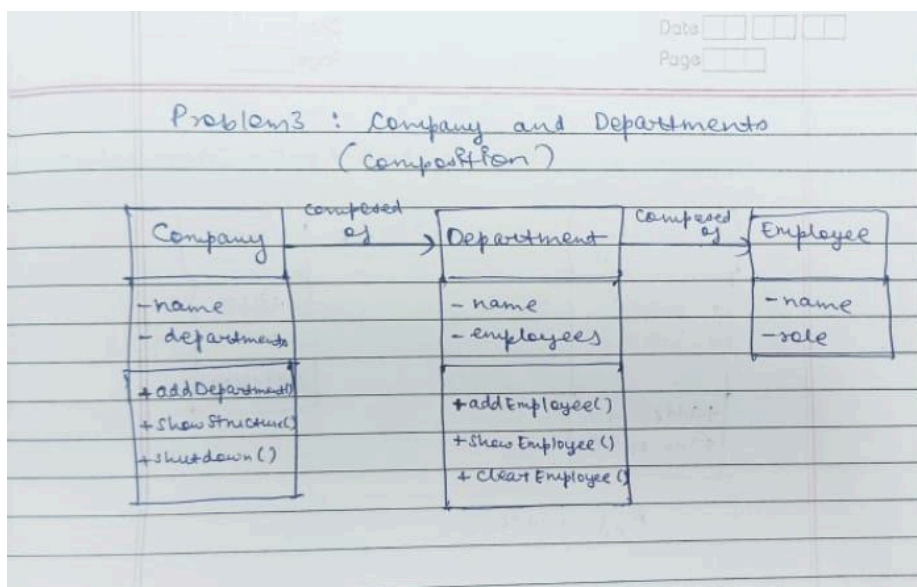
- **Description:** Model a relationship where a **Bank** has **Customer** objects associated with it. A **Customer** can have multiple bank accounts, and each account is linked to a **Bank**.
- **Tasks:**
  - Define a **Bank** class and a **Customer** class.
  - Use an association relationship to show that each customer has an account in a bank.
  - Implement methods that enable communication, such as **openAccount()** in the **Bank** class and **viewBalance()** in the **Customer** class.

- **Goal:** Illustrate association by setting up a relationship between customers and the bank.



### Problem 3: Company and Departments (Composition)

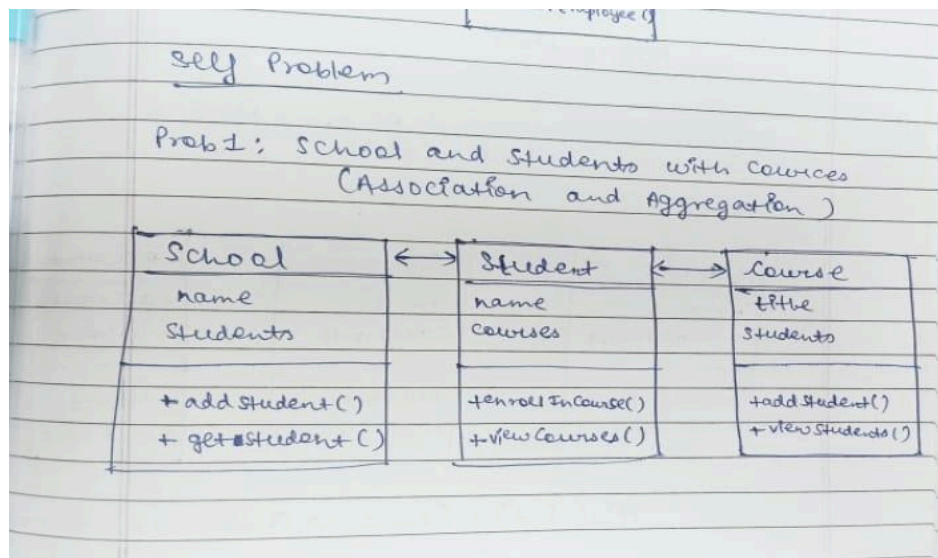
- **Description:** A **Company** has several **Department** objects, and each department contains **Employee** objects. Model this using composition, where deleting a company should also delete all departments and employees.
- **Tasks:**
  - Define a **Company** class that contains multiple **Department** objects.
  - Define an **Employee** class within each **Department**.
  - Show the composition relationship by ensuring that when a **Company** object is deleted, all associated **Department** and **Employee** objects are also removed.
- **Goal:** Understand composition by implementing a relationship where **Department** and **Employee** objects cannot exist without a **Company**.



