

↑

tos

push 30

push 40

size full → Stack overflow

tos ++

data[tos] = val;

pop

stack empty

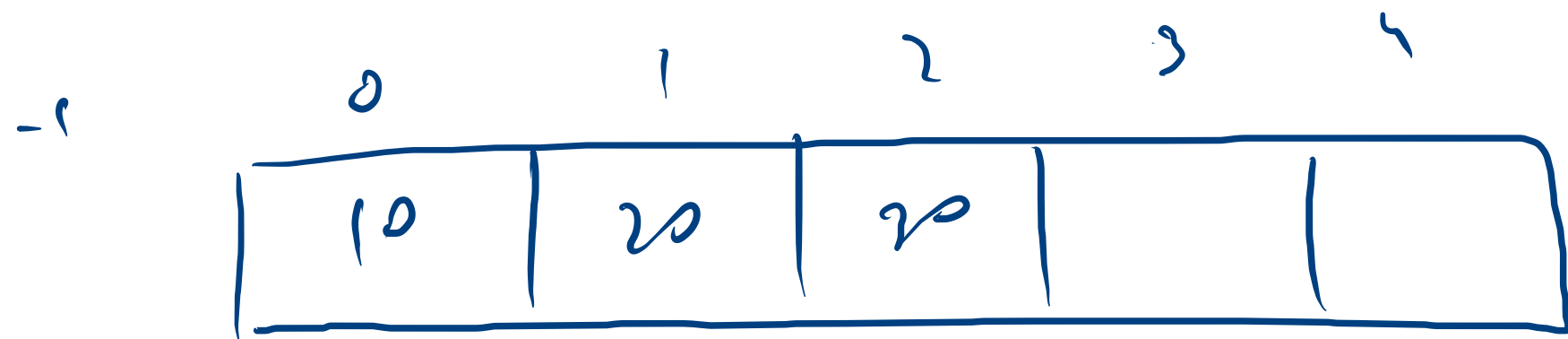
return data[tos]

pop

stack empty

n = data[tos]

return n



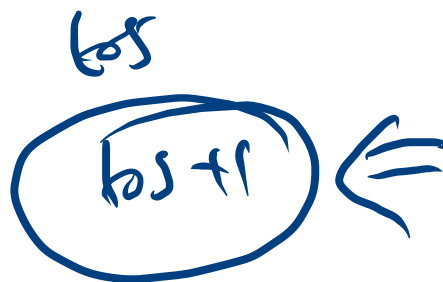
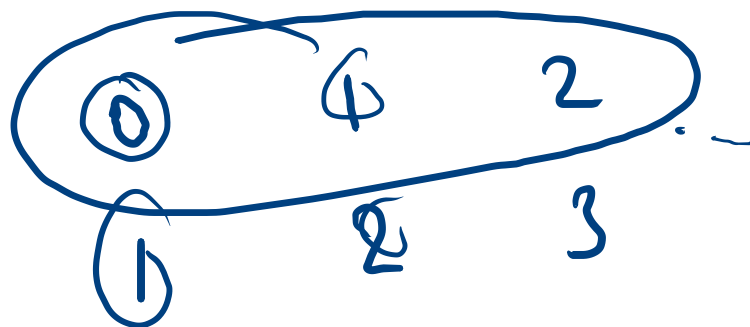
r
105

