## CSY2028 WEB PROGRAMMING ASSIGNMENT REPORT TERM II

PHP - Fran's Furniture

Group 'B' 18406547 Diwas Lamsal

Backend username: admin Backend password: admin

Link to the video demo: Uploaded to Northampton Media Space

BSc Computing (All Pathways) CSY2028 Web programming				
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#### 1. INTRODUCTION

## 1.1 Introduction to the report:

The report provides required checklist, tests and other requirements asked in the brief. The sections that follow will show all the necessary content required for a complete assignment.

### 1.2 Report Structure:

#### • Introduction:

This section introduces the report by providing an introduction to each section and what they contain.

#### • Database Structure:

This section shows the database structure used in the system. It would contain any relevant ERD implemented in the system.

## • Checklist of Completed Features:

The tabular breakdown of completed features along with the files associated with them. This section also displays what extra work has been done to refine the system other than the ten features provided.

#### • Identification of Weaknesses:

The discovered list of weaknesses that existed within the system provided with the brief. Also contains the proposed fixes to the weaknesses discovered.

#### • Testing:

The testing section includes both the Black Box Testing in the form of test logs and screenshots as well as White Box Testing (PHPUnit) evidences.

#### • Evaluation:

Bugs or weaknesses that exist in the final solution. Any relevant improvements or that could be made are included. This section also includes the strengths of the solution

#### • Conclusions:

This section contains feedbacks about using PHP MVC approach and further recommendations about the project.

#### • References:

Any help taken from anywhere besides the lecture material and assignment brief has been referenced here.

## 2. DATABASE STRUCTURE

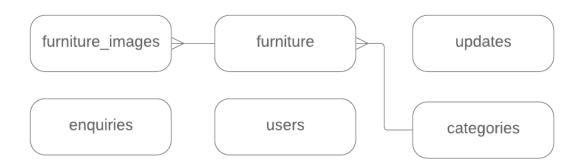


Figure 2. 1 - Entity Relationship Diagram

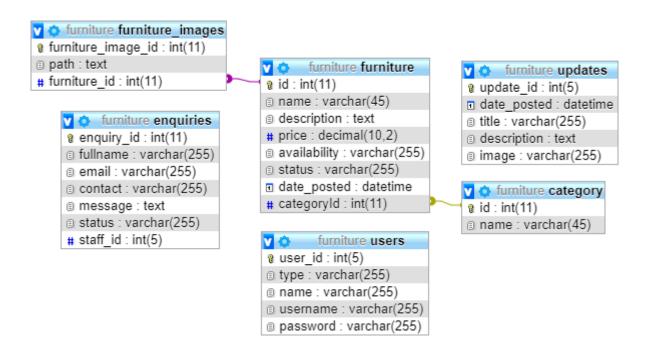


Figure 2. 2 - Tables and Their Columns

## 3. CHECKLIST OF COMPLETED FEATURES

The following table shows the list of features completed and any information related to them. The screenshots showing proof for each implemented functionality follows the table.

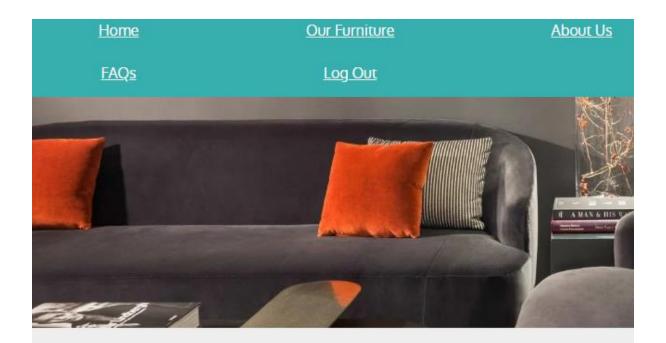
	Feature	Comp- letion	Relevant Files	Notes
1	Copyright Notice	Yes	UserTemplate.php	The copyright notice has been changed to be dynamic and auto display the current year.
2	FAQs page	Yes	FAQ.php (controller), FAQcontent.php (view)	The FAQ page has been added to the users viewing area which displays the necessary message.
3	Furniture Categories	Yes	AdminManage Categories.php, AdminManage Furniture.php and other relevant view files for adding or editing a category or furniture	Categories can be added, edited or deleted from the admin area. The furniture can be assigned to categories. The categories are displayed in the user area. The users can select a category of products to view.
4	Hide Unavailable Products	Yes	AdminManage Furniture.php and other relevant view files for displaying furniture to the users	Products can be marked as available or unavailable from the staff area.
5	Product Condition	Yes	AdminManage Furniture.php and other relevant view files for displaying furniture to the users	Can add condition of product while adding or editing.
6	Users View Products According to Condition	Yes	AdminManage Furniture.php and other relevant view files for displaying furniture to the users	The user can then choose to see only desired kind of products. For example (Second Hand in the category Sofas)

7	Staff User Accounts	Yes	AdminManageUsers.php and relevant form to add/edit users.	The staff accounts can be created, edited or deleted from the admin area. The staff can only edit their own password while the super administrator can perform all different kinds of operations.
8	Upload Photos to Furniture	Yes	AdminManageFurniture .php and relevant view files to display furniture to the user	Furniture can have multiple images uploaded related to them. The uploaded images are stored in a folder and linked to the furniture.  Different images can be uploaded while editing to replace the old images.
9	Updates to Home Page	Yes	AdminManageUpdates .php and relevant view files to display the updates to the user	Updates can be added from the administrator area. The updates can contain a photo as well. These updates are displayed in the home page.
10	Contact Page Enquiries	Yes	Contact.php, AdminM anageMessages.php and relevant view files	The contact.php file displays a form to post an enquiry. As mentioned, the staff can access the enquiries and respond to them. The staff who responded to the enquiry is displayed.

#### **Screenshots in Order:**

```
<footer>
  <!-- The updating copyright date. The current year will be displayed -->
  &copy; Fran's Furniture <?php echo date("Y");?>
  </footer>
  © Fran's Furniture 2019
```

Figure 3. 1 - Copyright Notice



FAQs coming soon.

Figure 3. 2 - FAQs page

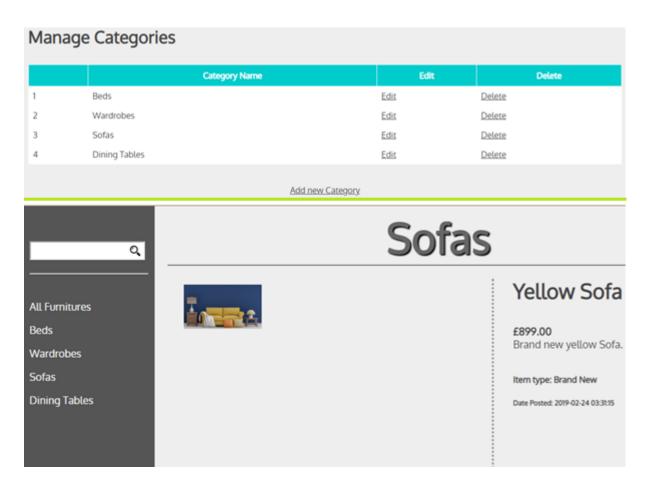
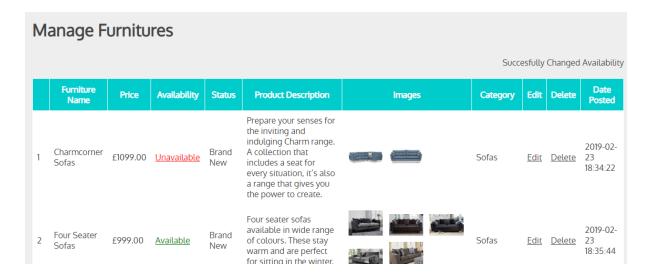


Figure 3. 3 - Furniture Categories



Note: The Unavailable Products are not displayed in the user area.

