

LivingALifeProject

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<!DOCTYPE html>

Living a life project by Michał Kaszuba

Sources and credits:

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<https://www.gapminder.org/data/t>

http://gapm.io/dhapiscore_whrt

<https://www.systemicpeace.org/polityproject.html>

<https://hdr.undp.org/ent>

<https://worldpopulationreview.com/continents/asia-population>

In this one I will try to answer following questions:

Do people living in democratic countries tends to be more happy?

Do they earn more money?

Which continent has the highest score on average in human development report?

Which country made the biggest progress in terms of human development in the last decade?

What would be 10 greatest countries to live in terms of happiness and prosperity?

```
[1]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
%matplotlib inline
```

```
[2]: hdiindex = pd.read_csv('./hdi_human_development_index.
↪ csv', usecols=['country', '2005', '2006', '2007', '2008', '2009',
↪ '2010', '2011', '2012', '2013', '2014', '2015',
↪ '2016', '2017', '2018', '2019'])
```

```
[3]: income = pd.read_csv('./income_per_person_gdppercapita_ppp_inflation_adjusted.
↪ csv',
```

```
↪usecols=['country', '2005', '2006', '2007', '2008', '2009', '2010', '2011', '2012', '2013', '2014',
          '2015', '2016', '2017', '2018', '2019'])
```

```
[4]: happy = pd.read_csv('./hapiscore_whr.csv')
```

```
[5]: democracy = pd.read_csv('./democracy_score_use_as_color.
↪csv', usecols=['country', '2005', '2006', '2007', '2008', '2009',
↪'2010', '2011'])
```

Preparing datasets

```
[6]: hdindex.head(3)
```

```
[6]:
```

	country	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	\
0	Afghanistan	0.418	0.429	0.447	0.447	0.460	0.472	0.477	0.489	0.496	
1	Angola	0.460	0.473	0.489	0.501	0.515	0.517	0.533	0.544	0.555	
2	Albania	0.706	0.713	0.722	0.728	0.733	0.745	0.764	0.775	0.782	

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
0	0.500	0.500	0.502	0.506	0.509	0.511
1	0.565	0.572	0.578	0.582	0.582	0.581
2	0.787	0.788	0.788	0.790	0.792	0.795

```
[7]: income.head(3)
```

```
[7]:
```

	country	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	\
0	Afghanistan	1290	1320	1460	1480	1760	1960	1910	2080	2120	
1	Angola	4310	5610	6960	7850	7760	7690	7680	8040	8140	
2	Albania	8040	8570	9150	9910	10.3k	10.7k	11.1k	11.2k	11.4k	

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
0	2100	2070	2060	2060	2030	2070
1	8240	8040	7570	7310	6930	6670
2	11.6k	11.9k	12.3k	12.8k	13.3k	13.7k

```
[8]: happy.head(3)
```

```
[8]:
```

	country	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	\
0	Afghanistan	NaN	NaN	NaN	37.2	44.0	47.6	38.3	37.8	35.7	31.3	
1	Angola	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	55.9	43.6	39.4	37.9	
2	Albania	NaN	NaN	46.3	NaN	54.9	52.7	58.7	55.1	45.5	48.1	

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
0	39.8	42.2	26.6	26.9	25.7
1	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN

```
2 46.1 45.1 46.4 50.0 48.8
```

```
[9]: democracy.head(3)
```

```
[9]:
```

	country	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
0	Afghanistan	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
1	Angola	-2	-2	-2	-2	-2	-2	-2
2	Albania	9	9	9	9	9	9	9

```
[10]: income.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 195 entries, 0 to 194
Data columns (total 16 columns):
#   Column      Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   country     195 non-null   object
1   2005        195 non-null   object
2   2006        195 non-null   object
3   2007        195 non-null   object
4   2008        195 non-null   object
5   2009        195 non-null   object
6   2010        195 non-null   object
7   2011        195 non-null   object
8   2012        195 non-null   object
9   2013        195 non-null   object
10  2014        195 non-null   object
11  2015        195 non-null   object
12  2016        195 non-null   object
13  2017        195 non-null   object
14  2018        195 non-null   object
15  2019        195 non-null   object
dtypes: object(16)
memory usage: 24.5+ KB
```

```
[11]: happy.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 163 entries, 0 to 162
Data columns (total 16 columns):
#   Column      Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   country     163 non-null   object
1   2005        27 non-null    float64
2   2006        89 non-null    float64
3   2007        101 non-null   float64
4   2008        109 non-null   float64
5   2009        113 non-null   float64
```

```

6    2010      123 non-null    float64
7    2011      145 non-null    float64
8    2012      140 non-null    float64
9    2013      135 non-null    float64
10   2014      143 non-null    float64
11   2015      141 non-null    float64
12   2016      140 non-null    float64
13   2017      146 non-null    float64
14   2018      134 non-null    float64
15   2019      151 non-null    float64
dtypes: float64(15), object(1)
memory usage: 20.5+ KB

```

```
[12]: democracy.info()
```

```

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 175 entries, 0 to 174
Data columns (total 8 columns):
#   Column      Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  ---
0   country     175 non-null    object
1   2005         163 non-null    object
2   2006         163 non-null    object
3   2007         162 non-null    object
4   2008         163 non-null    object
5   2009         163 non-null    object
6   2010         163 non-null    object
7   2011         163 non-null    object
dtypes: object(8)
memory usage: 11.1+ KB

```

```
[13]: hdindex.info()
```

```

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 189 entries, 0 to 188
Data columns (total 16 columns):
#   Column      Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  ---
0   country     189 non-null    object
1   2005         185 non-null    float64
2   2006         186 non-null    float64
3   2007         186 non-null    float64
4   2008         186 non-null    float64
5   2009         186 non-null    float64
6   2010         188 non-null    float64
7   2011         188 non-null    float64
8   2012         188 non-null    float64
9   2013         188 non-null    float64

```

```

10 2014      188 non-null    float64
11 2015      188 non-null    float64
12 2016      188 non-null    float64
13 2017      189 non-null    float64
14 2018      189 non-null    float64
15 2019      189 non-null    float64
dtypes: float64(15), object(1)
memory usage: 23.8+ KB

```

```

[14]: def timesK(x):
      if 'k' in x:
          try:
              first,second = x.split(sep='k')
              result = float(first)*1000
              return float(result)
          except:
              return x
      elif 'k' not in x:
          try:
              return float(x)
          except:
              return x

```

```

[15]: for year in income:
      income[year] = income[year].apply(timesK)

```

```

[16]: income.head()

```

```

[16]:
      country  2005  2006  2007  2008  2009  2010 \
0  Afghanistan 1290.0 1320.0 1460.0 1480.0 1760.0 1960.0
1      Angola  4310.0 5610.0 6960.0 7850.0 7760.0 7690.0
2    Albania  8040.0 8570.0 9150.0 9910.0 10300.0 10700.0
3    Andorra 45000.0 48400.0 49200.0 46900.0 47200.0 44100.0
4  United Arab Emirates 80800.0 86400.0 76600.0 68800.0 58400.0 54900.0

      2011  2012  2013  2014  2015  2016  2017  2018 \
0  1910.0 2080.0 2120.0 2100.0 2070.0 2060.0 2060.0 2030.0
1  7680.0 8040.0 8140.0 8240.0 8040.0 7570.0 7310.0 6930.0
2 11100.0 11200.0 11400.0 11600.0 11900.0 12300.0 12800.0 13300.0
3 47500.0 47500.0 49500.0 50900.0 52700.0 54500.0 56300.0 58300.0
4 56100.0 57400.0 59900.0 62500.0 65300.0 66500.0 67200.0 67000.0

      2019
0  2070.0
1  6670.0
2 13700.0

