Logistic Regression

```
In [16]:
           import pandas as pd
           import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
In [107]:
           df1 = pd.read_csv('logic.csv')
Out[107]:
              Gender Hours Pass
            0
                            False
            1
                   F
                          2 False
            2
                   М
                          3 False
                   Μ
                          4 False
                   F
                             True
                          5
                   F
                             True
                   F
                             True
                   Μ
                          8
                             True
           df1.head(1)
In [108]:
Out[108]:
              Gender Hours Pass
            0
                   Μ
                          1 False
           df1.drop('Gender', axis='columns')
In [109]:
           # features = all inputs fields are called features. and label
Out[109]:
              Hours Pass
            0
                  1 False
            1
                  2 False
            2
                  3 False
                  4 False
                  5
                     True
            5
                  6
                     True
```

7

7

8

True

True

In [110]: # Drop the unsessary data field
df1.drop('Gender', axis=1)

Out[110]:

	Hours	Pass
0	1	False
1	2	False
2	3	False
3	4	False
4	5	True
5	6	True
6	7	True
7	8	True

In [112]: # Data curation for data presentation / data make for useable

df1.replace({False:0, True:1}, inplace=True)
df1

Out[112]:

	Gender	Hours	Pass
0	М	1	0
1	F	2	0
2	М	3	0
3	М	4	0
4	F	5	1
5	F	6	1
6	F	7	1
7	М	8	1

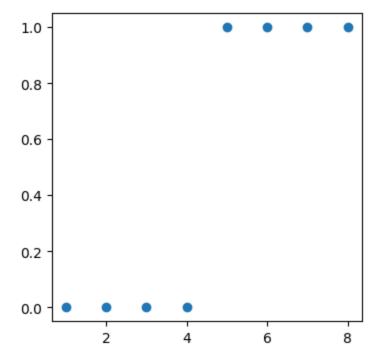
In [113]: df1.head(1)

Out[113]:

	Gender	Hours	Pass		
0	М	1	0		

In []:

```
In [114]: # scatter sigmint function
    plt.figure(figsize=(4,4))
    plt.scatter(df1['Hours'], df1['Pass'])
    plt.show()
```



```
In [24]: import math
    print(math.e)
    print(math.pi)
```

- 2.718281828459045
- 3.141592653589793

```
In [115]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
    x =df1.drop('Pass', axis=1)
    y =df1['Hours']# model.coef_ , Model
    x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(x,y)
```

```
In [116]: x_train
```

Out[116]:

	Gender	Hours
5	F	6
6	F	7
7	М	8
2	М	3
1	F	2
0	М	1

```
In [117]: x_test
```

Out[117]:

	Gender	Hours
4	F	5
3	М	4

```
In [118]: from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
    model = LogisticRegression()
    model
```

Out[118]: • LogisticRegression

LogisticRegression()

```
In [222]: model.fit(x_train, y_train)
```

Out[222]: v LogisticRegression LogisticRegression()

```
In [226]: y_pred = model.predict(x_test)
```

In [227]: y_pred

Out[227]: array([1, 1, 0, 0], dtype=int64)

In [228]: x_test

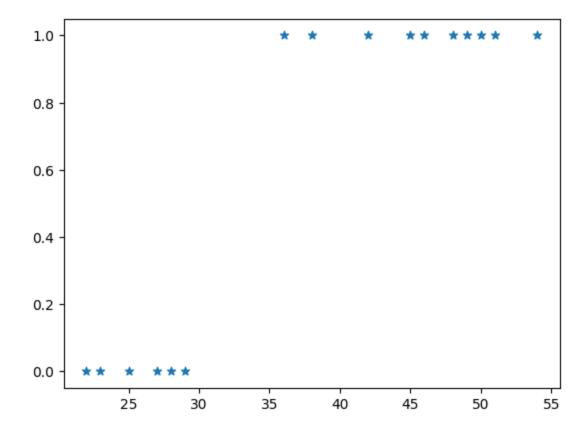
Out[228]:

```
age10 4512 483 287 27
```

```
In [229]: # model.score(x_test, y_test)
In [230]:
          elu =math.e
In [231]:
          # sigmoid function
          # Exponential Linear Units
          def sig(x):
              elu =math.e
                return 1/(1+math.exp(-x))
              return 1/(1+elu**(-0.5*x))
In [232]: x = 3
          sig(x)
Out[232]: 0.8175744761936437
In [233]:
          import math
          print(math.e)
          print(math.pi)
          2.718281828459045
          3.141592653589793
          import pandas as pd
In [234]:
          df=pd.read_csv('ins.csv')
          df.head(1)
Out[234]:
              age insurance
                        0
           0
              22
```

```
In [235]: plt.scatter(df['age'], df['insurance'], marker='*')
```

