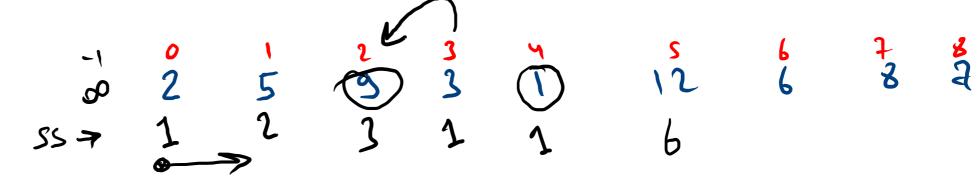
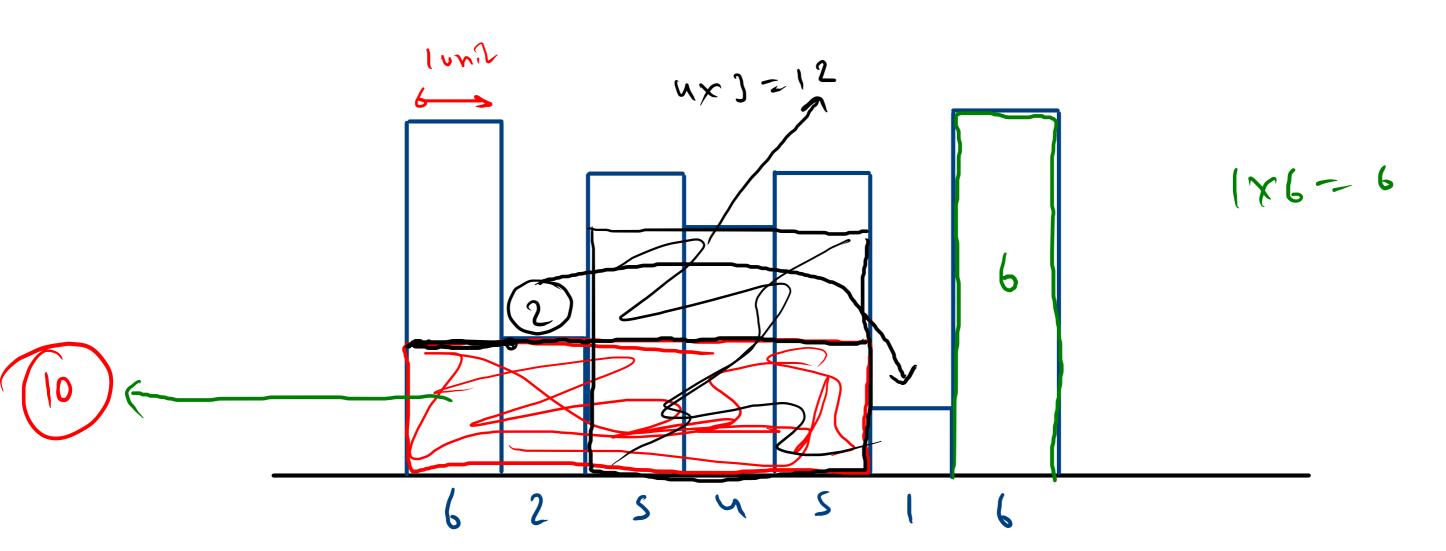