```

```
3  58400.0
4  68300.0
```

```
[17]: income.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 195 entries, 0 to 194
Data columns (total 16 columns):
#   Column      Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   country     195 non-null    object
1   2005         195 non-null    float64
2   2006         195 non-null    float64
3   2007         195 non-null    float64
4   2008         195 non-null    float64
5   2009         195 non-null    float64
6   2010         195 non-null    float64
7   2011         195 non-null    float64
8   2012         195 non-null    float64
9   2013         195 non-null    float64
10  2014         195 non-null    float64
11  2015         195 non-null    float64
12  2016         195 non-null    float64
13  2017         195 non-null    float64
14  2018         195 non-null    float64
15  2019         195 non-null    float64
dtypes: float64(15), object(1)
memory usage: 24.5+ KB
```

```
[18]: def makeAnumber(x):
      if '-' in x:
          try:
              first,second = x.split(sep='-')
              result = float(second)*(-1)
              return float(result)
          except:
              return x
      elif '-' not in x:
          try:
              return float(x)
          except:
              return x
```

```
[19]: democracy = democracy.astype(str)
```

```
[20]: for year in democracy:
      democracy[year] = democracy[year].apply(makeAnumber)
```

```
[21]: democracy.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 175 entries, 0 to 174
Data columns (total 8 columns):
#   Column      Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   country     175 non-null    object
1   2005        163 non-null    float64
2   2006        163 non-null    float64
3   2007        162 non-null    float64
4   2008        163 non-null    float64
5   2009        163 non-null    float64
6   2010        163 non-null    float64
7   2011        163 non-null    float64
dtypes: float64(7), object(1)
memory usage: 11.1+ KB
```

Prepering datasets Democracy vs Happiness

```
[22]: democracy = democracy.fillna(axis=1,method='bfill')
```

```
[23]: happy = happy.fillna(axis=1,method='bfill')
```

```
[24]: demohappy = democracy.
      ↪merge(happy,how='inner',on='country',suffixes=['_democracy','_happyness'],sort=True)
```

```
[25]: demohappy.head()
```

```
[25]:
```

	country	2005_democracy	2006_democracy	2007_democracy	2008_democracy	\
0	Afghanistan	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
1	Albania	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	
2	Algeria	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	
3	Angola	-2.0	-2.0	-2.0	-2.0	
4	Argentina	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	

	2009_democracy	2010_democracy	2011_democracy	2005_happyness	2006_happyness	\
0	NaN	NaN	NaN	37.2	37.2	
1	9.0	9.0	9.0	46.3	46.3	
2	2.0	2.0	2.0	54.6	54.6	
3	-2.0	-2.0	-2.0	55.9	55.9	
4	8.0	8.0	8.0	63.1	63.1	

	...	2010_happyness	2011_happyness	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	\
0	...	47.6	38.3	37.8	35.7	31.3	39.8	42.2	26.6	
1	...	52.7	58.7	55.1	45.5	48.1	46.1	45.1	46.4	
2	...	54.6	53.2	56.0	63.5	63.5	53.4	53.4	52.5	
3	...	55.9	55.9	43.6	39.4	37.9	NaN	NaN	NaN	

```
4 ...          64.4          67.8  64.7  65.8  66.7  67.0  64.3  60.4
```

```
    2018  2019
0  26.9  25.7
1  50.0  48.8
2  50.4  50.1
3   NaN   NaN
4  57.9  59.7
```

```
[5 rows x 23 columns]
```

```
[26]: demohappy.
      ↪drop(axis=1, columns=['2012', '2013', '2014', '2015', '2016', '2017', '2018', '2019'], inplace=True)
```

```
[27]: demohappy.head()
```

```
[27]:      country  2005_democracy  2006_democracy  2007_democracy  2008_democracy \
0  Afghanistan          NaN          NaN          NaN          NaN
1    Albania           9.0           9.0           9.0           9.0
2    Algeria           2.0           2.0           2.0           2.0
3    Angola          -2.0          -2.0          -2.0          -2.0
4  Argentina           8.0           8.0           8.0           8.0

      2009_democracy  2010_democracy  2011_democracy  2005_happyness  2006_happyness \
0             NaN             NaN             NaN             37.2             37.2
1             9.0             9.0             9.0             46.3             46.3
2             2.0             2.0             2.0             54.6             54.6
3            -2.0            -2.0            -2.0             55.9             55.9
4             8.0             8.0             8.0             63.1             63.1

      2007_happyness  2008_happyness  2009_happyness  2010_happyness  2011_happyness
0             37.2             37.2             44.0             47.6             38.3
1             46.3             54.9             54.9             52.7             58.7
2             54.6             54.6             54.6             54.6             53.2
3             55.9             55.9             55.9             55.9             55.9
4             60.7             59.6             64.2             64.4             67.8
```

```
[28]: demohappy.dropna(inplace=True)
```

```
[29]: demohappy = demohappy.astype(str)
```

```
[30]: for year in demohappy:
      demohappy[year] = demohappy[year].apply(makeAnumber)
```

```
[31]: demohappy.sort_index().info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
```


Int64Index: 151 entries, 1 to 155

Data columns (total 15 columns):

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	country	151 non-null	object
1	2005_democracy	151 non-null	float64
2	2006_democracy	151 non-null	float64
3	2007_democracy	151 non-null	float64
4	2008_democracy	151 non-null	float64
5	2009_democracy	151 non-null	float64
6	2010_democracy	151 non-null	float64
7	2011_democracy	151 non-null	float64
8	2005_happyness	151 non-null	float64
9	2006_happyness	151 non-null	float64
10	2007_happyness	151 non-null	float64
11	2008_happyness	151 non-null	float64
12	2009_happyness	151 non-null	float64
13	2010_happyness	151 non-null	float64
14	2011_happyness	151 non-null	float64

dtypes: float64(14), object(1)

memory usage: 18.9+ KB

Prepering datasets Democracy vs Income

```
[32]: democracy = democracy.fillna(axis=1,method='bfill')
```

```
[33]: demoinc = democracy.  
      ↪merge(income,how='inner',on='country',suffixes=['_democracy','_income'],sort=True)
```

```
[34]: demoinc.  
      ↪drop(axis=1,columns=['2012','2013','2014','2015','2016','2017','2018','2019'],inplace=True)
```

```
[35]: demoinc.dropna(inplace=True)
```

```
[36]: demoinc.info()
```

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>

Int64Index: 162 entries, 1 to 164

Data columns (total 15 columns):

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	country	162 non-null	object
1	2005_democracy	162 non-null	float64
2	2006_democracy	162 non-null	float64
3	2007_democracy	162 non-null	float64
4	2008_democracy	162 non-null	float64
5	2009_democracy	162 non-null	float64
6	2010_democracy	162 non-null	float64

```

7   2011_democracy  162 non-null    float64
8   2005_income    162 non-null    float64
9   2006_income    162 non-null    float64
10  2007_income    162 non-null    float64
11  2008_income    162 non-null    float64
12  2009_income    162 non-null    float64
13  2010_income    162 non-null    float64
14  2011_income    162 non-null    float64
dtypes: float64(14), object(1)
memory usage: 20.2+ KB

```

Prepering datasets Split for continents in HDI

```

[37]: africa = pd.read_csv('./Africa.csv',usecols=['name'])
      asia = pd.read_csv('./Asia.csv',usecols=['name'])
      europe = pd.read_csv('./Europe.csv',usecols=['name'])
      northamerica = pd.read_csv('./NorthAmerica.csv',usecols=['name'])
      southamerica = pd.read_csv('./SouthAmerica.csv',usecols=['name'])

```

```

[38]: hdindex.tail(2)

```

```

[38]:      country  2005   2006   2007   2008   2009   2010   2011   2012   2013  \
187   Zambia  0.471  0.482  0.488  0.503  0.517  0.527  0.534  0.549  0.557
188  Zimbabwe  0.411  0.414  0.421  0.422  0.458  0.482  0.499  0.525  0.537

      2014  2015   2016   2017   2018   2019
187  0.561  0.569  0.571  0.578  0.582  0.584
188  0.547  0.553  0.558  0.563  0.569  0.571

```

```

[39]: hdindex.insert(loc=1,column='continent',value=0)

```

```

[40]: africcat= ['Cote d\'Ivoire','Congo, Dem. Rep.','Congo, Rep.']
      for country in africa['name']:
          africcat.append(country)

```

```

[41]: asiat = ['Hong Kong, China','Kyrgyz Republic','Lao']
      for country in asia['name']:
          asiat.append(country)

