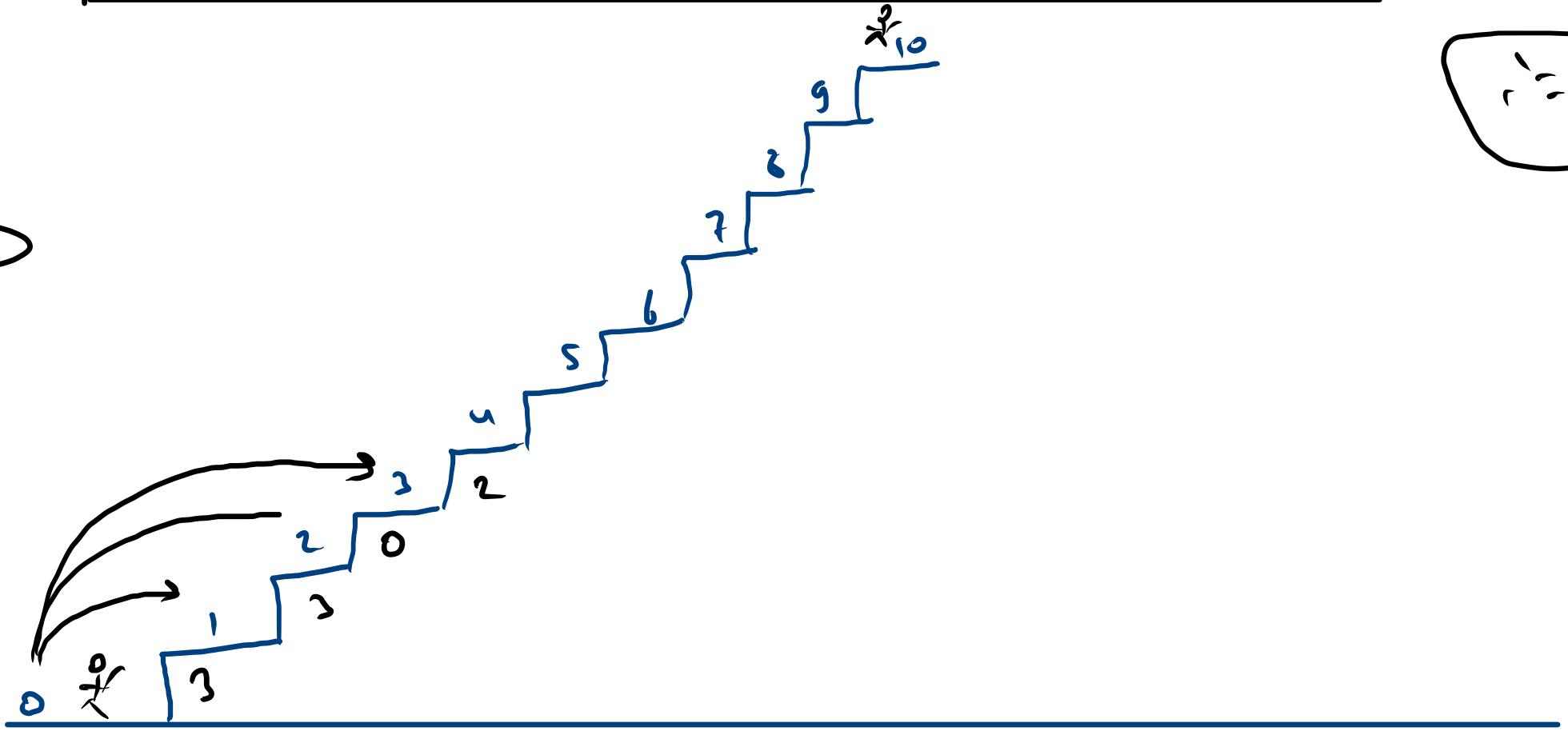


0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
3	3	0	2	1	2	4	2	0	0

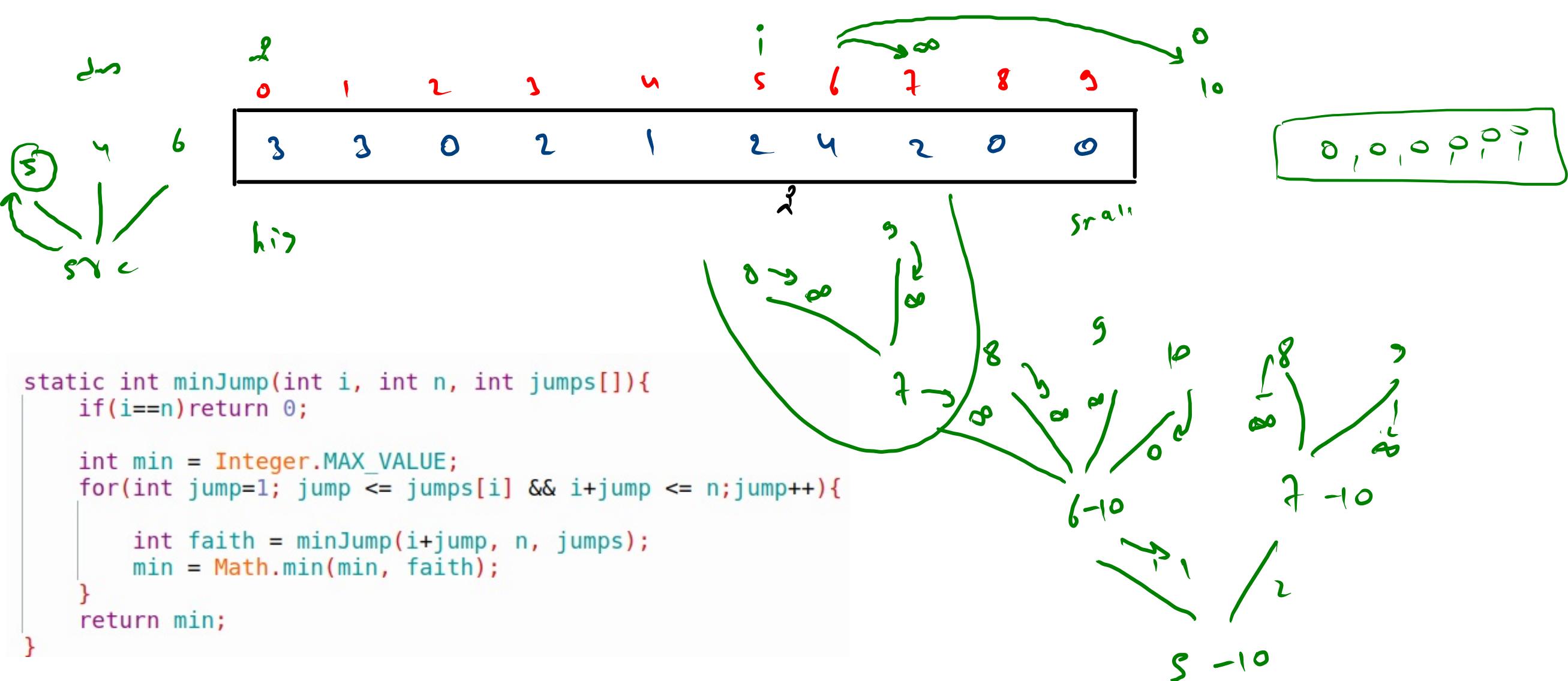
10

1, 2, 3
break here

i=0



:= h



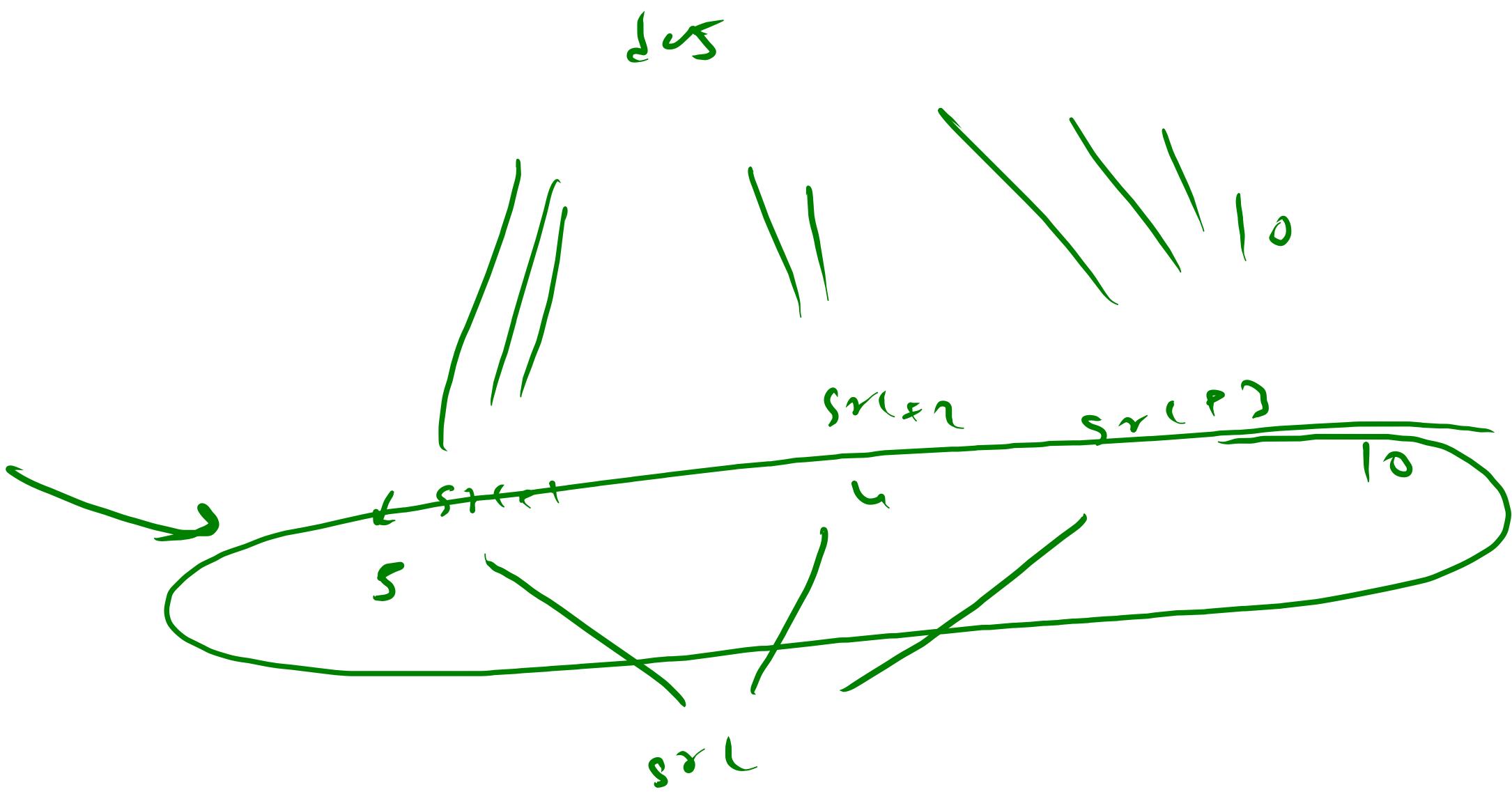
