## FTML Exercices 4

## TABLE DES MATIÈRES

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## 1 CONVEXITÉ

- Connaître les définitions de la section 2.3.1 de lecture\_notes.pdf et la proposition 8 de la section 2.3.8.
- Essayer de prouver les exemples de propriétés indiquées dans le paragraphe **Examples**.

Pour certains, nous avons déjà vu les solutions dans les exercices 2. Pour certaines propriétés, c'est plus simple en considérant les dérivées ou les gradients (proposition 8 de la section 2.3.2)

## 2 REGRESSION LOGISTIQUE

We consider the logistic regression problem, in the following setting:

- $\mathfrak{X} = \mathbb{R}^d$
- $y = \{-1, 1\}$
- Logistic loss:

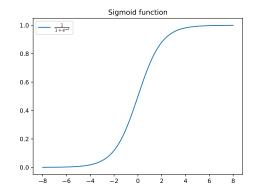
$$l(\hat{y}, y) = log(1 + e^{-\hat{y}y}) \tag{1}$$

We also define the following function:

Definition 1. Sigmoid function

$$\sigma: \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$$
.

$$\sigma(x) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-x}} \tag{2}$$



1] Show that  $\sigma$  is differentiable and that

$$\forall z, \sigma'(z) = \sigma(z)\sigma(-z) \tag{3}$$

2] Show that  $l(\hat{y}, y)$  is strictly convex in its first argument, which means for fixed  $y, \hat{y} \mapsto l(\hat{y}, y)$  is strictly convex. Using properties that relate convexity and the derivative of a function, and using the sigmoid function will be helpful.

3] Without regularization, the empirical risk writes:

$$R_{n}(\theta) = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} l(x_{i}^{\mathsf{T}} \theta, y_{i})$$
 (4)

- **a** Show that  $\theta \to R_n(\theta)$  is convex
- b Compute the gradient  $\nabla_{\theta}R_{n}(\theta)$  of the empirical risk  $R_{n}(\theta)$  in this setting.