Out[235]: <matplotlib.collections.PathCollection at 0x18cb1cc95d0>



```
In [236]: plt.show()
In [245]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
In [250]: x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(df[['age']],df['insurance'])
In [251]: from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
In [252]: reg =LogisticRegression()
In [253]: reg.fit(X_train, Y_train)
Out[253]:
           ▼ LogisticRegression
           LogisticRegression()
In [254]: Y_test
Out[254]:
          7
                0
                1
          15
                1
```

Name: insurance, dtype: int64

```
In [255]:
          Y_pred = reg.predict(X_test)
          Y_pred
Out[255]: array([0, 1, 1, 0], dtype=int64)
In [256]: reg.predict_proba(X_test)
Out[256]: array([[9.85677615e-01, 1.43223851e-02],
                  [1.14460337e-07, 9.99999886e-01],
                  [1.08169846e-06, 9.99998918e-01],
                  [9.99273288e-01, 7.26712428e-04]])
In [257]: reg.coef_
Out[257]: array([[0.74868678]])
In [258]: reg.intercept_
Out[258]: array([-24.44604862])
In [259]: reg.score(X_test, Y_pred)
Out[259]: 1.0
In [260]:
          # sigmoid
          import math
          eu =math.e
In [261]: def sig(x):
              import math
              return 1/(1+(math.e **(-x)))
In [262]: | def pred_f(age):
              # y =mx+c (coef*x+intercept)
              z = 0.738* age+(-24.30)
              y = sig(z)
              return y
In [263]:
          age = 36
          round(pred_f(age))
Out[263]: 1
In [264]:
          import pandas as pd
          df =pd.read_csv('social.csv')
          df.head(1)
Out[264]:
               User ID Gender Age EstimatedSalary Purchased
           0 15624510
                         Male
                               19
                                           19000
                                                        0
```

In [265]: df.drop(['User ID', 'Gender'], axis='columns', inplace=True)
df

Out[265]:

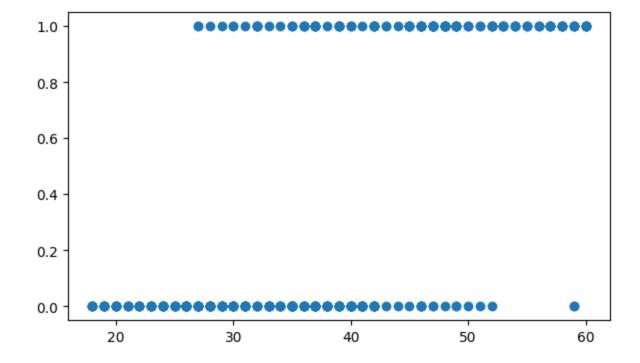
	Age	EstimatedSalary	Purchased
0	19	19000	0
1	35	20000	0
2	26	43000	0
3	27	57000	0
4	19	76000	0
395	46	41000	1
396	51	23000	1
397	50	20000	1
398	36	33000	0
399	49	36000	1

400 rows × 3 columns

```
In [266]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
plt.figure(figsize=(7,4))

plt.scatter(df['Age'], df['Purchased'])
```