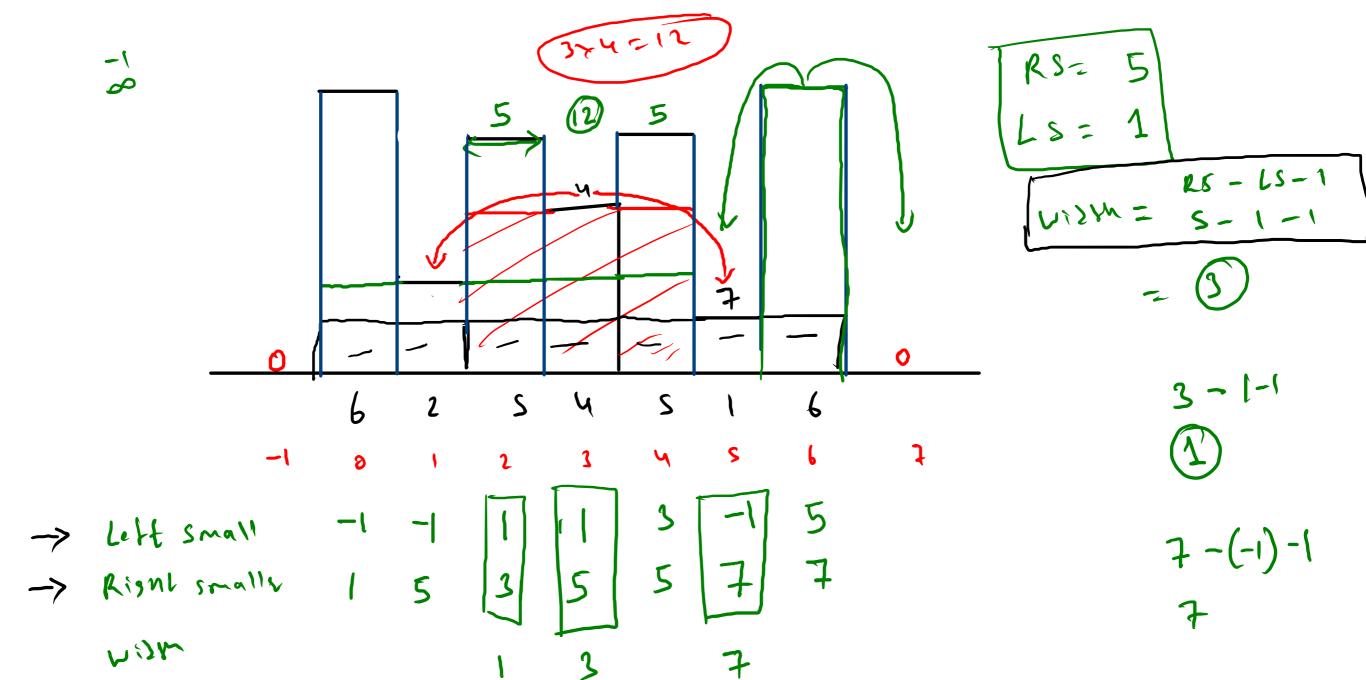
$$3 - 2 = 1$$
 $4 - 3 = 1$
 $5 - (-1) = [6]$



```
Stack<Integer> st = new Stack<>();
int ss[] = new int[arr.length];
for(int i=0;i<arr.length;i++){
   while(st.size() >0 && arr[st.peek(]
                                      <= arr[i])st.pop();
                                                       31-12
   int greaterI = -1;
   if(st.size() >0){
       greaterI = st.peek();
ss[i] = i-greaterI;
                                                       3-2-1
   st.push(i);
return ss;
```



[12] =



k=4 $g_{111} > g_{12} = 9$ $g_{111} > g_{1$

unlo X K

[2 9 3 8 1 7 12 6 14 4 32 0 7 19 8 12 6] and k = 4, the answer is [9 9 8 12 12 14 14 32 32 32 32 19 19 19]

k = 4

a + b

inlix mix

t ab

fon 15

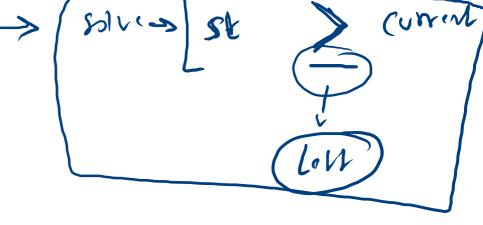
ab t

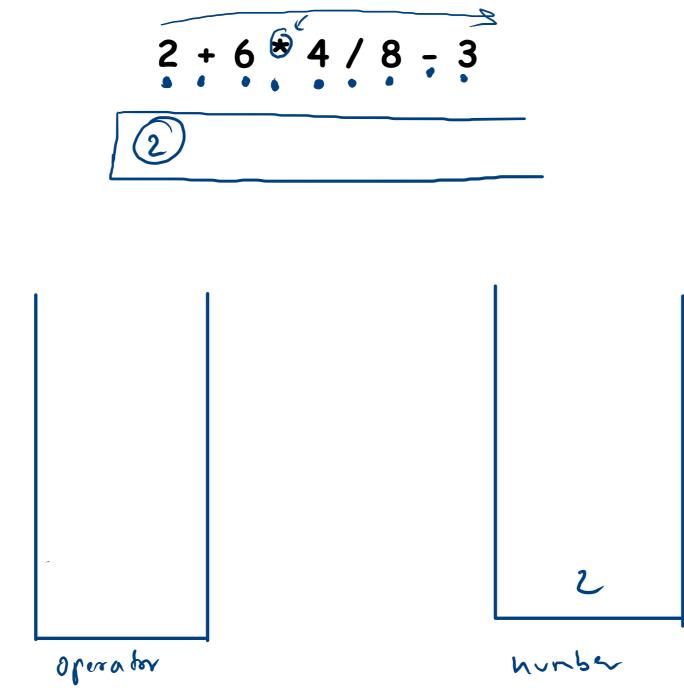
$$2 + 6 = 44 / 8 - 3$$
 $2 + 2 = 3 - 3$
 $2 + 3 - 3$
 $2 = 3$