Figure 3. 4 – Hide Unavailable Products



Figure 3. 5 – Product Condition



Figure 3. 6 – Users View Products According to Condition

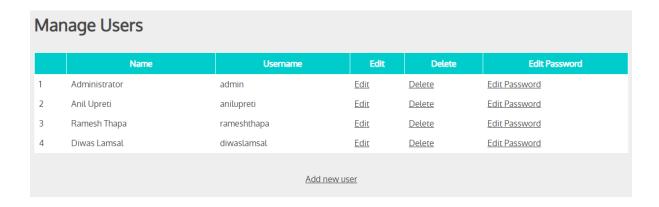


Figure 3. 7 – Staff User Accounts

	Furniture Name	Price	Availability	Status	Product Description	lmages	Category
1	Charmcorner Sofas	£1099.00	<u>Available</u>	Brand New	Prepare your senses for the inviting and indulging Charm range. A collection that includes a seat for every situation, it's also a range that gives you the power to create.		Sofas
2	Four Seater Sofas	£999.00	<u>Available</u>	Brand New	Four seater sofas available in wide range of colours. These stay warm and are perfect for sitting in the winter.		Sofas
3	Soft Left Arm Sofa	£500.00	<u>Available</u>	Second Hand	This is a second hand unit but nothing like one. Get this sofa at an unbeatable price from our store.		Sofas
4	Wooden Wardrobe	£599.00	<u>Available</u>	Brand New	Brand new Wooden Wardrobe with three doors and drawers. Will fit in all your clothes and other wardrobe items as it is a big one.		Wardrobes

Figure 3. 8 – Upload Photos to Furniture

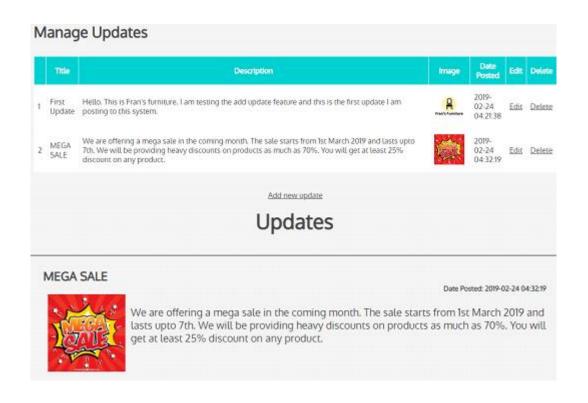


Figure 3. 9 – Updates to Home Page

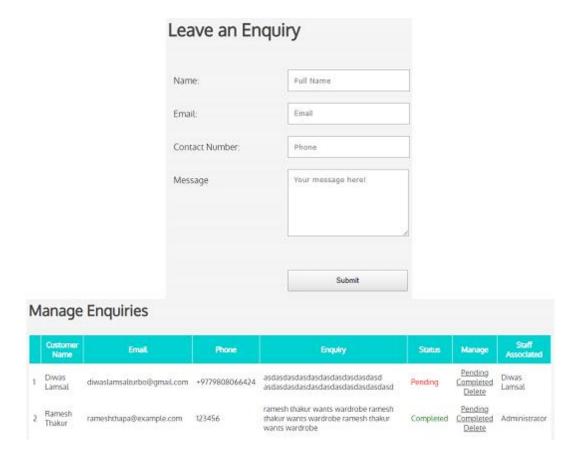


Figure 3. 10 – Contact Page Enquiries

#### **Additional Features Added:**

- Ajax Search Implemented and the page does not refresh when searching for products.
- The images that are uploaded are given unique names so that another image with same name can be uploaded without any problems.
- Pagination is implemented for the products and not all the content is loaded within the same page.
- Categories that contain products are not allowed to be deleted from the system.
- Only super administrator is allowed to edit every user's details. Other staff can only access their account, view who else uses the system and change their own password.

## 4. IDENTIFICATION OF WEAKNESSES

The weaknesses in the provided system are discussed in this section in detail. These weaknesses are addressed and solved in the completed assignment. Also, other improvements that need to be made are mentioned.

#### 4.1 Weaknesses and Solutions:

### **Repeated Code**

The first and major difficulty faced was a lot of repeated code. If the system was to be designed the same way as provided, a single change would require changes to be made across all the pages. For example: fixing the path issue (which will be mentioned later) would require fixing it across every php file.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
                                               <!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
                                                <html>
 <head>
                                                  <head>
   <link rel="stylesheet" href="styles.css"/>
                                                   <link rel="stylesheet" href="styles.css"/>
   <title>Fran's Furniture - Home</title>
                                                   <title>Fran's Furniture - Home</title>
 </head>
                                                  </head>
 <body>
                                                  <body>
 <header>
                                                  <header>
   <section>
                                                    <section>
    <aside>
                                                     <aside>
      <h3>Opening Hours:</h3>
                                                       <h3>Opening Hours:</h3>
      Mon-Fri: 09:00-17:30
                                                       Mon-Fri: 09:00-17:30
      Sat: 09:00-17:00
                                                       Sat: 09:00-17:00
      Sun: 10:00-16:00
                                                       Sun: 10:00-16:00
                                                      </aside>
     <h1>Fran's Furniture</h1>
                                                      <h1>Fran's Furniture</h1>
   </section>
                                                    </section>
 </header>
                                                  </header>
 <nav>
                                                  <nav>
                                                   <</li>
    <a href="">Home</a>
                                                     <a href="">Home</a>
    <a href="furniture.php">Our Furniture</a>
                                                    <a href="furniture.php">Our Furniture</a>
    <a href="about.html">About Us</a>
                                                     <a href="about.html">About Us</a>
    <a href="contact.php">Contact us</a>
                                                <a href="contact.php">Contact us</a>
```

Figure 4. 1 – Example repeated code on about.php and contact.php

#### **Solution:**

A template could be used which holds all the repeating information where variables could be used to change the content dynamically. The following screenshot shows how the same template can be used to display multiple kind of information. The content variable would display the contents dynamically sent from different places according to user interactions. For example: the about page and contact page are both loaded from this same template, the only differences are the content and title.

```
<nav>
   culs
     <a href="/Assignment/public/">Home</a>
     <a href="/Assignment/public/UsersFurniture">Our Furniture</a>
     <a href="/Assignment/public/About">About Us</a>
     <a href="/Assignment/public/Contact">Contact us</a>
     <a href="/Assignment/public/FAQ">FAQs</a>
     <!-- Set the link to login or logout depending on whether the user is logged in -->
     <?php if(!isset($ SESSION['loggedin'])){?>
     <a href="/Assignment/public/Login">Login</a>
     <?php }</pre>
     else{?>
     <a href="/Assignment/public/Logout">Log Out</a>
     <?php } ?>
   </nav>
<img src="/Assignment/public/images/randombanner.php"/>
 <!-- The content obtained from views -->
     <?php echo $content;?>
```

Figure 4. 2 – Users Template

## **Broken Links:**

When the provided files were first loaded into the server and executed, it appeared that the CSS was not working. The provided files had CSS path defined as "/styles.css". This implies that the CSS file is located in the root directory while it is located inside the public directory. This also implies for other links such as navigation.

Figure 4. 3 – Provided page CSS path definition

#### **Solution:**

In this case, simply removing the leading "/" would solve the problem, however, in the completed system, the file structure has been redesigned and this problem is addressed in a different way such that further amendments required very little changes and in a single place.

### **Static Date in Copyright**

The date used in the copyright area was statically set and did not change with change in time. To solve this, the PHP date function was used to display the current date dynamically.

Figure 4. 4 – Static date issue solved

#### **Separate PHP files for furniture categories:**

Separate PHP files were used for different kinds of products. Although this could be implemented in a dynamic environment, by creating new php files for each category created, it is not a viable solution and reference to the database should be used for displaying products under each category. The files that come along with the brief include sofas.php, wardrobes.php and beds.php. These files contain the same information and statically set SQL queries.

```
Project
                                                sofas.php
                                       <!DOCTYPE html>
v 🖿 public
                                        <html>
 > 🛅 admin
                                         <head>
 > images
                                           <link rel="stylesheet" href="styles.css"/>
  about.html
                                           <title>Fran's Furniture - Sofas</title>
   beds.php
                                          </head>
                                          <body>
   contact.php
                                         <header>
  furniture.php
                                            <section>
   index.php
 sofas.php
                                               <h3>Opening Hours:</h3>
   styles.css
                                               Mon-Fri: 09:00-17:30
   wardrobes.php
                                               Sat: 09:00-17:00
                                               Sun: 10:00-16:00
```

Figure 4. 5 – Static category pages

#### **Solution:**

The problem can be solved by creating a single page for displaying all the products according to the value passed for category. The controller can send appropriate category to the view for displaying products under it accordingly.

```
// Create instance of DatabaseTable for categories
   $category = new DatabaseTable('category');
  $allCategories = $category->findAll();
  // Create instance of DatabaseTable for furniture
   $furniture = new DatabaseTable('furniture');
     /** The createFurnitureContent function
     * Sets up the view to display the furnitures
     public function createFurnitureContent($categoryId=""){
       require_once 'UsersFurniture/showFurnitureContent.php';
       $allCategories = $category->findAll();
       //Load furnitures template
       $fileName = '../templates/UsersFurnitureTemplate.php';
       $contents = [
         'allCategories'=>$allCategories,
         'content'=>$content
       $content = loadTemplate($fileName, $contents);
```

Figure 4. 6 – How categories are dynamically grabbed and sent accordingly

## **Repeating Database Connection Code:**

The database connection code that was provided used a different set of hostname, username and password than the one being used locally. As such, changes needed to be made in every single page where database was being used.