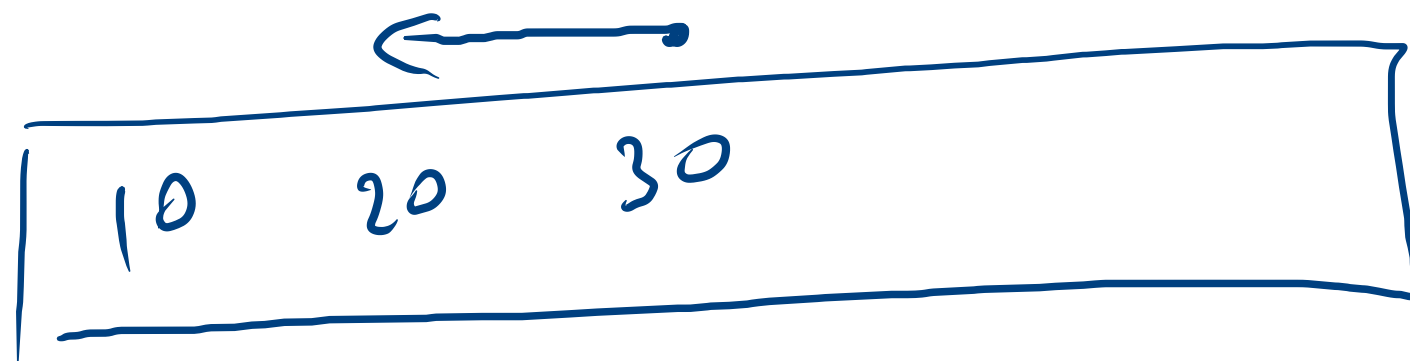
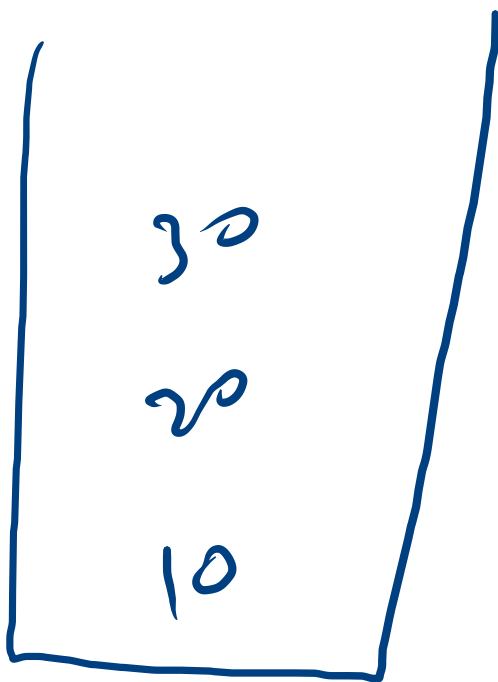
bas
sin

