# Branch length evaluation for Phylogenetic Diversity: a worked example

Daniel R. Miranda-Esquivel 2018 - 03 - 22

#### Four taxa and two areas

#### Preparing the data space

First, we load the required libraries:

```
## cleaning
rm(list = ls())

## libraries

## installing and loading the package

##install.packages("../../blepd_0.1.1.tar.gz", repos = NULL, type="source")

library(blepd)

packageVersion("blepd")

## [1] '0.1.4.2018.3.22.2329'

## To plot trees you can use ggtree, ape or phytools. The example is based on
## ggtree as a matter of choice.

library(ggtree)

library(gridExtra)

library(RColorBrewer)
```

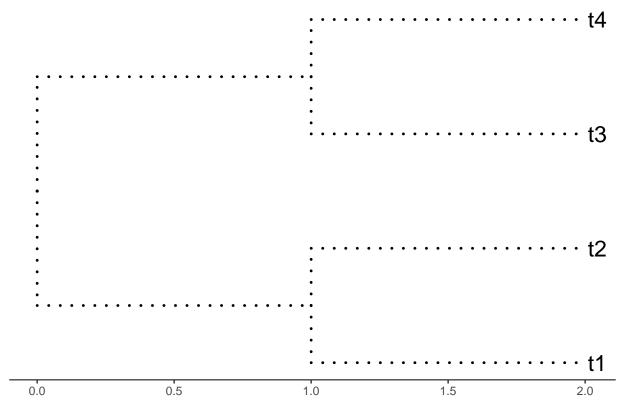
Now, we load the data included in the package: tree and distribution

```
## trees
data(package = "blepd")
data(tree)
str(tree)

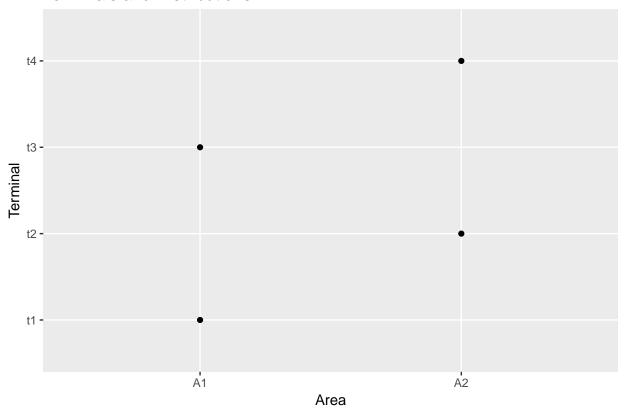
## List of 5
## $ edge : int [1:6, 1:2] 5 6 6 5 7 7 6 1 2 7 ...
```

```
## $ edge.length: num [1:6] 1 1 1 1 1 1
## $ Nnode : int 3
## $ tip.label : chr [1:4] "t1" "t2" "t3" "t4"
## $ root.edge : num 1
## - attr(*, "class")= chr "phylo"
## - attr(*, "order")= chr "cladewise"
initialTree <- tree</pre>
## distributions
data(distribution)
str(distribution)
## int [1:2, 1:4] 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1
## - attr(*, "dimnames")=List of 2
## ..$ : chr [1:2] "A1" "A2"
## ..$ : chr [1:4] "t1" "t2" "t3" "t4"
dist4taxa <- distribution</pre>
## distribution to XY
distXY <- matrix2XY(dist4taxa)</pre>
## plotting
## the tree
plotTree <- ggtree(initialTree, ladderize=TRUE,</pre>
                   color="black", size=1 , linetype="dotted") +
             geom_tiplab(size=6, color="black") +
             theme_tree2() +
             labs(title = "Four terminals, equal branch length")
print(plotTree)
```

# Four terminals, equal branch length



## Terminals and Distributions



We check whether names in both objects: initialTree and dist4taxa are the same.

```
all(colnames(dist4taxa) == initialTree$tip.label)
```

## [1] TRUE

We report the branch length, and calculate the PD values.

```
initialTree$edge.length
```

```
## [1] 1 1 1 1 1 1
```

```
initialPD <- myPD(tree=initialTree, distribution = dist4taxa)
initialPD</pre>
```

## [1] 4 4

## Function to evalute a single terminal

To test the effect of changing the branch length for a single terminal ("t1"), we will use the function evalTerminal. This function uses four parameters: tree, distribution, tipToEval (label of the tip), approach (two options: "lower"/"upper", to evaluate from 0 to the actual length or from the actual length to the sum of all branch lengths).

```
## branchLengthChange    bestInitialArea    bestModifiedArea
## "0.9999"    "A1A2"    "A2"
## initialLength
## "1"
```

The lower limit reported when we change the branch length for terminal t1 is 0.99, therefore any change in this branch length will modify the area selected from A1A2 to A2, as the tie between the path between terminals t1/t3 (area A1) vs t2/t4 (area A2) will be solved in favour of t2/t4 when A1 is shorter.