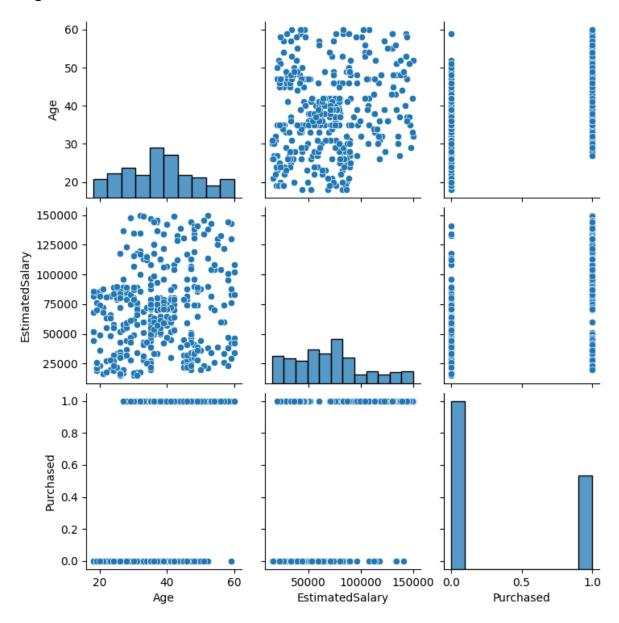
Out[266]: <matplotlib.collections.PathCollection at 0x18cb1190390>



```
In [267]: import seaborn as sns
plt.figure(figsize=(4,4))
sns.pairplot(df)
```

Out[267]: <seaborn.axisgrid.PairGrid at 0x18cb1db9490>

<Figure size 400x400 with 0 Axes>



```
In [268]:
    from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split

In [269]:    x= df.drop('Purchased', axis= 'columns')

In [270]:    y = df['Purchased']

In [271]:    x_train,x_test, y_train,y_test = train_test_split(x,y)
```

```
In [272]: x_train.shape
Out[272]: (300, 2)
In [273]: x_test.shape
Out[273]: (100, 2)
In [274]: from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
      model = LogisticRegression()
In [275]: model.fit(x_train, y_train)
Out[275]:
       ▼ LogisticRegression
       LogisticRegression()
In [279]: |y_pred= model.predict(x_test)
      y_pred
0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0], dtype=int64)
In [280]: model.score(x_test, y_pred)
Out[280]: 1.0
In [281]: model.score(x_test, y_test)*100
Out[281]: 70.0
In [282]: # Logistic Regression -Iris Dataset
```



In [283]: import pandas as pd

In [284]: df= pd.read_csv('iris.csv')
 df.head(1)

Out[284]:

	ld	SepalLengthCm	SepalWidthCm	PetalLengthCm	PetalWidthCm	Species
0	1	5.1	3.5	1.4	0.2	Iris-setosa

```
In [285]:
          import seaborn as sns
          plt.figure(figsize=(4,4))
          sns.pairplot(df, hue='Species')
          # Vsetosa-> sepal lenght(low), sepal width(low), petal length(low)
          #petal width(low)
          # Virginica-> sepal len petal width(high), sepal width(medium), petal len(high)
             3.0
                                                                                   Iris-versicolor
            2.5
            1.5
            1.0
                                                                       PetalWidthCm
In [286]: df.info()
          <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
          RangeIndex: 150 entries, 0 to 149
          Data columns (total 6 columns):
           #
                Column
                               Non-Null Count Dtype
                               150 non-null
                                                int64
                Ιd
                SepalLengthCm 150 non-null
                                                float64
           1
               SepalWidthCm
                               150 non-null
                                                float64
           2
                PetalLengthCm 150 non-null
                                                float64
           3
           4
                PetalWidthCm
                               150 non-null
                                                float64
                               150 non-null
                                                object
                Species
          dtypes: float64(4), int64(1), object(1)
          memory usage: 7.2+ KB
In [287]: |df['Species'].unique()
Out[287]: array(['Iris-setosa', 'Iris-versicolor', 'Iris-virginica'], dtype=object)
In [289]: df['Species'].replace({'Iris-setosa': '1', 'Iris-versicolor':'2'}, inplace=True
```

In [290]: df.sample(10)

Out[290]:

	ld	SepalLengthCm	SepalWidthCm	PetalLengthCm	PetalWidthCm	Species
30	31	4.8	3.1	1.6	0.2	1
73	74	6.1	2.8	4.7	1.2	2
93	94	5.0	2.3	3.3	1.0	2
58	59	6.6	2.9	4.6	1.3	2
146	147	6.3	2.5	5.0	1.9	Iris-virginica
95	96	5.7	3.0	4.2	1.2	2
106	107	4.9	2.5	4.5	1.7	Iris-virginica
28	29	5.2	3.4	1.4	0.2	1
120	121	6.9	3.2	5.7	2.3	Iris-virginica
105	106	7.6	3.0	6.6	2.1	Iris-virginica

```
In [291]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
```

```
In [292]: x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(df[['SepalLengthCm','SepalV
```

```
In [293]: x_train.shape
```