```
<?php
$pdo = new PDO('mysql:dbname=furniture;host=127.0.0.1', 'student', 'student');
$furnitureQuery = $pdo->prepare('SELECT * FROM furniture WHERE categoryId = 5');
$furnitureQuery->execute();
```

Figure 4. 7 – Example database connection code in provided files

#### **Solution:**

A single file can be used for any connection required to the database. In the submitted solution, the database connection file is placed under the dbconnect directory and looks like this. This file is called from the main single point of entry index.php file.

```
/*
   The dbconnect.php file
   Connects and sets up the $pdo variable
*/

//Set up the variables to be used
$server = 'localhost';
$username = 'root';
$password = '';

//The name of the schema used in the assignment
$schema = 'furniture';

//The pdo variable is initialized
$pdo = new PDO('mysql:dbname=' . $schema . ';host=' . $server, $username, $password,
[PDO::ATTR_ERRMODE => PDO::ERRMODE_EXCEPTION]);
```

Figure 4. 8 – Database connection file dbconnect.php

## **Use of static category IDs:**

The provided files contained statically set category ids to find products. For example, as shown in the figure, it is not possible to know which category has 5 as its id. As such, it is difficult to know what the code is really trying to achieve.

```
<?php
$pdo = new PDO('mysql:dbname=furniture;host=127.0.0.1', 'student', 'student');
$furnitureQuery = $pdo->prepare('SELECT * FROM furniture WHERE categoryId = 5');
$furnitureQuery->execute();
```

Figure 4. 9 – SELECT query with category id provided as restriction

## **Solution:**

The category id, when used, should be set dynamically according to the URL using GET variables and not to be used in such a manner as provided.

## **Hard Coded Database Queries:**

The provided files contained hard coded database queries everywhere. This has been addressed in the submitted solution by having a separate Database class which performs almost database related functions. There is also a separate functions file called otherDatabaseFunctions.php which performs other database operations. It would be very easy for someone without any database knowledge to use the documented Database functions and implement them in the actual application.

```
/** Function findSorted
* Self modified function to find data in a sorted order
* @param field - The field used to extract data
* @param value - The value in the field to be used as the criteria to extract data
* @param key - The field to be used to sort the data
st @param order - The order could be ASC or left blank as DESC is the default
* @return data - Return the selected rows
*/
function findSorted($field, $value, $key, $order = 'DESC') {
   global $pdo;
   $stmt = $pdo->prepare('SELECT * FROM '.$this->table.' WHERE '.$field.'=:value ORDER BY '.$key.' '.$order);
   $criteria = [
           'value' => $value
   $stmt->execute($criteria);
   return $stmt:
}
function findAll() {
   global $pdo;
    $stmt = $pdo->prepare('SELECT * FROM ' . $this->table);
   $stmt->execute():
    return $stmt;
```

Figure 4. 10 - Database class member functions

#### Accessing the Admin Area:

There is no way to access the admin area without manually changing the URL in the address bar. From accessibility point of view, this is not a user-friendly way to perform any kind of operation. The brief asks any such kind of problems to be non-existent in the submitted solution. As such, manually, a login link had to be added to the users area in order to solve this problem.

#### **Repeated Login Code:**

The same login code was used in every admin page. Because of this, any changes that needed to be made required changes in every file. The password is also statically set in every page as 'letmein', so, any changes required changing this across every page. The username is not asked and thus, allows only a single user account of sort to log in.

```
<?php
if (isset($_POST['submit'])) {
   if ($_POST['password'] == 'letmein') {
      $_SESSION['loggedin'] = true;
   }
}

if (isset($_SESSION['loggedin']) && $_SESSION['loggedin'] == true) {
?>

<section class="left">

      <a href="categories.php">Categories</a>
      <a href="furniture.php">Furniture</a>