memo → Tab

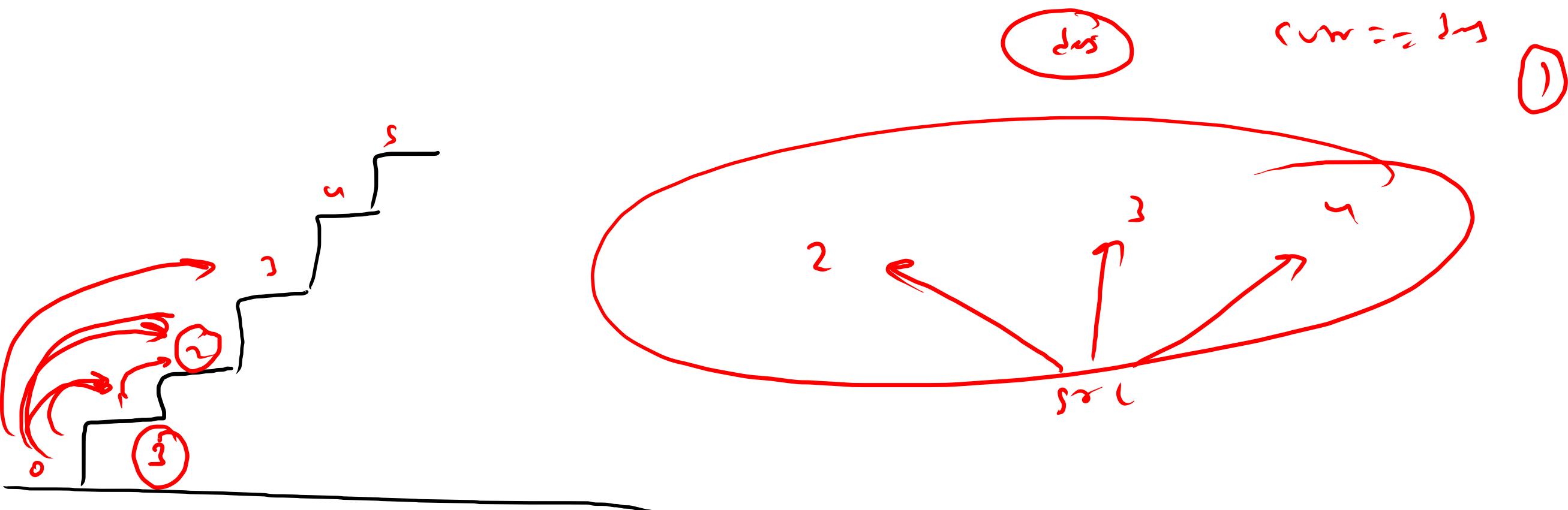
memo → remove 2

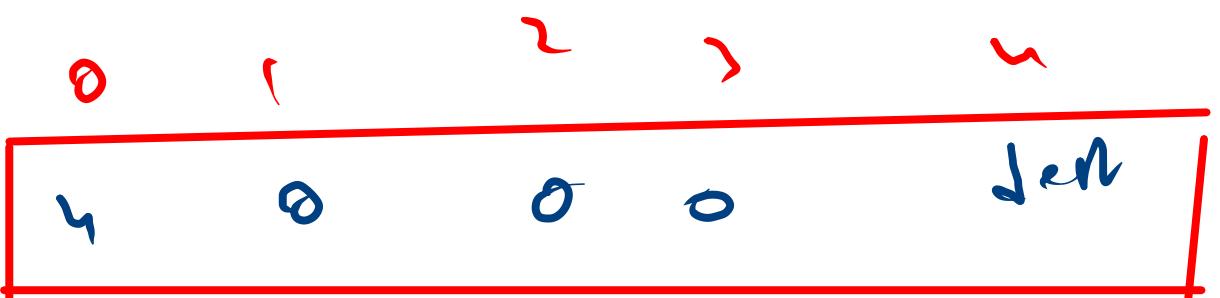
change h to i

return to ans, continue

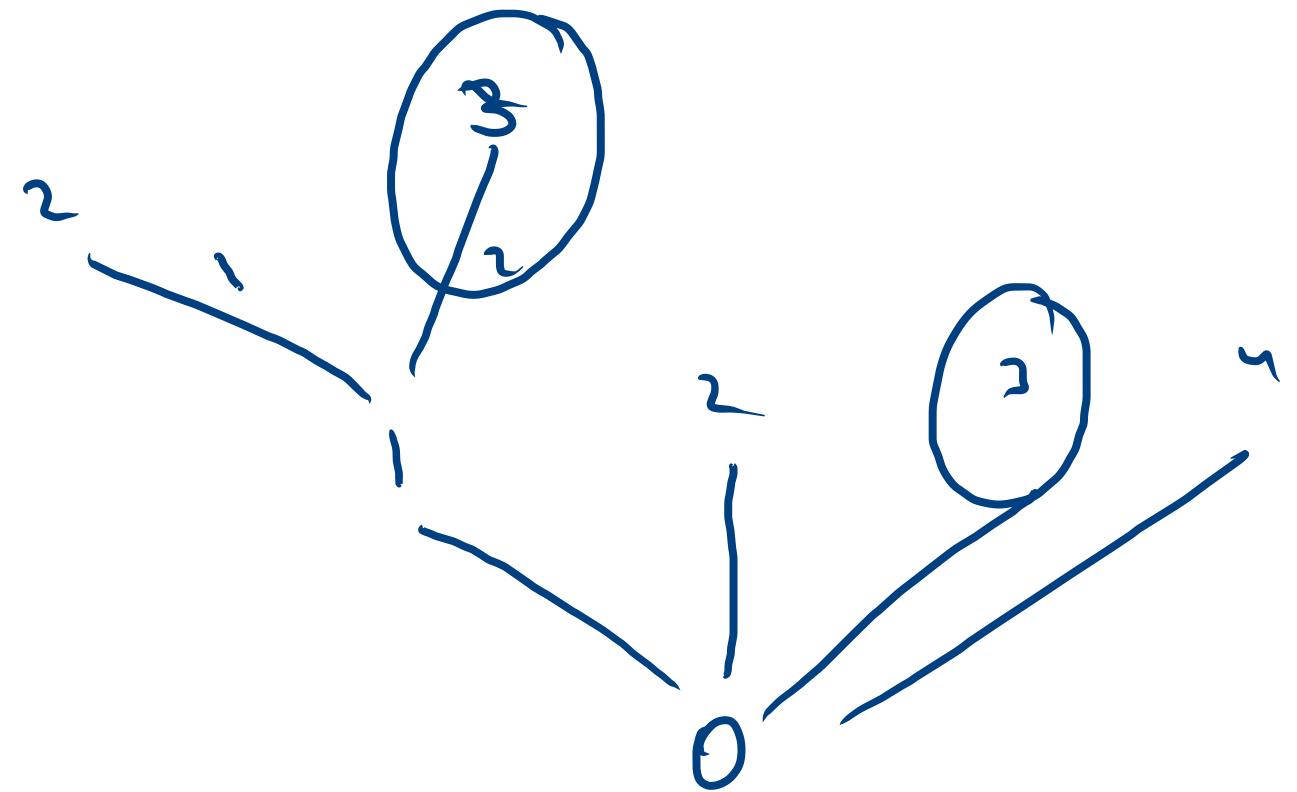
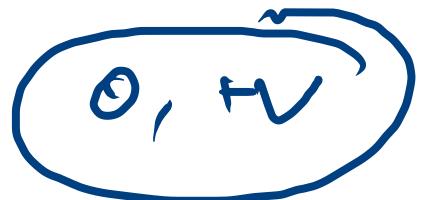
Calls