Out[293]: (112, 4)

```
In [294]: x_test.shape
```

Out[294]: (38, 4)

```
In [295]: y_test.shape
```

Out[295]: (38, 1)

```
In [296]: from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
model = LogisticRegression()
```

```
In [297]: |model.fit(x_train, y_train)
          C:\Users\Administrator\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python311\Lib\site-packa
          ges\sklearn\utils\validation.py:1183: DataConversionWarning: A column-vector
          y was passed when a 1d array was expected. Please change the shape of y to (n
          _samples, ), for example using ravel().
            y = column or 1d(y, warn=True)
          C:\Users\Administrator\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python311\Lib\site-packa
          ges\sklearn\linear_model\_logistic.py:460: ConvergenceWarning: lbfgs failed t
          o converge (status=1):
          STOP: TOTAL NO. of ITERATIONS REACHED LIMIT.
          Increase the number of iterations (max iter) or scale the data as shown in:
              https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/preprocessing.html (https://sciki
          t-learn.org/stable/modules/preprocessing.html)
          Please also refer to the documentation for alternative solver options:
              https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear model.html#logistic-regres
          sion (https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear_model.html#logistic-regr
          ession)
            n_iter_i = _check_optimize_result(
Out[297]:
           ▼ LogisticRegression
           LogisticRegression()
In [298]: model.predict(x_test)
Out[298]: array(['1', '1', '2', 'Iris-virginica', 'Iris-virginica',
                 'Iris-virginica', '1', '1', '2', 'Iris-virginica',
                 'Iris-virginica', '1', 'Iris-virginica', '2', 'Iris-virginica',
                 '2', '1', '2', '2', '2', '1', '1', 'Iris-virginica', '2', '1',
                 'Iris-virginica', 'Iris-virginica', '1', '1', '2', '2', '1', '2',
                 'Iris-virginica', '1', 'Iris-virginica', 'Iris-virginica', '1'],
                dtype=object)
In [299]: |model.score(x_test, y_test)
Out[299]: 0.9736842105263158
In [300]:
          model
Out[300]:
           ▼ LogisticRegression
           LogisticRegression()
In [301]:
          model.coef_
Out[301]: array([[-0.47658191, 0.80632333, -2.36826275, -0.97671983],
                 [0.28087822, -0.23269826, -0.16694849, -0.77974292],
                 [ 0.19570369, -0.57362508, 2.53521124, 1.75646275]])
```

```
In [302]: model.intercept_
                              2.99462066, -13.11556879])
Out[302]: array([ 10.12094814,
In [303]: |print('Accuracy Of My Model:',model.score(x_test, y_test)*100, '%')
         Accuracy Of My Model: 97.36842105263158 %
In [304]: def sig(x):
             import math
             return 1/(1+math.e **(x))
         a-SepalLengthCm
         b-SepalWidthCm
         c-PetalLengthCm
         d-PetalWidthCm
In [305]: |model.coef_
Out[305]: array([[-0.47658191, 0.80632333, -2.36826275, -0.97671983],
                [0.28087822, -0.23269826, -0.16694849, -0.77974292],
                [ 0.19570369, -0.57362508, 2.53521124, 1.75646275]])
In [306]: |model.intercept_
In [307]: def pred_f(a, b, c, d):
             z = (-0.33*a+0.95*b-2.31*c-0.97*d+8.36)+(0.50*a-0.34*b-0.12*c-0.83*d+1.81)
             y = sig(z)
             return y
In [308]: import seaborn as sns
```

In [309]: titanic = sns.load_dataset('Titanic')
 titanic

Out[309]:

	survived	pclass	sex	age	sibsp	parch	fare	embarked	class	who	adult_mal
0	0	3	male	22.0	1	0	7.2500	S	Third	man	Tru
1	1	1	female	38.0	1	0	71.2833	С	First	woman	Fals
2	1	3	female	26.0	0	0	7.9250	S	Third	woman	Fals
3	1	1	female	35.0	1	0	53.1000	S	First	woman	Fals
4	0	3	male	35.0	0	0	8.0500	S	Third	man	Tru
	•••										
886	0	2	male	27.0	0	0	13.0000	S	Second	man	Tru
887	1	1	female	19.0	0	0	30.0000	S	First	woman	Fals
888	0	3	female	NaN	1	2	23.4500	S	Third	woman	Fals
889	1	1	male	26.0	0	0	30.0000	С	First	man	Tru
890	0	3	male	32.0	0	0	7.7500	Q	Third	man	Tru
201 r	70WS X 15	columns									