   </section>
```

## No way to access categories created in Admin area:

There is no way to access the categories created in the Admin area from the customer's perspective. The only categories displayed are statically set Beds, Wardrobes and Sofas. The Wardrobes and Sofas category do not even exist in the database. This needs to be changed to handle changes dynamically as mentioned earlier.



Figure 4. 11 – Categories in admin and customer area

## Separate forms for adding and editing:

A lot of code is repeated with add and edit operations. The same code that could have been used for adding or editing products and categories have been rewritten in separate pages. These add and edit files also contain a repeated template code.

*Figure 4. 12 – Add and edit category* 

#### **4.2 Other Solutions:**

Those were the major problems faced on an attempt to rework the same provided system. Because of these persisting problems, the entire system has been redesigned from scratch, using any code from the provided system wherever possible and adding functionality to it. The system has been designed such that any further amendments can be made, and features can be added easily. The solutions that the submission contains that makes it considerably easier to make any changes are listed below.

#### **Redefinition of the file folder structure:**

The file folder structure has been reworked to follow an MVC pattern. There is a single-entry point inside the public directory as index.php. Every other page in the system is navigated to from this entry point. The .htaccess file rewrites the URL so that it appears more readable and links can be created in such a way that the succeeding URL subdirectories in the public directory would call class names and other succeeding subdirectories would call the class methods.

C	ontrollers	3/26/2019 6:57 PM	File folder	
C	ore	3/26/2019 8:09 AM	File folder	
dl	bconnect	3/26/2019 8:09 AM	File folder	
fu	ınctions	3/27/2019 11:04 AM	File folder	
m	nodels	3/26/2019 8:09 AM	File folder	
р	ublic	3/26/2019 8:09 AM	File folder	
re	port	3/26/2019 3:20 PM	File folder	
te	mplates	3/26/2019 8:09 AM	File folder	
te	ests	3/27/2019 10:56 AM	File folder	
_ vi	ews	3/26/2019 8:09 AM	File folder	
<b>⊛</b> .h	taccess	3/26/2019 8:09 AM	HTACCESS File	1 KB
<b></b> co	odeCoverageGenerate.txt	3/26/2019 3:25 PM	Notepad++ Docu	1 KB
<code-block> in</code-block>	dex.php	3/26/2019 8:09 AM	PHP File	1 KB
😸 lo	ader.php	3/26/2019 8:09 AM	PHP File	1 KB
<b>⊛</b> pl	hpunit.xml	3/26/2019 3:22 PM	XML File	1 KB
R	EADME.md	3/26/2019 8:09 AM	MD File	1 KB

Figure 4. 13 – File Folder Structure



Figure 4. 14 – Example MVC method

For example: in the provided image, the link 'public/AdminManageUsers/edit' is calling the edit function of AdminManageUsers class. The edit function has required code to call necessary database operations and display the view to the user.

#### **Separation of Model, View and Controllers:**

As seen in the file folder structure screenshot, there are separate folders for model, views and controllers. The model contains only the database class and all the database related operations can be performed simply by creating instances of this class. Also mentioned, the controllers are classes that appear in the URL (as in the xample of AdminManageUsers). These controllers set up the view to display contents to the user. The view folder contains necessary files for displaying data to the user.

#### **Separate Template file:**

The template files contain all the common code that is same across the different pages. The only content that changes dynamically is the content and the title. The controller loads all the necessary elements into the content variable and loads it to the template using a loadTemplate function.

#### **Separate Database Connection file:**

The database connection problem needing to be edited manually for each page has been addressed by using a separate dbconnect.php file which contains the code to connect to the database. This php file has been called from the entry point index.php file which loads the database connection code for each and every page.

## 5. TESTING

The tests involve manually working on the expected and actual outcomes from different kind of interactions and automated Unit test provided by PHP Unit. The test logs display what aspects of the program have been tested and the result. The unit test report is displayed as screenshots along with any relevant test codes.

## **5.1 Manual Testing (Black Box Approach)**

## **5.1.1** Staff Perspective Tests

Any relevant tests for the users that are staff and have access to log in to the system.

**Table 5.1 – Login Tests** 

	Test Case	Steps to Test	<b>Expected Outcome</b>	<b>Actual Outcome</b>
1.	Staff Login using correct credentials	<ul> <li>Staff goes to the login page</li> <li>Staff enters correct details and clicks login button.</li> </ul>	The staff is taken to the administrator dashboard area.	Same as expected.
2.	Staff Login using incorrect credentials.	<ul> <li>Staff goes to the login page</li> <li>Staff enters incorrect details and clicks login button.</li> </ul>	Invalid username or password message is displayed.	Same as expected.

Username:	ramesh
Password:	Password
Wrong Username or Password!	
	Log In

*Figure 5. 1* – Invalid Login

**Table 5.2 – Manage User Tests** 

	Test Case	Steps to Test	<b>Expected Outcome</b>	<b>Actual Outcome</b>
1.	Add new User by filling all the details correctly	<ul> <li>Admin goes to the Manage Users area</li> <li>Admin clicks Add new User button.</li> <li>Admin fills up all the form correctly</li> <li>Admin submits the form</li> </ul>	The staff is taken to the manage users area showing a success message and the new user is displayed in the list	Same as expected.
2.	Add new User attempt using existing username	Admin tries to add new user but with an existing username	Username already exists message is displayed	Same as expected.
3.	Add new User attempt using different values for password and confirm password	Admin tries to add new user but with different values for password and confirm password	Passwords do not match message is displayed	Same as expected.
4.	Edit Password attempt by user (valid old password)	<ul> <li>Staff goes to their edit password area</li> <li>Staff enters correct old password</li> <li>Staff enters valid new password and submits the form</li> </ul>	The staff's password is changed, and a message is displayed saying so	Same as expected
5.	Edit Password attempt by user (invalid old password)	Staff tries to edit the password but with an incorrect old password value	An error message saying incorrect old password is displayed	Same as expected
6.	Staff attempt to delete or edit another user	Staff tries to delete or edit another user	The options are not available for staff except the super administrator for	Same as expected