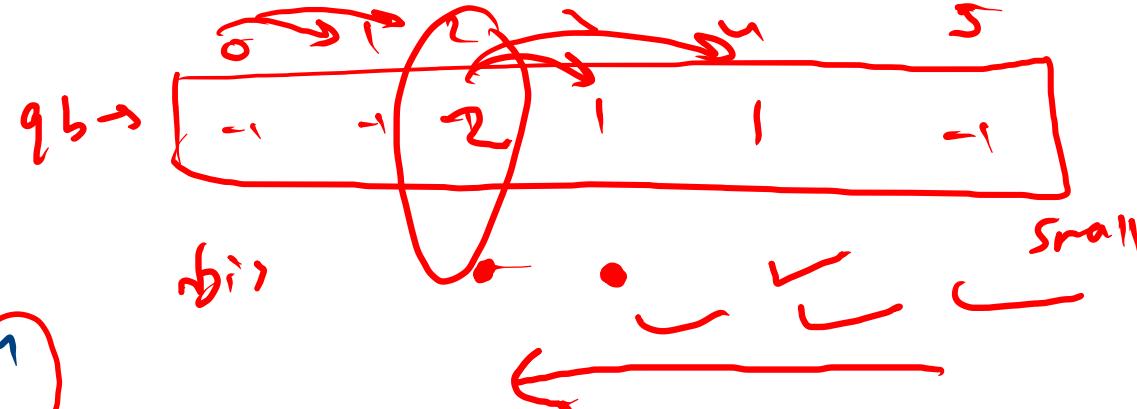
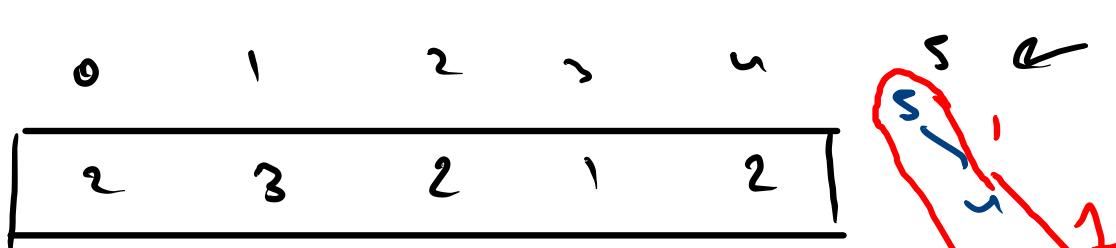




ans



2



```

static int rec(int curr, int des, int jumps[], int qb[]){
    if(curr == des) return 1;
    // if(curr>des) return 0;

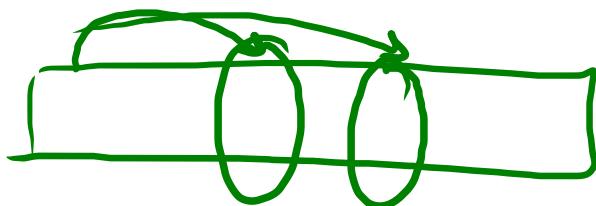
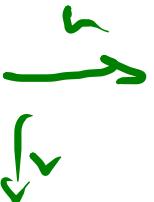
    if(qb[curr] != -1) return qb[curr];
    int ans=0; 0
    for(int j=1;j<=jumps[curr] && j+curr <= des;j++){
        ans += rec(curr+j, des, jumps, qb);
    }

    qb[curr] = ans;
    return ans;
}