→

-1

0



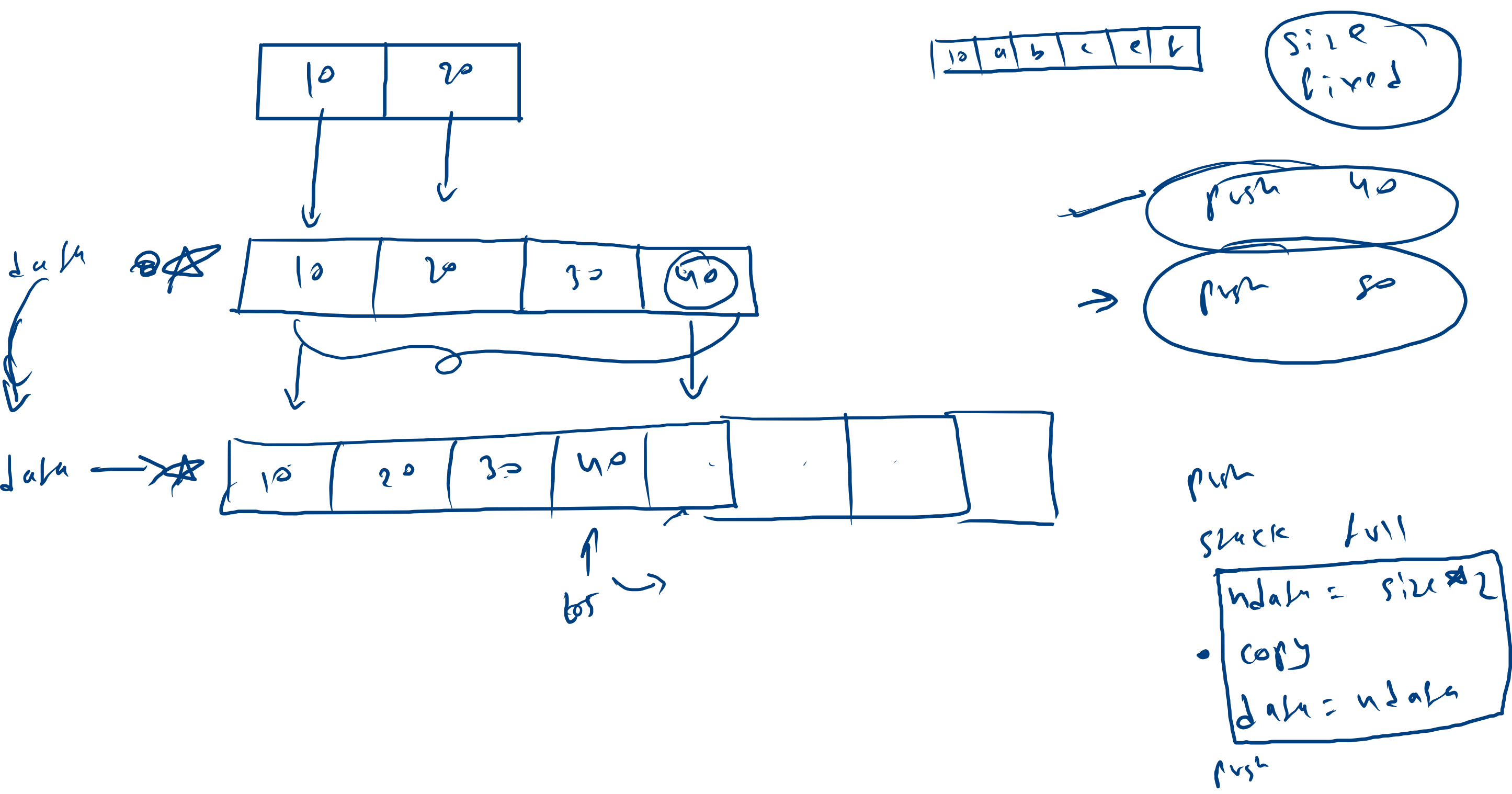


↓
set

10

20 10

30 20 10



10 | a | b | c | e | f

Size fixed

data

