

## **Server-Side State Management in a Full-Stack Application**

**Objective:** by the end of this activity, you will be able to implement session handling and caching techniques in a Blazor Server application to maintain server-side state efficiently.

### **Step 1: Prepare for the Application**

You'll create a small Blazor Server app in Visual Studio Code. The application will demonstrate server-side state management using sessions and caching.

#### **Instructions:**

1. Open Visual Studio Code and ensure the terminal is ready.
2. Run the following command to create a new Blazor Server app: `dotnet new blazor -o BlazorServerApp`
3. Navigate to the new project directory: `cd BlazorServerApp`
4. Open the project in Visual Studio Code: `code .`
5. Delete any placeholder content in `Program.cs`.

### **Step 2: Configure Session Handling**

Add middleware to the application to enable session handling.

#### **Instructions:**

1. Open the `Program.cs` file.
2. Add code to configure distributed memory cache and session handling.
3. Set the session timeout to 30 minutes and configure secure cookie options.
4. Ensure `app.UseSession()` is added to the application pipeline.

### **Step 3: Create a Caching Service**

Implement a service for managing cached data.

#### **Instructions:**

1. In the root of the project, create a new folder called `Services`.
2. Add a file named `CacheService.cs` to the `Services` folder.

3. Define a caching service class using IMemoryCache to store and retrieve frequently accessed data.

#### **Step 4: Register Services**

Make the session handling and caching service available to the application.

##### **Instructions:**

1. Update Program.cs to include the caching service and memory cache in the dependency injection container.
2. Register CacheService and verify it is ready to be injected into components.

#### **Step 5: Create a Component to Use Caching**

Implement a Blazor component that uses the caching service to fetch and display data.

##### **Instructions:**

1. Create a Pages folder, and inside Pages, create a new file named FetchData.razor.
2. Inject the caching service into the component.
3. Add logic to fetch weather data and store it in the cache for 5 minutes.

#### **Step 6: Enable Advanced Session Handling**

Extend the session management to include persistent data handling in a user-friendly way.

##### **Instructions:**

1. Install the Blazored.SessionStorage NuGet package to simplify session storage: dotnet add package Blazored.SessionStorage
2. Update Program.cs to include the session storage service in the dependency injection container.
3. Create or update a Blazor component (e.g., Counter.razor) to store and retrieve data from session storage.

#### **Step 7: Test Your Application**

Run and test the application to verify that session and caching functionalities work correctly.

**Instructions:**

1. Use the terminal to run the application: dotnet run
2. Open the application in a browser and interact with the session and caching features to confirm they behave as expected.