7.	Administrator attempt to delete another user	<ul> <li>Administrator goes         to the users area</li> <li>Administrator         clicks the delete</li> </ul>	editing or deleting other user accounts  The user is deleted from the system and a message is displayed saying successfully deleted.	Same as expected
8.	Administrator attempt to edit another user	<ul> <li>Administrator clicks the edit button</li> <li>Administrator changes the user's username or full name and submits the form</li> </ul>	The staff's details are changed	Same as expected

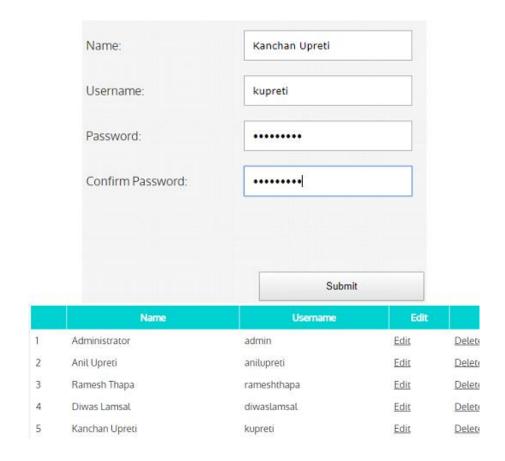


Figure 5. 2 – Add new User

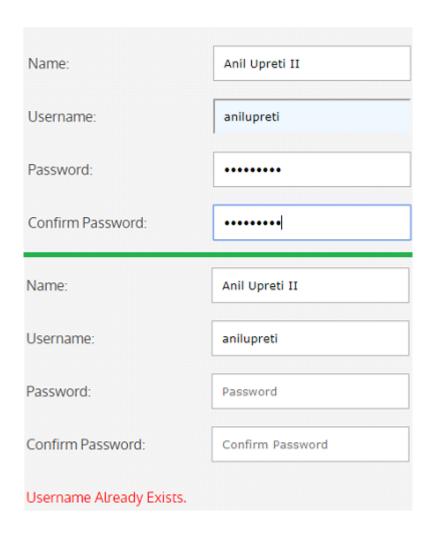


Figure 5. 3 – Use existing username

Manage Users						
	Name	Username	Edit	Delete	Edit Password	
1	Administrator	admin	No Access	No Access	No Access	
2	Anil Upreti	anilupreti	No Access	No Access	No Access	
3	Ramesh Thapa	rameshthapa	No Access	No Access	No Access	
4	Diwas Lamsal	diwaslamsal	No Access	No Access	Edit Password	
5	Kanchan Upreti	kupreti	No Access	No Access	No Access	

Figure 5. 4 - Staff attempt to delete or edit another user

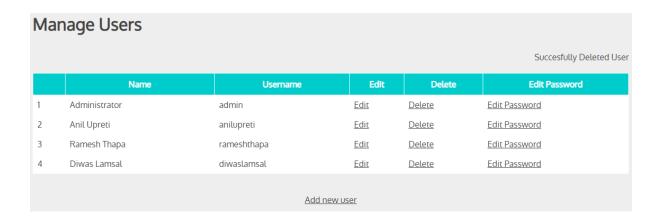


Figure 5. 5 – Admin Delete User

Mai	nage Users				Succesfully Edited User		
	Name	Username	Edit	Delete	Edit Password		
1	Administrator	admin	<u>Edit</u>	<u>Delete</u>	Edit Password		
2	Anil Upreti	anilupreti	<u>Edit</u>	<u>Delete</u>	Edit Password		
3	Ramesh Thapa	rthapa123	<u>Edit</u>	<u>Delete</u>	Edit Password		
4	Diwas Lamsal	diwaslamsal	<u>Edit</u>	Delete	Edit Password		
	<u>Add new user</u>						

Figure 5. 6 – Admin Edit User

**Table 5.3 – Manage Categories Tests** 

	Test Case	Steps to Test	<b>Expected Outcome</b>	<b>Actual Outcome</b>
1.	Create new Category with valid name	<ul> <li>Staff goes to the Manage Categories area</li> <li>Staff clicks the add new category button</li> <li>Staff enters a valid category name and submits</li> </ul>	Successfully added category message is displayed, also showing the updated list of categories	Same as expected.
2.	Create new Category with Empty Name	Staff tries to add new category with empty name	Error message is displayed	Same as expected.
3.	Create new Category with Existing Category's Name	Staff tries to add new category with duplicate name	Error message is displayed	Same as expected.
4.	Delete empty Category	Staff tries to delete     a category which     has no products     under it	Successfully deleted category message is displayed	Same as expected
5.	Delete Category with Furniture under them	Staff tries to delete     a category which     has products under     it	Error message is displayed	Same as expected



Figure 5. 7 – Category Errors

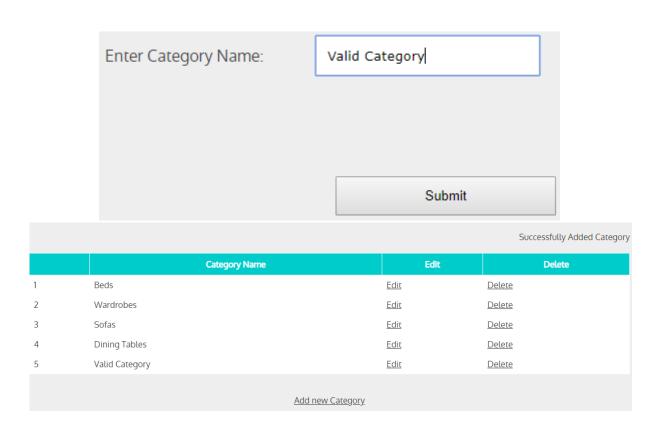


Figure 5. 8 – Add new Category (valid)

			Cannot Delete Category With Products
	Category Name	Edit	Delete
1	Beds	Edit	Delete
2	Wardrobes	Edit	Delete
3	Sofas	Edit	<u>Delete</u>
4	Dining Tables	Edit	<u>Delete</u>
5	Valid Category	Edit	Delete
			Succesfully Deleted Category
	Category Name	Edit	Delete
1	Beds	Edit	<u>Delete</u>
2	Wardrobes	Edit	<u>Delete</u>
3	Sofas	Edit	<u>Delete</u>
4	Dining Tables	Edit	<u>Delete</u>

Figure 5. 9 – Delete Category attempts Unsuccessful and Successful

**Table 5.4 – Manage Furniture Tests** 

	Test Case	Steps to Test	<b>Expected Outcome</b>	<b>Actual Outcome</b>
1.	Add new Furniture with Valid Details	<ul> <li>Staff goes to the Manage Furniture area</li> <li>Staff clicks the add new furniture button</li> <li>Staff enters valid furniture details and submits the form</li> </ul>	Successfully added furniture message is displayed, also showing the updated list of furniture	Same as expected.
2.	Add new Furniture with some empty fields	Staff tries to add new furniture with one or more empty fields	Error message is displayed (same message as in category or user test)	Same as expected.
3.	Add images to the furniture	Staff selects images to add when filling the form to add new furniture	Images are added for the furniture and displayed in the furniture display list	Same as expected.

4.	Change availability of furniture	Staff clicks the     Available or     Unavailable button     for a furniture	The availability is changed for the product and a message is displayed	Same as expected
5.	Edit Furniture (without providing images)	Staff updates     details about the     furniture and leaves     the image upload     file chooses empty	The furniture details are updated, and the previous images are displayed for the furniture.	Same as expected
6.	Edit Furniture (also providing images)	Staff updates     details about the     furniture and     selects images to     upload for the     furniture	The old images are removed, and the latest uploaded images are displayed for the furniture	Same as expected

Note: There is a separate test section to test how the furniture and other updates are displayed from the customer's perspectives.

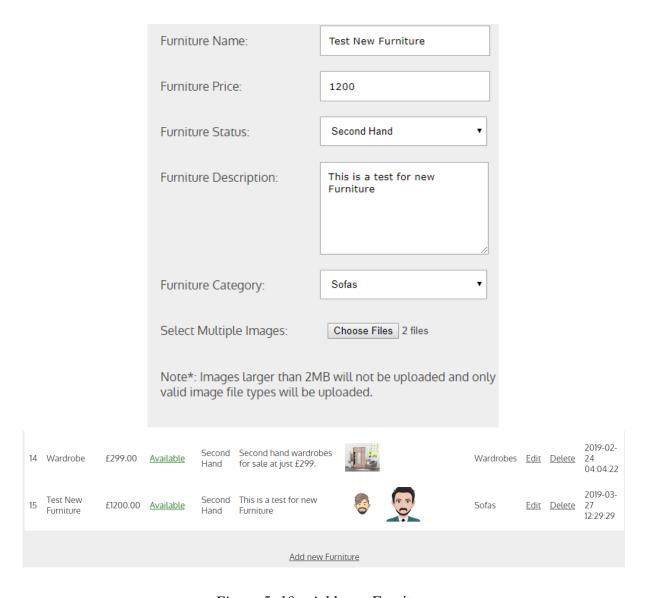


Figure 5. 10 – Add new Furniture

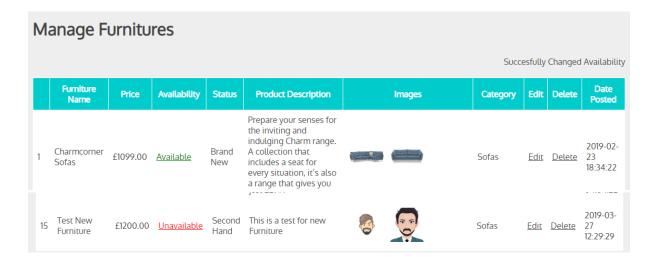


Figure 5. 11 – Furniture Availability

**Table 5.4 – Manage Enquiries Tests** 

	Test Cose Stong to Test Exmented Outcome Actual Outcome				
	Test Case	Steps to Test	<b>Expected Outcome</b>	Actual Outcome	
1.	Set Enquiry to Pending	<ul> <li>Staff goes to the Manage Enquiries area</li> <li>Staff clicks the pending button for an enquiry</li> </ul>	Enquiry status is changed to pending and a message is displayed. The staff associated is changed to the one who caused the change.	Same as expected.	
2.	Set Enquiry to Completed	Staff clicks the completed button for an enquiry.	Enquiry status is changed to completed and a message is displayed. The staff associated is changed to the one who caused the change.	Same as expected.	
3.	Delete Enquiry	Staff deletes an enquiry.	The enquiry is deleted, and a message is displayed.	Same as expected.	

#### **Manage Enquiries** Enquiry Status Changed To Pending Customer Name Email Phone **Enquiry** Status Manage **Pending** Diwas asdasdasdasdasdasdasdasd diwaslamsalturbo@gmail.com +9779808066424 Completed Delete Pending Administrator Lamsal ramesh thakur wants wardrobe ramesh thakur wants wardrobe ramesh thakur Pending Completed Administrator Delete Ramesh Completed rameshthapa@example.com 123456 Thakur wants wardrobe Hello I am arjun upreti I want to know about the kinds of wardrobes that you Pending Completed Arjun Upreti Diwas arjun@upreti.thapa 123456789 Pending Lamsal Delete

Figure 5. 12 – Enquiry State Pending

# Manage Enquiries

Enquiry Status Changed To Completed

	Customer Name	Email	Phone	Enquiry	Status	Manage	Staff Associated
1	Diwas Lamsal	diwaslamsalturbo@gmail.com	+9779808066424	asdasdasdasdasdasdasdasdasdasdasdasdasda	Completed	Pending Completed Delete	Diwas Lamsal
2	Ramesh Thakur	rameshthapa@example.com	123456	ramesh thakur wants wardrobe ramesh thakur wants wardrobe ramesh thakur wants wardrobe	Completed	Pending Completed Delete	Administrator
3	Arjun Upreti	arjun@upreti.thapa	123456789	Hello I am arjun upreti I want to know about the kinds of wardrobes that you have.	Completed	Pending Completed Delete	Diwas Lamsal