```

```

[42]: europet = ['Slovak Republic']
      for country in europe['name']:
          europet.append(country)

```

```

[43]: northamericat = ['St. Kitts and Nevis','St. Lucia','St. Vincent and the_
      ↪Grenadines']
      for country in northamerica['name']:
          northamericat.append(country)

```

```
[44]: southamericat = []
      for country in southamerica['name']:
          southamericat.append(country)
```

```
[45]: for country in hdindex['country']:
      if country in africcat:
          hdindex.loc[hdindex['country']==country,['continent']] = 'africa'

      elif country in asiat:
          hdindex.loc[hdindex['country']==country,['continent']] = 'asia'

      elif country in europet:
          hdindex.loc[hdindex['country']==country,['continent']] = 'europe'

      elif country in northamericat:
          hdindex.loc[hdindex['country']==country,['continent']] = 'north america'

      elif country in southamericat:
          hdindex.loc[hdindex['country']==country,['continent']] = 'south america'
      else:
          hdindex.loc[hdindex['country']==country,['continent']] = 'australia &
↪oceania'
```

```
[46]: contgroups = hdindex.groupby(by='continent').mean()
```

```
[47]: contgroups.head()
```

```
[47]:
```

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009 \
continent					
africa	0.477769	0.485288	0.493346	0.501538	0.509692
asia	0.671283	0.679196	0.687174	0.693457	0.697413
australia & oceania	0.669545	0.673182	0.678091	0.681364	0.683273
europe	0.829707	0.834143	0.839905	0.844595	0.845381
north america	0.710696	0.717870	0.722913	0.728130	0.728870

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014 \
continent					
africa	0.514792	0.521585	0.528792	0.535962	0.541509
asia	0.703000	0.709532	0.715702	0.718723	0.721596
australia & oceania	0.688818	0.692273	0.694545	0.700273	0.703000
europe	0.849119	0.853524	0.856595	0.861667	0.865333
north america	0.731826	0.734304	0.736000	0.738478	0.743261

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
continent					
africa	0.545811	0.549170	0.553736	0.557038	0.560736

asia	0.725787	0.728745	0.733277	0.736021	0.739362
australia & oceania	0.708091	0.709000	0.709667	0.710917	0.714083
europa	0.867952	0.871238	0.874238	0.877310	0.879881
north america	0.746478	0.749391	0.751435	0.753174	0.755957

Prepering data for HDI last decade

```
[48]: hdindex.head(2)
```

```
[48]:
```

	country	continent	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	\
0	Afghanistan	asia	0.418	0.429	0.447	0.447	0.460	0.472	0.477	
1	Angola	africa	0.460	0.473	0.489	0.501	0.515	0.517	0.533	

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
0	0.489	0.496	0.500	0.500	0.502	0.506	0.509	0.511
1	0.544	0.555	0.565	0.572	0.578	0.582	0.582	0.581

```
[49]: hdilastdecade = hdindex.
      ↪drop(axis=1,columns=['continent','2005','2006','2007','2008']).
      ↪set_index('country')
```

```
[50]: hdilastdecade.head(2)
```

```
[50]:
```

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	\
country										
Afghanistan	0.460	0.472	0.477	0.489	0.496	0.500	0.500	0.502	0.506	
Angola	0.515	0.517	0.533	0.544	0.555	0.565	0.572	0.578	0.582	

	2018	2019
country		
Afghanistan	0.509	0.511
Angola	0.582	0.581

```
[51]: hdilastdecade.insert(loc=0,column='progress_2009-2019',value=0)
```

```
[52]: for country in hdilastdecade['2009']:
      ↪hdilastdecade['progress_2009-2019'] = hdilastdecade['2019'] -
      ↪hdilastdecade['2009']
```

Prepering data for top 10 countries

```
[53]: happy2019 = happy.drop(axis=1,columns=['2005','2006','2007','2008','2009',
      ↪'2010','2011','2012','2013','2014','2015','2016','2017','2018'])
```

```
[54]: income2019 = income.drop(axis=1,columns=['2005','2006','2007','2008','2009',
      ↪'2010','2011','2012','2013','2014','2015','2016','2017','2018'])
```

```
[55]: top = income2019.  
      ↪merge(happy2019,how='inner',on='country',suffixes=['_income','_happyness'],sort=True).  
      ↪set_index('country').dropna()
```

```
[56]: top.head()
```

```
[56]:
```

	2019_income	2019_happyness
country		
Afghanistan	2070.0	25.7
Albania	13700.0	48.8
Algeria	11500.0	50.1
Argentina	22100.0	59.7
Armenia	13700.0	46.8

Closer look on to the data

Do people living in democratic countries tends to be more happy?

```
[57]: demohappy.head()
```

```
[57]:
```

	country	2005_democracy	2006_democracy	2007_democracy	2008_democracy	\
1	Albania	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	
2	Algeria	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	
3	Angola	-2.0	-2.0	-2.0	-2.0	
4	Argentina	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	
5	Armenia	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	

	2009_democracy	2010_democracy	2011_democracy	2005_happyness	\
1	9.0	9.0	9.0	46.3	
2	2.0	2.0	2.0	54.6	
3	-2.0	-2.0	-2.0	55.9	
4	8.0	8.0	8.0	63.1	
5	5.0	5.0	5.0	42.9	

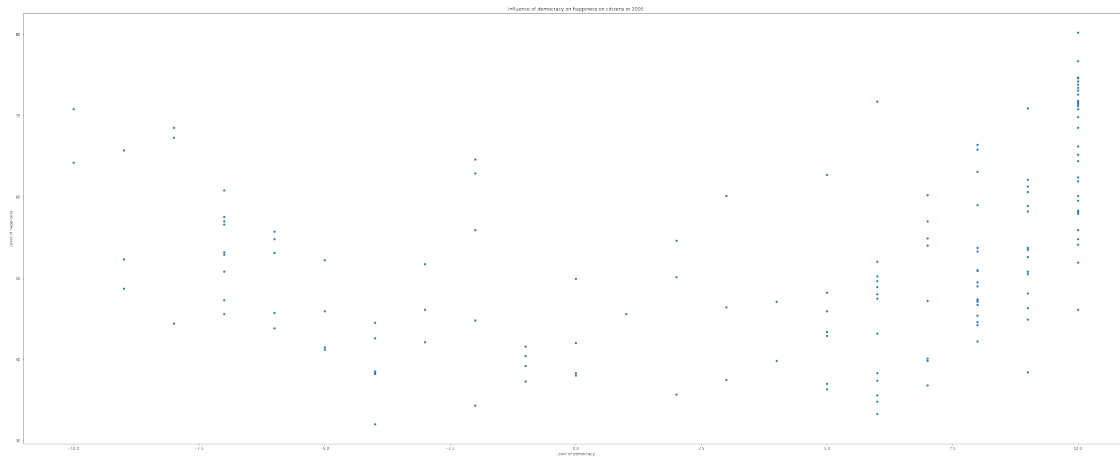
	2006_happyness	2007_happyness	2008_happyness	2009_happyness	\
1	46.3	46.3	54.9	54.9	
2	54.6	54.6	54.6	54.6	
3	55.9	55.9	55.9	55.9	
4	63.1	60.7	59.6	64.2	
5	42.9	48.8	46.5	41.8	

	2010_happyness	2011_happyness
1	52.7	58.7
2	54.6	53.2
3	55.9	55.9
4	64.4	67.8
5	43.7	42.6

To answer this question, we will compare democracy indexes in range -10 to 10, where -10 means no democracy at all and 10 means pure democracy with level of happiness of their societies in range 0 to 100.

```
[67]: demohappy.  
      ↪plot(x='2005_democracy',y='2005_happyness',kind='scatter',figsize=(50,20),xlabel='Level_␣  
      ↪of democracy',  
           ylabel='Level of happiness',title='Influence of democracy on_␣  
      ↪happiness on citizens in 2005')
```