```

2
0 - s

4×4

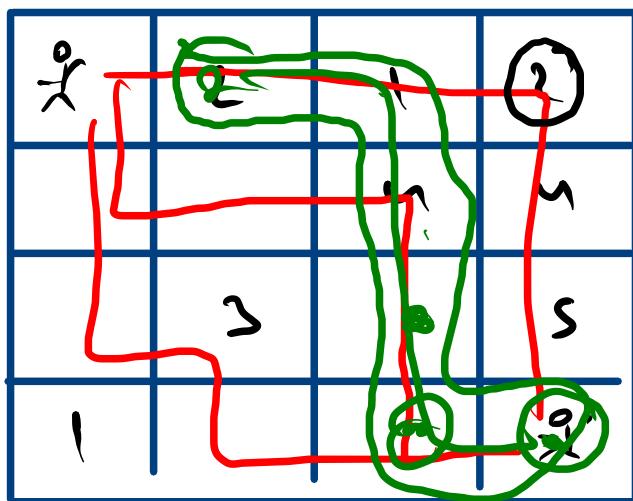


min cost

move $\rightarrow h$

4×4

n



0	1	4	2	8	2	4	3	6
5	0	4	1	2	4	1	4	6
2	0	7	3	2	2	3	1	5
9	2	4	2	7	0	8	5	1

n

$i, j, i+1$

d_{ij}

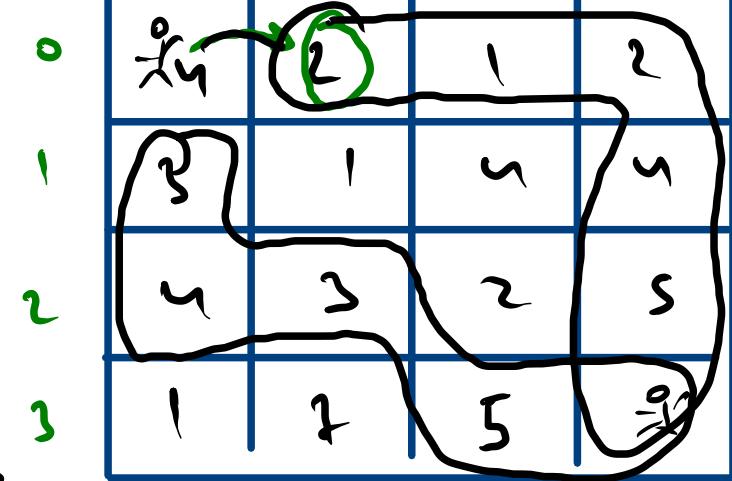
$d_{i+1,j}$

$i+1, j$

$d_{i+1,j+1}$

$d_{i,j+1}$

$\min(d_{i,j}) +$



d_{ij}

$d_{i+1,j}$

$d_{i+1,j+1}$

$d_{i,j+1}$

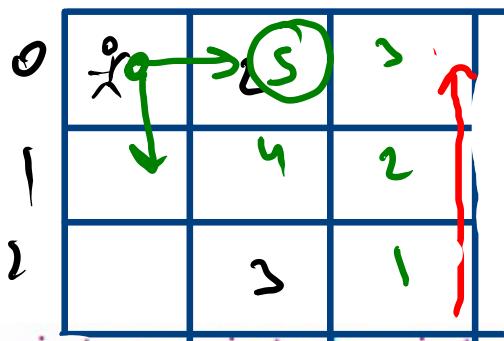
sc

$d_{i,j}$

$d_{i+1,j}$

$d_{i+1,j+1}$

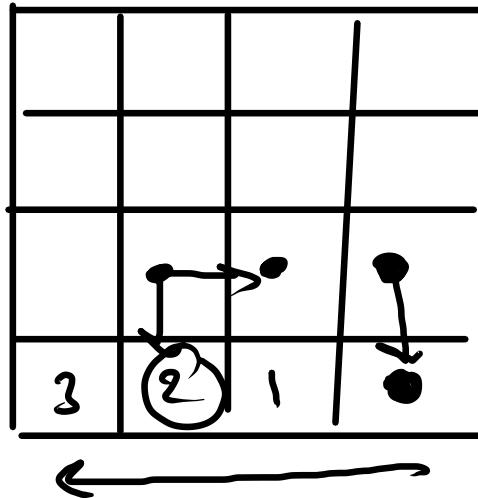
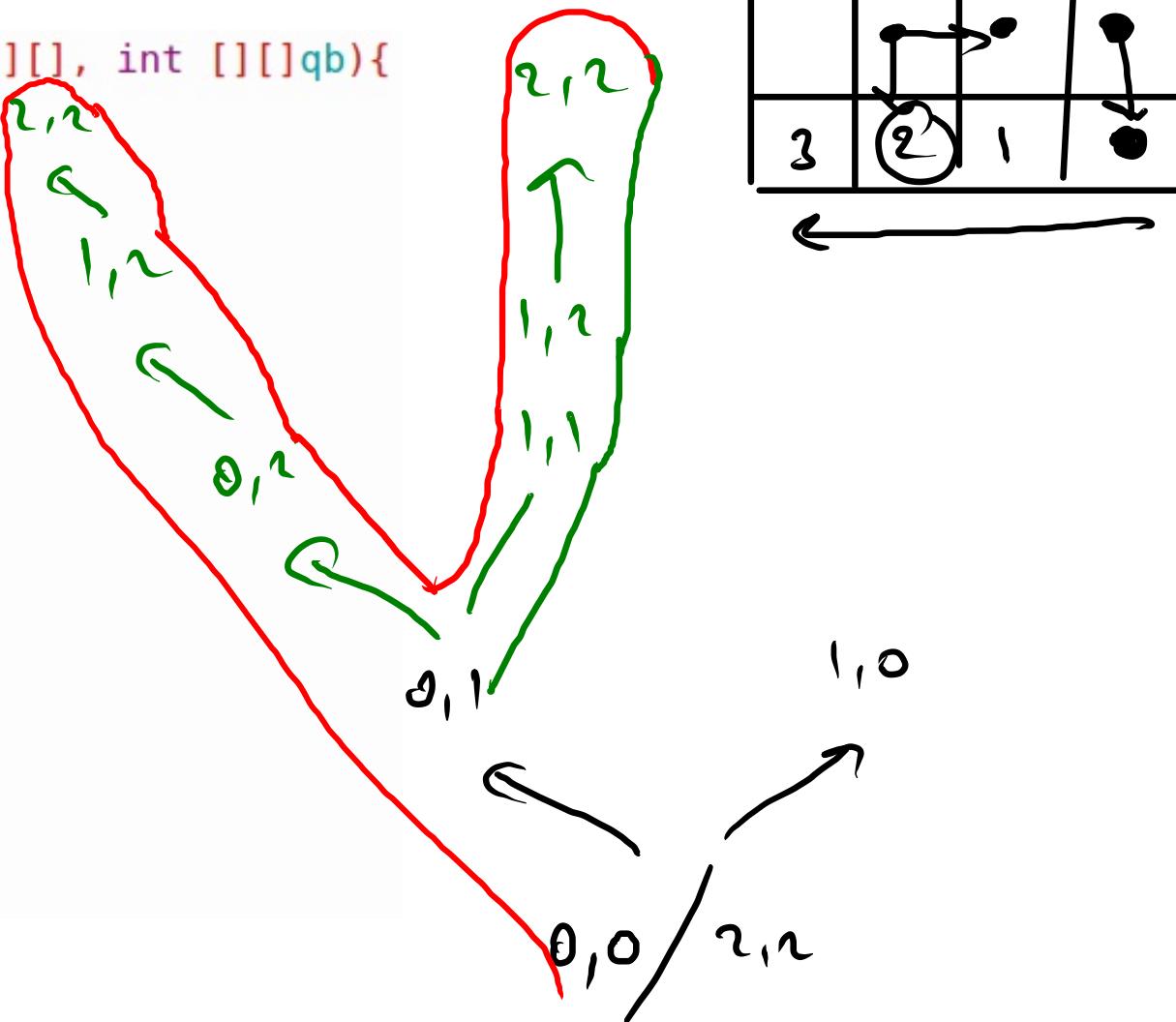
$d_{i,j+1}$



```

static int rec(int sr, int sc, int dr, int dc, int cost[][], int qb[][]){
    if(sr == dr && sc == dc) return cost[dr][dc];
    if(qb[sr][sc] != -1) return qb[sr][sc];
    int hFaith = Integer.MAX_VALUE;
    int vFaith = Integer.MAX_VALUE;
    if(sc != dc){
        hFaith = rec(sr, sc+1, dr, dc, cost, qb);
    }
    if(sr != dr){
        vFaith = rec(sr+1, sc, dr, dc, cost, qb);
    }
    int ans = Math.min(vFaith, hFaith);
    qb[sr][sc] = ans;
    cost[sr][sc] = qb[sr][sc];
    return ans;
}

```



min con man pan

cost

4
4
4 0 1 5
4 2 2 1
4 2 1
1 0 1 0
3 3 2 3

4	0	1	5
4	2	2	1
4	2	1	
1	0	1	0
3	3	2	3

q b

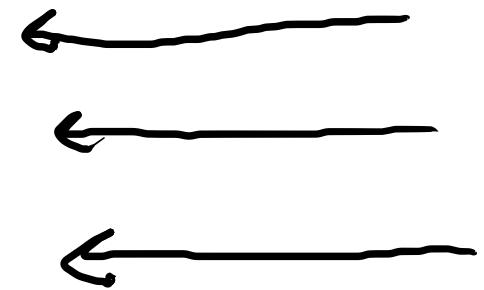
10	6	7	9
9	6	6	4
5	4	4	3
11	8	5	3

ans → i_{jj}

$\min(h(i+1, j), v(i, j+1))$
+ cost[i][j]

T3

9	6	6	4
5	4	4	3
11	8	5	3



h x n

memo \rightarrow Tab

memo \rightarrow remove 2

change h to i

change return to ans, continue

calls

Tabulation

Storage

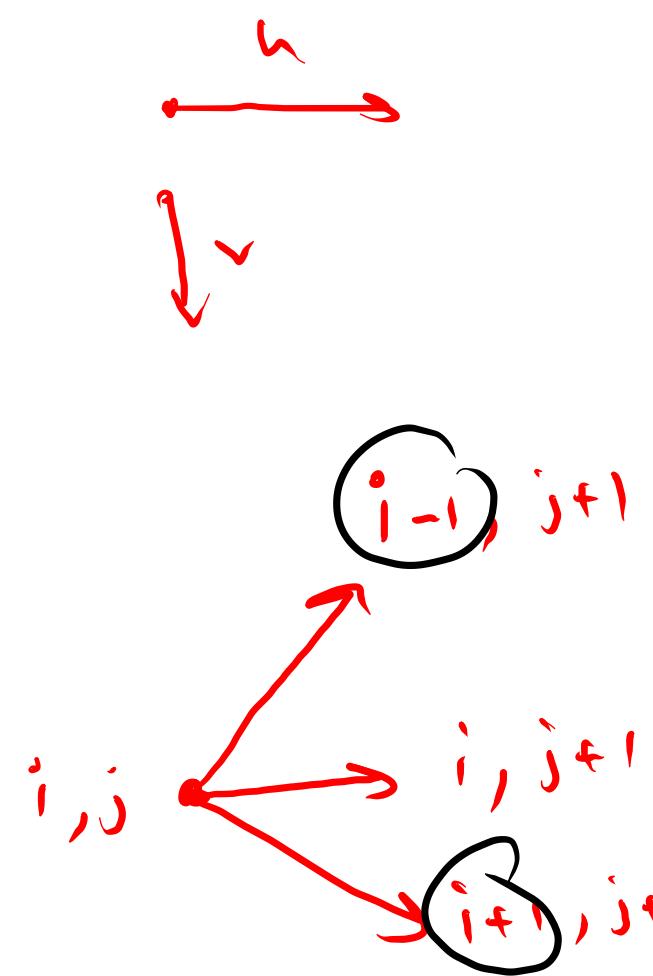
meaning

direction

0	1	4	2	8	2
4	3	6	5	0	4
1	2	4	1	4	6
2	0	7	3	2	2
3	1	5	9	2	4
2	7	0	8	5	1

src m dest

0	1	4	2	8	2
4	3	6	5	0	4
1	2	4	1	4	6
2	0	7	3	2	2
3	1	5	9	2	4
2	7	0	8	5	1



i, j

src

m

des

0	1	4	2	8	2
4	3	6	5	0	4
2	2	4	1	4	6
2	0	7	3	2	2
3	1	5	9	2	4
2	7	0	8	5	1

q_b = new int [m]{}

j ← c to 0 ↘

i ← 0 to ↗ ↙
 i ← init_max

+ q₀₁₂[j](i)

