

1 Laboratory 2

Hey World! This is the first document.

This is a simple document¹.

This is a new paragraph.

2 Laboratory 3

2.1 Math mode

A sentence with inline mathematics: $y = mx + c$

A second sentence with inline mathematics: $5^2 = 3^2 + 4^2$

A second paragraph containing display math.

$$y = mx + c$$

See how the paragraph continues after the display.

2.1.1 Inline math mode and mathematical notation

Superscripts a^b and subscripts a_b

Some mathematics: $y = 2 \sin \theta^2$

2.1.2 Display mathematics

A paragraph about a larger equation

$$\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} e^{-x^2} dx$$

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A paragraph about a larger equation

$$\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} e^{-x^2} dx \tag{1}$$

2.2 The amsmath package

Solve the following recurrence for $n, k \geq 0$:

$$\begin{aligned} Q_{n,0} &= 1 & Q_{0,k} &= [k = 0]; \\ Q_{n,k} &= Q_{n-1,k} + Q_{n-1,k-1} + \binom{n}{k}, & \text{for } n, k > 0. \end{aligned}$$

AMS matrices.

$$\frac{\begin{matrix} a & b & c \\ d & e & f \end{matrix}}{\begin{pmatrix} a & b & c \\ d & e & f \end{pmatrix}} \quad \left[\begin{matrix} a & b & c \\ d & e & f \end{matrix} \right]$$

¹with a footnote

2.3 Fonts in math mode

bad use $\text{size} \neq \text{size} \neq \text{size}$ bad use $\text{size} \neq \text{size} \neq \text{size}$

2.4 Further amsmath alignments

Gather

$$P(x) = ax^5 + bx^4 + cx^3 + dx^2 + ex + f \quad (2)$$

$$x^2 + 1 = 10 \quad (3)$$

Multline

$$\begin{aligned} & (a + b + c + d)x^5 + (b + c + d + e)x^4 \\ & + (c + d + e + f)x^3 + (d + e + f + a)x^2 + (e + d + f + a + b)x \\ & + (f + a + b + c) \end{aligned}$$

2.4.1 Columns in math alignments

Aligned equations

$$\begin{array}{lll} a = b + 1 & c = d + 3 & e = f + 3 \\ r = s^2 & t = u^3 & v = w^4 \end{array}$$

- $a = b$

- $c = d$

- $a = b$

- $c = d$

2.5 Bold Math

$$\begin{aligned} (x+y)(x-y) &= x^2 - y^2 \\ (\mathbf{x}+\mathbf{y})(\mathbf{x}-\mathbf{y}) &= \mathbf{x}^2 - \mathbf{y}^2 \quad \pi r^2 \\ (\mathbf{x}+\mathbf{y})(\mathbf{x}-\mathbf{y}) &= x^2 - \mathbf{y}^2 \\ \pi r^2 & \\ (\mathbf{x}+\mathbf{y})(\mathbf{x}-\mathbf{y}) &= x^2 - \mathbf{y}^2 \\ (\mathbf{x}+\mathbf{y})(\mathbf{x}-\mathbf{y}) &= x^2 - \mathbf{y}^2 \\ \alpha + \boldsymbol{\alpha} &< \beta + \boldsymbol{\beta} \end{aligned}$$

2.6 Mathtools

$$\begin{pmatrix} 10 & 11 \\ 3 & 4 \\ -7 & -8 \end{pmatrix}$$

One two Three

$$\log \alpha + \log \beta = \log(\alpha\beta)$$

2.7 Mathematical alphabets

$$A + \mathfrak{A} + \mathbf{A} + \mathcal{A} + \mathbb{A}$$