# 2016 CIG WORKSHOP SPECFEM3D

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# 1 Getting started

```
Connect to cluster:
```

ssh -X specfem3d user@ubuntu.cse.ucdavis.edu

Download the SPECFEM3D\_Cartesian software package: git clone –recursive –branch devel https://github.com/geodynamics/specfem3d.git

Load appropriate fortran (GNU/intel) and MPI compilers: module load ???

module load ???

Load python distribution:

module load ???

Configure SPECFEM3D\_Cartesian for your system from the SPECFEM3D root directory: cd specfem3d

./configure -with-openmp=no -with-mpi=yes -with-cuda=no -with-adios=no make -j 4 all

Compile all the source code:

make all

Check generated executable files:

Is ./bin

# 2 Example #1: Internal mesher

```
Copy an existing working directory to your location:
     cp -r /home/specfem3d user/Desktop/ex1 internal ./
   Go to the working directory you have just created:
     cd ./ex1 internal
   Create output folders
     mkdir OUTPUT_FILES; mkdir OUTPUT_FILES/DATABASES_MPI
   Check the content of the "DATA" folder and the parameter file:
     vim ./DATA/Par_file
   Input model is a text-file with a header (first four lines) and the rest 6-columns:
1) x, 2) y, 3) z, 4) Vp, 5) Vs, 6) Density.
     vim ./DATA/tomo_files/tomography_model.xyz
   Source (active source):
     vim ./DATA/FORCESOLUTION
   Sensors information:
     vim ./DATA/STATIONS
   (1) Create mesh
   Check the "Mesh Par file":
     vim DATA/meshfem3D files/Mesh Par file
   Make sure that you create the mesh in a ".vtk" format for visualization in paraview:
     CREATE VTK FILES = .true.
   Submit job for mesh creation:
     sbatch submit16 mesh3d
   Check the status of the submitted job:
     squeue
   When the mesher is finished, check the output information:
     vim ./OUTPUT_FILES/output_meshfem3D.txt
   Copy generated *mesh.vtk files to your machine:
     scp specfem3d user@ubuntu.cse.ucdavis:~/ex1 internal/OUTPUT FILES/
DATABASES MPI/*mesh.vtk ./
   Open *mesh.vtk files in paraview (fig. 1):
```

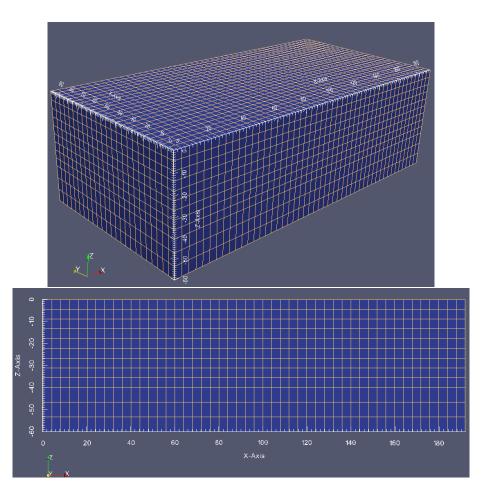


Figure 1: 3D mesh (top) and its vertical slice (bottom) from Example 1.

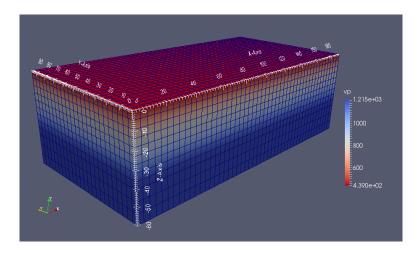


Figure 2: 3D P-wave velocity model overlaid with the mesh from Example 1

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### (2) Generate the databases:

sbatch submit24\_generate

When the databases generation is finished, check the output information: vim ./OUTPUT\_FILES/output\_mesher.txt

Combine the model from domain-decomposed pieces:

./bin/xcombine\_vol\_data 0 16 vp ./OUTPUT\_FILES/DATABASES\_MPI/ OUTPUT\_FILES/ 0

Copy created vtk-files to your machine and then use PARAVIEW for model visualization (fig. 2).