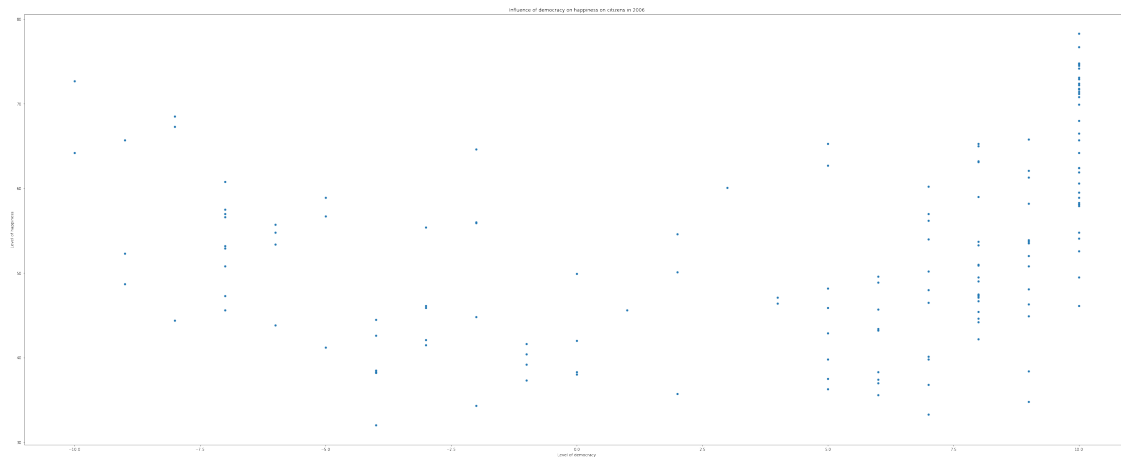
```
[67]: <AxesSubplot:title={'center':'Influence of democracy on happiness on citizens in  
2005'}, xlabel='Level of democracy', ylabel='Level of happiness'>
```



As we can see on the scatter plot above: Yes, peoples in democratic countries tends to be more happy. What is also interesting that peoples in countries with no democracy at all seems to be happy as well. The lowest happiness is in countries around 0 on the democracy index. I guess it can be quite frustrating to have something to say, but not enough to change anything. Understandable. Let's check if situation will change in following years.

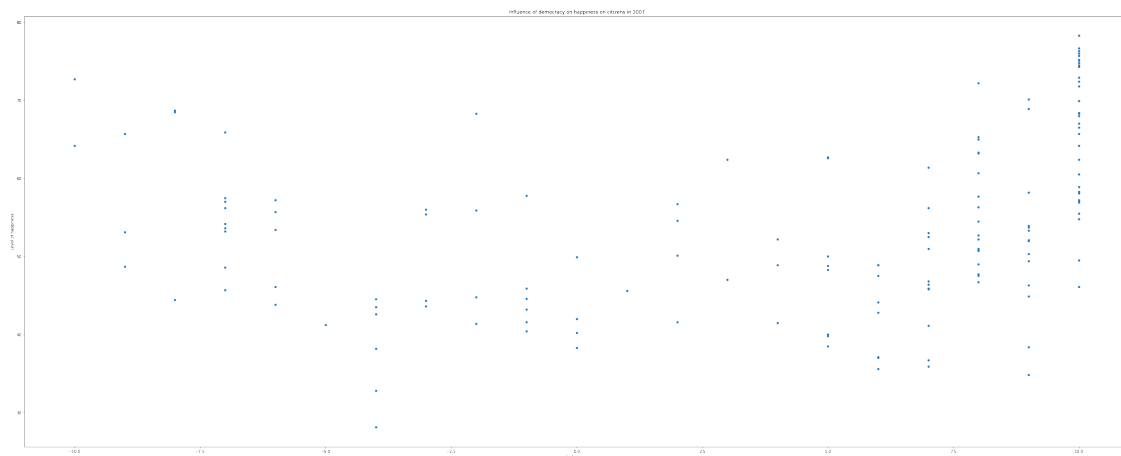
```
[68]: demohappy.  
      ↪plot(x='2006_democracy',y='2006_happyness',kind='scatter',figsize=(50,20),xlabel='Level_␣  
      ↪of democracy',  
           ylabel='Level of happiness',title='Influence of democracy on_␣  
      ↪happiness on citizens in 2006')
```

```
[68]: <AxesSubplot:title={'center':'Influence of democracy on happiness on citizens in  
2006'}, xlabel='Level of democracy', ylabel='Level of happiness'>
```



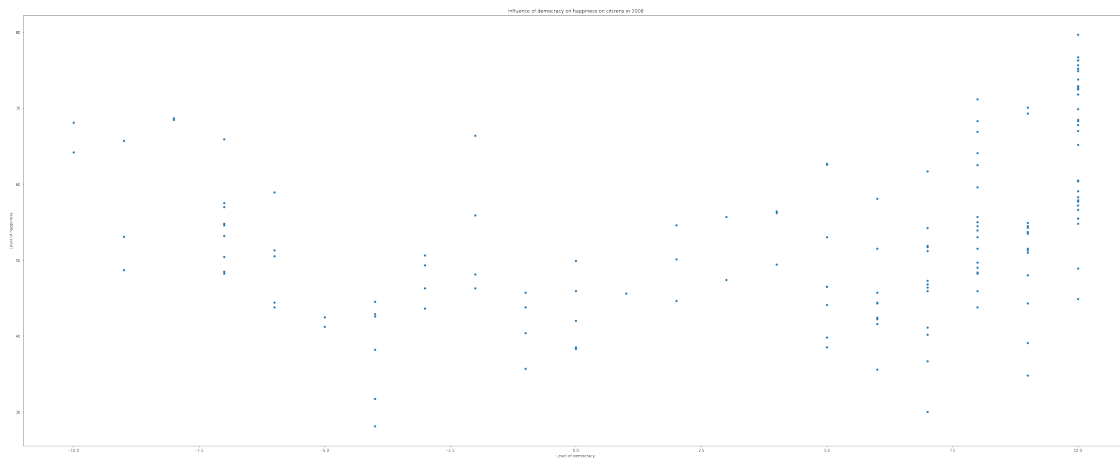
```
[69]: demohappy.
      ↪ plot(x='2007_democracy',y='2007_happyness',kind='scatter',figsize=(50,20),xlabel='Level
      ↪ of democracy',
            ylabel='Level of happiness',title='Influence of democracy on
      ↪ happiness on citizens in 2007')
```

```
[69]: <AxesSubplot:title={'center':'Influence of democracy on happiness on citizens in
      2007'}, xlabel='Level of democracy', ylabel='Level of happiness'>
```



