# Assignment -2 **Data Visualization and Pre-processing**

| Assignment Date     | 30 September 2022 |
|---------------------|-------------------|
| Student Name        | R.Roja            |
| Student Roll Number | CS19035           |
| Maximum Marks       | 2 Marks           |

```
In []:
# Importing required libraries
import numpy as np import
pandas as pd
In []:
# Reading the dataset
df = pd.read_csv('/content/Churn_Modelling.csv')
In []:
# Visualizing 1st 50 data
df.head()
Out[]:
                        0
                                    1 15634602 Hargrave
                                                            619
                                                                   France Female
                                                                                        2
                                                                                               0.00
   RowNumber CustomerId Surname CreditScore Geography Gender Age Tenure Balance
   NumOfProducts HasCrCar
                            2 15647311
                                                                                        83807.86
                                             Hill
                                                    608
                                                           Spain Female
                                                                                 41 1
                 15619304
                             Onio
                                         502
                                                 France Female
                                                                         8 159660.80
                                                                                                 3
                                                               42
                 15737888
                                                                         2 125510.82
                           Mitchell
                                         850
                                                  Spain Female 43
```

2

## In [ ]:

### # Checking for null values

### df.isnull().sum() Out[

]:

RowNumber 0

CustomerId 0

Surname 0

CreditScore 0

Geography 0

Gender 0

Age 0

Tenure 0

Balance 0

NumOfProducts 0

HasCrCard 0

IsActiveMember 0

EstimatedSalary 0

Exited dtype: 0

int64

## In [ ]:

df.dtypes

### Out[]:

RowNumber int64

CustomerId int64

Surname object

CreditScore int64

Geography object

Gender object

Age int64

Tenure int64

Balance float64

NumOfProducts int64

HasCrCard int64

IsActiveMember int64

EstimatedSalary float64 Exited

int64 dtype: object

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
```

In [47]:

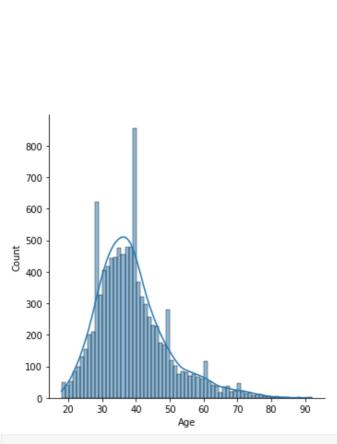
### **Univariate Analysis**

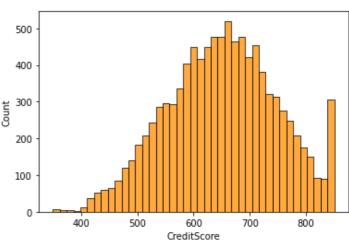
```
sns.histplot(data["CreditScore"],color='darkorange')
```

In [48]:

### Out[48]:

<matplotlib.axes.\_subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f831677f6d0>





sns.displot(data['Age'], kde=True)

In [49]:

### Out[49]:

<seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x7f831661b210>

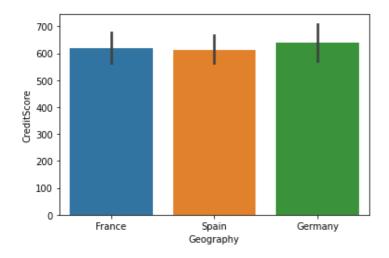
### Bi - Variate Analysis

sns.barplot(data=data.head(50), x="Geography", y="CreditScore")

# In [50]:

# Out[50]:

<matplotlib.axes.\_subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f8313ce63d0>

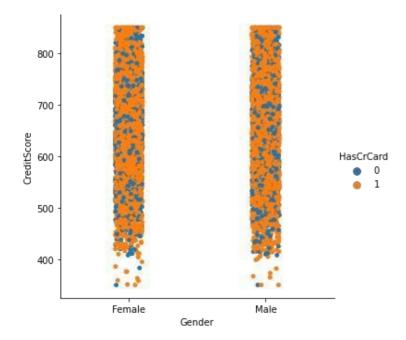


sns.catplot(x='Gender', y='CreditScore', hue='HasCrCard', data=data)

## In [51]:

# Out[51]:

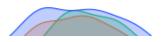
<seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x7f8317198a90>

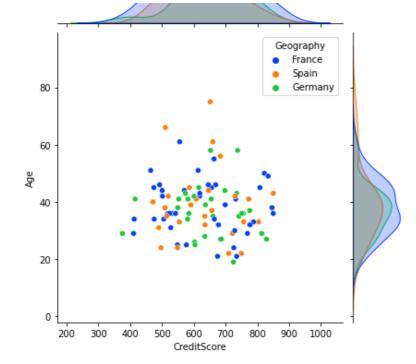


**Multi - Variate Analysis** 