## Self Problems

### Problem 1: School and Students with Courses (Association and Aggregation)

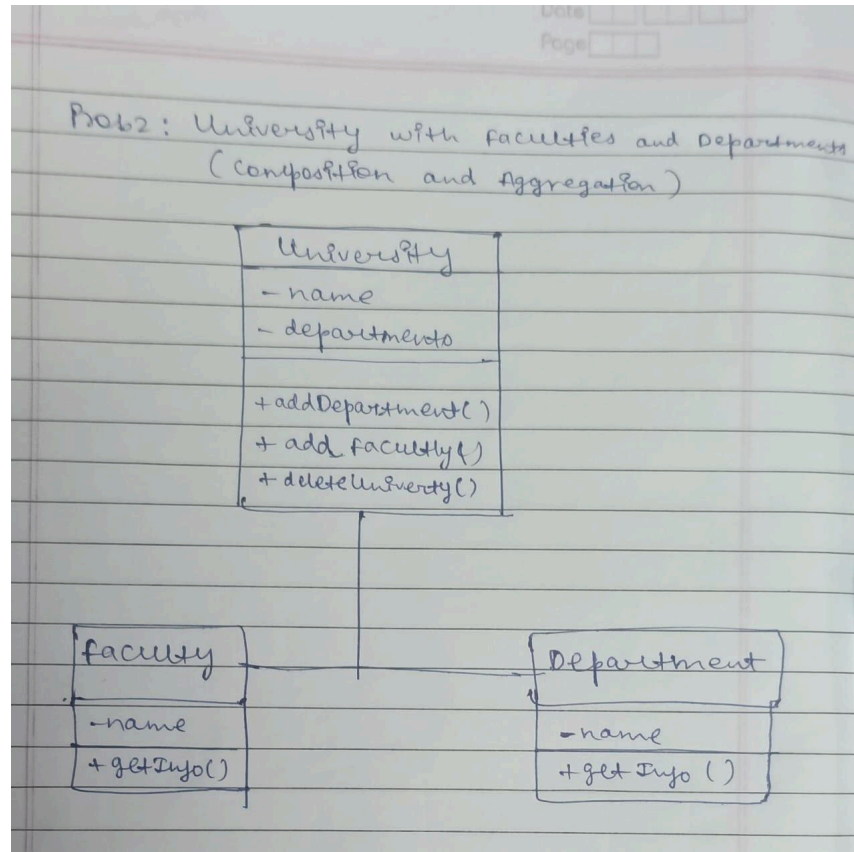
- **Description:** Model a **School** with multiple **Student** objects, where each student can enroll in multiple courses, and each course can have multiple students.
- **Tasks:**
  - Define **School**, **Student**, and **Course** classes.
  - Model an association between **Student** and **Course** to show that students can enroll in multiple courses.
  - Model an aggregation relationship between **School** and **Student**.
  - Demonstrate how a student can view the courses they are enrolled in and how a course can show its enrolled students.
- **Goal:** Practice association by modeling many-to-many relationships between students and courses.



### Problem 2: University with Faculties and Departments (Composition and Aggregation)

- **Description:** Create a **University** with multiple **Faculty** members and **Department** objects. Model it so that the **University** and its **Departments** are in a composition relationship (deleting a university deletes all departments), and the **Faculty** members are in an aggregation relationship (faculty can exist outside of any specific department).
- **Tasks:**
  - Define a **University** class with **Department** and **Faculty** classes.

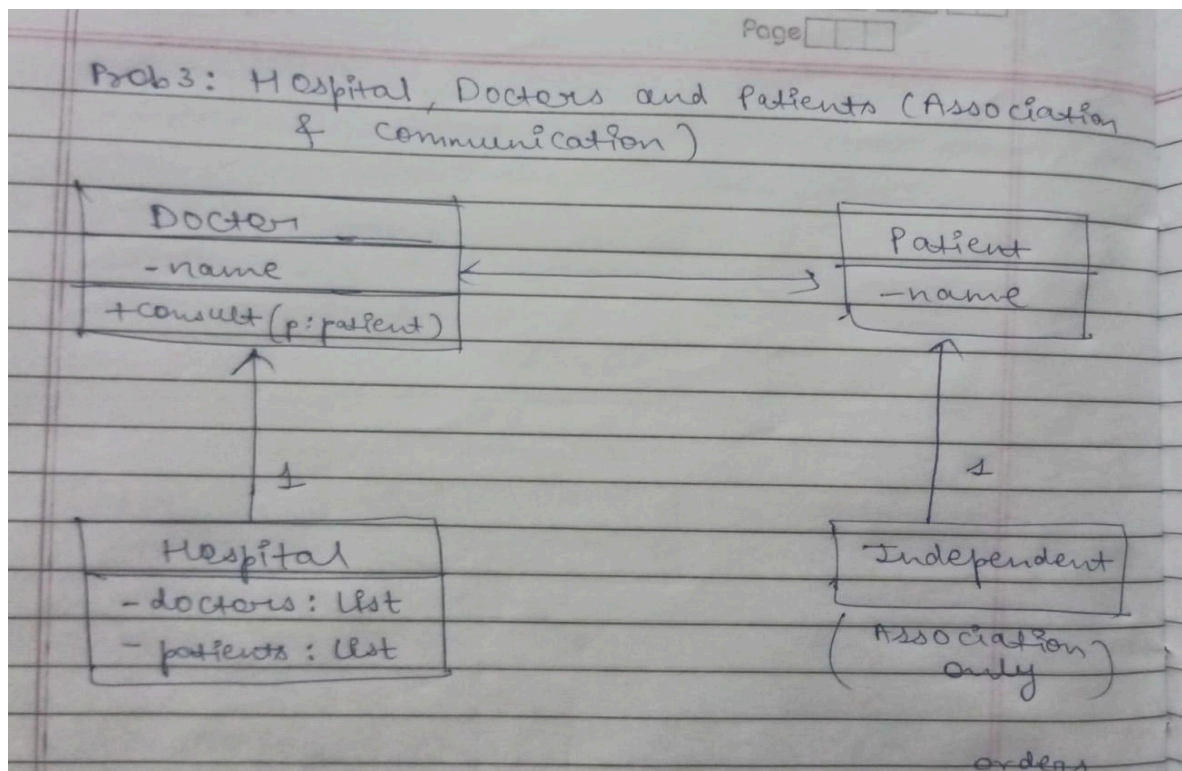
- Demonstrate how deleting a **University** also deletes its **Departments**.
- Show that **Faculty** members can exist independently of a **Department**.
- **Goal:** Understand the differences between composition and aggregation in modeling complex hierarchical relationships.