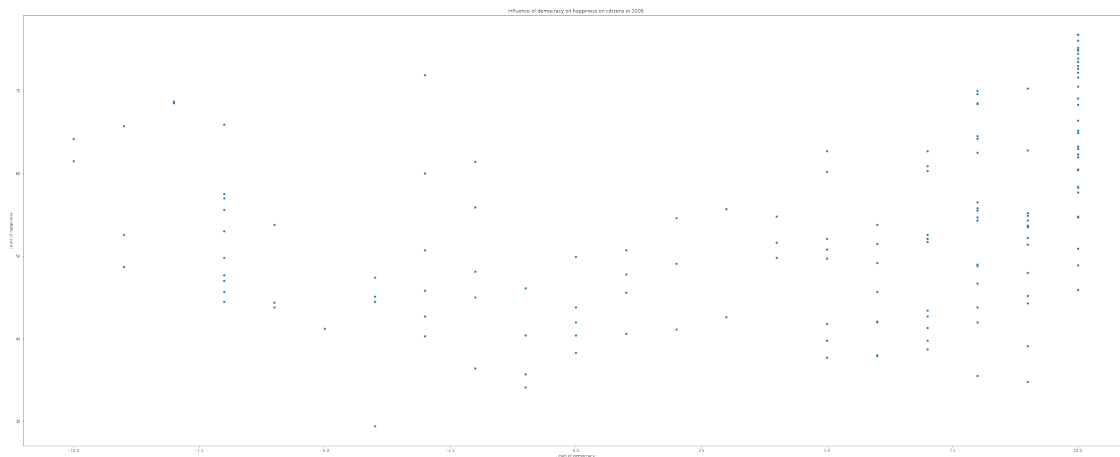
```
[70]: demohappy.
      ↪ plot(x='2008_democracy',y='2008_happyness',kind='scatter',figsize=(50,20),xlabel='Level
      ↪ of democracy',
            ylabel='Level of happiness',title='Influence of democracy on
      ↪ happiness on citizens in 2008')
```

```
[70]: <AxesSubplot:title={'center':'Influence of democracy on happiness on citizens in
      2008'}, xlabel='Level of democracy', ylabel='Level of happiness'>
```



```
[71]: demohappy.
      ↪plot(x='2009_democracy',y='2009_happyness',kind='scatter',figsize=(50,20),xlabel='Level_
      ↪of democracy',
          ylabel='Level of happiness',title='Influence of democracy on_
      ↪happiness on citizens in 2009')
```

```
[71]: <AxesSubplot:title={'center':'Influence of democracy on happiness on citizens in
      2009'}, xlabel='Level of democracy', ylabel='Level of happiness'>
```



```
[72]: demohappy.
      ↪plot(x='2010_democracy',y='2010_happyness',kind='scatter',figsize=(50,20),xlabel='Level_
      ↪of democracy',
```



```

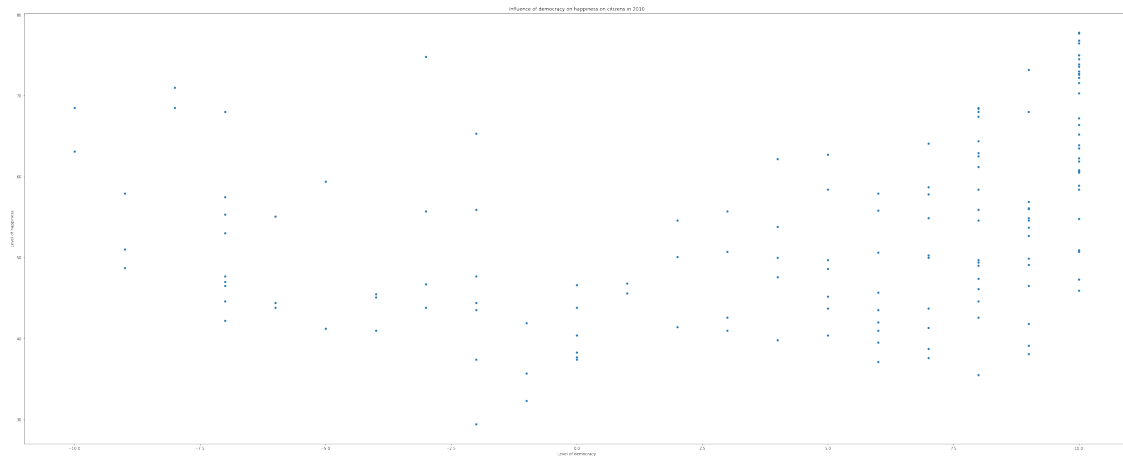
        ylabel='Level of happiness',title='Influence of democracy on_
↳happiness on citizens in 2010')

```

```

[72]: <AxesSubplot:title={'center':'Influence of democracy on happiness on citizens in
2010'}, xlabel='Level of democracy', ylabel='Level of happiness'>

```



```

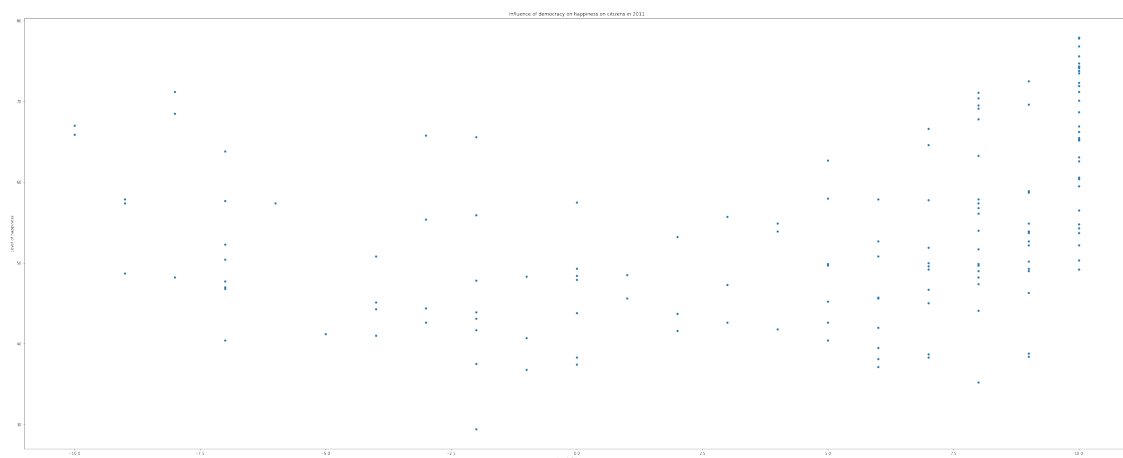
[73]: demohappy.
↳plot(x='2011_democracy',y='2011_happyness',kind='scatter',figsize=(50,20),xlabel='Level_
↳of democracy',
        ylabel='Level of happiness',title='Influence of democracy on_
↳happiness on citizens in 2011')

```

```

[73]: <AxesSubplot:title={'center':'Influence of democracy on happiness on citizens in
2011'}, xlabel='Level of democracy', ylabel='Level of happiness'>

```



And no, We couldn't see many changes in people's perspective over the years. Peoples are still more

happy in democratic countries. Let's jump to the next question, but do they earn more money?

```
[66]: demoinc.head()
```

```
[66]:
```

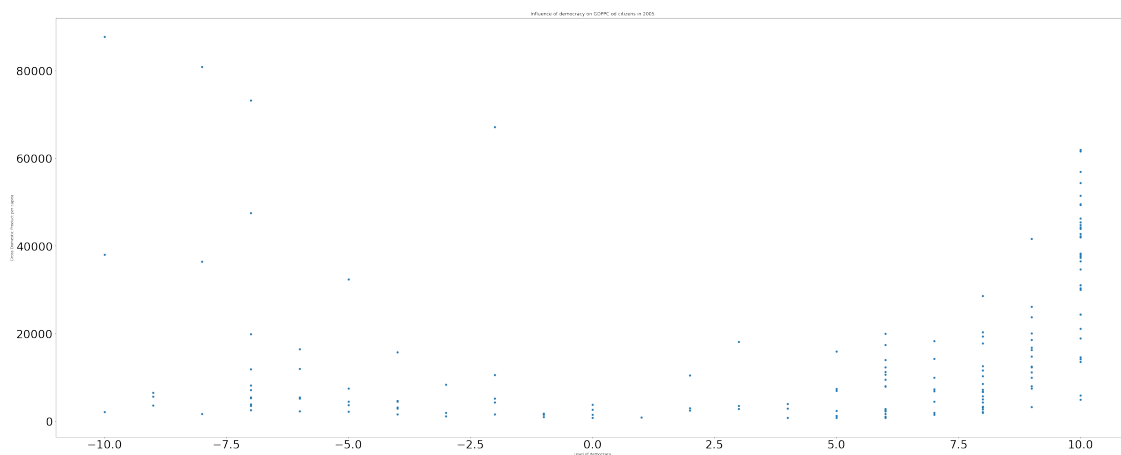
	country	2005_democracy	2006_democracy	2007_democracy	2008_democracy	\
1	Albania	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	
2	Algeria	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	
3	Angola	-2.0	-2.0	-2.0	-2.0	
4	Argentina	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	
5	Armenia	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	

	2009_democracy	2010_democracy	2011_democracy	2005_income	2006_income	\
1	9.0	9.0	9.0	8040.0	8570.0	
2	2.0	2.0	2.0	10500.0	10500.0	
3	-2.0	-2.0	-2.0	4310.0	5610.0	
4	8.0	8.0	8.0	19400.0	20800.0	
5	5.0	5.0	5.0	7420.0	8460.0	

