

# Aggregate Demand Shocks with Fixed Inflation

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# Comparative statics

Effect of a permanent, unexpected shock

shock

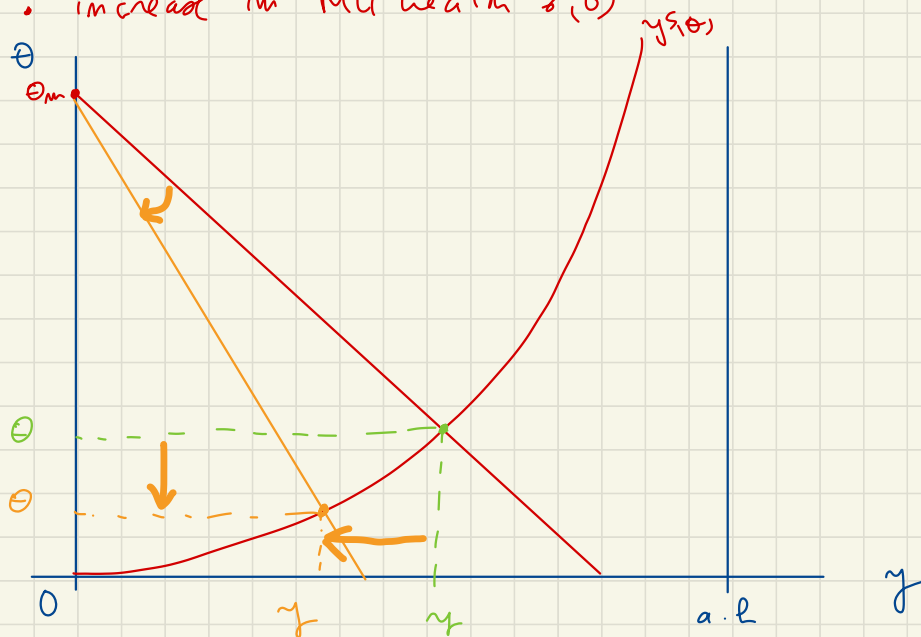
## Negative AD shock

$$y^d(\theta) = \left[ \frac{\delta - r}{\sigma'(\theta)} \right]^{\frac{1}{\epsilon}} \frac{1}{[1 + \pi(\theta)]^{\epsilon-1}}$$

discount rate

MU wealth

- decrease in discount rate  $\delta$
- increase in MU wealth  $\sigma'(\theta)$



## Negative AD shock:

$\delta \downarrow$  or  $\sigma'(\theta) \uparrow$

tightness :  $\Theta \downarrow$

output :  $y \downarrow$

employment :  $l = y/a$  so  $l \downarrow$

unemployment rate :  $u = \frac{\lambda}{\lambda + f(\theta)}$  so  $u \uparrow$

$\sigma'(0) \uparrow$  then  $\gamma \downarrow$

$\Rightarrow$  Keynesian paradox of thrift

Everybody wants to save more to climb  
social ladder, but relative position is fixed  
b/c everyone behaves the same, so  
people end up spending less & save  
the same as their neighbors