### (3) Run the solver

sbatch submit16\_specfem

Find why there is a following problem with the solver:

forrtl: error (72): floating overflow

When the solver is finished, check the output information:

vim ./OUTPUT\_FILES/output\_solver.txt

Check seismograms by running python script from "py" folder (fig. 3): python plot 3traces.py

Create a movie showing wavefield propagation at the surface:

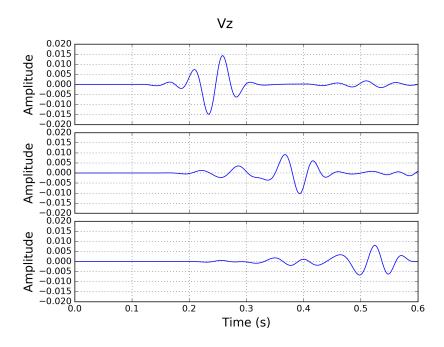


Figure 3: Seismic records (vertical component of particle velocity) from Example 1. Three traces from near (top), middle (mid) and far (bottom) offset are presented.

./bin/xcreate\_movie\_shakemap\_AVS\_DX\_GMT

Use the following option values during that process:

2,1,2001,1,1

Copy AVS-files to your machine

scp specfem3d\_user@ubuntu.cse.ucdavis:~/ex1\_internal/OUTPUT\_FILES/AVS\* ./

Open AVS-files in PARAVIEW and play (enjoy) the movie.

#### Attenuation:

vim ./DATA/Par\_file

ATTENUATION = .true. USE OLSEN ATTENUATION = .true.

# 3 Example #2: External mesher

Copy an existing working directory to your location:

cp -r /scratch/fast/dborisov/ex2 external ./

Go to the **working directory** you have just created:

cd ./ex2 external

#### Create output folders

mkdir OUTPUT FILES; mkdir OUTPUT FILES/DATABASES MPI

Go to the MESH-folder in your working directory:

cd./MESH

Load required software:

module load netcdf/gcc/hdf5-1.8.16/4.4.0

module load hdf5/gcc/1.8.16

#### (1) Mesh format conversion

Compile and run c-code, required to convert the mesh from Trelis (Cubit) to SPECFEM3D format

gcc trelis2specfem3d.c -o trelis2specfem3d ./trelis2specfem3d mountain\_mesh.e -bin=1

#### Rename files:

mv mountain\_mesh\_absorbing\_surface\_file\_xmax mv mountain\_mesh\_absorbing\_surface\_file\_ymax mv mountain\_mesh\_absorbing\_surface\_file\_ymin mv mountain\_mesh\_absorbing\_surface\_file\_xmin mv mountain\_mesh\_absorbing\_surface\_file\_zmin

absorbing\_surface\_file\_xmax absorbing\_surface\_file\_ymax absorbing\_surface\_file\_ymin absorbing\_surface\_file\_xmin absorbing\_surface\_file\_zmin mv mountain\_mesh\_free\_or\_absorbing\_surface\_file\_zmax free\_or\_absorbing\_surface\_file\_zmax mv mountain\_mesh\_materials\_file materials\_file mv mountain\_mesh\_mesh\_file mesh\_file mv mountain\_mesh\_nodes\_coords\_file nodes\_coords\_file

Check the elastic properties of the model: vim nummaterial\_velocity\_file

Based on the Example1, define your own sensors and sources in the DATA folder.

## (2) Decompose mesh

From the working directory:
./bin/xdecompose\_mesh 24 ./MESH/ ./OUTPUT\_FILES/DATABASES\_MPI/

Check the output:
Is ./OUTPUT\_FILES/DATABASES\_MPI/

### (3) Generate the databases

sbatch submit24\_generate

### (4) Run the solver

sbatch submit24\_specfem