891 rows × 15 columns

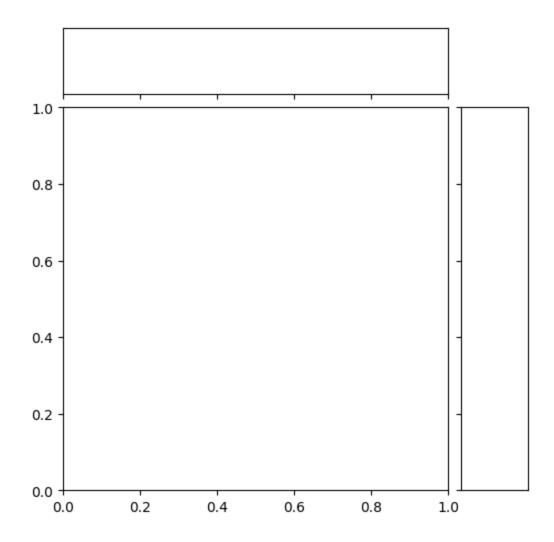
In [351]: sns.jointplot(x='sex', y='survived', hue='class')

```
ValueError
                                          Traceback (most recent call last)
Cell In[351], line 1
----> 1 sns.jointplot(x='sex', y='survived', hue='class')
File ~\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python311\Lib\site-packages\seaborn\axis
grid.py:2241, in jointplot(data, x, y, hue, kind, height, ratio, space, dropn
a, xlim, ylim, color, palette, hue order, hue norm, marginal ticks, joint kw
s, marginal_kws, **kwargs)
   2238
            dropna = True
   2240 # Initialize the JointGrid object
-> 2241 grid = JointGrid(
   2242
           data=data, x=x, y=y, hue=hue,
            palette=palette, hue order=hue order, hue norm=hue norm,
   2243
   2244
           dropna=dropna, height=height, ratio=ratio, space=space,
            xlim=xlim, ylim=ylim, marginal_ticks=marginal_ticks,
   2245
   2246 )
   2248 if grid.hue is not None:
            marginal_kws.setdefault("legend", False)
   2249
File ~\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python311\Lib\site-packages\seaborn\axis
grid.py:1722, in JointGrid.__init__(self, data, x, y, hue, height, ratio, spa
ce, palette, hue_order, hue_norm, dropna, xlim, ylim, marginal_ticks)
   1719
            ax_marg_y.xaxis.grid(False)
   1721 # Process the input variables
-> 1722 p = VectorPlotter(data=data, variables=dict(x=x, y=y, hue=hue))
   1723 plot_data = p.plot_data.loc[:, p.plot_data.notna().any()]
   1725 # Possibly drop NA
File ~\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python311\Lib\site-packages\seaborn\ old
core.py:640, in VectorPlotter.__init__(self, data, variables)
    635 # var_ordered is relevant only for categorical axis variables, and ma
У
    636 # be better handled by an internal axis information object that track
S
   637 # such information and is set up by the scale * methods. The analogou
    638 # information for numeric axes would be information about log scales.
    639 self._var_ordered = {"x": False, "y": False} # alt., used DefaultDic
--> 640 self.assign_variables(data, variables)
    642 for var, cls in self. semantic mappings.items():
    643
    644
            # Create the mapping function
            map func = partial(cls.map, plotter=self)
    645
File ~\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python311\Lib\site-packages\seaborn\_old
core.py:701, in VectorPlotter.assign_variables(self, data, variables)
    699 else:
            self.input_format = "long"
    700
            plot data, variables = self._assign_variables_longform(
--> 701
    702
                data, **variables,
    703
    705 self.plot_data = plot_data
    706 self.variables = variables
```