```
sns.jointplot(
    x='CreditScore',
    y='Age',
    data=data.head(100),
    palette='bright',
    hue='Geography');
```

In [52]:





sns.pairplot(data)

In [53]:

# Out[53]:

<seaborn.axisgrid.PairGrid at 0x7f8313a71390>

# Perform descriptive statistics on the dataset

data.describe()

In [54]:

Out[54]:

| RowNum CustomerI CreditScor Age Tenure Balance NumOfProd I                          | HasCrCa I ber d e        | ucts rd s  |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|------------|
| <b>count</b> 10000.000 1.000000e 10000.000 10000.000 10000.000 10000.<br>00 +04 000 | .0000 10000.00000        | 10000.00 0 |
|                                                                                     |                          | 0.70770    |
| mean 5000.5000 1.569094e 650.528800 38.921800 5.012800 764<br>0 +07                 | 1.530200<br>88           | 0.70550    |
| std 2886.8956 7.193619e 10.487806 2.892174 69<br>96.653299                          | 2397.4052 0.581654<br>02 | 0.45584    |
| +04                                                                                 | 0.00000                  | 0.00000    |
| min 1.00000 1.556570e 350.000000 18.000000 0.0000000 +07                            | 0.000000 1.000000        | 0.00000    |
| <b>25%</b> 2500.7500 1.562853e 584.000000 32.000000 3.000000 0 +07                  | 0.000000 1.000000        | 0.00000    |
| <b>50%</b> 5000.5000 1.569074e 652.000000 37.000000 5.000000 971<br>0 +07           | 98.5400 1.000000<br>00   | 1.00000    |
| <b>75%</b> 7500.2500 1.575323e 718.000000 44.000000 7.000000 127                    | 644.240 000 2.000000     | 1.00000    |
| max 10000.000 1.581569e 850.000000 92.000000 10.000000 25<br>+07 000                | 0898.090 4.000000        | 1.00000 00 |



# **Handle the Missing values**

data.isnull().sum()

In [55]:

Out[55]:

RowNumber 0 CustomerId 0 Surname 0 CreditScore 0 Geography 0 Gender 0 Age 0 Tenure 0 Balance 0 NumOfProducts 0 HasCrCard IsActiveMember EstimatedSalary Exited 0

dtype: int64

### Find the outliers and replace the outliers

0

0

0

```
/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/seaborn/_decorators.py:43: FutureWarning: Pass the following variable as a keyword arg: x. From version 0.12, the only valid positional argument will be `data`, and passing other arguments without an explicit keyword will result import seaborn as sns
sns.boxplot(data['CreditScore'])
```

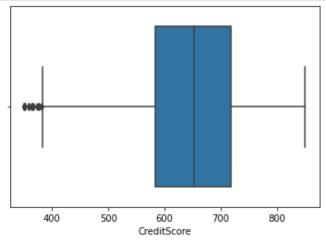
in an error or misinterpretation. In [56]:

## FutureWarning

### Out[56]:

<matplotlib.axes.\_subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f8310b82990>

```
import numpy as np
Q1 = np.percentile(data['CreditScore'], 25,
                   interpolation = 'midpoint')
Q3 = np.percentile(data['CreditScore'], 75,
                   interpolation = 'midpoint')
IQR = Q3 - Q1
#Upper bound
upper = np.where(data['CreditScore'] >= (Q3+1.5*IQR))
#Lower bound
lower = np.where(data['CreditScore'] <= (Q1-1.5*IQR))</pre>
print("Q3: ",Q3)
print("Q1: ",Q1)
print("IQR: ",IQR)
mean = data["CreditScore"].mean()
data["CreditScore"] = np.where(data["CreditScore"] > 850, mean, data['CreditScore'])
data["CreditScore"] = np.where(data["CreditScore"] < 400, mean, data['CreditScore'])</pre>
sns.boxplot(data['CreditScore'])
```



#### In [57]:

Q3: 718.0

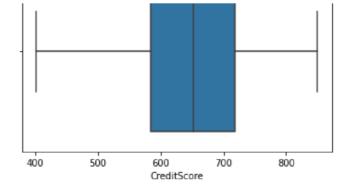
Q1: 584.0

/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/seaborn/\_decorators.py:43: FutureWarning: Pass the following variable as a keyword arg: x. From version 0.12, the only valid positional argument will be `data`, and passing other arguments without an explicit keyword will result in an error or misinterpretation. FutureWarning

IQR: 134.0 Out[57]:

<matplotlib.axes.\_subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f83177a7310>





### Check for Categorical columns and perform encoding

```
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder

le = LabelEncoder()
data['Geography'] = le.fit_transform(data['Geography'])
data['Gender'] = le.fit_transform(data['Gender'])