Figure 5. 13 – Enquiry State Completed

**Table 5.4 – Manage Updates Tests** 

	Test Case	Steps to Test	<b>Expected Outcome</b>	<b>Actual Outcome</b>
1.	Add new Update with Valid Details	<ul> <li>Staff goes to the Manage Updates area</li> <li>Staff clicks the add new update button</li> <li>Staff enters valid details and submits the form</li> </ul>	Successfully added update message is displayed, also showing the updated list of updates	Same as expected.
2.	Add new Update with some empty fields	Staff tries to add new update with one or more empty fields	Error message is displayed (same message as in category or user test)	Same as expected.
3.	Add image to the update	Staff selects image to add when filling the form to add new update	Image is added for the update and displayed in the update display list	Same as expected.
4.	Delete update	Staff clicks the delete button for an update	The update is deleted, and a message is displayed.	Same as expected

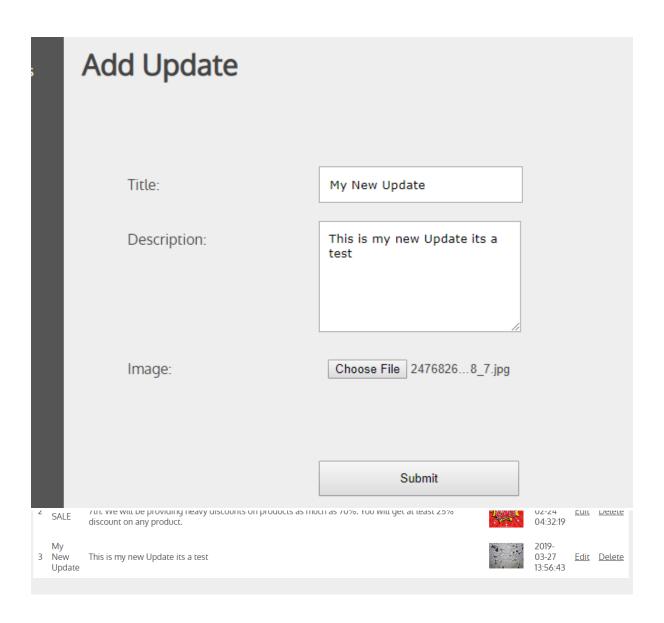


Figure 5. 14 – Add Update

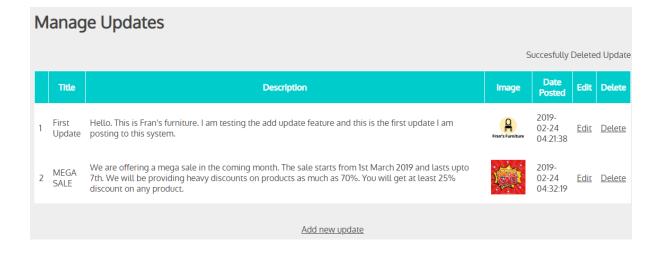


Figure 5. 15 – Delete Update

# **5.1.2** Customer Perspective Tests

Any relevant tests for the users that are customers and do not have access to log in to the system.

**Table 5.1 – Navigation Tests** 

	Test Case	Steps to Test	<b>Expected Outcome</b>	<b>Actual Outcome</b>
1.	Home Page (Updates)	User reaches the system home page	The updates posted in the staff area are displayed along with their information such as when the update was posted.	Same as expected.
2.	About Us Page	User navigates to the About Us page from the home page	The provided about us content is displayed.	Same as expected.
3.	FAQs Page	User navigates to the FAQs page from the home page	The FAQs coming soon message is displayed.	Same as expected
4.	Contact Us page	User navigates to the Contact Us page from the home page	A form to post an enquiry is displayed.	Same as expected
5.	Our Furniture Page	User navigates to the Our Furniture page from the home page	The furniture added to the system along with their images are displayed. Also displays the list of available categories to choose from, the search bar and the selector to select the type of furniture	Same as expected

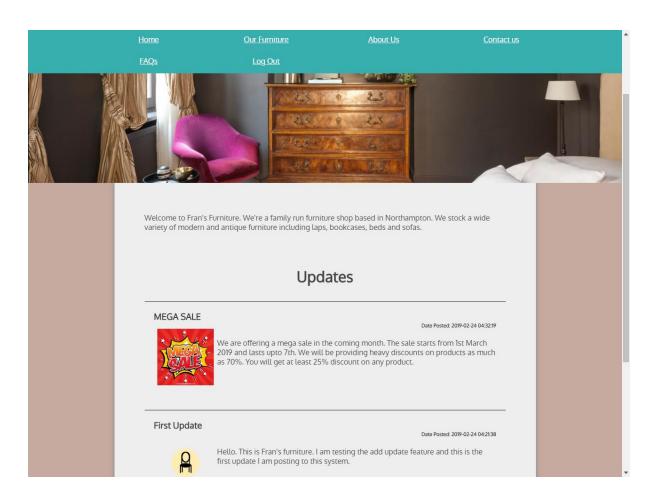


Figure 5. 16 – Home Page

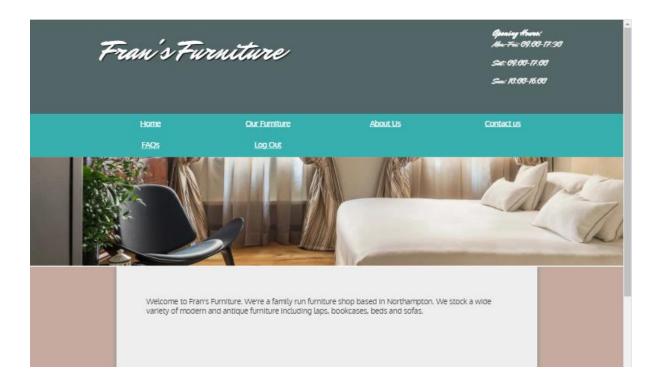


Figure 5. 17 – About Us Page

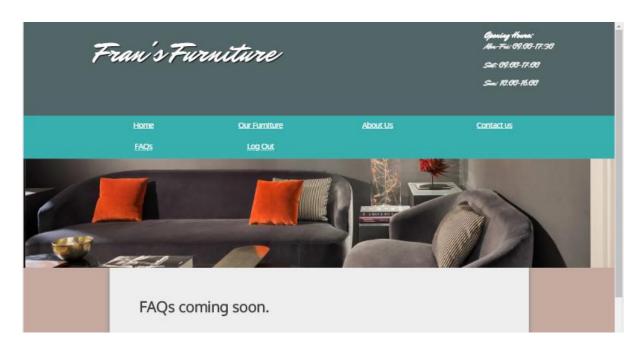


Figure 5. 18 – FAQs Page

7	ran's Fur	niture		Opening Hower' Mon-Fri: 09.00-17.30 Suc: 09.00-17.00 Sun: 10.00-16.00	Î
	Home	Our Furniture	About Us	Contact us	
	FAQs	<u>Log Out</u>			
	Please call us on 0160	04 90345 or email <u>enquiries@fran</u>	sfurniture.co.uk		
	Leave an E	nquiry			
	Name:	Full Name			
	Email:	Email			
	Contact Number:	Phone			

Figure 5. 19 – Contact Page

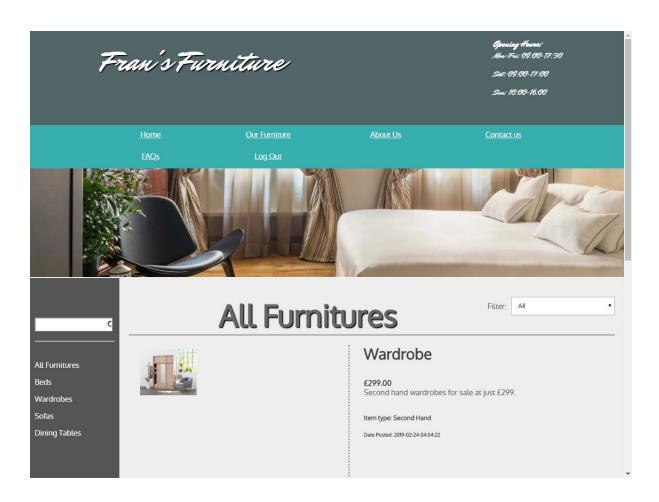


Figure 5. 20 – Our Furniture Page

**Table 5.1 – Customer Post Enquiry Test** 

	Test Case	Steps to Test	<b>Expected Outcome</b>	<b>Actual Outcome</b>
1.	Add Enquiry (valid)	<ul> <li>User navigates to the contact page</li> <li>User fills up the details in the form and submits</li> </ul>	A message is displayed. The enquiry can be managed from the staff area	Same as expected.
2.	Add Enquiry (invalid)	User fills up the details in the form partially and submits	An error message is displayed	Same as expected.

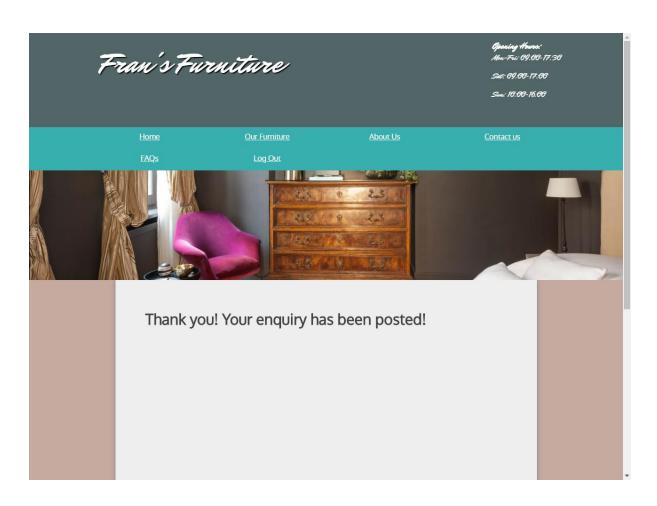


Figure 5. 21 – Valid Enquiry Submission

Leave an Enquiry			
Name:	Ram Bahadur		
Email:	Email		
Contact Number:	Phone		
Message	Hello this is a test enquir		
			-
Cannot have empty fields			
	Submit		

Figure 5. 22 – Invalid Enquiry Submission

**Table 5.1 – Customer Furniture Test** 

	Test Case	Steps to Test	<b>Expected Outcome</b>	<b>Actual Outcome</b>
1.	View All	User navigates to	All the furniture is	Same as expected.
	Furniture	the Our Furniture	displayed, with use	_
		section	of pagination, a	
			maximum of 3	
			products are	
			displayed per page.	
2.	View Second	User selects the	All the second-hand	Same as expected.
	Hand Furniture	second-hand option	products are	(weakness –
		from the filter	displayed but the	pagination breaks
		selection	pagination is broken.	on doing so)
3.	View all Beds	User selects the	All the products	Same as expected.
		Beds category	under Beds category	
			are displayed in	
			pagination.	
4.	View Second	User selects the	All the second-hand	Sama as avnacted
4.	Hand Beds	• User selects the beds category then	beds are displayed	Same as expected.
	Tuna Beas	also selects the	but the pagination is	
		second-hand option	broken.	
		1		
5.	Search for a	User types in a	The product related	Same as expected.
	product	name for product	to the search term.	
	G 1 · · · 1			
6.	Search inside a	User selects a	The product within	Same as expected.
	category	category then types in a search term	the category and related to the search	
		in a search term	term is displayed.	
			term is displayed.	
7.	Navigate to	User clicks on other	The products	Same as expected.
	other pages in	numbered pages in	according to their	
	pagination	the pagination	position in the queue	
			are displayed in	
			respective pages	

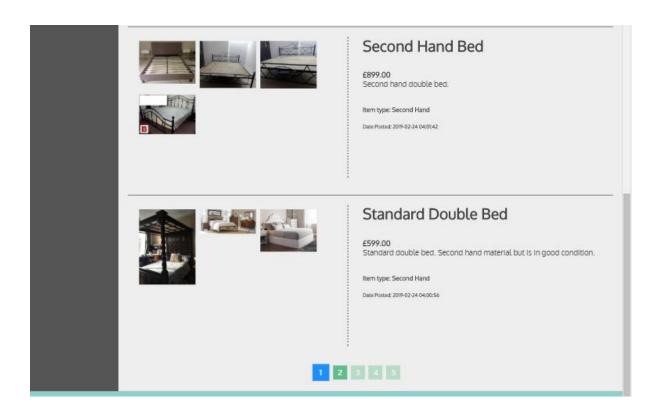


Figure 5. 23 – View All Furniture with Pagination

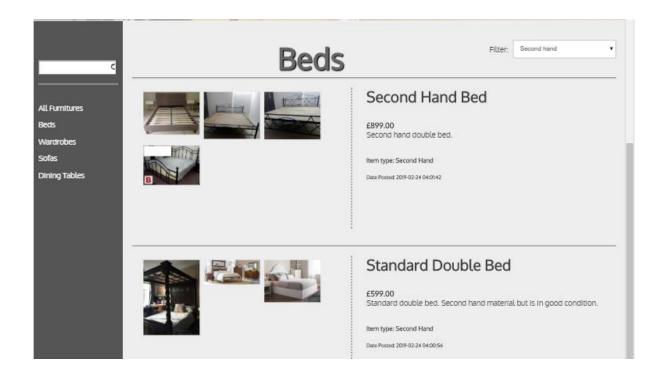


Figure 5. 24 – View Second Hand Beds

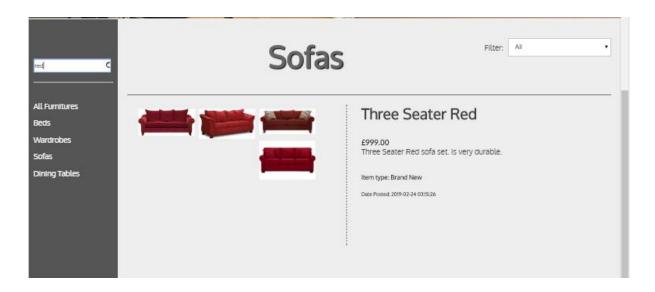


Figure 5. 25 – Search Term Red inside Category Sofas

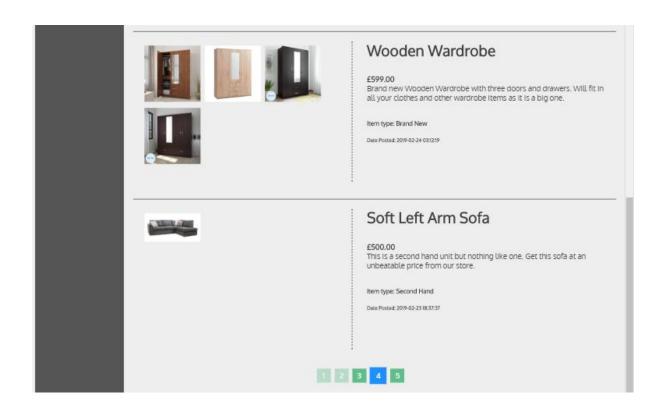


Figure 5. 26 – Pagination Fourth Page Test

# **5.1.3** Test Report

Weaknesses/Bugs Found: 1

**Test Case:** Filter Second-Hand or Brand-New products

**Bug/Weakness:** When the user chooses a filter from the selection menu, the pagination is removed, and all the products are displayed in the page.

**Proposed Solution:** The pagination should be integrated to work with the filter. This can be done in the controller where if the filter is set, the products should be displayed in the pagination accordingly.

Any other bugs/weaknesses and their solutions are broken down in the evaluation section.

# **5.2 PHPUnit Testing (White Box Approach)**

PHPUnit test has been performed to test data validation functions and some other functions written in the submission. These might include empty field submissions, or database checking functions. All the aspects of the tested functions have been tested getting a code coverage of 100%.

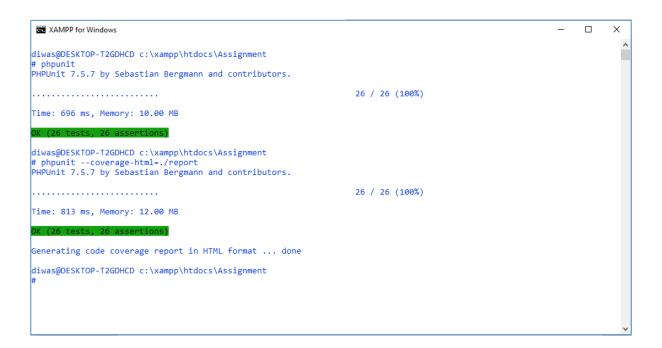


Figure 5. 27 – PHPUnit test and report generation



Figure 5. 28 – PHPUnit code coverage

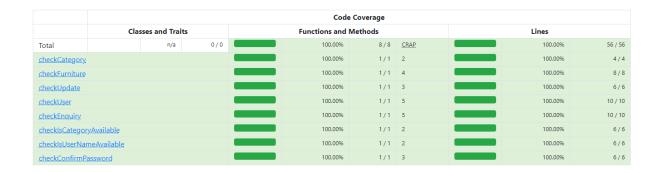


Figure 5. 29 – PHPUnit functions and code coverage

# The tests that were performed:

# **Function checkCategory:**

The function is used for confirming that a blank input field is not submitted for the category name. The function returns false if the field is left empty and true when not.