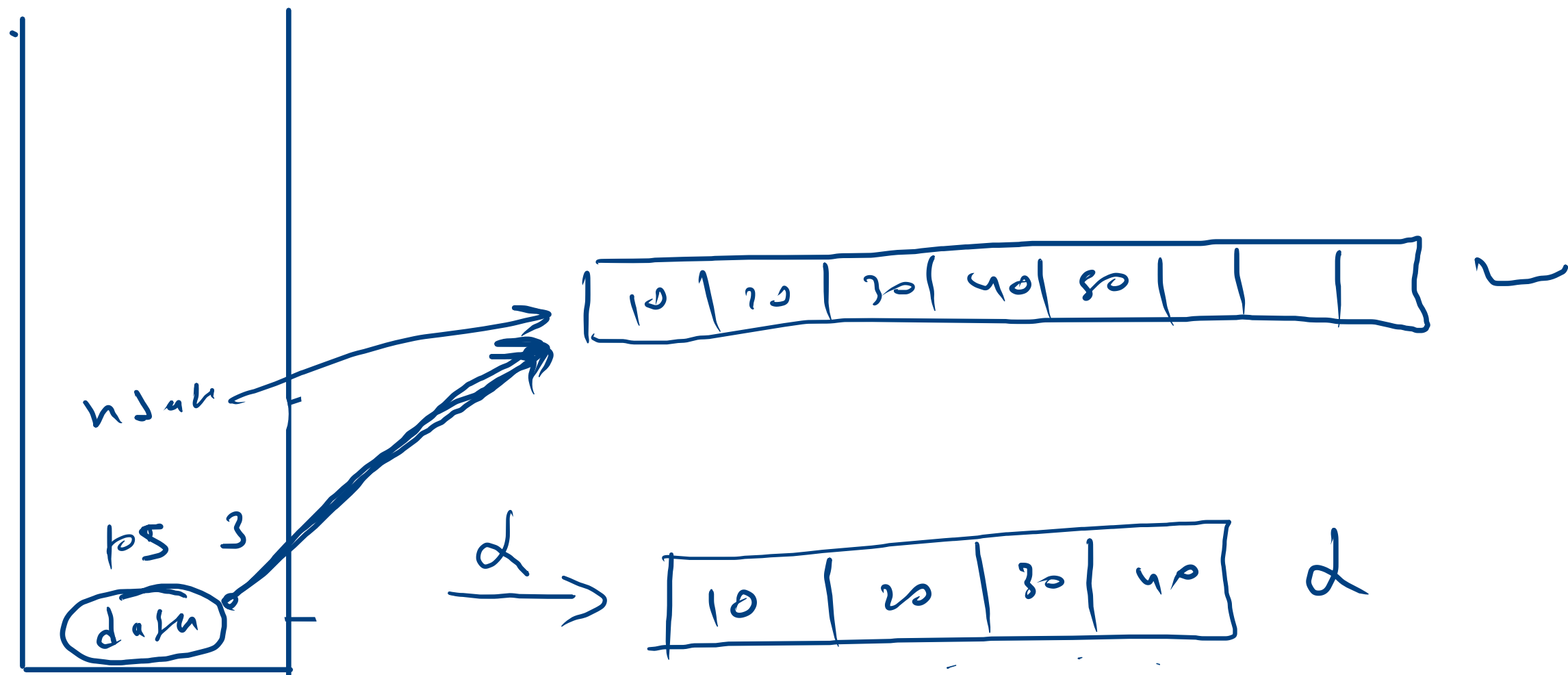
data

data

push
stack full

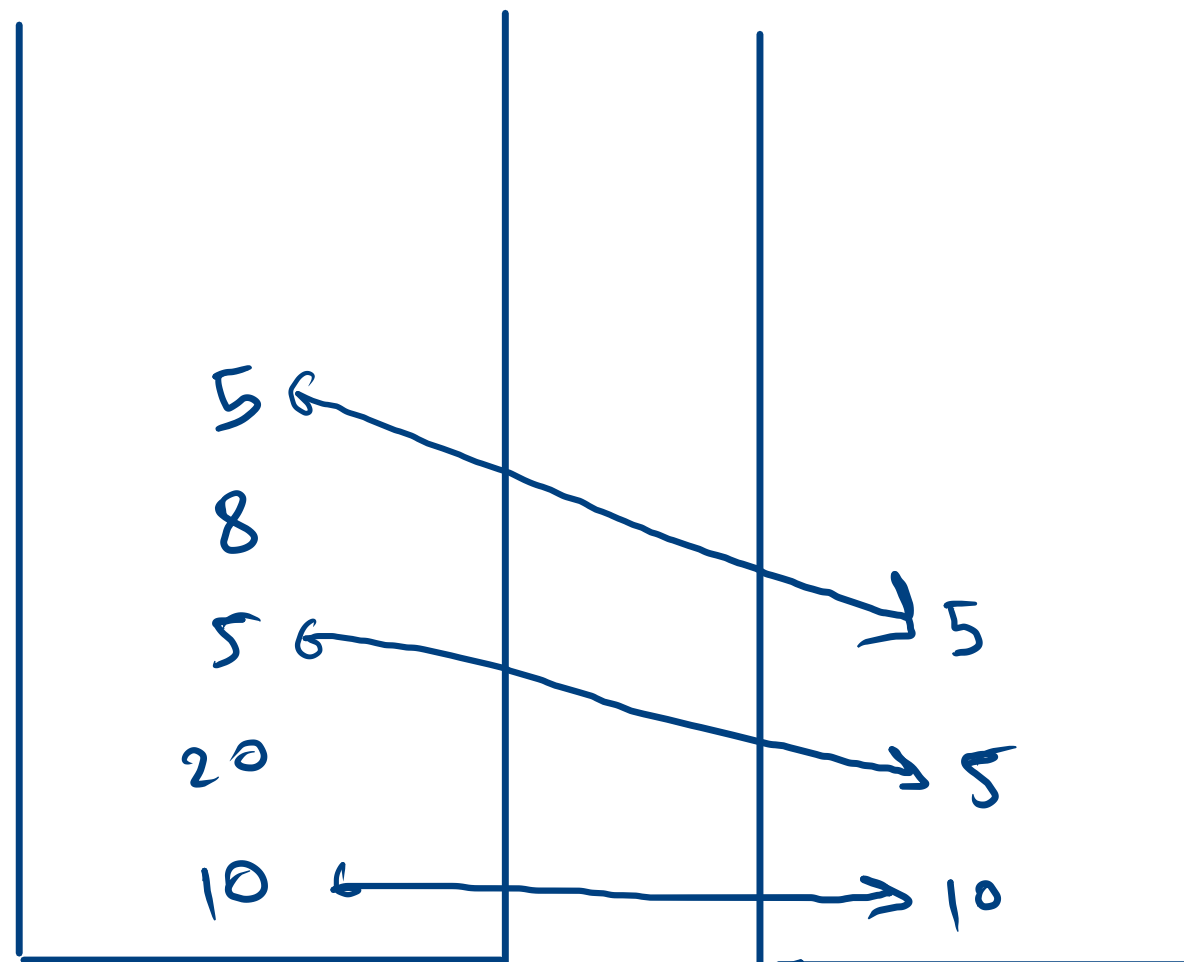
$ndata = size * 2$
• copy
 $data = ndata$