File ~\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python311\Lib\site-packages\seaborn_old

```
core.py:938, in VectorPlotter._assign_variables_longform(self, data, **kwarg
s)
    933 elif isinstance(val, (str, bytes)):
    934
    935
            # This looks like a column name but we don't know what it means!
    937
            err = f"Could not interpret value `{val}` for parameter `{key}`"
            raise ValueError(err)
--> 938
    940 else:
    941
            # Otherwise, assume the value is itself data
    942
    943
            # Raise when data object is present and a vector can't matched
    944
            if isinstance(data, pd.DataFrame) and not isinstance(val, pd.Seri
    945
es):
```

ValueError: Could not interpret value `sex` for parameter `x`



```
In [352]: # scatter plot
    iris= sns.load_dataset('iris')
    iris.head(1)
```

Out[352]:

	sepal_length	sepal_width	petal_length	petal_width	species
0	5.1	3.5	1.4	0.2	setosa

```
In [353]: # ('iris')
In [354]: tips = sns.load_dataset('tips')
tips
```

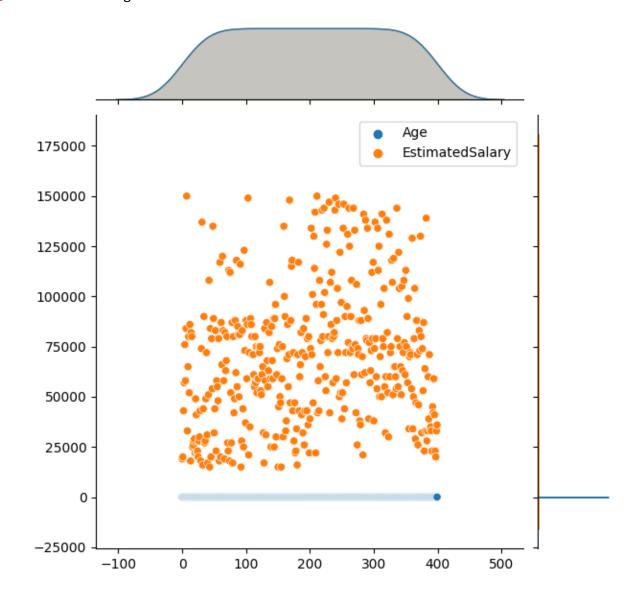
Out[354]:

	total_bill	tip	sex	smoker	day	time	size
0	16.99	1.01	Female	No	Sun	Dinner	2
1	10.34	1.66	Male	No	Sun	Dinner	3
2	21.01	3.50	Male	No	Sun	Dinner	3
3	23.68	3.31	Male	No	Sun	Dinner	2
4	24.59	3.61	3.61 Female No Sun		Sun	Dinner	4
239	29.03	5.92	Male	No	Sat	Dinner	3
240	27.18	2.00	Female	Yes	Sat	Dinner	2
241	22.67	2.00	Male	Yes	Sat	Dinner	2
242	17.82	1.75	Male	No	Sat	Dinner	2
243	18.78	3.00	Female	No	Thur	Dinner	2

244 rows × 7 columns

In [355]: sns.jointplot(x)