```
/// Function to check category validation
function checkCategory($categoryName){
    $valid = true;
    if ($categoryName == '') {
        $valid = false;
    }
    return $valid;
}
```

Figure 5. 30 – Function checkCategory

```
use PHPUnit\Framework\TestCase;

// Test Whether the provided category name is empty
class CategoryTest extends TestCase {

public function testEmptyName() {
    $emptyName = '';
    $valid = checkCategory($emptyName);
    $this->assertFalse($valid):
```

Figure 5. 31 – checkCategory test class

#### **Function checkFurniture:**

The function is used for confirming that a blank input field is not submitted for the furniture details. The function returns false if any of the field is left empty and true if all the fields are not empty.

*Figure 5. 32 – Function checkFurniture* 

```
use PHPUnit\Framework\TestCase;

// Test Whether the provided furniture contains missing fields
class FurnitureTest extends TestCase {

public function testEmptyName() {
    $invalidFurniture = [
        'name' => '',
        'description'=> 'Some Description',
        'price'=> '500'
    ];
    $valid = checkFurniture($invalidFurniture);
    $this->assertFalse($valid);
}
```

Figure 5. 33 – checkFurniture test class

#### **Function checkUpdate:**

The function is used for confirming that a blank input field is not submitted for the update details. The function returns false if any of the field is left empty and true if all the fields are not empty.

```
// Function to check Update for Validation
  function checkUpdate($update){
    $valid = true;
    if($update['title']==''){
        $valid = false;
    }
    if($update['description']==''){
        $valid = false;
    }
    return $valid;
}
```

*Figure 5. 34 – Function checkUpdate* 

```
use PHPUnit\Framework\TestCase;

// Test Whether the provided update contains missing fields
class UpdateTest extends TestCase {

public function testEmptyName() {
    $invalidUpdate = [
        'title' => '',
        'description'=> 'Some Description'
    ];
    $valid = checkUpdate($invalidUpdate);
    $this->assertFalse($valid);
}
```

Figure 5. 35 – checkUpdate test class

#### **Function checkUser:**

The function is used for confirming that a blank input field is not submitted for the user details. The function returns false if any of the field is left empty and true if all the fields are not empty.

```
// Function to check User for Validation
 function checkUser($user){
  $valid = true;
  if($user['name']==''){
   $valid = false;
  if($user['username']==''){
   $valid = false;
  }
  if($user['password']==''){
   $valid = false;
  }
  if($user['confirmpassword']==''){
   $valid = false;
  }
  return $valid;
 }
```

Figure 5. 36 – Function checkUser

```
// Test Whether the provided user contains missing fields
class UserTest extends TestCase {

public function testEmptyName() {
    $invalidUser = [
        'name' => '',
        'username',
        'password'=> 'password',
        'confirmpassword'=> 'password2'
    ];
    $valid = checkUser($invalidUser);
    $this->assertFalse($valid);
}
```

Figure 5. 37 – checkUser test class

#### **Function checkEnquiry:**

The function is used for confirming that a blank input field is not submitted for the user details. The function returns false if any of the field is left empty and true if all the fields are not empty.

```
// Function to check Enquiry for Validation
 function checkEnquiry($enquiry){
  $valid = true;
  if($enquiry['fullname']==''){
   $valid = false;
  if($enquiry['email']==''){
   $valid = false;
  }
  if($enquiry['contact']==''){
   $valid = false;
  }
  if($enquiry['message']==''){
   $valid = false;
  }
  return $valid;
 }
```

*Figure 5. 38 – Function checkEnquiry* 

```
use PHPUnit\Framework\TestCase;

// Test Whether the provided furniture contains missing fields
class FurnitureTest extends TestCase {

public function testEmptyName() {
    $invalidFurniture = [
        'name' => '',
        'description'=> 'Some Description',
        'price'=> '500'
    ];
    $valid = checkFurniture($invalidFurniture);
    $this->assertFalse($valid);
```

Figure 5. 39 – checkEnquiry test class

#### Function checkIsCategoryAvailable:

The function is used for checking whether the provided category name already exists in the database. This function is used so that it does not allow duplicate categories with same names which would cause conflicts when adding products.

