

## Python assessment question

### Difficulty: Easy

1 Given an array of integers `nums` and an integer `target`, return the indices of the two numbers such that they add up to `target`.

You may assume that each input would have **exactly one solution**, and you may not use the same element twice.

You can return the answer in any order.

### Follow-Up:

Can you come up with an algorithm that is less than  $O(n^2)$  time complexity?

## 2 FizzBuzz

Write a program that outputs the string representation of numbers from 1 to `n`.

But for multiples of three, output "Fizz" instead of the number. For multiples of five, output "Buzz". For numbers that are multiples of both three and five, output "FizzBuzz".

### Difficulty: Medium

## 3 Longest Substring Without Repeating Characters

Find the length of the longest substring without repeating characters in a string.

4 Given an integer array `nums`, return an array `answer` such that `answer[i]` is equal to the product of all elements of `nums` except `nums[i]`.

**Constraint:** Solve it without using division and in  $O(n)$  time.

5 You are given an  $m \times n$  grid where each cell can have one of three values:

- 0 representing an empty cell.
- 1 representing a fresh orange.
- 2 representing a rotten orange.

Every minute, any fresh orange that is adjacent (4-directionally) to a rotten orange becomes rotten. Return the minimum time required to rot all oranges. If it is impossible, return -1.

## Difficulty : Hard

### 6 Trapping Rain Water

Given  $n$  non-negative integers representing the elevation map, calculate how much water it can trap after raining.

### 7 Minimum Window Substring

Given two strings  $s$  and  $t$ , return the minimum window in  $s$  which contains all characters of  $t$ .

8 You are given  $n$  jobs. Each job has a `startTime`, `endTime`, and a `profit`.

You need to schedule the jobs such that you maximize your total profit, ensuring that no two jobs overlap.

Return the maximum profit you can achieve.

Hint:

- Sort the jobs by their end time.
- Use binary search to find the latest non-overlapping job for efficient lookups.
- Use dynamic programming to store the maximum profit at each step

### Median of Two Sorted Arrays

Given two sorted arrays `nums1` and `nums2` of size  $m$  and  $n$ , return the median of the two sorted arrays. The overall run time complexity should be  $O(\log(\min(m,n)))$ .

9. System Design interview question that focused on real-world applications and scalable architectures:

#### \* Design a Video Streaming Platform

Develop a system similar to Netflix or YouTube.

Key areas to focus

- User recommendations based on watch history.
- Content delivery (e.g., adaptive streaming, CDN integration).
- Managing content libraries and subscriptions.
- Handling large-scale concurrency for live events.
- Implementing offline downloads.

#### \*Design a Hotel Booking System

Build a scalable system for booking hotel rooms, similar to Expedia or Booking.com.

**Key Areas to Discuss:**

- Room availability and dynamic pricing.
- Search and filter functionality based on user preferences.
- Payment processing and reservation confirmation.
- Managing bookings, cancellations, and modifications.
- Ratings and reviews for hotels and services.
- Scalability for multiple locations and languages.

**\*Objective:** Build a service like bit.ly that converts long URLs into short, unique ones and supports redirection.

**Key Features:**

1. **Shorten URLs:** Input a long URL and generate a unique short URL.
2. **Redirect URLs:** Use the short URL to redirect to the original URL.
3. **Scalability:** Handle billions of URLs and high traffic efficiently.

**Key Considerations:**

- Generate unique IDs (e.g., Base62, hashing, or random strings).
- Store mappings in a database with fast retrieval (e.g., key-value store).
- Use caching for frequently accessed URLs.
- Design for high availability, low latency, and scalability.

**Discussion Points:**

- Handle collisions in ID generation.
- Optional features like URL expiration or analytics.
- Strategies for scaling and monitoring the system.