3
2

q_b

c

0	-	0	12	2
5	-	-	6	4
0	0	11	10	1
0	-	-	8	2
0	-	-	6	4
0	-	-	0	1

←

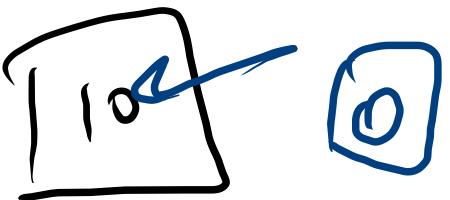
\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
4	2	7	1	3

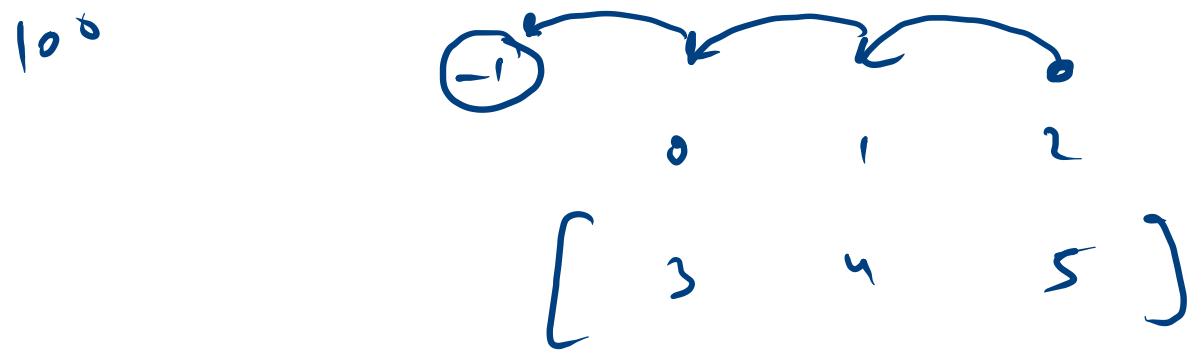
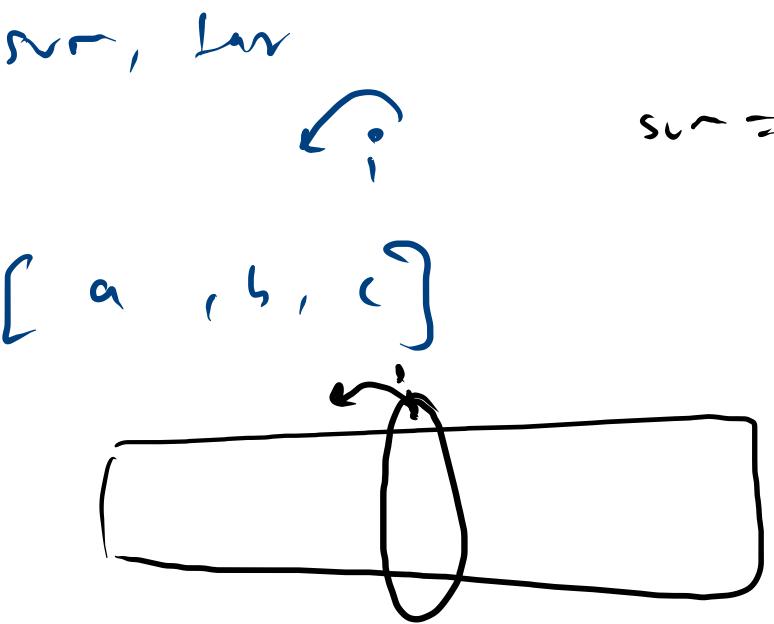
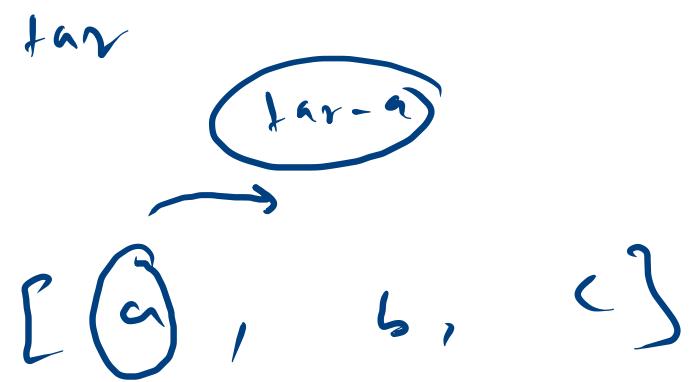
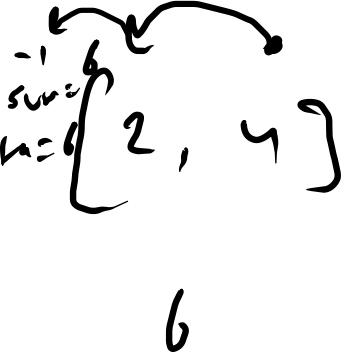
$2+3$ \leq

True

False

5 | 4 2 7 1 3 | 10





$1 / s / 10^0$

$2 / o / 10^0$

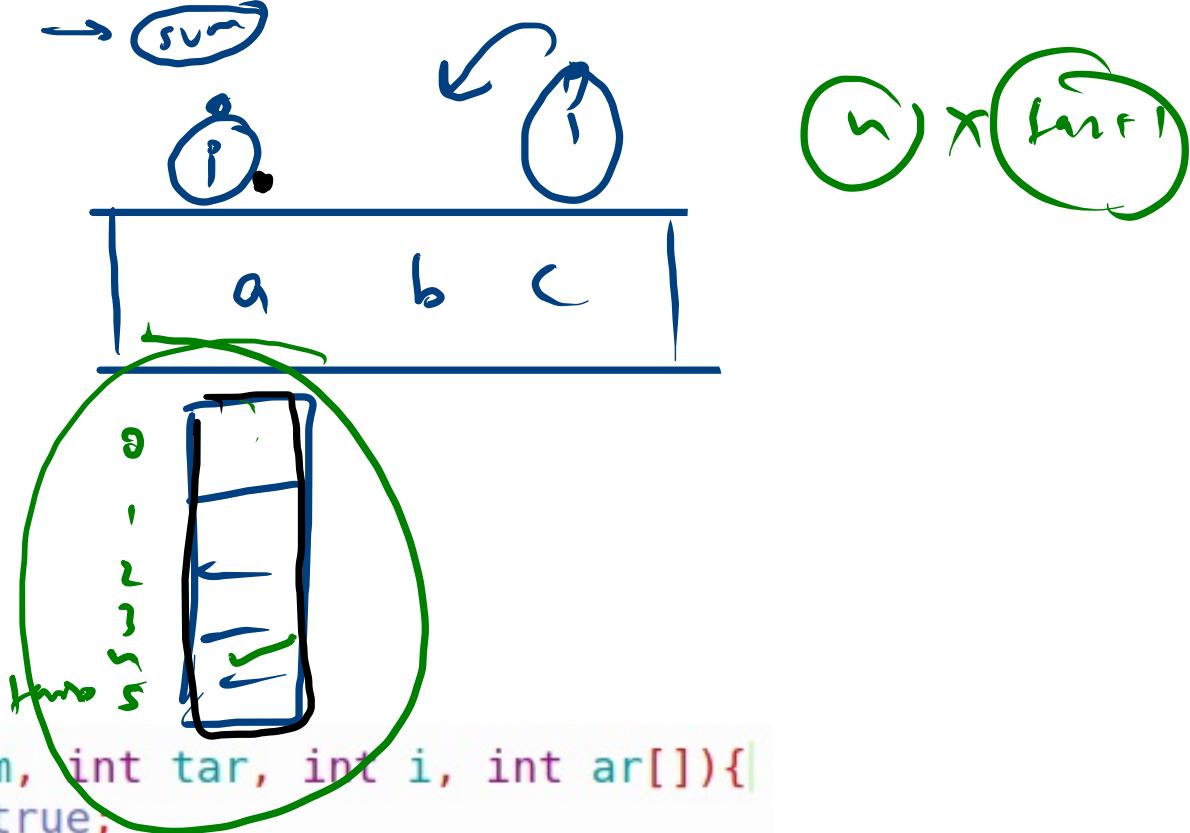
i

sur -

$$2a = 5$$

$$a+b+c \leq n$$

$$\text{sum} \leq \text{tar}$$



```
static boolean cal(int sum, int tar, int i, int ar[]){  
    if(sum == tar) return true;  
    if(i == -1) return false;  
  
    if(sum + ar[i] <= tar){  
        boolean can = cal(sum+ar[i], tar, i-1, ar);  
        if(can) return true;  
    }  
    return cal(sum, tar, i-1, ar);  
}
```

a ---
- b -

$$\begin{bmatrix} 4 & 2 & 2 & 1 & ? \end{bmatrix}$$

$$1+2=10$$

coins = [1 2 7 1 2] tar = 10

strans = hr * (start)

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
cols	✓	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
0	✓	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
1	x	✓	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
2	x	x	✓	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
3	c	b	a	2	y	m	n				
4											
5											
6											
7											
8											
9											
10											