#### Tree evaluation function

The function to test all terminals at the same time is evalTree, with two parameters: the tree and the distribution. The function returns a data.frame object with 14 fields: labelTerminal, lowerBranchLength, InitialArea, lowerFinalArea, initialLength, upperBranchLength, upperFinalArea, changeLower, changeUpper, deltaUpper, deltaLower, deltaPD, areaDelta, and abDelta.

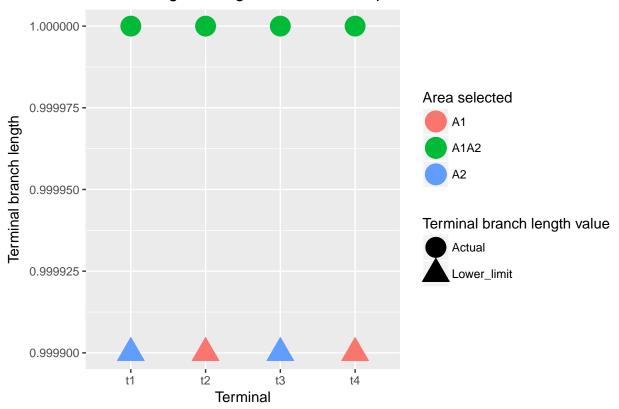
```
finalResults <- evalTree(tree = initialTree, distribution = dist4taxa)
finalResults</pre>
```

```
##
     labelTerminal lowerBranchLength InitialArea lowerFinalArea initialLength
## 1
                 t1
                                0.9999
                                               A1A2
                                                                  A2
                                                                                  1
## 2
                 t2
                                0.9999
                                               A1A2
                                                                  Α1
                                                                                  1
## 3
                 t3
                                               A1A2
                                                                  A2
                                                                                  1
                                0.9999
## 4
                 t4
                                0.9999
                                               A1A2
                                                                  A1
                                                                                  1
##
     upperBranchLength upperFinalArea changeLower changeUpper deltaUpper
                 1.0001
## 1
                                                   A2
                                                                A1
                                                                         1e-04
                                      Α1
## 2
                 1.0001
                                      A2
                                                   A1
                                                                A2
                                                                         1e-04
                 1.0001
## 3
                                      A1
                                                   A2
                                                                         1e-04
                                                                A1
## 4
                 1.0001
                                      A2
                                                   Α1
                                                                A2
                                                                         1e-04
##
     deltaLower deltaPD
                             areaDelta abDelta
## 1
           1e-04
                        0 L:_A2_/U:_A1
## 2
                                              0
           1e-04
                        0 L:_A1_/U:_A2
## 3
          1e-04
                                              0
                        O L: A2 /U: A1
## 4
          1e-04
                       0 L:_A1_/U:_A2
                                              0
```

The extreme sensitivity of the PD results to the terminal branch length is seen in the column absolute length difference (=abDelta), as any length change -larger than 0-, will modify the area selected.

We plot the results to see the effect in each terminal, as a table:

## Branch length change, lower limits. Equal branches.



or plotted as a simple table:

```
countFreqChanges <- table(finalResults$areaDelta)

countFreqChanges <- as.data.frame(countFreqChanges, ncol=1)

colnames(countFreqChanges) <- c("Area change", "Freq")

row.names(countFreqChanges) <- NULL

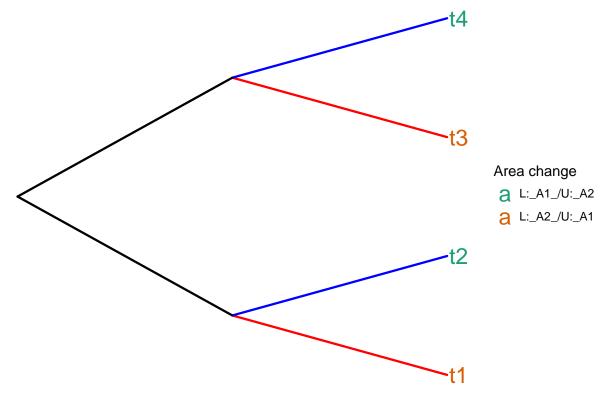
countFreqChanges</pre>
```

## Area change Freq

```
## 1 L:_A1_/U:_A2 2
## 2 L:_A2_/U:_A1 2
```

or plotted into the tree:

Initial area selected: A1A2



For terminals t1/t3, a change from 1 to 0.99 in branch length -the lower limit (=L)- will change the initial area selected (A1A2) to A2; or a change from 1 to 1.01 in branch length -the upper limit(=U)-, will change the area to A1.