push



push 10 ←
 push 20 ←
 push 5 ←
 push 8
 push 2
 push 4
 push 11
 top min pop
 top min pop
 top min pop
 top min pop
 top min pop
 top min pop
 top min pop
 quit

min ←



all data

min data

push

all data → push

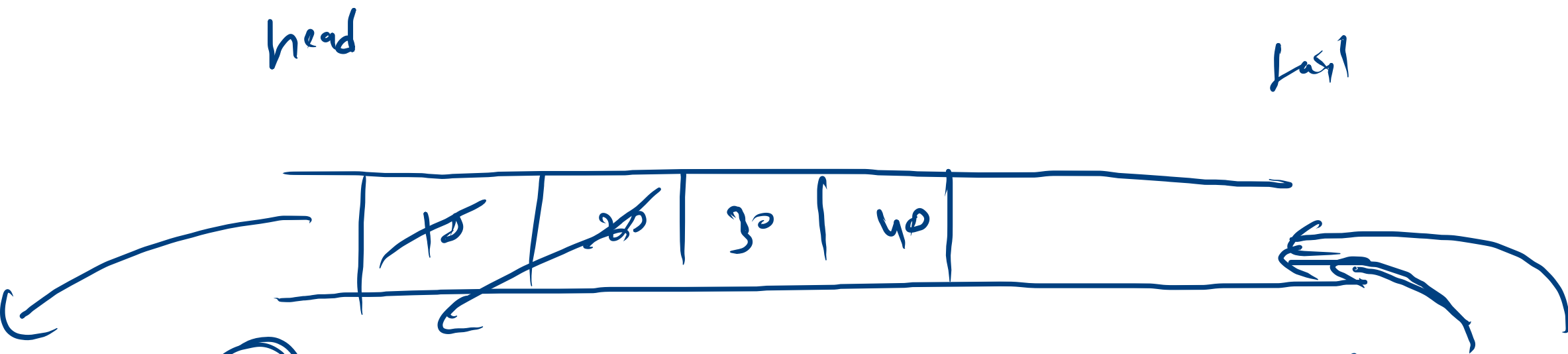
min data → peek ≥ val

→ push(val)