### Problem 3: Hospital, Doctors, and Patients (Association and Communication)

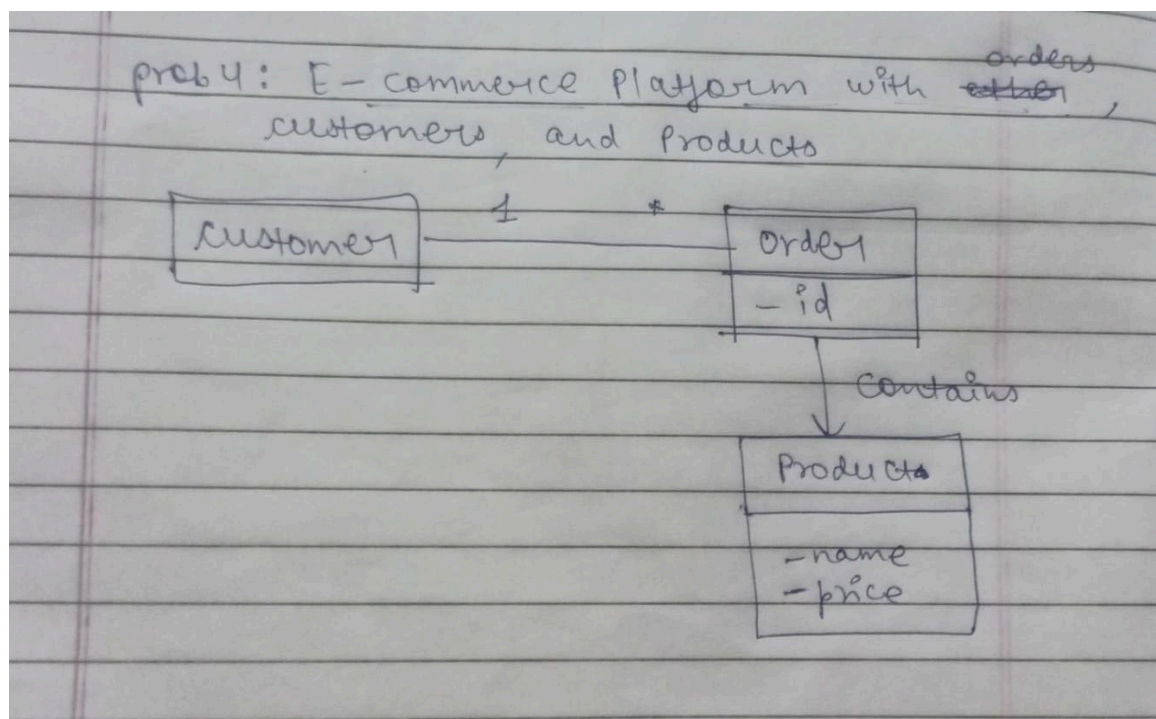
- **Description:** Model a **Hospital** where **Doctor** and **Patient** objects interact through consultations. A doctor can see multiple patients, and each patient can consult multiple doctors.
- **Tasks:**
  - Define a **Hospital** class containing **Doctor** and **Patient** classes.
  - Create a method **consult()** in the **Doctor** class to show communication, which would display the consultation between a doctor and a patient.
  - Model an association between doctors and patients to show that doctors and patients can have multiple relationships.
- **Goal:** Practice creating an association with communication between objects by modeling doctor-patient consultations.





#### Problem 4: E-commerce Platform with Orders, Customers, and Products

- **Description:** Design an e-commerce platform with **Order**, **Customer**, and **Product** classes. Model relationships where a **Customer** places an **Order**, and each **Order** contains multiple **Product** objects.
- **Goal:** Show communication and object relationships by designing a system where customers communicate through orders, and orders aggregate products.



### Problem 5: University Management System

- **Description:** Model a university system with **Student**, **Professor**, and **Course** classes. Students enroll in courses, and professors teach courses. Ensure students and professors can communicate through methods like **enrollCourse()** and **assignProfessor()**.
- **Goal:** Use association and aggregation to create a university system that emphasizes relationships and interactions among students, professors, and courses.

