可用了一个

LE 8.1: WAP to Implement Breadth First Search.

```
beddean ?
   #include <stdio.h>
    fut a [20] [20], q [20], visited [20], n, i, j, f=0, r=-1;
    Void Hs (Put V) &
        for ( 1=1; i <= n; i++)
           if (acuscis by !visitedcis)
              9,[++5]=1;
        if (f <= 8) {
         Visited Eq.Ef.J.J.-1;
        3 bfs(q(f++));
    3
    void main () {
        fut v:
         printf ("Enter number of vertices: ");
        scanf("vod", &n);
        for (i=0; i <= n; i++) {
           9, [1]=0;
         ? Visited [i]=0;
         printf (" Enter Graph data: \n");
          for(f=1; ic=n; i++) {
              for (j=1; j(=n; j++) {
                scanf ("Tod", &acijcj]);
          printf ("Enter the starting verter:");
          scanf ("vod", & v);
          bfs(v);
          Printf("The node which are reachable are; In");
```

```
for (rely ic=n; i++) {

If (visited [r])

printf ("vool \t", r);

else

printf ("Bfs is not possible.\n");

break;
```

INPUT/OUTPUT :-

Enter number of vertices: 4

Enter graph data:

1 1 1 1

3

0 1 0 0

00 10

0001

Enter the string vertex: 1

The node collich are reachable are:

1 2 3 4

```
LE 8.2: WAP to implement Depth First Search.
Program:
    # include < stdio.h>
    # Pnclude <stalib.h>
     Struct node &
         int vertex;
         struct node * next;
     Struct node + create Node (Put V);
     struct Graph {
         fut num Vertices;
         fut * visited; por by on the solution
         Struct noole ** adj Listo;
      3;
     void DFS (struct Graph * graph, but vertex) {
         struct node * adjust = graph > adjusts [vertex];
          struct node temps adjlist;
          graph > visited [vertex]=1;
          pointf ("visited and In", vertex);
          while (templ,= NULL) &
              put connected vertex = temp -> vertex;
           if (graph -> visited Connected Yester] == 0){
             3 DEs (graph, connected Vertex);
          } temp= temp= next;
      struct node * createNode (Put V) {
          Struct node * new Node = malloc (size of (struct node));
          newhoole > vertex = v;
           newNode > next = MULL;
           return nowNode;
      3
```

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struct Graph* Create Graph (But vertices) {
 struct Greath & graph = malloc (size of lative Graph);
  graph > numbertices = vertices;
   graph > adjlists = malloc (vertices * size of (struct node *));
   graph + visited = mallac (vertices * size of (int));
    fut ";
    for(1=0; 1" < vertices; 1++) {
        graph -> adj lists [i]= NULL;
       geoph > visited [1]= 0;
3 graph return graph;
      addEdge (Struct Graph , jut src, Put dest) &
    struct node + new Node = create Node (dest);
     new Node > next = graph > adjlists[src];
     graph -adjlists [srd = weo Noole;
      new Node = Create Mode (orc);
      new Mode > met = graph > adjlisticlest;
      (graph-)adjuists [dest] = newNode;
 void print Graph (struct Graph graph) {
     Put V;
      for (v=0; v<graph > num Ver tices; v++) {
          Struct node * temp = graph > adjlists [v];
         printf (" Adjacency list of vertex and In", v);
         while (temp) {
             printf("rod ->", temp> vertex);
             temp=temp>next;
    3 bymt("("))?
```

```
Put marn() &
     Struct Graph + graph = create Grouph (4);
     add Edge (graph, 0, 1);
     add Edge (graph, 0, 2);
     add Edge (graph, 1,2);
     add Edge (graph, 2, 3);
      prive Graph (graph);
     DFS (graph, 2);
     return 0;
3
INPUT/OUTPUT 3-
Adjacency of list of verter o
 2 -> 1 ->
 Adjacency list of vertex 1
  2 > 0 >
 Adjacency list of vertex 2
  3-1-0-
 Adjacency list of vertex 3
  2 ->
```

Visited 2

Visited 3 Visited 1

Visited O