Report

1. Performance is Strongly Affected by Market Sentiment

- Despite having somewhat lower win rates, greed sentiment generates the highest overall profits. This implies a high-reward environment where fewer but more profitable trades predominate.
- The **highest win rates** are produced by **Extreme Greed**, but overall earnings are lower, most likely as a result of profit-taking and more careful trade sizing.
- With the lowest profitability and victory rates, neutral sentiment is the least positive.
 This suggests that traders are uneasy and using inefficient tactics when the market direction is unclear.

2. Hidden Behaviors Are Revealed by Trade Size Patterns

- Both the average and median trade sizes are high for Extreme Greed, indicating broad confidence and aggressive positioning
- Fear emotion has a **high average but low median trade size**, demonstrating that while a few traders take large positions, most stay conservative—indicating mixed confidence.
- Smaller, more frequent trades, which indicate either conservative risk management or minimal market volatility, are characteristics of greed and neutrality.

3. Trade Direction Adapts to Sentiment

- Sentiment and trade direction are strongly correlated (Chi-squared test, p < 0.001).
- During emotional states (fear and greed), SELL trades perform better than BUY trades, indicating that traders profit more from downside volatility.
- In neutral markets, when stability encourages long positions, BUY trades are more profitable.

4. Coin Performance and Strategy Optimization

- In a down market, coins like **SOL, ETH, and SUI** do better.
- SUI is a good option for sentiment-independent methods since it is consistently lucrative across all sentiments.
 - These asset-specific trends highlight how crucial it is to combine sentiment-based timing with asset selection..

5. Use of Margin and Risk Behavior

- Traders should address the inefficiencies of **cross margin utilization**, which peaks at around **80% during neutral sentiment** and indicates increased risk-taking despite poor performance.
- **Extreme Greed (~55%)** causes it to decline, indicating more solitary, careful risk management during periods of excessive bullishness.
- The necessity to keep an eye on **cost-efficiency** under less favorable market situations is highlighted by the fact that **trading costs** are higher in **neutral and fear** markets.

Strategic Insight

By aligning trading decisions with prevailing **market sentiment**, traders can significantly improve both **profitability** and **risk control**. The data reveals clear behavioral patterns and strategy shifts that correlate with emotional market states-providing a road map for:

- Adjusting **trade direction** and **position sizing** based on sentiment
- Choosing **optimal trading periods and assets** (e.g., focusing on **SUI** in any condition)
- Monitoring margin usage and fees for cost-effective execution

In summary, smarter trading strategies show when sentiment is not just observed-but **integrated into decision-making**.