	2007_income	2008_income	2009_income	2010_income	2011_income
1	9150.0	9910.0	10300.0	10700.0	11100.0
2	10700.0	10800.0	10800.0	11000.0	11100.0
3	6960.0	7850.0	7760.0	7690.0	7680.0
4	22400.0	23100.0	21500.0	23500.0	24600.0
5	9710.0	10500.0	9050.0	9290.0	9730.0

```
[74]: demoinc.
      ↪plot(x='2005_democracy',y='2005_income',kind='scatter',figsize=(50,20),fontsize=30,
          xlabel='Level of democracy',ylabel='Gross Domestic Product per_
      ↪capita',title='Influence of democracy on GDPPC od citizens in 2005')
```

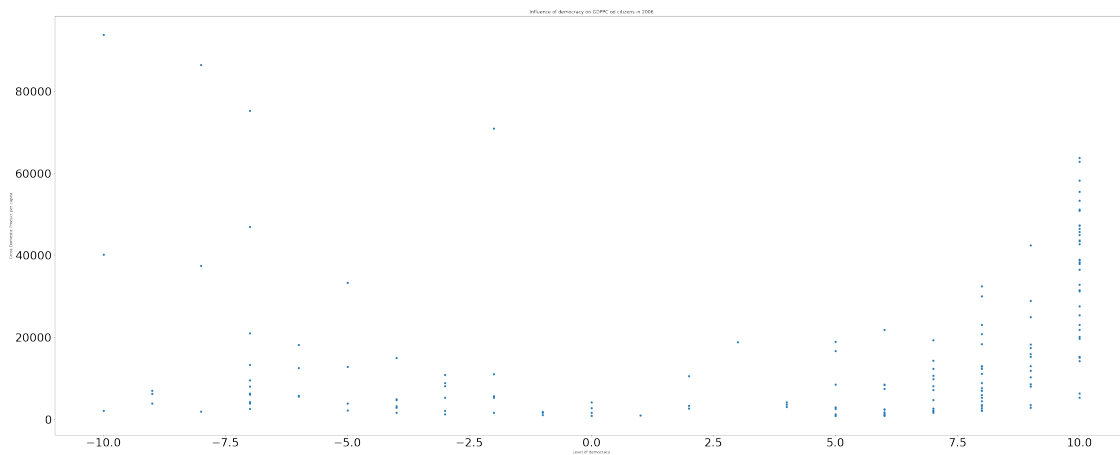
```
[74]: <AxesSubplot:title={'center':'Influence of democracy on GDPPC od citizens in
2005'}, xlabel='Level of democracy', ylabel='Gross Domestic Product per capita'>
```



In 2005 peoples were earning more money in democratic countries in general. We can see some exceptions of well-developed countries which are not democratic, but in general, there is a massive disproportion between democratic and not democratic countries in terms of income per capita. As previously, let's check the following years if the trend remained the same.

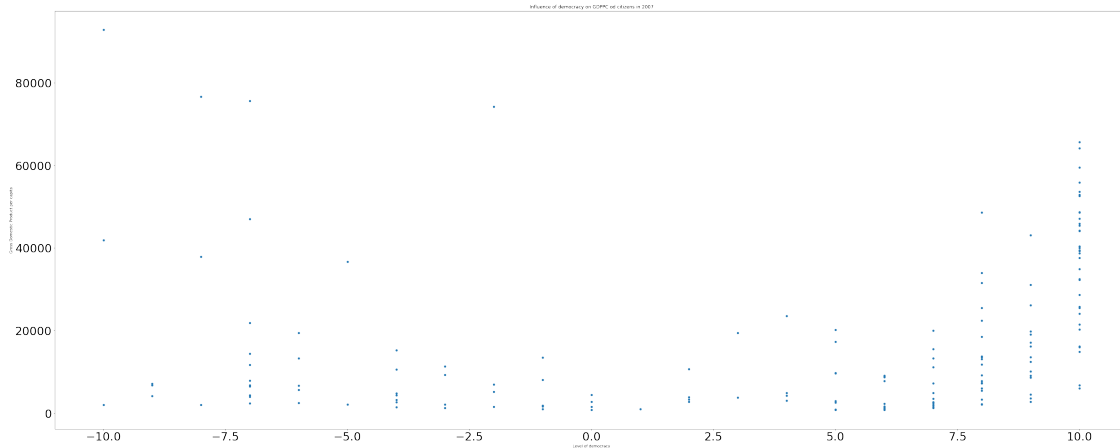
```
[75]: demoinc.
      ↪plot(x='2006_democracy',y='2006_income',kind='scatter',figsize=(50,20),fontsize=30,xlabel='Level of democracy',
      ↪of democracy',
          ylabel='Gross Domestic Product per capita',title='Influence of democracy on GDPPC od citizens in 2006')
```

```
[75]: <AxesSubplot:title={'center':'Influence of democracy on GDPPC od citizens in 2006'}, xlabel='Level of democracy', ylabel='Gross Domestic Product per capita'>
```



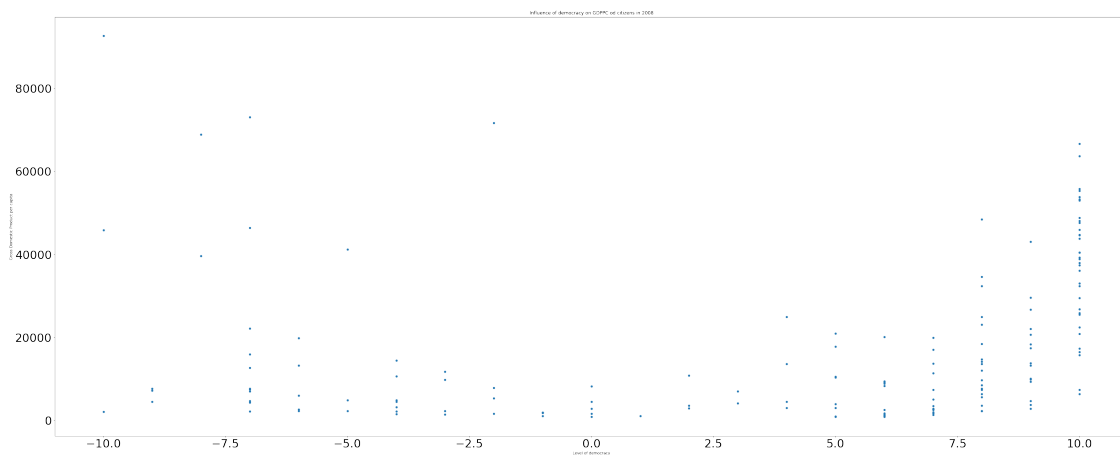
```
[76]: demoinc.
      ↪plot(x='2007_democracy',y='2007_income',kind='scatter',figsize=(50,20),fontsize=30,
      ↪of democracy',
          ylabel='Gross Domestic Product per capita',title='Influence of democracy on GDPPC od citizens in 2007')
```

```
[76]: <AxesSubplot:title={'center':'Influence of democracy on GDPPC od citizens in 2007'}, xlabel='Level of democracy', ylabel='Gross Domestic Product per capita'>
```