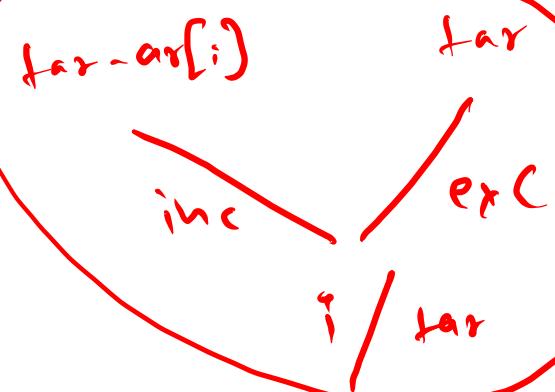
means →

Travel solid

inval

qb[i-1][t - arr[i]]

exit qb[i-1][t]



coins \rightarrow [2 3 5 6]
 $x \downarrow 1, 2, 3, 4, 5$

$2+2+2+2$

⑧

target \rightarrow 7

$2+2+3$

$2+5$

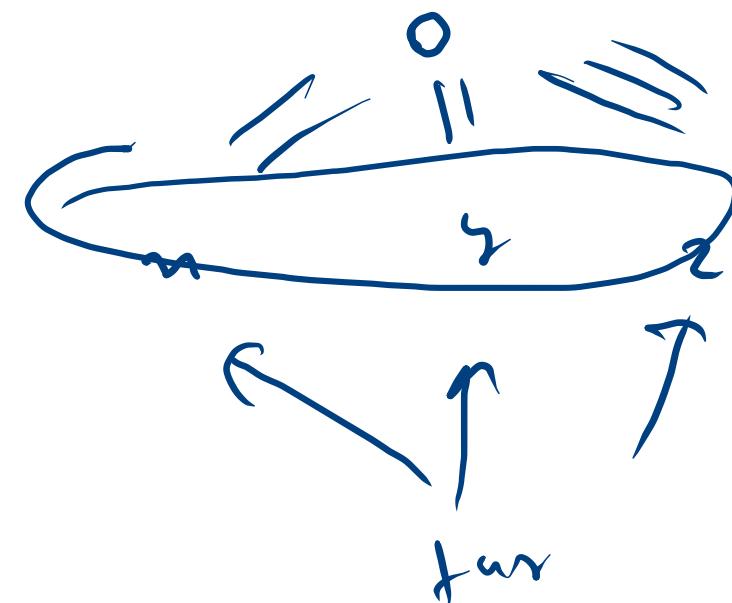
4 2 3 5 6 7

$\text{tar} = 0$

①

~~$2+2+2$~~
 ~~$5+2$~~

coins rep



coins $\rightarrow [2, 3, 5, 1]$

$2 - 5$

target $\rightarrow 7$

$$\begin{aligned} 4 - 2 &= 2 \\ 6 - 2 &= 4 \\ 2 - 2 &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

$7 - 7 = 0$

ans \rightarrow

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	0 1	x 2	x 3	x 4	x 5	2	0 2
•	1	• 2 1+1	• 3 2+1 1+1+1	• 2+2 3+1 2+1+1 1+1+1+1	2+3 5	2+2+1 3+2	2+2+3 2+5

$2^1 + 1$
 $(x 1) + 1$

coins → [2 3 5 6]

