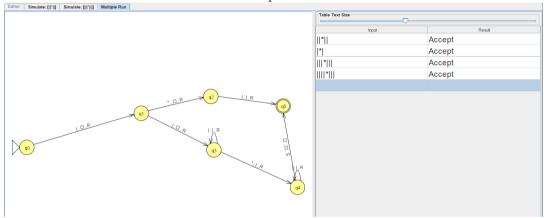
Práctica 3

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1. Define the TM solution of exercise 3.4 of the problem list and test its correct behaviour.



2. Define a recursive function for the sum of three values.

$$<<\pi_1^1|\sigma(\pi_3^3)>|\sigma(\pi_4^4)>$$

```
octave:6> evalrecfunction('<<\pi^1_1|\sigma(\pi^3_3)>|\sigma(\pi^4_4)>',1,2,3)
<<\pi^{1}_{1}|\sigma(\pi^{3}_{3})>|\sigma(\pi^{4}_{4})>(1,2,3)
<<\pi_1^1|\sigma(\pi_3^3)>|\sigma(\pi_4^4)>(1,2,2)
<<\pi_1^1|\sigma(\pi_3^3)>|\sigma(\pi_4^4)>(1,2,1)
<<\pi_1^1|\sigma(\pi_3^3)>|\sigma(\pi_4^4)>(1,2,0)
\langle \pi^1_1 | \sigma(\pi^3_3) \rangle (1,2)
<\pi^{1}_{1}|\sigma(\pi^{3}_{3})>(1,1)
<\pi^{1}, |\sigma(\pi^{3}, 0)>(1, 0)
\pi_{1}^{1}(1) = 1
\sigma(\pi^3_3)(1,0,1)
\pi^3_3(1,0,1) = 1
\sigma(1) = 2
\sigma(\pi^3_3)(1,1,2)
\pi^{3}_{3}(1,1,2) = 2
\sigma(2) = 3
\sigma(\pi^4_4)(1,2,0,3)
\pi^4_4(1,2,0,3) = 3
\sigma(3) = 4
\sigma(\pi^4_4)(1,2,1,4)
\pi^4_4(1,2,1,4) = 4
\sigma(4) = 5
\sigma(\pi^4_4)(1,2,2,5)
\pi^4_4(1,2,2,5) = 5
\sigma(5) = 6
ans = 6
octave:7> 🛘
```

3. Implement a WHILE program that computes the sum of three values. You must use an auxiliary variable that accumulates the result of the sum.

```
\begin{aligned} \mathbf{Q} &= (3,\,\mathbf{s}) \\ \mathbf{s}: \\ &X_4 \!\!:= X_1; \\ &\mathbf{while} \ X_2 \neq 0 \ \mathbf{do} \\ &X_4 := X_4 + 1; \\ &X_2 := X_2 - 1; \\ &\mathbf{od} \\ &\mathbf{while} \ X_3 \neq 0 \ \mathbf{do} \\ &X_4 := X_4 + 1; \\ &X_3 := X_3 - 1; \\ &\mathbf{od} \\ &X_1 \!\!:= X_4; \end{aligned}
```