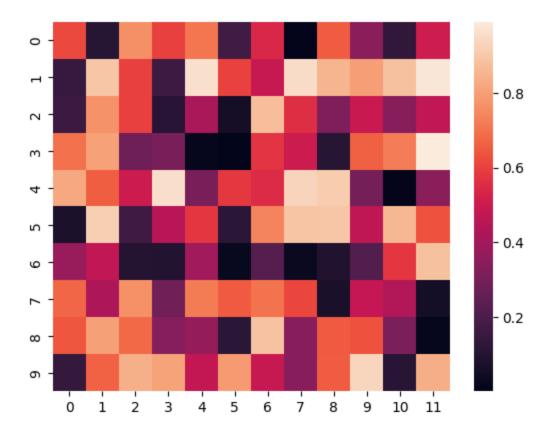
Out[355]: <seaborn.axisgrid.JointGrid at 0x18cb8f51810>



```
[0.14524483, 0.89011443, 0.59655651, 0.16287344, 0.96046712,
0.60409859, 0.48536095, 0.94847499, 0.84789009, 0.79650537,
0.88050038, 0.9786032 ],
[0.15520051, 0.7675048 , 0.60041108, 0.10735425, 0.41850892,
0.05643501, 0.87255858, 0.55601639, 0.32158732, 0.49045056,
0.34096612, 0.46966974],
[0.69590479, 0.80415423, 0.28009336, 0.30684191, 0.01712098,
0.00201448, 0.57303677, 0.49957271, 0.10345631, 0.66047766,
0.72071592, 0.99043891],
[0.81987504, 0.65690939, 0.49633943, 0.95860488, 0.30653284,
0.57734366, 0.54837524, 0.92990012, 0.90668612, 0.29777413,
0.00709664, 0.34536544],
[0.07332368, 0.91652665, 0.16458871, 0.45246868, 0.57589385,
0.11128508, 0.73899858, 0.88710483, 0.89080114, 0.46560617,
0.85713925, 0.63143983],
[0.37707714, 0.47081403, 0.0957422 , 0.09363179, 0.39762973,
0.02153215, 0.22211226, 0.03243622, 0.09037517, 0.21223435,
0.57512189, 0.88176715],
[0.67368659, 0.42358035, 0.76405142, 0.28457424, 0.71758855,
0.64687459, 0.70012905, 0.60986886, 0.06874446, 0.47851213,
0.43512756, 0.05283265],
[0.64197858, 0.80072764, 0.67941894, 0.33762403, 0.36965593,
0.1132895 , 0.8851748 , 0.33827889, 0.65044102, 0.63294083,
0.31251355, 0.01631689],
[0.13851685, 0.66338524, 0.83753192, 0.8088139, 0.47561619,
0.78596813, 0.48727138, 0.33849505, 0.65232061, 0.93569829,
0.10897531, 0.8359316 ]])
```

In [367]: sns.heatmap(a)

Out[367]: <Axes: >



In [368]: titanic = sns.load_dataset('Titanic')
titanic

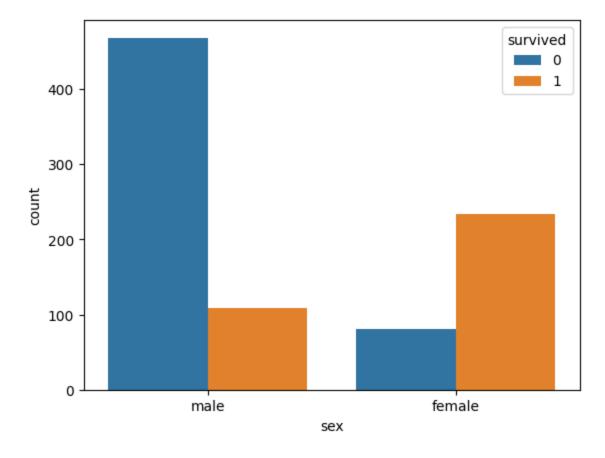
Out[368]:

	survived	pclass	sex	age	sibsp	parch	fare	embarked	class	who	adult_mal
0	0	3	male	22.0	1	0	7.2500	S	Third	man	Tru
1	1	1	female	38.0	1	0	71.2833	С	First	woman	Fals
2	1	3	female	26.0	0	0	7.9250	S	Third	woman	Fals
3	1	1	female	35.0	1	0	53.1000	S	First	woman	Fals
4	0	3	male	35.0	0	0	8.0500	S	Third	man	Tru
886	0	2	male	27.0	0	0	13.0000	S	Second	man	Tru
887	1	1	female	19.0	0	0	30.0000	S	First	woman	Fals
888	0	3	female	NaN	1	2	23.4500	S	Third	woman	Fals
889	1	1	male	26.0	0	0	30.0000	С	First	man	Tru
890	0	3	male	32.0	0	0	7.7500	Q	Third	man	Tru

891 rows × 15 columns

```
In [386]: # count plot
titanic.head(1)
sns.countplot(x ='sex', hue='survived', data=titanic)
```

Out[386]: <Axes: xlabel='sex', ylabel='count'>



In [387]: #violin plot
tips.head(1)