jarsel → 7

2 + 2 = 4

2 + 3 + 2

3 + 2 + 2

2 + 5

3 + 2

combine

2
1 → 3

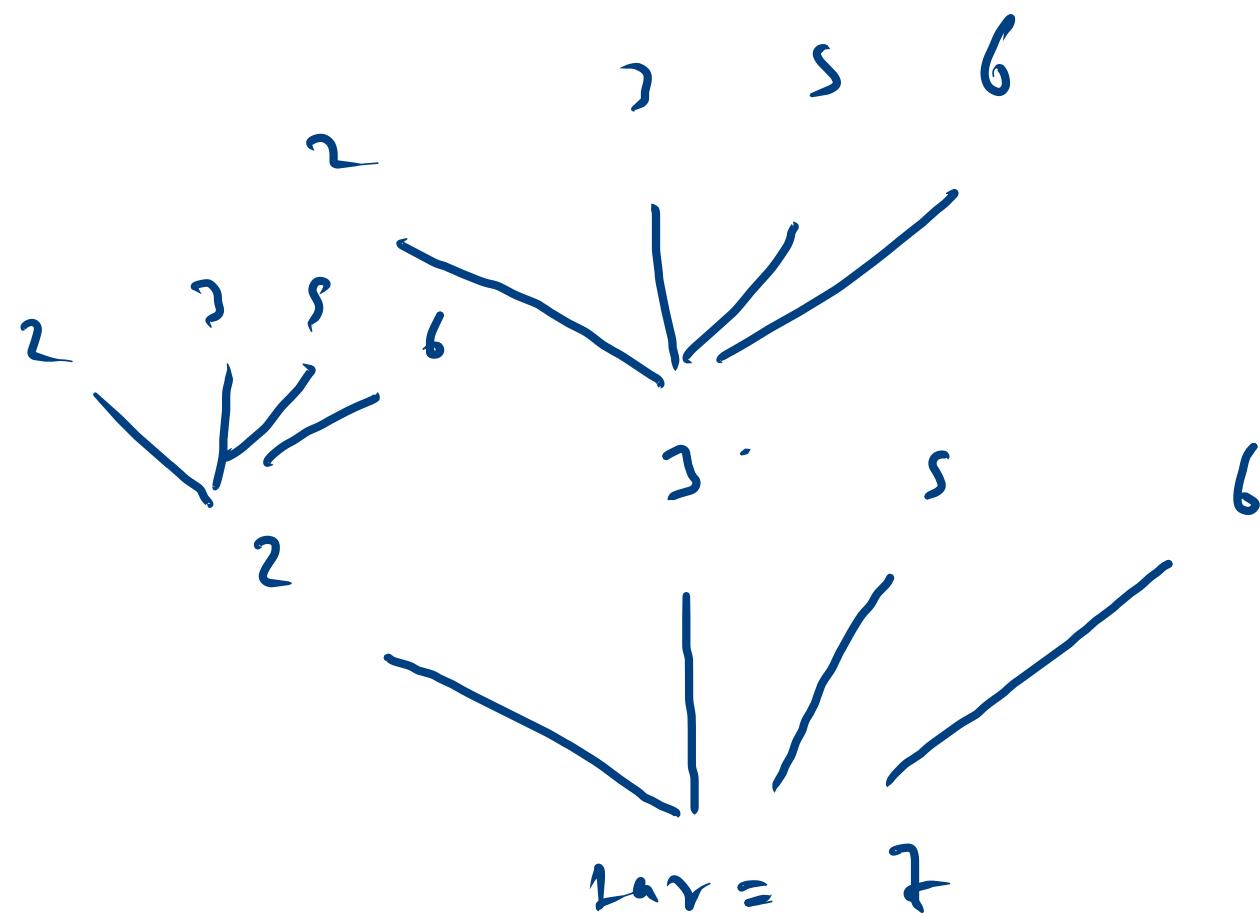
2, 3, 5, 6

now

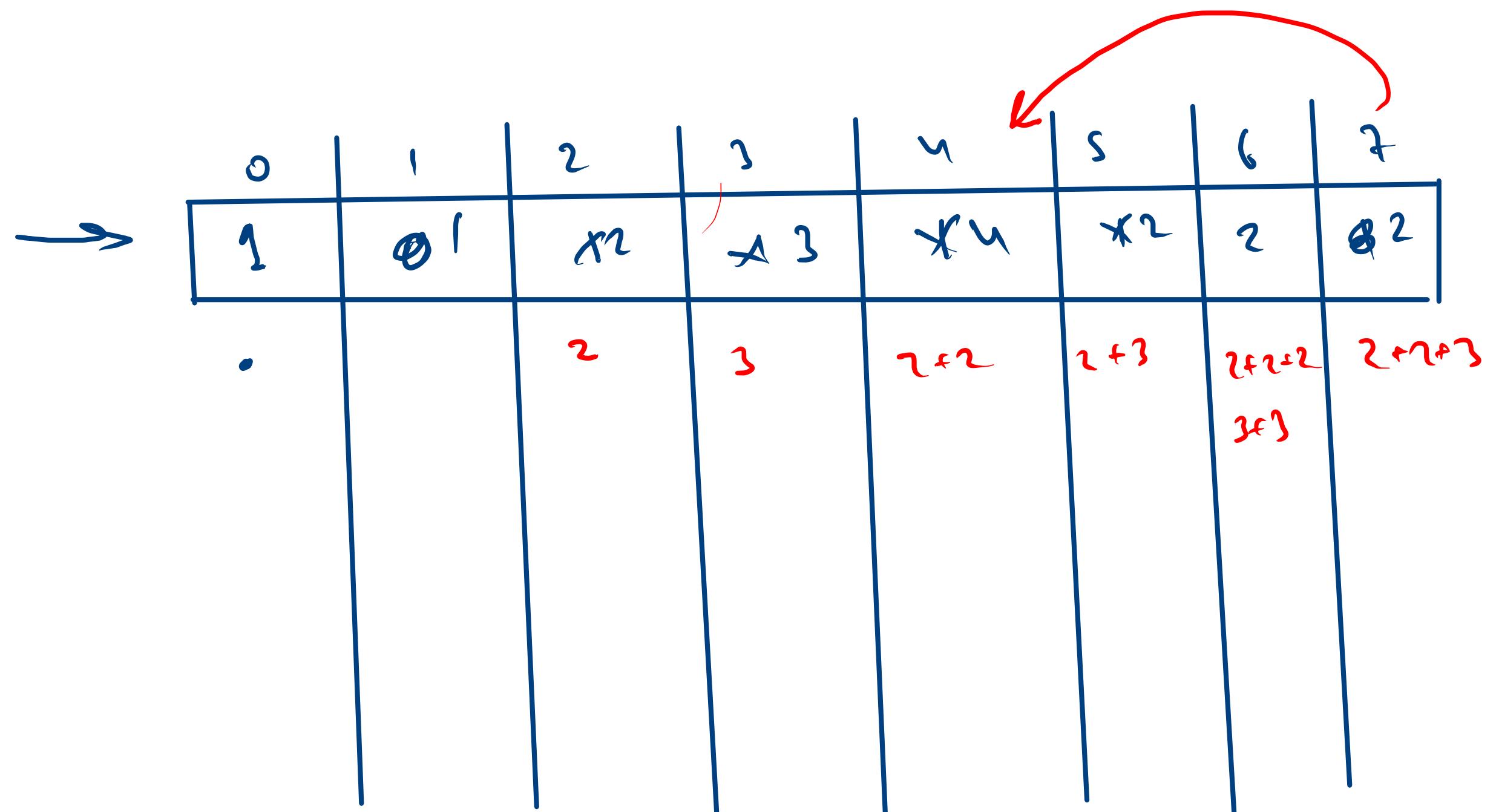
1
3

coins $\rightarrow [2 \ 3 \ 5 \ 6]$

jars $\rightarrow ?$



coins $\rightarrow [2, 3, 5, 1]$



Colm →

[

2 3 5 1

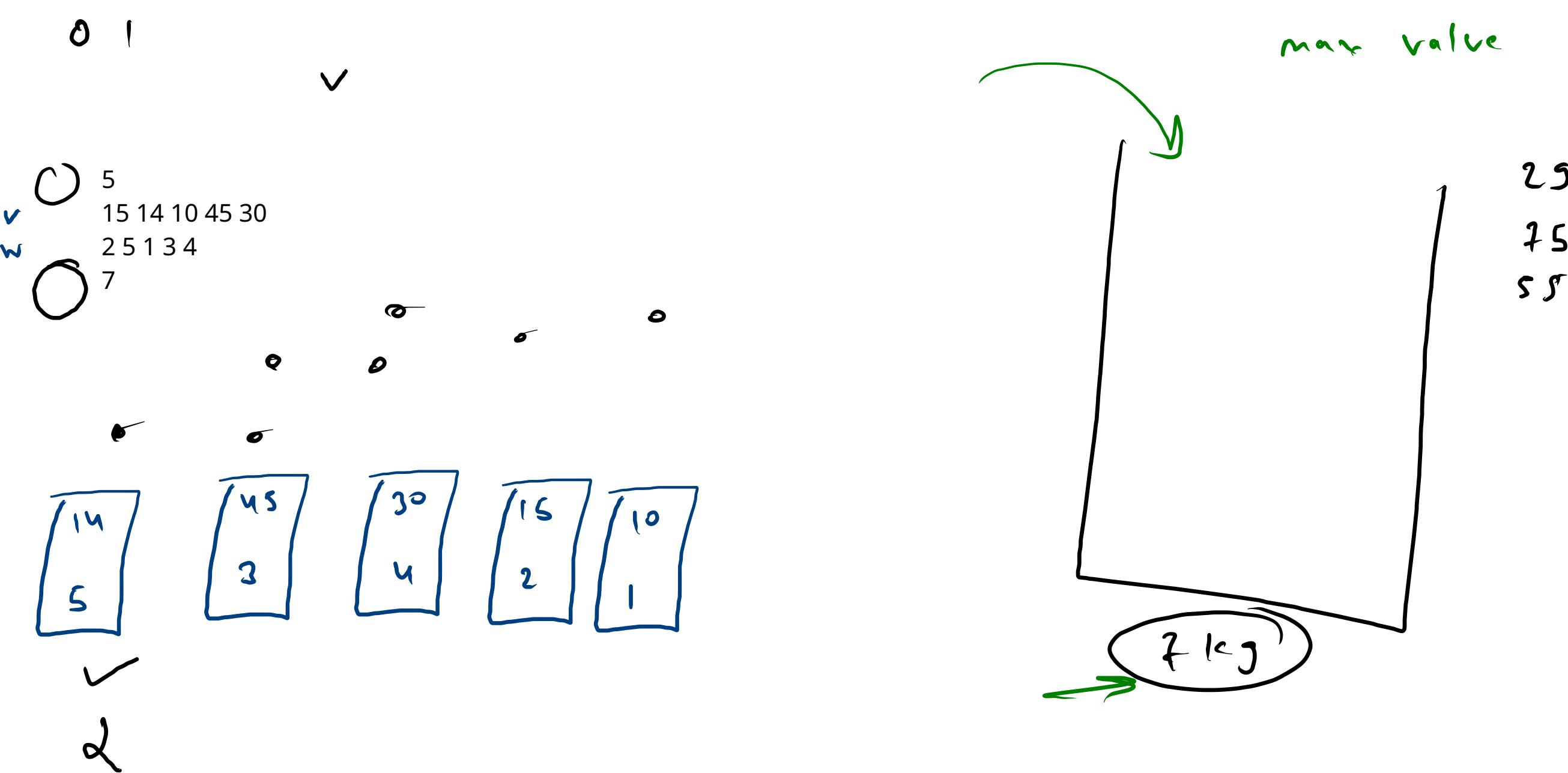
$$2 - 1 = \textcircled{1}$$

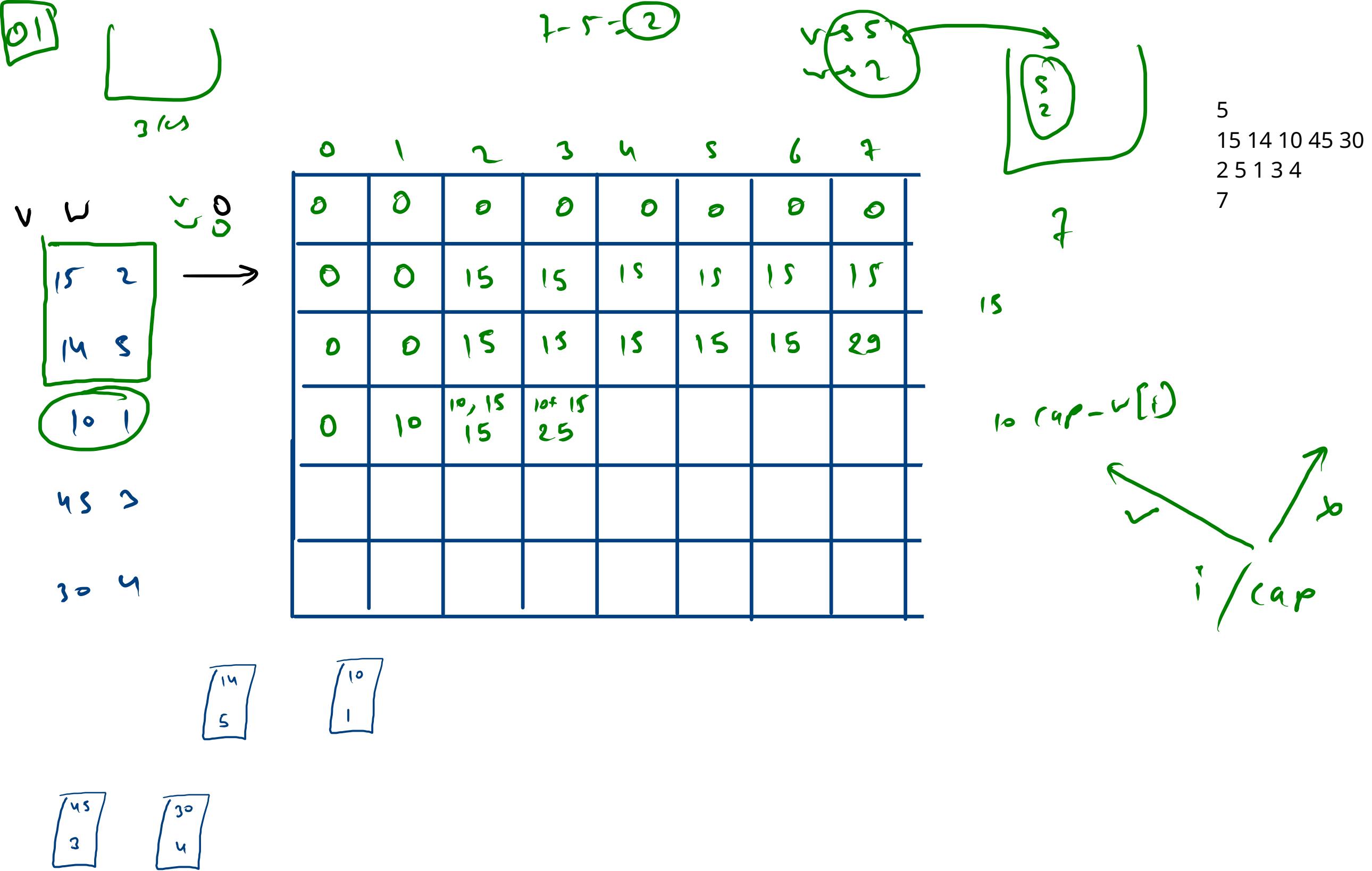
$$3 - 2 = 1$$

A horizontal row of red dots positioned above a row of blue lines and numbers.

A red curved arrow pointing from the 'y' label to the right side of the diagram.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	1	Φ2	1				
