1. Initially, wi= 150 for all nodes.

Apter this pirst split,

$$err_{1} = \frac{150}{150} \omega; \quad T(y_{1} \neq \phi(x_{1}))$$

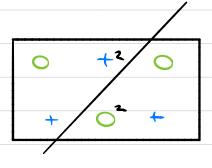
$$= \frac{50}{150} = \frac{1}{3}$$

Weights are updated to

$$W_i = W_i e^{\mathbf{v}_i T(\hat{\mathbf{y}}_i \neq \phi_m(\mathbf{x}_i))}$$

$$w_i = \begin{cases} w_i & \text{if } \hat{y_i} = \phi_m(x_i) \\ w_i & \text{if } \hat{y} \neq \phi_m(x_i) \end{cases}$$

Se cond split gives
$$\frac{1/3}{err_z} = \frac{1}{4/3}$$



Now there are three groups of weights, normalized

$$g_1 = \omega_i = \frac{1}{200}$$
 $g_2 = 2\omega_i = \frac{2}{300}$
 $g_3 = 3\omega_i = \frac{3}{300}$

$$err_3 = \frac{50}{300} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$f(x) = sign(-log2 - log3 + log5) = -1 \qquad B = Bot$$

$$f(x) = sign(log2 - log3 + log5) = 1 \qquad T = Top$$

$$f(x) = sign(log2 - log3 - log5) = -1 \qquad L = Left$$

$$f(x) = sign(-log2 + log3 + log5) = 1 \qquad R = Right$$

$$f(x) = sign(log2 + log3 - log5) = 1 \qquad M = Mid$$

$$f(x) = sign(-log2 + log3 - log5) = -1$$

It seems that this dataset con be split with three weak learners, so with these splits adding more weak learners would not help.

3. Computing derivatives w.r.t x2

variable	computation	derivatives
w,	ولمر	$\frac{9x^3}{9m'} = C_{\chi^2}$
w ₂	x,2+ w,	3 w. =
Wa	sin (w _e)	3 w = Cos(w2)
w ₄	x,² ω ₃	3 w = X2

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial w} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial w} \frac{\partial w}{\partial w} = 1 \cdot \chi^2_1$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial w} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial w} \frac{\partial w}{\partial w} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \chi^2_1 \cos(w_2)$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial w} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial w} \frac{\partial w}{\partial w} = 1 \cdot \chi^2_1 \cos(w_2)$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x_2} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial w_1} \frac{\partial w_1}{\partial x_2} = \chi_1^2 \cos(w_2) e^{\chi_2} = \chi_1^2 \cos(\chi_1^2 + e^{\chi_2}) e^{\chi_2}$$
= 1 cos(1+e²)e² \(\operatorname{\text{3.77}} = \text{1 cos(1+e^2)e^2 \(\operatorname{\text{3.77}} = \text{3.77}

Derivatives w.r.t Xz

variables	computation	derivatives
ω,	X,²	$\frac{\partial \omega_i}{\partial x_i} = 2x_i$
ω,	X,2 + e xe	2 w = 2 x 1
ω_2	$sin(\omega_1)$	3m2 = (02(m9)
ω ₄	w, w ₃	$\frac{3\omega_4}{3\omega_1}=\omega_3 \qquad \frac{3\omega_4}{3\omega_3}=\omega_1$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial w_{3}} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial w_{4}} \frac{\partial w_{4}}{\partial w_{5}} = W,$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial w_{1}} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial w_{4}} \frac{\partial w_{5}}{\partial w_{1}} = W,(0)(w_{2})$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial w_{1}} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial w_{4}} \frac{\partial w_{5}}{\partial w_{4}} = W,(0)(w_{2})$$

$$= 2 \times (w_{5} + w_{5} + w_{5} + w_{5})$$

$$= 2 \times (\sin(e^{2} + 1) + 1 \cdot \cos(e^{2} + 1))$$

$$\approx 0.7$$

Numerical estimate 20.7