Out[387]:

	total_bill	tip	sex	smoker	day	time	size
0	16.99	1.01	Female	No	Sun	Dinner	2

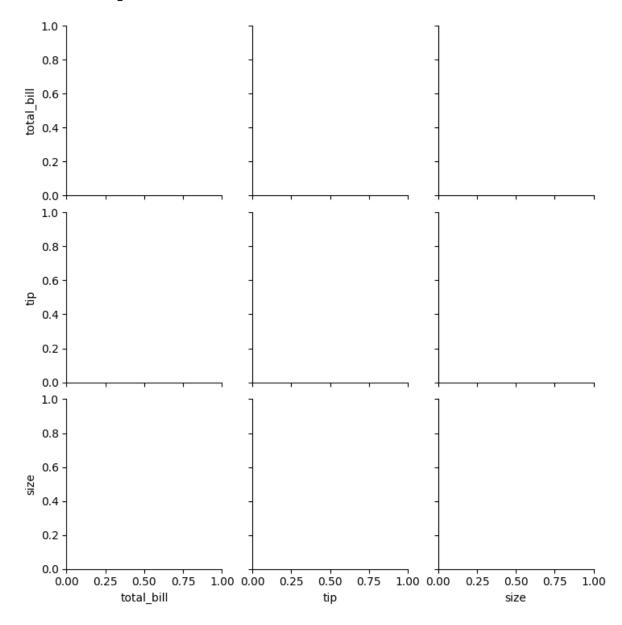
In [388]: # pairplot
tips.head(1)

Out[388]:

	total_bill	tip	sex	smoker	day	time	size
0	16.99	1.01	Female	No	Sun	Dinner	2

In [389]: #Pair Grid
sns.PairGrid(tips)

Out[389]: <seaborn.axisgrid.PairGrid at 0x18cba649ad0>



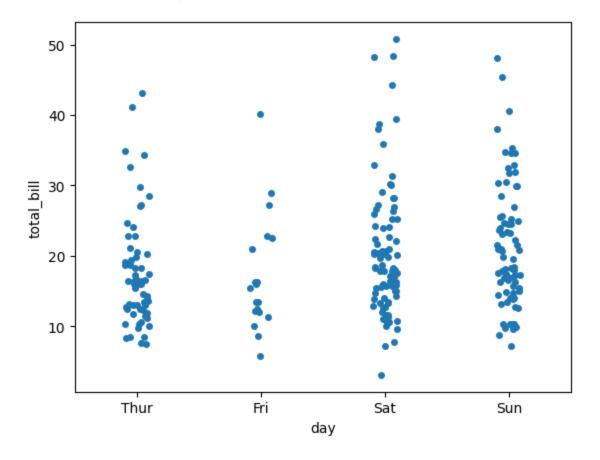
In [390]: #Strip Plot
tips.head(1)

Out[390]:

	total_bill	tip	sex	smoker	day	time	size
0	16.99	1.01	Female	No	Sun	Dinner	2

```
In [391]: sns.stripplot(x='day', y='total_bill', data=tips)
```

Out[391]: <Axes: xlabel='day', ylabel='total_bill'>



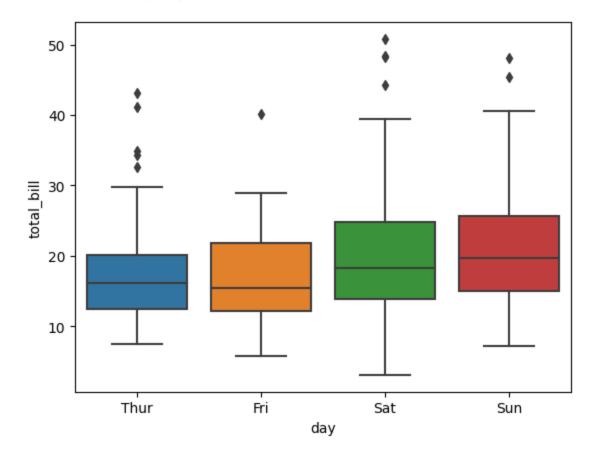
In [392]: #Box Plot
tips.head(1)

Out[392]:

		total_bill	tip	sex	smoker	day	time	size
_	0	16.99	1.01	Female	No	Sun	Dinner	2

```
In [393]: sns.boxplot(x='day',y='total_bill', data=tips)
```

Out[393]: <Axes: xlabel='day', ylabel='total_bill'>



```
In [394]: # boxen plot
tips.head(1)
```

Out[394]:

	total_bill	tip	sex	smoker	day	time	size
0	16.99	1.01	Female	No	Sun	Dinner	2