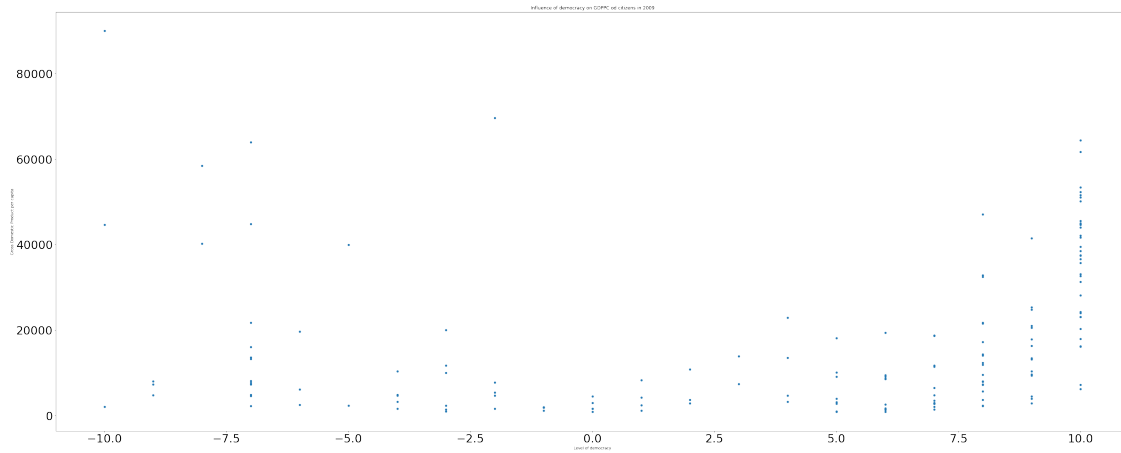
```
[77]: demoinc.
      ↪plot(x='2008_democracy',y='2008_income',kind='scatter',figsize=(50,20),fontsize=30,xlabel='Level
      ↪of democracy',
          ylabel='Gross Domestic Product per capita',title='Influence of
      ↪democracy on GDPPC od citizens in 2008')
```

```
[77]: <AxesSubplot:title={'center':'Influence of democracy on GDPPC od citizens in
2008'}, xlabel='Level of democracy', ylabel='Gross Domestic Product per capita'>
```



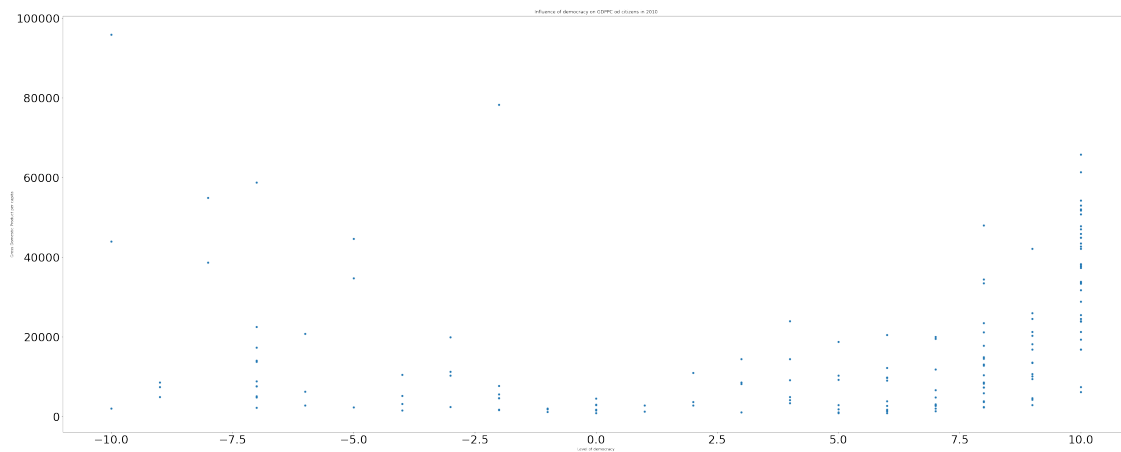
```
[78]: demoinc.
      ↪plot(x='2009_democracy',y='2009_income',kind='scatter',figsize=(50,20),fontsize=30,xlabel='Level
      ↪of democracy',
          ylabel='Gross Domestic Product per capita',title='Influence of
      ↪democracy on GDPPC od citizens in 2009')
```

[78]: <AxesSubplot:title={'center': 'Influence of democracy on GDPPC od citizens in 2009'}, xlabel='Level of democracy', ylabel='Gross Domestic Product per capita'>



```
[79]: demoinc.  
      ↪ plot(x='2010_democracy',y='2010_income',kind='scatter',figsize=(50,20),fontsize=30,xlabel='Level  
      ↪ of democracy',  
           ylabel='Gross Domestic Product per capita',title='Influence of  
      ↪ democracy on GDPPC od citizens in 2010')
```

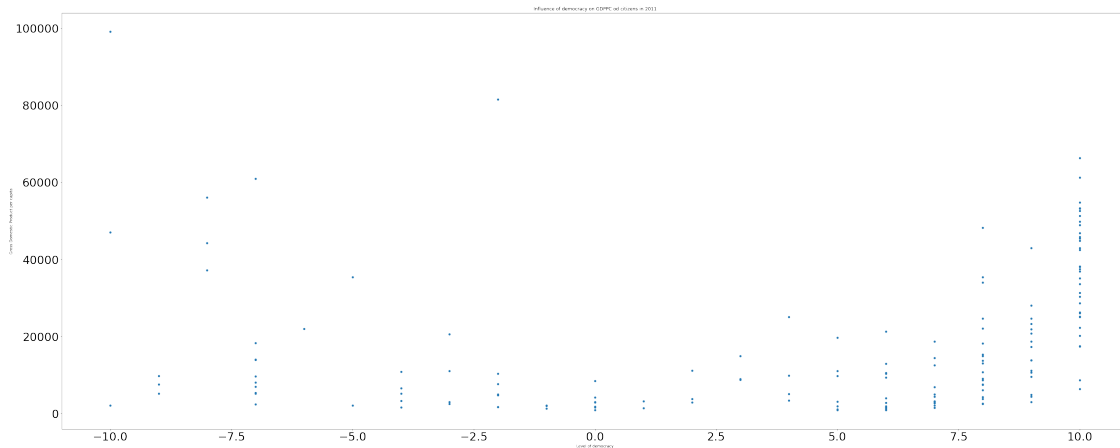
[79]: <AxesSubplot:title={'center': 'Influence of democracy on GDPPC od citizens in 2010'}, xlabel='Level of democracy', ylabel='Gross Domestic Product per capita'>



```
[80]: demoinc.  
      ↪ plot(x='2011_democracy',y='2011_income',kind='scatter',figsize=(50,20),fontsize=30,xlabel='Level  
      ↪ of democracy',
```

```
ylabel='Gross Domestic Product per capita',title='Influence of_
↳democracy on GDPPC od citizens in 2011')
```

```
[80]: <AxesSubplot:title={'center':'Influence of democracy on GDPPC od citizens in
2011'}, xlabel='Level of democracy', ylabel='Gross Domestic Product per capita'>
```



And again following years did not change much, so the answer is, Yes peoples do earn more in democratic countries.

Which continent has the highest score on average in human development index?

“The Human Development Index (HDI) is a summary measure of average achievement in key dimensions of human development: a long and healthy life, being knowledgeable and have a decent standard of living. The HDI is the geometric mean of normalized indices for each of the three dimensions.” - <https://hdr.undp.org/data-center/human-development-index#/indicies/HDI>

```
[81]: contgroups.head()
```

```
[81]:
```

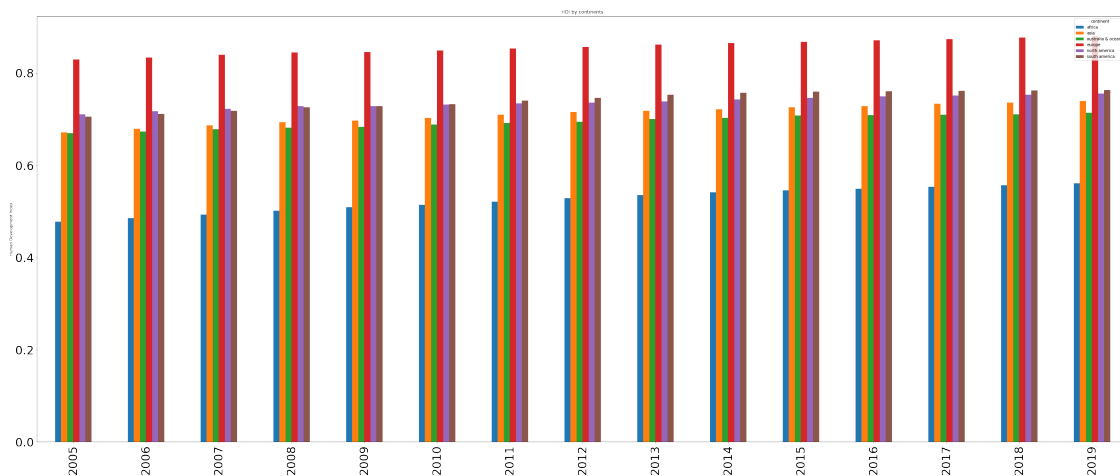
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009 \
continent					
africa	0.477769	0.485288	0.493346	0.501538	0.509692
asia	0.671283	0.679196	0.687174	0.693457	0.697413
australia & oceania	0.669545	0.673182	0.678091	0.681364	0.683273
europa	0.829707	0.834143	0.839905	0.844595	0.845381
north america	0.710696	0.717870	0.722913	0.728130	0.728870