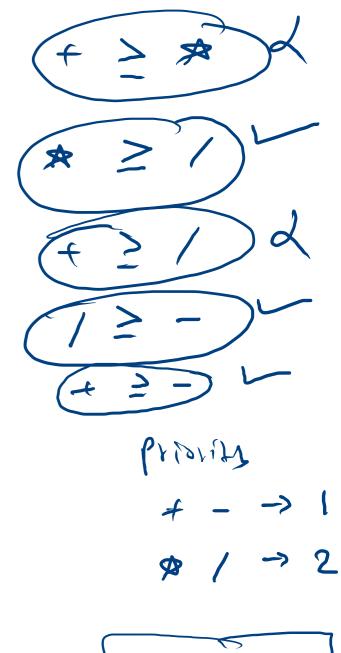
$$2 + 6 * 4 / 8 - 3$$
 $2 + 24 / 8 - 3$
 $2 + 3 - 3$
 $5 - 3$

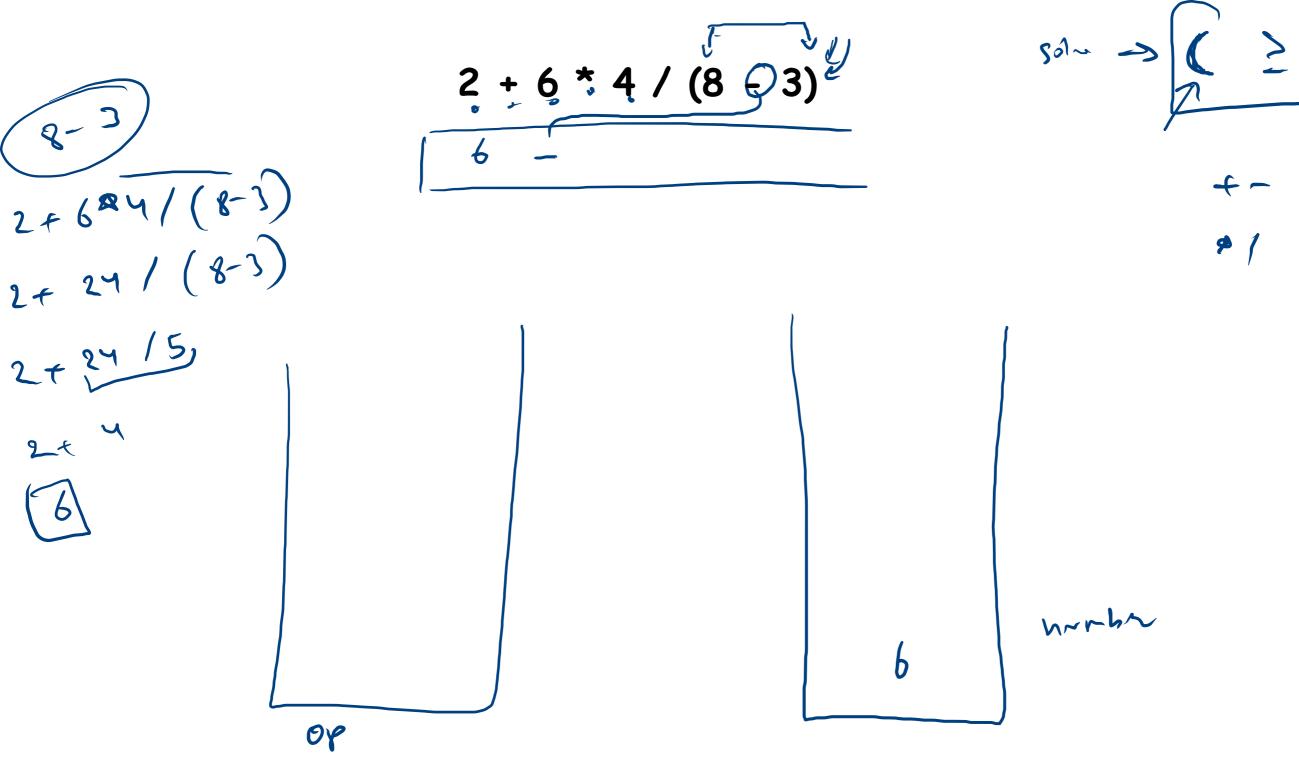
sare priorits











TODO MINIST CONVERSION

inl > a + b

pon abt

2 + 6 * 4 / 8 - 3

2+ 464 /8,-3

2+ 1 × 648, -3

+2/\$648 - 3

relix equivalent

- +2/×6483

2 + 6 * 4 / 8 - 3

2+ 164 × 18 - 3

2+ 64=8 / - 3

26428/+ - 3

264\$8/+3- Postlix
equilalm