pop

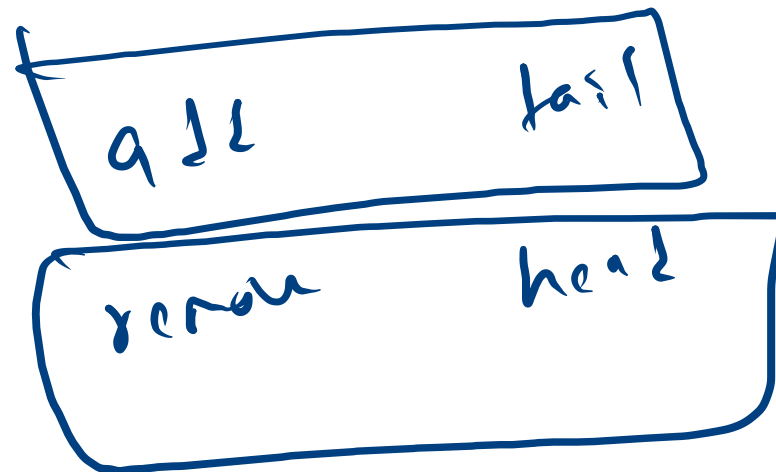
n = all data pop

if (n = min data. peek)
min data. pop()



20

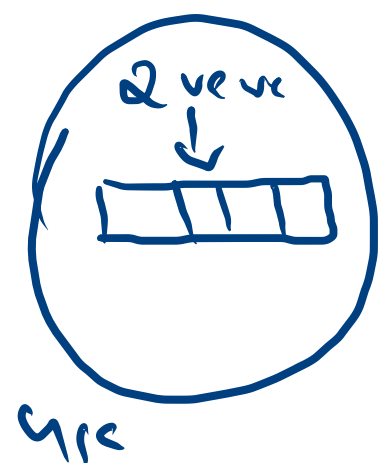
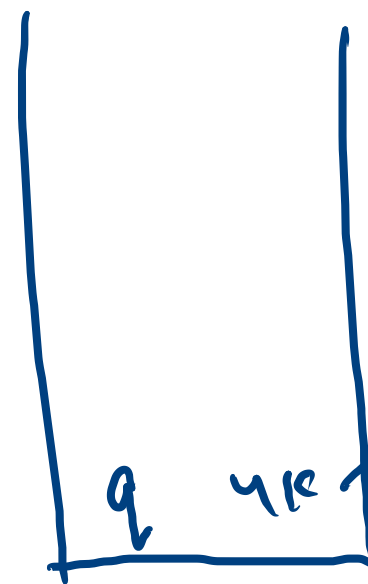
FIFO



Queue < Integer > q = new ArrayDeque<>();

Stack

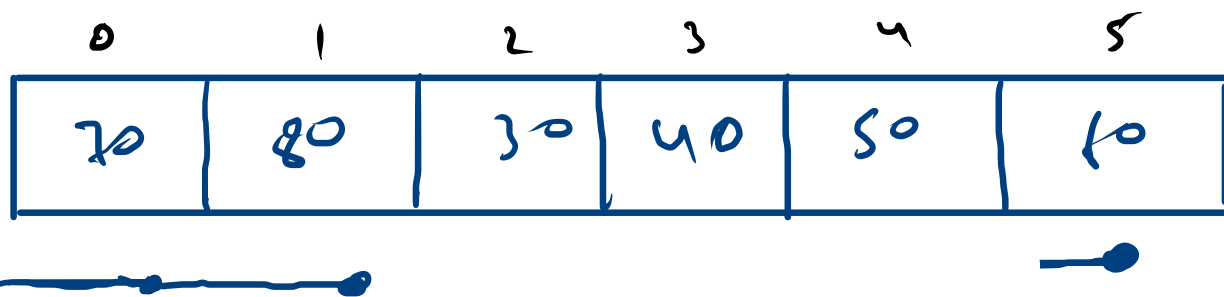
heap



size
add
remove
peek

6
front + size
↓

data →



front
↓
6

remove

```

n = data[front]
front++
size--
if (front == n)
    front = 0;
  