.	1	2	1+2	2 2	1 1 2		
.		(+1)	3	1 1	1 3		
.			2 1	1 1 1	1 2 1		
.			1 1 1	2 2 2	3 1		
.			xx 2	1 1 1 1			
.			xx 2				
.			xx 5				
.			xx 1				





15
2

14
5

10
1

45
3

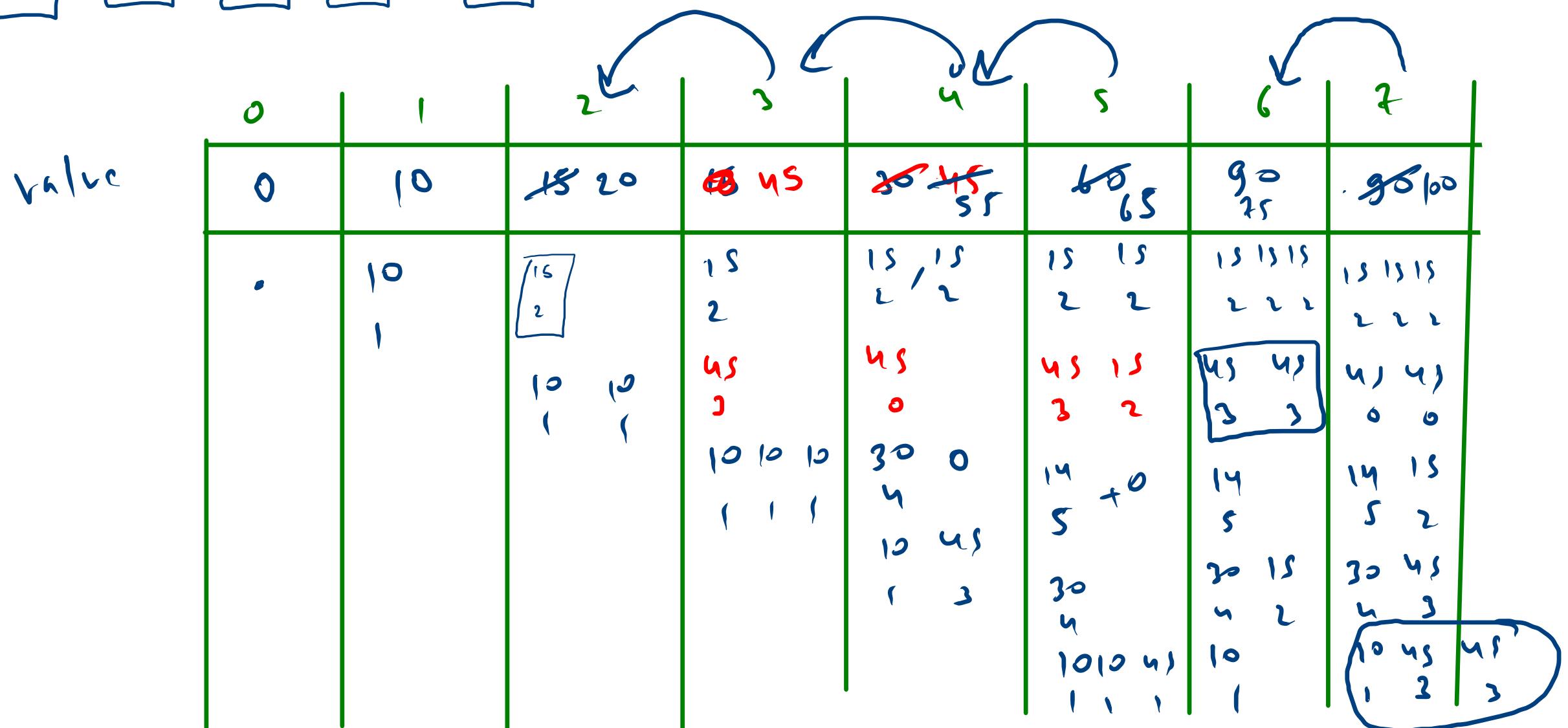
30
4

15	45	14	30	10
2	3	5	4	1

Repetition

$$4 - 2 = \\ 5 - 2 = 3$$

combi
- { sub seqn
repeat



sh "0/,"

"000"

"111"

"01011"

$h = 3$

⑤

000 ✗
~~001~~ ✓
010 ✓
011 —
100 ✗
101 ✓
110 ✓
111 ✓

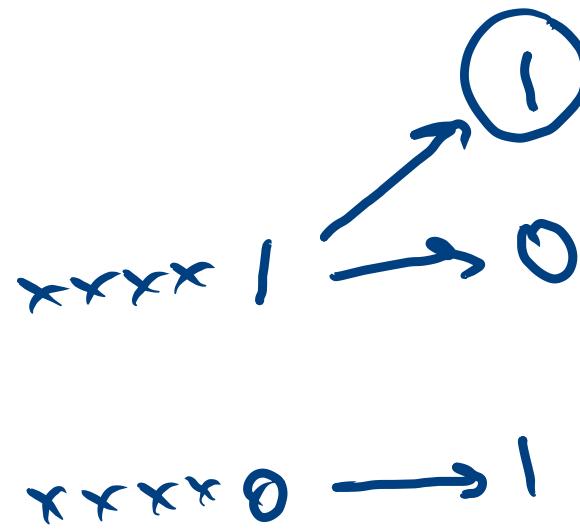
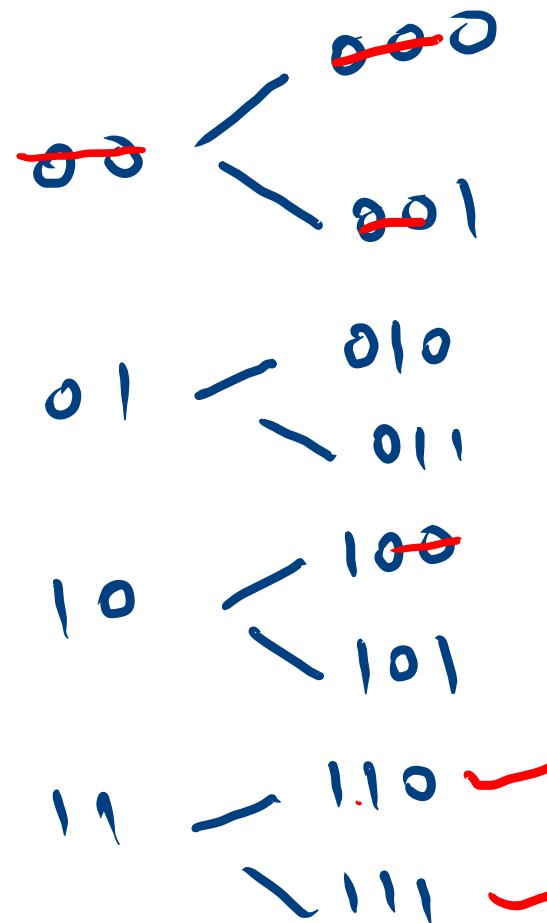
$h = 4$

0000 ~~✓~~
~~0010~~ ✓
~~0100~~ ✓
0110 ✓
~~1000~~ ✗
1010 ✓
~~1100~~ ✗
1110 ✓
0001 ~~✓~~
~~0011~~ ✓
0101 ✓
0111 ✓
~~1001~~ ✗
1011 ✓
1101 ✓
1111 ✓

8

2

3



3