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014 \
continent					
africa	0.514792	0.521585	0.528792	0.535962	0.541509
asia	0.703000	0.709532	0.715702	0.718723	0.721596
australia & oceania	0.688818	0.692273	0.694545	0.700273	0.703000
europa	0.849119	0.853524	0.856595	0.861667	0.865333
north america	0.731826	0.734304	0.736000	0.738478	0.743261

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
continent					
africa	0.545811	0.549170	0.553736	0.557038	0.560736
asia	0.725787	0.728745	0.733277	0.736021	0.739362
australia & oceania	0.708091	0.709000	0.709667	0.710917	0.714083
europa	0.867952	0.871238	0.874238	0.877310	0.879881
north america	0.746478	0.749391	0.751435	0.753174	0.755957

```
[82]: contgroups.transpose().
      ↪ plot(kind='bar',figsize=(50,20),fontsize=30,xlabel='Years',ylabel='Human
      ↪ Development Index',
          title="HDI by continents")
```

```
[82]: <AxesSubplot:title={'center':'HDI by continents'}, xlabel='Years', ylabel='Human
Development Index'>
```



Clearly, Europe is most developed in terms of human development by far.

Which country made the biggest progress in terms of human development in the last decade?

```
[84]: hdilastdecade.tail(5)
```

```
[84]:
```

	progress_2009-2019	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	\
country								
Samoa	0.024	0.691	0.698	0.701	0.698	0.700	0.703	
Yemen	-0.032	0.502	0.506	0.506	0.504	0.509	0.502	
South Africa	0.054	0.655	0.664	0.665	0.675	0.685	0.693	
Zambia	0.067	0.517	0.527	0.534	0.549	0.557	0.561	
Zimbabwe	0.113	0.458	0.482	0.499	0.525	0.537	0.547	

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
--	------	------	------	------	------

country					
Samoa	0.707	0.710	0.710	0.709	0.715
Yemen	0.483	0.474	0.467	0.468	0.470
South Africa	0.701	0.703	0.705	0.707	0.709
Zambia	0.569	0.571	0.578	0.582	0.584
Zimbabwe	0.553	0.558	0.563	0.569	0.571

```
[85]: hdilastdecade['progress_2009-2019'].max()
```

```
[85]: 0.11299999999999999
```

```
[86]: hdilastdecade.where(hdilastdecade['progress_2009-2019'] == 0.11299999999999999).
      ↪dropna()
```

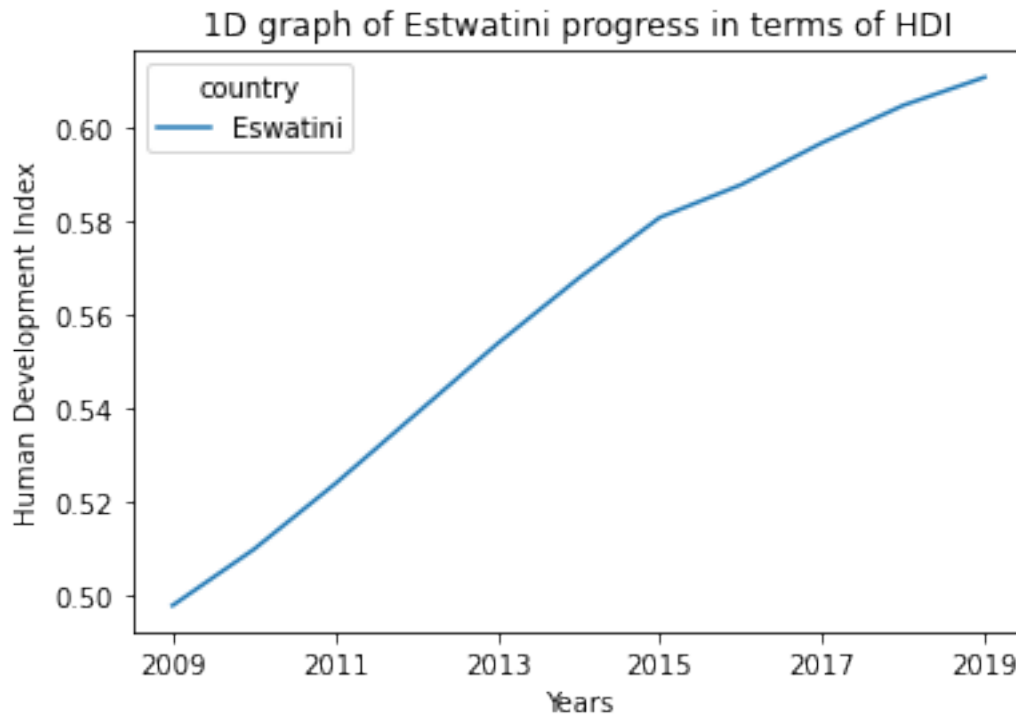
```
[86]:      progress_2009-2019    2009    2010    2011    2012    2013    2014    2015  \
country
Eswatini      0.113    0.498    0.51    0.524    0.539    0.554    0.568    0.581

      2016    2017    2018    2019
country
Eswatini    0.588    0.597    0.605    0.611
```

```
[87]: EstwaniProgress = hdilastdecade.where(hdilastdecade['progress_2009-2019'] == 0.
      ↪112999999999999999).dropna().drop(axis=1,columns='progress_2009-2019')
```

```
[88]: EstwaniProgress.transpose().plot(kind='line',xlabel='Years',ylabel='Human
      ↪Development Index',
      title='1D graph of Estwatini progress in terms
      ↪of HDI')
```

```
[88]: <AxesSubplot:title={'center':'1D graph of Estwatini progress in terms of HDI'},
      xlabel='Years', ylabel='Human Development Index'>
```

And the winner is Eswatini! Good for You peoples of Eswatini, keep it that way!

What would be 10 greatest countries to live in terms of happiness and prosperity in 2019?

```
[89]: top.head()
```

```
[89]:
```

	2019_income	2019_happyness
country		
Afghanistan	2070.0	25.7
Albania	13700.0	48.8
Algeria	11500.0	50.1
Argentina	22100.0	59.7
Armenia	13700.0	46.8

```
[90]: top.sort_values(by='2019_income',ascending=False).head(10)
```

```
[90]:
```

	2019_income	2019_happyness
country		
Luxembourg	117000.0	72.4
Singapore	98400.0	63.8
Ireland	86700.0	70.9
Switzerland	70900.0	75.6
United Arab Emirates	68300.0	67.9
Norway	64400.0	74.9

United States	62600.0	69.4
Hong Kong, China	59600.0	55.1
Denmark	57200.0	76.5
Iceland	56900.0	75.0

We got top 10 countries to live in terms of income above and happiness below.

```
[91]: top.sort_values(by='2019_happyness',ascending=False).head(10)
```

```
[91]:
```

	2019_income	2019_happyness
country		
Finland	48600.0	78.1
Denmark	57200.0	76.5
Switzerland	70900.0	75.6
Iceland	56900.0	75.0
Norway	64400.0	74.9
Netherlands	56800.0	74.5
Sweden	52900.0	73.5
New Zealand	42900.0	73.0
Austria	55800.0	72.9
Luxembourg	117000.0	72.4

Anyone thinking about moving there? ;)

Summary:

In this project, we found that peoples living in democratic countries tends to be more happy, and they do earn more money. Europe is the most developed country according to Human Development Index. Eswatini is the quickest developing country in the same index, and we have found 10 top countries to live in 2019.

Limitations: Some countries were excluded due to lack of data, however it was not a significant number. Some values were also filled with first known value for that country if some years were missing, however it was not a great amount and I believe my discoveries reflects the situation in general.