```

add

rear = front + size

if (rear >= n) rear -= n; circular

data[rear] = val

size++

size
↓
0

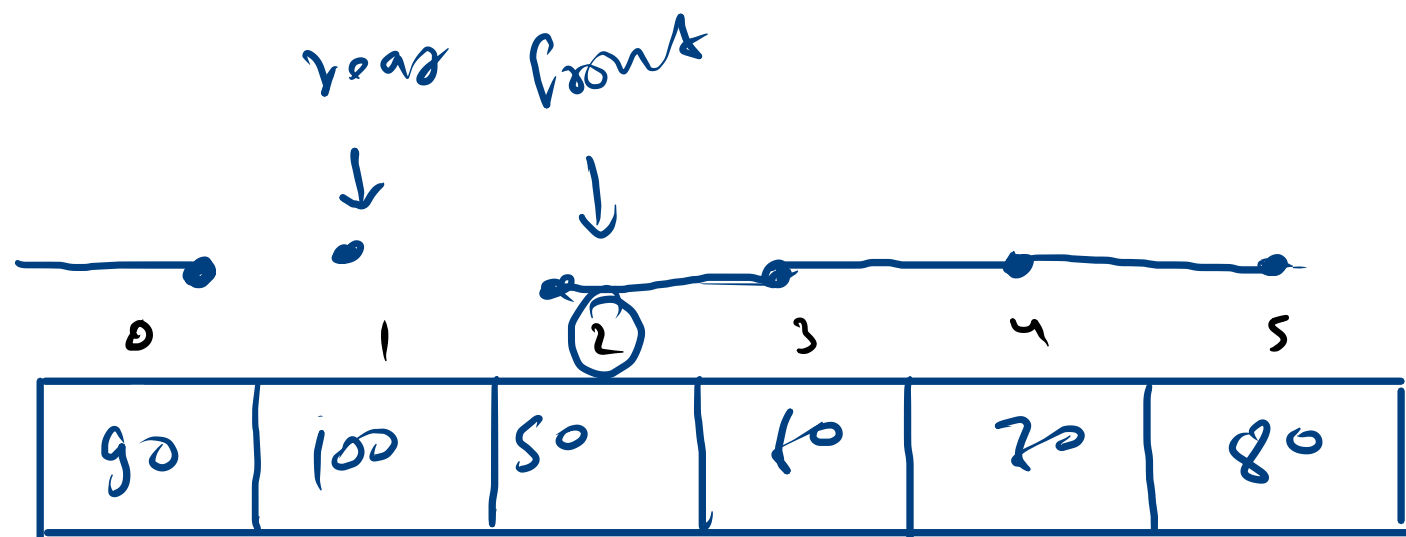
8 2 8 2 8 4 5 6 5 4 3

→ 60 20 80

6+1 →

7

size == data.length ⇒ full



remove $\rightarrow 10$

remove $\rightarrow 20$

remove

Size ~~4~~ ~~8~~ ~~4~~ ~~8~~ ~~6~~ ~~8~~ ~~4~~ ~~8~~ ~~6~~

add

add

2

rear

$h+0 \rightarrow 0$

$h+1 \rightarrow 1$

$h+2 \rightarrow 2$