data.head()
```

In [58]:

Out[58]:

| R     | RowNu | ımb  | er Custon    | ierId Surna | me Credi       | tScore | Geogr | aphy | Gender Age Ter | nure Balance |
|-------|-------|------|--------------|-------------|----------------|--------|-------|------|----------------|--------------|
| o Ni  | ımOfl | Prod | lucts1 15634 | 602 HasCrCa | <b>r</b> 619.0 | 0      | 0     | 42   | 2 0.00         | 1            |
| Hargı | rave  |      |              |             |                |        |       |      |                |              |
|       |       |      |              |             |                |        |       |      |                |              |
|       |       |      |              |             |                |        |       |      |                |              |
| 1     | 2     |      | 15647311     | Hill        | 608.0          | 2      | 0     | 41   | 1 83807.86     | 1            |
| 2     |       | 3    | 15619304     | Onio        | 502.0          | 0      | 0     | 42   | 8 159660.80    | 3            |
|       |       |      |              |             |                |        |       |      |                |              |
|       |       |      |              |             |                |        |       |      |                |              |
| 4     |       | 5    | 15737888     | Mitchell    | 850.0          | 2      | 0     | 43   | 2 125510.82    | 1            |
|       |       |      |              |             |                |        |       |      |                |              |
|       |       |      |              |             |                |        |       |      |                |              |
| _     |       |      |              | _           |                |        |       | •    |                | _            |
| 3     |       | 4    | 15701354     | Boni        | 699.0          | 0      | 0     | 39   | 1 0.00         | 2            |
|       |       |      |              |             |                |        |       |      |                |              |
|       |       |      |              |             |                |        |       |      |                |              |
| 4     |       |      |              |             |                |        |       |      |                |              |

### Split the data into dependent and independent variables

```
y = data['CreditScore'] #dependent
x = data.drop(columns = ['CreditScore'],axis = 1) #independent
x . head()
```

In [59]:

Out[59]:

|   | RowNumber Cust | tomer ;   | Surna Geo<br>hy | ograp<br>r | Gen<br>e | de Ag '<br>re | Tenu Balan    | ce NumOfProd<br>ucts | HasCrC IsAc |
|---|----------------|-----------|-----------------|------------|----------|---------------|---------------|----------------------|-------------|
|   |                | iu inc    |                 |            |          |               |               | ucts                 |             |
| ) | 1 15634602     | Hargra ve | 0               | 0          | 42       | 2             | 0.00          | 1                    | 1           |
| 1 | 2 15647311     | Hill      | 2               | 0          | 41       | 1             | 83807.8<br>6  | 1                    | 0           |
| 2 | 3 15619304     | Onio      | 0               | 0          | 42       | 8             | 159660.<br>80 | 3                    | 1           |
| 3 | 4 15701354     | Boni      | 0               | 0          | 39       | 1             | 0.00          | 2                    | 0           |
| 4 | 5 15737888 Mit | chell     | 2               | 0          | 43       | 2             | 125510.<br>82 | 1                    | 1           |
| • |                |           |                 |            |          |               |               |                      |             |

### Scale the independent variables

```
names = ['RowNumber','CustomerId','Geography','Gender','Age','Tenure','Balance','NumOfPro
```

### In [60]:

ducts', 'HasCrCard', 'IsActiveMember', 'EstimatedSalary', 'Exited']

### In [61]:

from sklearn.preprocessing import scale

-0.12523071, 1.97716468],

```
x = scale(x[names]) x Out[61]:

array([[-1.73187761, -0.78321342, -0.90188624, ..., 0.97024255, 0.02188649, 1.97716468],

[-1.7315312, -0.60653412, 1.51506738, ..., 0.97024255, 0.21653375, -0.50577476],

[-1.73118479, -0.99588476, -0.90188624, ..., -1.03067011, 0.2406869, 1.97716468],

...,

[1.73118479, -1.47928179, -0.90188624, ..., 0.97024255, -1.00864308, 1.97716468],

[1.7315312, -0.11935577, 0.30659057, ..., -1.03067011,
```

```
-1.07636976, -0.50577476]])
    In [62]: x = pd.DataFrame(x,columns = names)x
    .head()
    Out[62]:
    RowNum Customer Geograp Gende Age Tenu Balanc NumOfProd HasCrCa re e IsActiveMe ber Id hy
                r ucts rd mbe
                                                                                            0.97024
0 -1.731878 -0.783213
                                1.0959 0.29351
                                                                   -0.911583 0.646092
                                                         1.2258
                                1.0417
                                                         48
                       0.901886 88
                                       7 60
                 1 -1.731531 -0.606534 1.515067 1.0959 0.19816 1.3875
                                                                        0.1173 -0.911583
                                       0.97024 88
                                                    4 38
                                                           50
                                                                  1.547768
     2 -1.731185 -0.995885
                                     - 1.0959 0.29351 1.0329
                                                                1.3330
                                                                          2.527057 0.646092
                                                                                                -1.03067
                            0.901886 88
                                                    08
                                                           53
                3 -1.730838 0.144767
                                           - 1.0959 0.00745 1.3875
                                                                      1.2258 0.807737
                                                                                                  -1.03067
                            0.90188688
                                              7 38
                                                    48
                                                           1.547768
```

0.7857

28

1 60

88

..., -1.03067011,

0.97024

0.911583 0.646092

[1.73187761, -0.87055909, -0.90188624,

### Split the data into training and testing

In [69]:

from sklearn.model\_selection import train\_test\_split

**4** -1.730492 0.652659 1.515067 1.0959 0.38887 1.0417

# Split training and testing data

xtrain,xtest,ytrain,ytest = train\_test\_split(x,y,test\_size=0.20,random\_state=0)

# In [70]:

# Checking shape of data

xtrain.shape,xtest.shape Out[70]: ((8000, 12), (2000, 12))