```
// Function to check if category name is available
function checkIsCategoryAvailable($catName){
    $valid = true;
    $categoryClass = new DatabaseTable('category');
    $category = $categoryClass->find('name', $catName);
    if($category->rowCount()>0)
        $valid = false;
    return $valid;
}
```

Figure 5. 40 – Function checkIsCategoryAvailable

```
require_once 'functions/testFunctions.php';
require_once 'models/databasetable.php';
require_once 'dbconnect/dbconnect.php';

use PHPUnit\Framework\TestCase;

// Test Whether the provided category name already exists in database
class CategoryAvailabilityTest extends TestCase {

public function testExistingName() {
    $name = 'Beds';
    $valid = checkIsCategoryAvailable($name);
    $this->assertFalse($valid);
```

Figure 5. 41 – checkIsCategoryAvailable test class

#### Function checkIsUsernameAvailable:

The function is used for checking whether the provided username already exists in the database. This function is used so that it does not allow duplicate users with same names which would cause conflicts when logging in.

```
///
// Function to check if username is available
function checkIsUserNameAvailable($username){
    $valid = true;
    $userClass = new DatabaseTable('users');
    $users = $userClass->find('username', $username);
    if($users->rowCount()>0)
        $valid = false;
    return $valid;
}
```

Figure 5. 42 – Function checkIsUsernameAvailable

```
use PHPUnit\Framework\TestCase;

// Test Whether the provided username already exists in database
class UsernameAvailabilityTest extends TestCase {

public function testExistingName() {
    $name = 'admin';
    $valid = checkIsUserNameAvailable($name);
    $this->assertFalse($valid);
}

public function testNonExistingName() {
    $name = 'Astronaut';
    $valid = checkIsUserNameAvailable($name);
    $this->assertTrue($valid);
}
```

Figure 5. 43 – checkIsUsernameAvailable test class

#### Function checkConfirmPassword:

The function is used for checking whether the provided two passwords match. Additionally, the function also checks if the provided password is less than 8 characters and returns false if it is.

```
///
// Function to check whether provided passwords match and password is valid
function checkConfirmPassword($user){
    $valid = true;
    if($user['password']!=$user['confirmpassword'])
        $valid = false;
    if(strlen($user['password'])<8)
        $valid = false;
    return $valid;
}</pre>
```

Figure 5. 44 – Function checkConfirmPassword

Figure 5. 45 – checkConfirmPassword test class

#### 6. EVALUATION

# 6.1 Bugs or Weaknesses and Possible Solutions

Table 6.1 – Bugs or weaknesses and possible solutions

Bug/Weakness	Possible Solution
Bug found from test - When the user chooses a filter from the selection menu, the pagination is removed, and all the products are displayed in the page.	The pagination should be integrated to work with the filter. This can be done in the controller where if the filter is set, the products should be displayed in the pagination accordingly.
Absolute path is used in many cases because of CSS, JavaScript or other resource routing failures with the MVC framework followed. As such, the directory of the solution needs to be placed directly under the root folder.	Relative paths could be used, or a constant could be introduced by using 'define' keyword with absolute path to the root.
No confirmation for deleting data.  Sometimes, it can be a mistake on the user's part and no confirmation dialog boxes or prompts are shown before removing the data.	Confirmation modal box could have been added which would have made the system more user friendly.
All the furniture are displayed in the same page in the staff and administrator section.	Pagination and search could be added to the back end of the system as well.

#### **6.2 Strengths of the Solution**

- Proper routing using htaccess mod rewrite because of which the users do not see long unreadable URLs
- Inclusion of a super administrator who is the only one allowed to add, edit and delete users, while the rest can only edit their own passwords.
- Cannot delete category with furniture under them
- Functions to check duplicate usernames or category names before allowing to add them.
- Features are easily accessible
- AJAX search implemented, and the products can be searched without refreshing the page
- The images that are uploaded are given unique names so that another image with same name can be uploaded without any problems.
- Pagination implemented, and all the products are not displayed in a single page, instead, products are displayed as three per page.

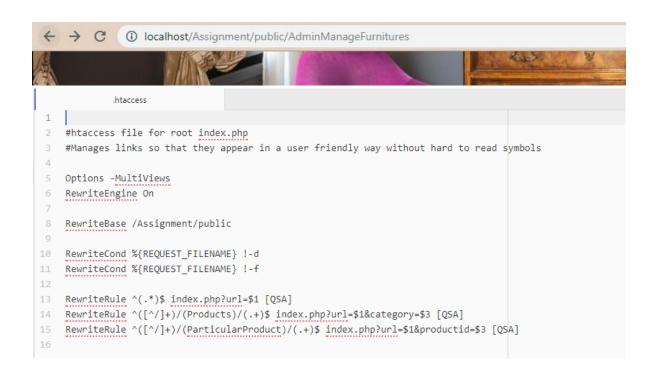


Figure 6. 1 – Htdocs file and URL example

Ma	nage Users				
	Name	Usernam	ne Edit	Delete	Edit Password
1	Administrator	admin	<u>Edit</u>	<u>Delete</u>	Edit Password
2	Anil Upreti	anilupreti	<u>Edit</u>	<u>Delete</u>	Edit Password
3	Ramesh Thapa	rthapa123	<u>Edit</u>	<u>Delete</u>	Edit Password
4	Diwas Lamsal	diwaslamsal	<u>Edit</u>	<u>Delete</u>	Edit Password
Ma	nage Users				
	Name	Username	Edit	Delete	Edit Password
1	Administrator	admin	No Access	No Access	No Access
2	Anil Upreti	anilupreti	No Access	No Access	No Access
3	Ramesh Thapa	rthapa123	No Access	No Access	No Access
4	Diwas Lamsal	diwaslamsal	No Access	No Access	Edit Password

Figure 6. 2 – Super administrator and normal staff

```
/** Function isUserNameAvailable
  * Checks whether provided username already exists
  * @param username -The username selected
  * @param currentUserName - The existing username(Used when editing)
  * @return flag - Boolean value according to whether username is available
  */
function isUserNameAvailable($username, $currentUserName=""){
    $userClass = new DatabaseTable('users');
    $users = $userClass->find('username', $username);
    if($users->rowCount()>0 && $username!=$currentUserName)
        return false;
    else
        return true;
}
```

*Figure 6. 3 – Checking username function* 

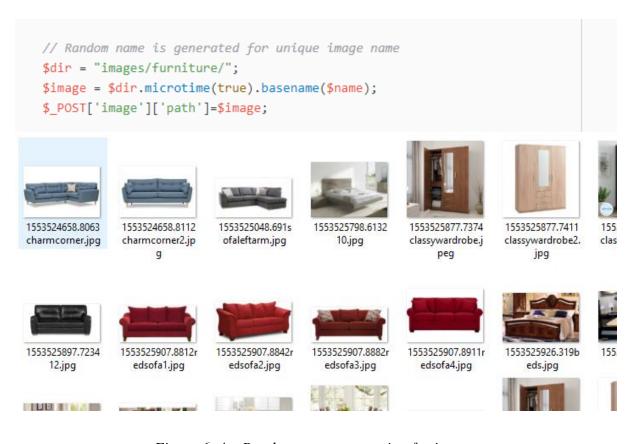


Figure 6. 4 – Random name generation for images

# 7. CONCLUSION

The CSY 2028 Web Programming Term II teaches about dealing with industry level ways to use PHP and implementing it to produce working web applications. It comes as a package of MVC framework, structuring the PHP code, separating database code from the rest of the program, using AJAX and PHP, using mod rewrite to redesign URL looks and the way they can be implemented to the MVC pattern, and lastly, implementing PHPUnit to perform white box automated tests. The module provides necessary knowledge to implement it right at the industry level in making any server-side web applications using PHP including mobile applications, browser applications, or even games. Transitioning the acquired knowledge to other widely used real life applications such as Laravel, Node.js, python, java servlets, etc. would not be that difficult with some research as many aspects are common.

While the application completes all the requirements, it cannot be said as a perfect application. Some weaknesses could be improved, and it could have been made more efficient. If the work was to be done from scratch, a cleaner MVC approach would be used, also addressing the weaknesses discovered during this first attempt.

# Other features that could be included if more time was available or the system was to be redesigned from scratch:

- Pagination could be implemented for the back end as well.
- System could be upgraded to support mailing features directly from the application which would help in replying the enquiries.
- A forgot password feature could be added which would allow the super administrator to be notified of which user lost their password and change or reset it accordingly.
- AJAX could be implemented on deleting data or other aspects of the application such as loading the different sections in the backend.
- JavaScript validations could be added to let the uses know about invalid data before they submit the form and trigger a refresh.
- Popup modal boxes could be used to warn users whenever they try to edit or delete data from the system.
- The routing would have been redesigned to make relative pathing work throughout the application as well as for further refinements in the URL.
- The code could be structured more efficiently so that the model and controllers be further separated.

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