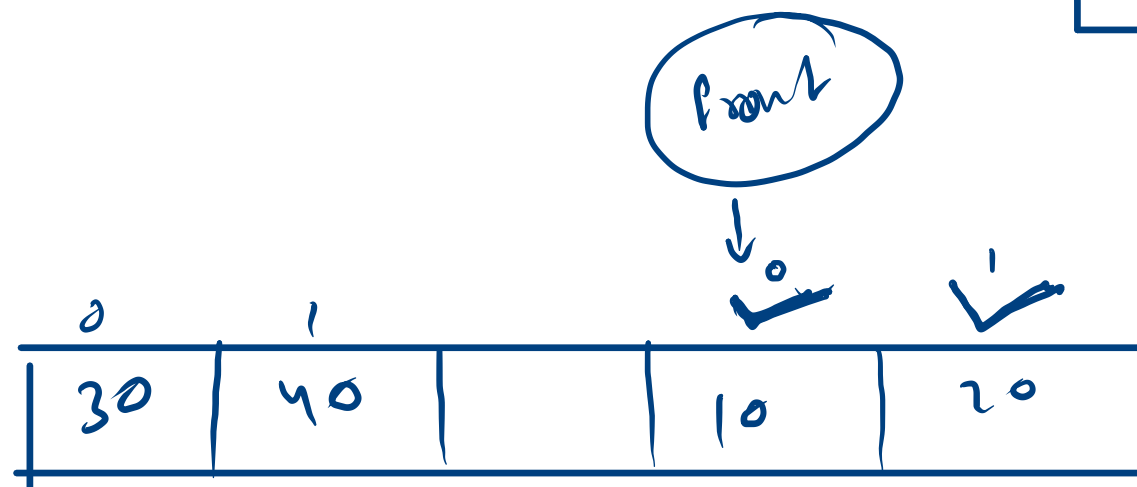
$h+3 \rightarrow 3$

10/03

index o/o data.length

i
 0 → 0
 1 → 1
 2 → 2
 3 → 0
 4 → 1
 5 → 2
 6 → 0
 7 → 1
 8 → 2

3



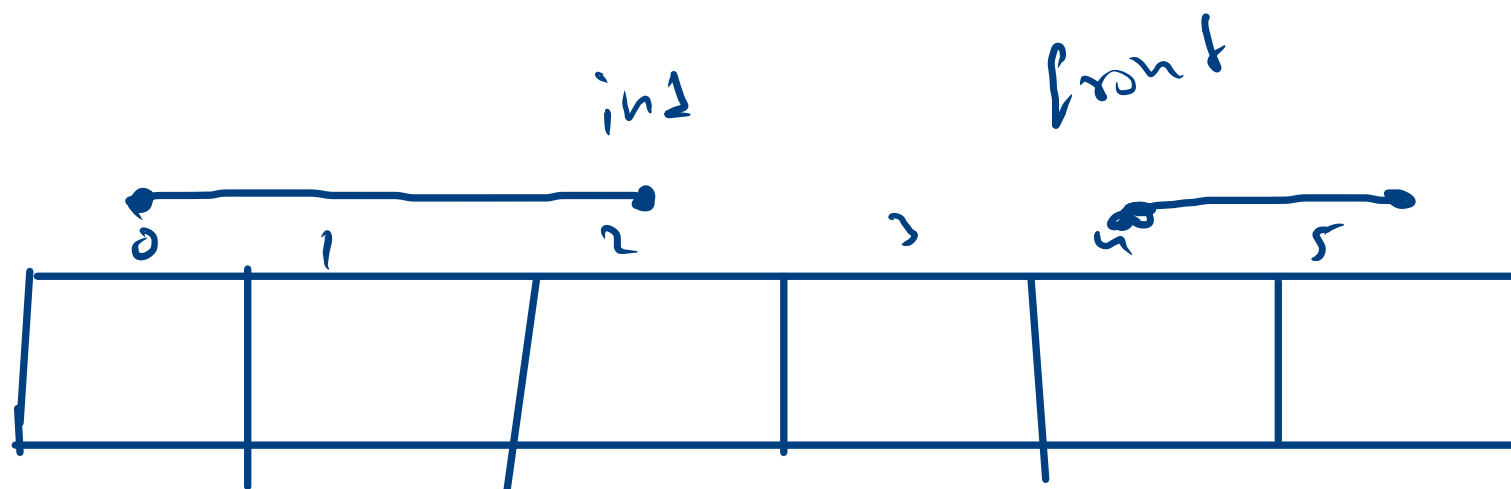
2 front + 3
 h + 0 h + 1

0
 i ← 0 to size - 1

size 4 2 3 4

int index = front + i

if (index ≥ h)
 index = h



size 8

front
4

$$(front + size) - 1$$

$$4 + 5 + 1$$

8

$$ind = i \% data.length$$

$$i < front + size$$

$$4 + 5$$

9

